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#### Economic Parameter Inputs Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capital Costs

	Input Assumptions
Case Number Selection	19
Technology	Wet EGD Units 1 & 2 455 MW
Tax Depreciation	IRS Pub 535
Fuel Type	HS Coal - N Appl
	the oblit it tippi
Basis for Fixed Charges	NHPUC
(NHPUC, Regulated or De	regulated)
Evaluation Period (years)	20
Book Life - Regulated (years)	10
Loan Period - Deregulated (ve	ars) 20
Equity Recovery Period - Dere	dulated (vears) 20
	galaisa (jeale) 20
Base Year for Expressing Cos	ts 2005
Commercial Operating Date	2013
	2010
Escalation Rates	
Capital Costs (	%/vear) 2.50%
O&M Costs (%	(vear) 2.50%
Burchased Pou	Ver Costs (%/ws 2,50%
Load (%/woar)	0.00%
Property Taxes	(%/waar) * 5,00%
Enderal Income Tax Pate	25 000%
State Income Tax Pate	9 5000/6
Property Tax Rate	2 270%
Insurance Rate	0.050%
Tax Pate for Deferred Taxes	0.00070
Tax male for Defended Taxes	57.21576
Common Equity Eraction	0.45
Preferred Equity Fraction	0,45
Debt Eraction	0.00
Return on Common Equity	0.55
Return on Common Equity	9.02%
Return on Debt	6.00%
Investment Tax Credit Pate	0.00%
* Property Taxe	e are applied to market value
riopenty raxe	so are applied to market value
Effective tax rate, %	40.53%
After tax cost of money	6.29%
Weighted Annuity Factor	8.93%
Total Capital Requirement	250,022,657
Total Plant Cost (base year \$'s	) 250,022,657
Base Year TPL, Total	250,022,657
Escalation, Constr. Total	-
Escalated TPL, Total	250,022,657
Other Outlays, Total	-
Gross Outlays, Total	250,022,657
Inv. Tax Credits, Total	-
Net Outlays, Total	250,022,657
AFUDC, Equity, Total	-
AFUDC, Preferred, Total	
Total Investment	250,022,657
Gross Depreciable Investment	250,022,657
Non-Depreciable Investment	-
Net Investment	250,022,657
Fixed Charge Rate Parameter	rs
Investment Book Depreciation	25,002,266
ITC Normalized	-
Preferred AFUDC Recovery	-
Equity AFUDC Recovery	-
Debt Book Depreciation	13,751,246
Preferred Book Depreciation	-
Equity Book Depreciation	11,251,020

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#### Table B-19: Annual Revenue Requirements - Case 19

1

Wet FGD Units 1 & 2, 455 MW HS Coal - N Appl Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capital Costs

Calendar Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Operating Year	1	2	1	1		6	7	s	2021	10		12	13	14	15	16	17	15	19	20
Annual Factors and Prices:																				
Input Assumptions																				
Tax Depreciation	2 75014	7 2101	0.0776	£ 17794	E 74284	6 00EM	4 8008/	4.52234	4.46284	4 40184	4 40 000	4 40104	4 46 384	4 40164	4 40204	4 40194	4 46:384	4 40196	4 40004	4 40184
20-yr MAGRS	3.750%	7.219%	00//78	7.70086	0.713%	0 200 %	4 00076	4 52278	4,40276	4,40175	4.402%	4 40175	4 40218	4 40 175 5 000 M	4.402%	4.40175	4.40278	4 40 175	4.40278	4 40155
10-yr MAGRS	5.000%	9 300%	6 00079 10 00079	12 2254	12 1 12 1	0.23018	0.078	0.004%	0.900%	0.800%	0,910%	0 800%	0.900%	0.900%	0.8021	2 900%	0.000%	0.000%	0.00078	0.000%
For PUD 535	12.700%	10 44478	13.33370	10 20076	13.14370	0.000%	0.000%	0.00014	0.09276	0.032%	0.0000%	0.092%	0.09270	0.882%	0.092%	0.002%	0.000276	0.032%	0.0002%	0.002%
5-yr SL	20.000%	20.000%	20 000%	20.000%	20 000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Fuel Frices (s/mmeru)	2 4660	2 4003	2 5321	2 5667	2 6022	2 6304	2 6702	2 7104	2 755.4	2 7016	2 8256	2 8507	2 8037	2 0247	2 0550	2 0864	3 0107	3 0543	3 1306	3 2080
Natural Gas	8 2791	8 7676	9 1831	9 3393	9.6110	10 1541	10 7887	11 3281	11 8594	12 3041	12 6523	13 1812	13 7414	14 0849	14 4371	14 7980	15 1679	15 5471	15 9358	16 3342
Natural Gas - B&M	6.9800	7.2800	7.6600	7 8600	8.0300	8.1000	8.1900	8 5600	9.0100	9.1400	9 3200	9.4900	9 6600	9.8500	10 0500	10.2500	10 4600	10.6700	10 8800	11.0976
HS Coal - N Appl - B&M	2 2027	2.2468	2 2917	2.3375	2.3843	2 4320	2.4806	2 5302	2.5808	2.6325	2.6851	2.7388	2.7936	2 8495	2 9064	2 9646	3 0239	3.0843	3 1450	3 2089
HS Unit 2, LS (1/3) Unit 1	2.5354	2 5699	2 6038	2 6408	2 6795	2.7197	2.7626	2 8059	2.8453	2.8851	2.9227	2 9605	2.9983	3 0 3 3 1	3.0683	3 1029	3.1404	3.1793	3 2588	3 3402
Low Sulfur Blend (1/2)	3.3222	3 4053	3 4904	3 5777	3 6671	3.7588	3.8527	3.9491	4.0478	4.1490	4.2527	4 3590	4 4680	4.5797	4.6942	4.8115	4.9318	5.0551	5.1815	5 3110
Low Sulid Biend (173)	2.1233	27000	2.0041	2 0470	2.0951	2.3441	2 9900	3.04/4	3 0904	3,1401	3 1936	3.2419	3 2900	3,3356	3.3620	3.4200	3.4//3	3.5265	3 6 105	3.7069
Allowance Prices																				•
SO <sub>2</sub> (Siton) 1,217.6	1,354.28	1,435.54	1,521.67	1,612.97	1,709.75	1,812.34	1,921.08	2,035.34	2,158.52	2,288.03	2,345.24	2,403.87	2,463.96	2,525.56	2,588 70	2,653.42	2,719.75	2,787.75	2,857.44	2,928.88
NOx (S/ton) 1 300.0	1,835.87	1,882.79	1,929.86	1,978.10	2,027.56	2,557.84	2,621.79	2,687.33	2,754.51	2,823.38	2,893.96	2,966.31	3,040.47	3,116,48	3,194 39	3,274 25	3,356 11	3,440.01	3,526.01	3,614.16
Allowance Allocations (tons) .	3.046	3.046	3 046	3.046	3 0 46	3 0 46	3 046	3 0 46	3.046	3.046	3.046	2.046	2.046	2 0 4 6	2.0.46	2.046	2 046	2.046	2.046	2 0.46
NOx	1.973	1973	1 973	1.973	1.973	1 973	1.973	1.973	1,973	1 973	1.973	1,973	1.973	1 973	1 973	1 973	1 973	1973	1 973	1 973
			.,	112.00				-1				1,2 - 2	1,212			.,		1,010	1,010	1.010
Calculated Values																				
Tax Depreciation - Selected	12 750%	13 444%	13.335%	13 235%	13 143%	1 057%	0 978%	0 904%	0.892%	0.892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0.892%	0.892%	0 892%	0 892%
Adjusted for Evaluation Period	12 750%	13 444%	13 335%	13 235%	13 143%	1 057%	0 978%	0 904%	0.892%	0 892%	0 892%	0.892%	0.892%	D 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0 892%	0.892%	1 338%
Fixed Charge Rate	23.87%	23 10%	22 04%	21 10%	20 20%	19 51%	19 05%	18 60%	18 16%	17 74%	7 66%	7 93%	8 21%	8 51%	8.82%	9 15%	9 50%	987%	10 26%	10 66%
O&M Escalation Factor	1 2489	1 2801	1 3121	1 3449	1 3785	1 4130	1 4483	1 4845	1 5216	1 5597	1 5987	1 6386	1 6796	1 7216	1 7646	1 8087	1 8539	1 9003	1 9478	1 9965
Capacity Eactor	1 2409	1 2801	1.3121	1 3449	1 3/85	1 4130	1 4483	1 4845	1 5216	1 0097	1 5987	1 6355	16/95	1 /216	1 /646	1 8087	1 8539	1 9003	1 94/8	1 9965
Annual Generation (MWh)	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640	3 188 640
Purchased Power - Incremental (\$/MWh)	46.21	47 36	48 55	49 76	51 00	52 28	53 59	54.93	56 30	57.71	59 15	60.63	62 14	63 70	65 29	66 92	68 60	70.31	72 07	73 87
Fuel Price - Selected (S/mmBtu)	2 4660	2 4993	2 5321	2 5667	2 6022	2 6394	2 6792	2 7194	27554	2 7916	2 8256	2 8597	2 8937	2 9247	2 9559	2 9864	3 0 1 9 7	3 0543	3 1306	3 2089
Fuel Consumption (mmBtu/year)	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169	32,288,169
SO <sub>2</sub> Emissions (tons/year)																				
29,736 ### 29,736 22,30	2 1.549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549
3-year foiling average (tonsiyear)	27,200	16 313	6,467	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549
SO, Incentive Allowances Farned (Ions/	/c 0	20,000	16 313	6 0 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOv Emissions (tone/war)	2 3 74	2 3 24	2 324	2 3 24	2 3 24	2 324	2 324	2 3 24	2 224	2 224	2 224	2 224	2 2 2 4	2 224	2 2 2 4	2 2 2 4	2 224	2 2 2 4	2 224	2 2 2 4
Present Value Factor	0 9408	0 8851	0 8327	0 7834	0 7371	0 6934	0 6524	0.6138	0 5774	0 5433	0.5111	0 4808	0 4524	0.4256	0 4004	0.3767	0.3544	0.3334	0.3137	0.2951
Evaluation Period Factor	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00
Annual Revenue Requirements:											•									
Eived Charges NUDUC Dase	59 679 947	57 745 800	55 095 719	52 759 873	50 506 997	48 701 752	47 630 649	46 505 200	45 413 426	44 353 863	10 153 640	10 821 745	20 526 644	21 260 476	22.052.180	22 877 282	22 747 475	24 665 282	25 641 650	20 050 970
Fixed OBM	20 074 723	20 576 591	21 091 006	21.618 281	22 158 738	22 712 706	23 280 524	23 862 537	24 459 101	25 070 578	25 697 343	26 339 776	26 998 271	27 673 227	28,365,058	22,077,203	29,801,039	24,000,362	25,641,650	20.000,870
Variable O&M	15,910,639	16,308,405	16,716,115	17,134,018	17,562,369	18,001,428	18,451,463	18,912,750	19,385,569	19,870,208	20,366,963	20,876,137	21,398,041	21,932,992	22,481,317	23,043,349	23,619,433	24,209,919	24 815,167	25 435 546
Fuel	79,622,726	80,698,122	81,756,272	82,872,659	84,021,275	85,220,596	86,505,572	87,805,288	88,966,056	90,135,073	91,232,693	92,334,181	93,433,580	94,434,153	95,439,890	96,424,391	97,500,741	98,616,955	101,082,379	103 609 438
SO <sub>2</sub> Allowance Costs	2,097,786	2,223,654	2,357,073	2,498,497	2,648,407	2,807,311	2,975,750	3,154,295	3,343,553	3,544,166	3,632,770	3,723,589	3,816,679	3,912,096	4,009,898	4,110,146	4,212,900	4,318,222	4,426,178	4,536 832
SO <sub>2</sub> Allowance Credits .	-5,344,006	-34,375,473	-30,828,097	-17,522,815	-6,746,684	-7,151,485	-7,580,574	-8,035,409	-8,517,533	-9,028,585	-9,254,300	-9,485,657	-9,722,799	-9,965,869	-10,215,016	-10,470,391	-10,732,151	-11,000,455	-11,275,466	-11,557,353
NOx Allowance Costs	4,268,877	4,375,598	4,484,988	4,597,113	4,712,041	5,944,421	6,093,031	6,245,357	6,401,491	6,561,528	6,725,567	6,893,706	7,066,048	7,242,700	7,423,767	7,609,361	7,799,595	7,994,585	8, 194, 450	8,399,311
NOx Allowance Credits	-3,624,137	-3,714,740	-3,807,608	-3,902,799	-4,000,369	-5,046,619	-5,172,784	-5,302,104	-5,434,657	-5,570,523	-5,709,786	-5,852,531	-5,998,844	-6,148,815	-6,302,535	-6,460,099	-6,621,601	-6,787,141	-6.956.820	-7,130,740
Total Revenue Requirements	172 686 556	143 838 057	146 865 466	160 054 828	170.862.763	171 280 111	172 183 630	173 148 020	174.017.006	174 935 307	151 844 789	154 650 916	157 517 620	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	163 254 559	166 208 225	160 337 431	172 662 622	177 337 364	192042270
Busbar Electricity Price (S/MWh)	54 16	45 11	46 06	50 20	53 58	53 72	54 00	54 30	54 57	54 86	47 62	48.50	49 40	50 29	51 20	52 13	53 10	54 12	55 58	57.09
Levelized (S/MWh) 51.58 Present Value (DVRR)	162 464 700	127 313 748	122 208 727	125 302 562	125 936 370	118 771 278	112 330 348	105 272 142	100 494 251	05 025 202	77 608 202	74 262 785	74 059 964	68 346 336	66 260 700	62 612 008	60 010 070	67 620 020	EE 500.000	60 700 000
Cumulative PVRR	162,464,799	289.778 547	412.077.274	537,469,836	663.406.206	782 177 484	894 507 832	1.000,213,143	1 101 265 325	1 196 300 628	1 273 908 921	1 348 272 706	1 419 531 567	1 487 777 904	1 553 147 613	1 615 760 611	1 675 772 881	57,539,026	1 788 011 107	53,725,366
Net Present Value = 1,842,637,56	2									.,,	.,,	.,		1, 101, 111, 004	1,000,147,010	1,010,100,011	1,010,172,001	1,100,011,007	1,100,011,101	1,0-12,007,002
Levelized (S/year) 164,474,22	7																			
Incremental PSNH Net Income	10.532.587	9.558.229	8 281 670	7.124.141	5 990 477	5 066 244	4 357 654	3 652 027	2 947 839	2 243 595	1 879 205	1 854 695	1 830 329	1 805 832	1 781 227	1756 728	1 732 573	1 708 930	1 680 207	1 664 465

\* Existing revenue requirements are already built into the "incremental" values.

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Technology Base Year Cost and Performance Inputs Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capital Costs

	Wet FGD Units 1 & 2, 455 MW	
	19	
Input Assumptions	13	
Net Plant Capacity (MW)	455	
Capacity Factor (at In-Service Date)	80.00%	
Equivalent Availability Factor	80.00%	
Net Plant heat Rate (Btu/kwn)	10,326	
Qualifies for "Bonus" Allowances?	Yes	
	3-Year Average	
Eligible for SO <sub>2</sub> Incentive Allowances?	Yes	
SO <sub>2</sub> Allowances	3,946	
Bonus SO <sub>2</sub> Allowances to Retain	0	
Total SO <sub>2</sub> Allowances	3,946	
NOx Allowances	1,973	
Bonus NOx Allowances to Retain	0	
Total NOx Allowances	1,973	
Construction Duration (months)	42.0	
Tie-In Outage Duration (months)	2.0	
Amount in Excess of Normal Outage (mo	0.5	
Base Year	2005	
In-Service Year	2013	
Capital Investment Costs		
Direct Costs	174,230,000	
Owner's Costs *	10,453,800	
Interest During Construction	12,121,018	
Outage Replacement Power	4,915,820	
Working Capital and Inventories	3,484,600	
Total Base-Year Value	205,205,238	
Value at In-Service Date	250,022,657	
* Owners development costs, oversight, leg	al fees, financing fi	es startun & testing and trai
ixed O&M (\$/year)	arread, manang r	ces, surray a resuring, and was
Labor Materials and Supplies		
Administrative and General		
Fixed O&M	13 824 400	
Major Maintenance	2,250,000	
Other		
Total Base-Year Value	16,074,400	
\$/KVV-year	35.33	
ariable O&M (\$/year at given capacity factor)		
Variable O&M	12,740,100	
Major Maintenance	0	
Other	0	
S/MWh	12,740,100 4.00	
otal Eixed and Variable OPM (Elward)	29.014.500	
S/M/A/b	28,814,500	
	9.04	
Purchased Power Cost (\$/MWh) - incremental	37.00	
Total Purchased Power (\$/MWh)	62.00	
alaulated Makes		
Fuel Concumption (mmBtulkear)	22 200 400	
SO. Emissions (tone/war)	32,200,169	
NOv Emissions (tons/year)	1,549	
wow conscious (rousivear)	2,324	

Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 1 Page 3 of 6

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Fixed Charges - NHPUC Basis (Average Rate Base)

Wet FGD Units 1 & 2, 455 MW HS Coal - N Appl Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capital Costs

Calendar Year		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Operating Year Book Life		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Parameter		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0 00
Evaluation Period Factor		1.00	1.00	13 325%	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0 00	0 00	0.00
Deferred income		12 7 30 %	13,44478	13.335%	15.255%	15 145%	1.037.%	0.570%	0.504%	0.052.%	0.692.%	0.052.%	0.632.78	0.05276	0.09276	0.092 %	0.032 %	0.032 %	0.09276	0 892 %	1 3 3 6 76	0 000%	0.000%	0.000 %	0.000%
Tax		2,562,888	3,209,482	3,108,458	3,015,262	2,928,776	-8,334,513	-8,408,511	-8,476,730	-8,487,914	-8,488,100	831,681	831,494	831,681	831,494	831,681	831,494	831,681	831,494	831,681	1,247,335	0	0	0	0
O&M (all non-capitalized expenses		113,006,609	86,092,158	91,769,749	107,294,955	120,355,777	122,458,358	124,552,982	126,642,715	128,603,579	130,582,445	132,691,249	134,829,201	136,990,976	139,080,483	141,202,379	143,330,942	145,579,956	147,898,150	151,595,604	155,385,494	0	0	0	0
Book Depreciation		25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,265	25,002,266	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Property taxes and insurance		0,939,410	9,366,386	9,855,706	10,346,491	10,865,915	11,409,213	11,979,672	12,578,635	13,207,568	13,867,968	14,561,366	15,269,434	16,053,906	16,856,601	17,699,431	18,584,403	19,513,623	20,489,304	21,513,769	22,589,458	0	U	U	0
Return on Investment:																									
Plant in Service	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250.022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	250,022,657	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accumulated Depreciation		25,002,266	50,004,531	75,006,797	100,009,063	125,011,328	150,013,594	175,015,860	200,018,125	225,020,391	250,022,657	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Plant in Service		225,020,391	200,018,125	175,015,860	150,013,594	125,011,328	100,009,063	75,006,797	50,004,531	25,002,266	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Working capital for 45 days based on OS	N	14,125,825	10,761,520	11,471,219	13,411,869	15,044,472	15,311,045	15,569,123	15,830,339	16,075,447	16,322,806	16,586,406	16,853,650	17,123,872	17,385,060	17,650,297	17,916,368	18,197,494	18,487,269	18,949,450	19,423,187	0	0	0	0
Accomulated Delerred Taxes		-2,302,000	-5,112,310	-0,000,020	-11,696,090	-14,024,000	-6,490,352	1,910,159	10,394,889	10,002,003	27,370,904	26,539,223	25,101,129	24,8/6,018	24,044,554	23,212,8/3	22,381,3/9	21,549,698	20,718,204	19,866,524	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189
Rate Pase and of the pariet	250 013 657	726 687 230	205 007 275	177 606 760	161 630 274	125 220 025	109 830 765	03 404 070	76 220 760	50.000.616	42 602 700	12 125 620	43.661.370	11 000 000	11 120 014	40.963.171	10 207 713	20 747 102	20 205 472	20.000 074	20 000 070	10 000 100	10 000 100	0	10.000
Average Rate Base	230,022,037	243 302 993	220 795 302	191 306 762	164 567 812	138 380 154	117 030 345	100 661 917	84 361 919	68 095 138	51 827 113	43,125,025	42,501,575	41,555,520	41,423,074	40,003,177	40,237,747	40.022.470	36 476 333	30,033,074	38,002,376	10,035,105	10,039,109	10,039,109	10,039,109
Cost of Canital		10.58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	10 58%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Levelized Value	1	10 00 10	10.0010		10.0070	10.0077	10.0074	10.0070	10.0010	10.0070	10.0077	10 00 /0	10 00 10	10.00 %	10.00 %	10.00 //	10 00 11	10.0014	10.00%	10 00 %	10 00 %	0.00 /6	0.00 /8	0.00%	0.00 %
Return on Rate Base 11,737,168		25,738,266	23,357,247	20,237,747	17,409,116	14,638,806	12,380,276	10,648,711	8,924,385	7.203.573	5,482,629	4.592.174	4.532.281	4.472.738	4.412.875	4.352.749	4,292,880	4.233.852	4.176.078	4.127.881	4.067.418	0	0	0	0
Book Depreciation 16,200,945		25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266	25,002,266		0			0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	ō	õ	õ
Property Taxes and Insura 13,400,841		8,939,416	9,386,386	9,855,706	10,348,491	10,865,915	11,409,211	11,979,672	12,578,655	13,207,588	13,867,968	14,561,366	15,289,434	16,053,906	16,856,601	17,699,431	18,584,403	19,513,623	20,489,304	21,513,769	22,589,458	0	0	ō	ō
Total Capital Charges 41,338,955		59,679,947	57,745,899	55,095,718	52,759,873	50,506,987	48,791,753	47,630,648	46,505,306	45,413,426	44,352,862	19,153,540	19,821,715	20,526,644	21,269,476	22,052,180	22,877,283	23,747,475	24,665,382	25,641,650	26,656,876	0	0	0	0
Annual Rate (% of initial capital invest	ment)	23.87%	23.10%	22.04%	21.10%	20.20%	19.51%	19 05%	18.60%	18.16%	17.74%	7.66%	7.93%	8.21%	8.51%	8.82%	9.15%	9.50%	9 87%	10.26%	10 66%	0 00%	0.00%	0 00%	0 00%
Levelized Rate 16.53%																									

Docket No. DE 11-25 Data Request TC01-01-SP Attachment Econ Analysis RaCC Apr-May 200 Dated 1/11/13 Q-TC-001-SP01, Page 6 of 58

#### Fixed Charges - NHPUC Basis (Avera

Wet FGD Units 1 & 2, 455 MW HS Coal - N Appl Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capite

Calendar Year	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052
Operating Year Book Life	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Parameter	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Evaluation Period Factor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tax Depreciation Deferred Income	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0 000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Tax	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Q&M (all non-capitalized expenses	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0
Book Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó
Property Taxes and Insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Return on Investment:																
Plant in Service 250,022,657	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D
Accumulated Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	ō	ō
Net Plant in Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Working capital for 45 days based on O&N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	ō
Accumulated Deferred Taxes	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	15,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189
Materials Inventory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Rate Base end of the period 250,022,657	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189	18,639,189
Average Rate Base	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost of Capital	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0 00%	0.00%
Polum on Pale Pare 11 737 169	0	•														
Retorn on Rate Dase 11,737,100		0	0	Ű	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Property Taxes and Jacuta 13 400 841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Capital Charges 41 338 955					0	0	0	<u>U</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Rate (% of initial capital investment)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.001	0	0	0	0	0
Levelized Rate 16.53%	0.00%	5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00.2	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0 00%	0.00%

Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC01-01-SP01 Attachment Econ Analysis RaCC Apr-May 2007 Dated 1/11/13 Q-TC-001-SP01, Page 7 of 58

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Wet FGD Units 1 & 2, 455 MW HS Coal - N Appl Sensitivity Case No. 1 - \$250M Capital Costs Financial Summary

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Calendar Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Total Revenue Requirements	\$ 172,686,556 \$	143,838,057 \$	146,865,466 \$	160,054,828	170,862,763 \$	171,280,111 \$	172,183,630	\$ 173,148,020 \$	174,017,006	\$ 174,935,307 \$	151,844,789 \$	154,650,916 \$	157,517,620 \$	160,349,960 \$	163,254,559 \$	166,208,225 \$	169,327,431	\$ 172,563,533	177,237,254 \$	182,042,370
Incremental O&M	\$ 113,006,609 \$	86,092,158 \$	91,769,749 \$	107,294,955	120,355,777 \$	122,468,358 \$	124,552,982	5 126,642,715 5	128,603,579	\$ 130,582,445 \$	132,691,249 \$	134,829,201 \$	135,990,976 \$	139,030,483 \$	141,202,379 \$	143,330,942 \$	145,579,956	\$ 147,898,150 \$	151,595,504 \$	155,385,494
Busbar Electricity Price (\$/MWh)	54.16	45.11	46 06	50.20	53.58	53.72	54 00	54.30	54.57	54 86	47.62	48.50	49 40	50 29	51.20	52.13	53 10	54.12	55 58	57 09
Incremental PSNH Net Income	\$ 10,532,587 \$	9,558,229 \$	8,281,670 \$	7,124,141 5	5,990,477 \$	5,066,244 \$	4,357,654	\$ 3,652,027 S	2,947,839	\$ 2,243,596 \$	1,879,205 \$	1,854,695 \$	1,830,329 \$	1,805,832 \$	1,781,227 \$	1,756,728 \$	1,732,573	\$ 1,708,930 \$	1,689,207 \$	1,664,465
Return on Investment/Equity	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9 62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9 62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%	9.62%

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# Clean Air Project Merrimack Station – PSNH

**Progress Update** 

### April 25, 2008



Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 1 of 17



### Agenda

- Previous RaCC Approval
- Project Schedule
- Cost
- 2008 Engineering Activities
- Risk Assessment
- Financial Viability
- Appendix



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# **Previous RaCC Approvals**

- Approval on September 24, 2007, to sign a contract for the Program Manager for up to \$35 Million with Washington Group International (WGI)
  - Contract signed in September 2007
- Approval on September 24, 2007, of initial project expenditure of \$10 Million through June 2008
  - Project expenditures \$5.5 Million through March 2008
  - Estimated total project expenditures \$8 Million through June 2008



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#### **Project Schedule**



Project	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
HB 1673								
Preliminary Engineering								
Program Manager Hired								
Detailed Engineering								
Major Contracts Awarded								
Permitting								
Preliminary Site Prep.								
Major Construction								
Testing & Commissioning								
In Service								

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 4 of 17

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#### Cost

- Original project estimate of \$250 Million based on Sargent & Lundy 2006 study
- Anticipated softening in costs do not seem to be occurring
  - Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Phase II (2015) requirement for scrubbers driving costs higher
  - New coal plant construction still strong
  - Steel fabrication shops still operating at high capacity
  - Materials escalation continues at a high rate (domestic and global)
- Updated project cost estimate due in May 2008



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## **2008 Engineering Activities**



Award Major Island Contracts	
– FGD System Q2	
<ul> <li>Chimney Q2</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Wastewater Treatment Sy</li> </ul>	stem Q3
<ul> <li>Materials Handling System</li> </ul>	n Q3
Permitting	
— Air	
– Water	
<ul> <li>Local (Town of Bow, etc.)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Site Survey &amp; Soil Borings</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Additional Detailed Engineering</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Booster Fans</li> </ul>	
– Transformers	
<ul> <li>Foundation Design</li> </ul>	

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#### Risk Assessment, Major Risk Concerns



Risk Event	Risk Horizon	Potential Project Capital Cost Impact	Likelihood of Occurrence (%)	Expected Value Capital Cost Exposure	Mitigation Plan
Bids received from vendors are significantly higher than expected resulting in increased costs to perform jobs which exceed initial cost estimate of \$250 M	2008	\$75 million	84%	\$63 million	Currently carrying out the procurement phase of the project. The project is being rebudgeted and will be presented to RaCC for approval in the second quarter of 2008. The purchasing area is working to stimulate competition during the bid process. The legislatively required implementation date allows for some slippage in the schedule.
Lack of sufficient, qualified construction labor results in increased costs to import labor resources resulting in schedule delays	2009-12	\$50 million	66%	\$33 million	WGI will initiate a Project Labor agreement (PLA). Meetings have been held with the union trades to discuss the project and labor requirements up front.
Inability to lock in firm prices during contracting phase exposes the project to price volatility and currency risk	2008-9	\$25 million	78%	\$19.5 million	The RFPs are being structured for fixed/lump sum pricing. The contracts will be negotiated with this as a priority.

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 7 of 17

#### Risk Assessment, Major Risk Concerns



Risk Event	Risk Horizon	Potential Project Capital Cost Impact	Likelihood of Occurrence (%)	Expected Value Capital Cost Exposure	Mitigation Plan
Vendors unable to meet project design criteria resulting in non-conforming bids	2008-9	\$25 million	48%	\$12 million	In the event this occurs, an acceptable outcome will need to be negotiated during the procurement process.
Inability to design appropriate plant integration plans resulting in MK1 bypass, boiler implosion and/or noise issues	2008-9	\$12,5 million	.50%	\$6.25 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications.
Scope definition changes drastically during construction resulting in additional expenditures and/or potential schedule delays	2008-12	\$18.75 million	32%	\$6 million	PSNH team will work closely with WGI & EPC contractors to minimize the impact.
Proposed design is inadequate and does not meet operability/reliability/ constructability requirements resulting in complete redesign	2008-9	\$12,5 million	42%	\$5.25 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications.

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 8 of 17

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# Merrimack Station is Expected to Remain Economic for Customers Following Scrubber Installation

- With scrubber in service, SO<sub>2</sub> emissions will be reduced by 30,000 tons per year
  - Equates to a reduction of between \$3 and \$4/MWh
  - Will allow Merrimack to burn higher sulfur fuels, expected to be less costly, while remaining compliant with SO<sub>2</sub> requirements
  - Will ensure fleet mercury compliance, including Schiller
- Coal remains the most abundant domestic fuel source in the US
  - Highest and best use for coal will be for "stationary sources" predominantly power boilers
- Next generation of "IGCC Clean Coal" boilers is still many years away before becoming industry standard
  - Coal power boilers make up about 50% of the domestic electric power fleet today
  - It will take a generation to replace existing infrastructure with a new coal power fleet
  - Utilities with a greater investment in coal generating stations have less overall risk to "experiment" with new coal technologies, than PSNH
    - One 600 MW IGCC station for Southern Co or AEP is a small fraction of their fleet
    - One 600 MW IGCC station is 115% of the PSNH coal fleet



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#### Historic Price Volatility Suggests Coal Will Find a Way to be Cheaper than Alternatives







#### Economic analysis supports that Merrimack Station with Scrubber will dispatch





#### Merrimack capital costs with Scrubber will be competitive with new gas combined cycle plants



Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 12 of 17

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# Appendix



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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 13 of 17

# Merrimack Station: 2008



**Merrimack Station: 2013** 



Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 2 Page 15 of 17

#### **2008 Site Preparation Activities**



- Perform Plant Entrance Modifications
  - Relocate Guard Gate
  - Vehicle Staging Area off River Road
  - North Access Road Improvements
- Prepare Contractor Parking Area
- Prepare Construction Management & Contractors Trailers Area
- Prepare Construction Laydown Area
- Perform Demolition of Existing Buildings in FGD Area
- Install New Transformer for Construction Power
- Prepare Chimney Liner Fabrication Area
- Relocate Septic System





# **Additional Information**

- Project Labor Agreement in progress (URS is signatory to National Maintenance Agreement).
- URS purchased Washington Group International (now known as URS – Washington Division).



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# Public Service Company of New Hampshire Clean Air Project

Capital Project Review and Approval Northeast Utilities Risk and Capital Committee Gary Long/John MacDonald/Jim Vancho June 25, 2008

Privileged and Confidential. Prepared at the direction of counsel. Prepared in anticipation of litigation.

#### **Executive Summary**



- New Hampshire legislation mandates compliance to mercury emissions standards set forth in the NH Mercury Reduction Act
  - Wet scrubber technology will reduce power plant mercury emissions required by New Hampshire law and is the technology specified by the law
  - There is no other technology which will guarantee capture of 80% of the mercury input of our coal fleet
- Cost estimates have been defined by a competitive bidding process
  - Prices have escalated from original estimates made in 2006 due to much higher raw material pricing and higher costs of engineering service
- Bid proposals indicate that an in-service date of mid-2012 is achievable if two key contracts can be given a limited notice to proceed by June 30
  - Earlier in-service date reduces cost (AFUDC), risk, and allows PSNH to take advantage of incentives built into the New Hampshire legislation for "early reductions" of mercury
- Despite the capital cost increases, the project remains economic for customers and provides a significant investment opportunity for PSNH
  - The NPV of Revenue Requirements of adding the Scrubber versus replacing Merrimack Station energy and capacity supply with market purchases is a benefit to customers of \$132 Million
  - Busbar cost increases to \$94.55/MWh in 2013
  - The scrubber avoids about \$15 Million in sulfur credit purchases annually, included in the customer benefit above
  - Incremental Net Income estimated at \$18.5 M in 2013 first full year of operation



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**Utilities System** 

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#### Background – Merrimack Station Benefits PSNH Customers



- Merrimack Station produces 3 million MWh of low cost power annually, about 35% of PSNH's total energy service requirement. The low cost energy produced at Merrimack Station off-sets the higher cost of market purchases in the overall energy service rate
- Operating Merrimack Station in a cost-effective manner has been one of the major reasons why PSNH's energy service rate is the lowest in the region, as much as 25% lower than the average of energy service supply that we track in NE
- Merrimack Station has control technology to satisfy NOx and particulate emissions requirements. With a scrubber, SO<sub>2</sub> and Mercury emissions will be controlled and Merrimack will be among the cleanest coal burning plants nationally
- Coal is the most abundant domestic fossil fuel resource in the United States supplying more than 50% of the nation's power generation fleet, but only 15% of New England's generation. Maintaining the use of this secure fuel resource is important for the diversity of the region's future energy supply
- Historically, coal has maintained a significant price advantage over oil or natural gas as fuel for the power generation sector. Operated as Regulated Generation, this cost savings flows directly to customers

Continued operation of Merrimack Station with a scrubber will maintain fuel diversity and security of domestic fuel supply in the ISO-NE region, while providing PSNH's customers with low cost energy.



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- The NHCPA, in 2002, was the first four-pollutant bill in the nation (SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, Mercury and CO<sub>2</sub>)
- The New Hampshire Mercury Reduction Act, enacted in 2006, was the mercury reduction next-step envisioned by the original NHCPA
- The law was developed in a collaborative effort with PSNH, representatives from the environmental community, and the Executive and Legislative branches of state government
- The New Hampshire Mercury Reduction Act specifies the installation of scrubber technology at Merrimack 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013
- The law stipulates that PSNH must capture a minimum of 80% of the total amount of mercury contained in the coal burned at all of PSNH's coal-fired units (Merrimack and Schiller)
- Installation of scrubber technology holds the added benefit of significantly reducing SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the Merrimack Station boilers (anticipated to be 90% reduction or greater)





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#### The New Hampshire Mercury Reduction Act Specifics: 4

- "It is in the public interest to achieve significant mercury emissions reductions at the coalburning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible. The requirements of this subdivision will prevent, at a minimum, 80 percent of the aggregate mercury content of the coal burned at these plants from being emitted into the air by no later than the year 2013"
- "The Department of Environmental Services has determined that the best known commercially available technology is a wet flue gas desulphurization system...as it achieves significant emissions reduction benefits, including but not limited to, cost effective reductions in sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, small particulate matter and improved visibility (regional haze)"
- "The owner of the affected coal burning sources shall work to bring about early reductions (of mercury emissions) and shall be provided incentives to do so"
- "The installation of scrubber technology will not only reduce mercury emissions significantly but will do so without jeopardizing electric reliability and with reasonable costs to consumers"
- \* "The installation of such technology is in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources"
- \* "The mercury reduction requirements set forth in this subdivision represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of costs, benefits, and technological feasibility and therefore the requirements shall be viewed as an integrated strategy of non-severable components"



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#### **Estimate of Project Costs**



#### **Direct Project Costs**

A	<ul> <li>Major Contract Islands: (firm price bids)</li> <li>FGD System</li> <li>Material Handling</li> <li>Waste Water Treatment</li> <li>Chimney</li> </ul>	\$100M \$45M \$15M \$13M	<ul> <li>PSNH Project Contingency</li> <li>Program Manager Contingencies         <ul> <li>Materials Escalation</li> <li>Contingency</li> <li>Scope Growth</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	\$10M \$23M \$15M \$4M
Þ	PSNH Project Costs	\$30M	TOTAL PROJECT CONTINGENCIES	\$53M
A	<ul> <li>Program Manager Costs (URS Washington Group)</li> <li>Balance of Plant &amp; Interconnection</li> <li>Engineering and Construction Management</li> </ul>	\$93M \$59M	<ul> <li>Power Advocate's Defined Costs Savings         <ul> <li>Project cost deduction</li> </ul> </li> <li>Anticipated Value Engineering*         <ul> <li>Scope reduction</li> </ul> </li> <li>TOTAL ANTICIPATED COST REDUCTIONS</li> </ul>	(\$6M) (\$5M) <b>(\$11M</b>
7	OTAL DIRECT PROJECT COSTS	\$355M	<ul> <li>NU Corporate Costs         <ul> <li>AFUDC</li> <li>Indirect Costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>TOTAL CORPORATE COSTS/AFUDC \$</li> </ul>	\$55M \$5M <b>60M</b>

#### Total Project Cost Estimate = \$457M

\*Note: Alternative material handling proposal in consideration that would reuse existing station equipment and reduce project costs by about \$5M



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#### **Cashflow and Earnings Projection**





Capital Spending by Year

Assumptions:

- Base-case project costs are estimated at \$457M
- Project expected to be in-service on June 30, 2012
- Assumes 9.81% ROE on 47.23% of Capital Structure
- Average Shares outstanding per 2009-2013 Forecast



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#### **Financial Sensitivities**



- Base-case assumptions result in net customer benefit of \$132 Million and a 2013 busbar cost of \$94.55
- Net customer cost is most sensitive to expected future natural gas and coal prices

ASSUMPTION CATEGORY	Assumptions		2008 PV OF NET CUSTOMER COST			2013 PLAN T BUSBAR COST					
	DOWNSIDE BASE UPSIDE		20 (\$225) (\$175)	12-2027 (\$MiL) (\$132) (\$10)	0) \$0	\$91 \$9	2 \$91	(\$/MWH) \$94.55 \$94	\$ \$97	¢00	
CAPITAL COST	+10%	\$457.5 mil	-10%	(\$159)	(\$10 <b>\$27</b>	)5)	\$92.31	<u> </u>	24) \$2.2	4	\$96.79
2012 GAS PRICES, MMBTU <sup>3</sup>	-5%	\$11.00	+5%	(\$213)	1). \$81	(\$51)					
2012 COAL PRICES, MMBTU <sup>3</sup>	+5%	\$4.82	-3%	(\$180)	\$(48) \$48	(\$84)	\$92.02	30	53) . <b>.</b> \$2.	53	\$97.08
2012 RGGI/FEDERAL CARBON COSTS PER TON <sup>2,3</sup>	+50%	\$7/\$21	-50%	(\$158)	अथित \$26 (\$10	06)	\$92.5	3	2(02) \$2.02	\$	96.57

White text in bars represents change in values; Black text beside bars represents sensitivity result.

#### Notes:

- 1. NPV Net Customer Cost = (2008 Present Value of Merrimack Plant Revenue Requirements from 2012 to 2027) minus (2008 Present Value of Market Energy plus 2008 Present Value of Capacity Payments from 2012 to 2027).
- 2. Amounts presented reflect RGGI/federal (Lieberman-Warner) cost estimates. Impacts are equivalent at given prices since RGGI does not provide for carbon allowances but federal proposals are assumed to include Merrimack allocations starting at 67% (per Lieberman-Warner).
- 3. Fuel and carbon costs are escalated at 2.5% per annum off of the 2012 estimate.



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5%

NPV - NET CUSTOMER COST<sup>1</sup> MONTHLY RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER COST IMPACT<sup>4</sup> 2013 PLANT BUSBAR COST (\$/MWH) NET INC - 2013 (FIRST FULL YEAR IN-SERVICE)

#### PARAMETERS

**CAPITAL COSTS, MILLIONS** 

2012 GAS PRICES, MMBTU<sup>3</sup>

2012 COAL PRICES, MMBTU<sup>3</sup>

A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL		WING MANAGEMENT AND	REPRESENTATION OF A CONTRACT O	
\$532	\$497	\$457	\$447	9.437
\$9.90	\$10.45	\$11.00	\$11,55	\$12.10
\$5.30	<b>\$</b> 9.06	\$4.82	\$4.58	34,34
\$15/\$45	\$10/\$30	\$7/\$21	\$3.5/\$10.6	<b>50/50</b>

BASE

(**16162 MI**D)

(\$1.01)

404 55

\$18,5 MIL

**POSSIBLE HIGH** 

(\$296 MIL)

(\$2.28)

\$89.52

\$18.1 MIL

25%

#### CASE LEGEND

UNITED & LOW CASE REFLECTS PROJECT IN SERVICE DELAYED ONE YEAR AND COST OVERUN (\$45M), COOLING TOWER ADDITION (\$30M), MINIMAL GAS/COAL SPREAD POSSIELE LOW CASE REFLECTS PROJECT IN SERVICE ONTIME WITH COST OVERUN (\$10M), COOLING TOWER ADDITION (\$30M), DECREASED GAS/COAL SPREAD BASE CLIRRENT ASSUMPTIONS

Unlikely Low

5210 MIL

\$1.61

\$104.44

21.5 MI

5%

PossibleLow

\$43.4 MIL

50.33

\$100.77

\$20.1 MIL

25%

Possers Hure Case Reflects project in service 6 months early (\$ 10M), project costs as expected, benign carbon legislation, increased gas/coal spread

LINE CASE REFLECTS PROJECT INSERVICE 6 MONTHS EARLY (\$ 10M) WITH LOWER THAN EXPECTED COSTS (\$ 10M), NO CARBON LEGISLATION, MAXIMUM GAS/COAL SPREAD

- 1. NPV Net Customer Cost = (2008 Present Value of Merrimack Plant Revenue Requirements from 2012 to 2027) minus (2008 Present Value of Market Energy plus 2008 Present Value of Capacity Payments from 2012 to 2027).
- 2. Amounts presented reflect RGGI/federal (Lieberman-Warner) cost estimates. Impacts are equivalent at given prices since RGGI does not provide for carbon allowances but federal proposals are assumed to include Merrimack allocations starting at 67% (per Lieberman-Warner).
- 3. Fuel and carbon costs are escalated at 2.5% per annum off of the 2012 estimate.
- 4. Based on NPV Net Customer Cost levelized over the period 2012-2027, and average residential usage of 500 kWh per month.



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#### Economic Analysis Supports That Merrimack Station With Scrubber Will Be Dispatched







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- Customer value of scrubber installation extremely sensitive to future expected natural gas/coal price spread
  - At assumed 2012 price levels and other base case parameters, a spread of approximately \$5.29/mmbtu (escalating) is required to create customer benefits
- Impact of RGGI/Federal carbon legislation is not expected to render scrubber investment uneconomic to customers at current projected costs
  - Assumes any Federally imposed carbon legislation would grant carbon allowances to generators (approximately 67% of Merrimack's requirement)
  - Absent Federal allocations (or under RGGI), assuming all other base case assumptions, a 2012 carbon cost of \$30/ton (escalating) or greater would eliminate customer value of scrubber installation
- Assuming base case fuel and carbon assumptions, capital cost estimates have meaningful headroom before rendering investment uneconomic
  - However, reductions in natural/gas coal spread and increases in carbon costs would put pressure on ability to construct within the current projection

Investment is essentially a long spread position on natural gas/coal with carbon and construction risk



000447



#### Financial

- Reduces AFUDC cost by \$10 Million
- Limits exposure to material or labor cost escalation for project elements not covered by firm price contracts
- Generates real earnings one year sooner
- Environmental
  - Eliminates an additional 31,350 tons of SO<sub>2</sub>
  - Eliminates an additional 229 pounds of Mercury
  - Reduces particulate emissions to less than 1% one year sooner
- Customer
  - Produces "early reduction mercury credits" that can be used for
    - Compliance in future years if operational issues with the scrubber arise
    - Conversion to fungible SO<sub>2</sub> allowances (estimated at 12,500 allowances)





Rebuttal Testimony Lar Attachment



# Clean Air Project

#### **Revised Project Schedule**

Project	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
NH Mercury Reduction Act							
Preliminary Engineering							
Program Manager Hired							
Detailed Engineering			11 <b>111 111 111 111</b> 111				
Major Contracts Awarded							
Permitting			<b>E</b> A . <b>E</b> A . <b>E</b> A . <b>E</b> A . <b>E</b> A			<b>10. 13. 01. 01. 13.</b> 13.	
Preliminary Site Prep.							
Major Construction				<b>a</b> a <b>a a</b>			
Testing & Commissioning							
In Service							



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- New base load power plants (coal, nuclear, IGCC) are not on the near or mid-term horizon for the region, making re-investment in environmental technology at existing assets the necessary strategy to maintain appropriate base-load supply
- Current market players are engaged in blocking opportunities for new, lower cost, regulated generation assets, making preservation of existing assets increasingly important
- ISO-NE market rules, and the current economic climate, make it nearly impossible for prospective generators to secure financing and overcome the substantial "barriers to entry" to build new generation in the region
- New England electric energy supply is highly dependent on natural gas, and costs are subject to corresponding commodity price volatility, and long-term price increases
- In addition to the support these barriers provide for continued operation of existing base-load plants:
  - Brattle Group analysis of future NE energy markets indicates that all coal generation, including Merrimack, will continue to operate economically
  - Operation of Merrimack Station on coal provides stability to the power supply in the region
  - Loss of PSNH's Merrimack Station would call into question the viability of operating the remaining generating assets as a fleet



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- Installation of the scrubber is required by NH law to meet mercury emissions requirements
- Merrimack Clean Air Project capital costs have increased significantly since the original project costs estimates were prepared in 2006, and stand at \$457M
- Under the base case and with varying assumptions, continued operation of Merrimack Station with the Clean Air Project remains economically beneficial for customers
- State law allows for recovery of prudently incurred costs to construct and operate the scrubber
- The project team is in place and prepared to execute contracts now and begin construction in earnest late this year, with a project in-service date of mid-2012
- The proposal to construct and operate a scrubber at Merrimack Station, in conformance with the NH Mercury Reduction Law, is in the best interest of PSNH's customers and shareholders



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### **Appendix Materials**

PSNH Clean Air Project June 25, 2008



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Risk Event	Risk Horizon	Potential Project Capital Cost Impact	Likelihood of Occurrence (%)	Expected Value Capital Cost Exposure	Mitigation Plan
Remaining bids received from vendors are significantly higher than expected related to material and handling costs. Note: The bids on the major equipment have been received.	2008	\$10 million	20%	\$2 million	Currently carrying out the procurement schedule. The Purchasing area is trying to stimulate competition during the bid process. Lastly as the required implementation date allows for some slippage in the schedule.
Lack of sufficient, qualified construction labor results in increased costs to import labor resources, schedule delays to wait for resources to become available.	2009-12	\$50 million	10%	\$5 million	WGI will initiate the National Maintenance Agreement. Meetings have been held with the union trades to discuss the project and labor requirements up front.
Inability to lock in firm prices during contracting phase exposes the project to price volatility and currency risk.	2008-9	\$25 million	20%	\$5 million	The RFP is being structured for fixed/lump sum pricing. The contract will be negotiated to try and include these parameters.



# Risk Assessment, Major Risk Concerns



Risk Event	Risk Horizon	Potential Project Capital Cost Impact	Likelihood of Occurrence (%)	Expected Value Capital Cost Exposure	Mitigation Plan
Vendors unable to meet project design criteria resulting in non-conforming bids. Note: bids received with mercury criteria. Risk relates to remaining design specifications.	2008-9	\$25 million	25%	\$6.25 million	In the event this occurs, an acceptable outcome will be negotiated during the procurement process.
Inability to design appropriate plant integration plans resulting in MK1 bypass, boiler implosion and noise issues.	2008-9	\$12.5 million	50%	\$6.25 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in Scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications for reasonableness.
Scope definition changes drastically during construction resulting in additional expenditures and/or potential schedule delays.	2008-12	\$18.75 million	20%	\$3.75 million	PSNH team will work closely with WGI & EPC contractors to minimize the impact.
Proposed design is inadequate and does not meet operability/reliability/ constructability requirements resulting in complete redesign.	2008-9	\$12.5 million	30%	\$3.75 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in Scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications for reasonableness



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**Scrubber Schematic** 







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# Historic Price Volatility Suggests Coal Will Find a Way to be Cheaper than Alternatives



#### 18 ---\$/mmbtu 🛙 Natural Gas 🖽 #6 Oil 🔳 Coal





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# ISO-NE Energy Supply by Fuel Type









### Northeast Utilities System



# Public Service Company of New Hampshire Clean Air Project

Capital Project Review and Approval Northeast Utilities Board of Trustees Gary Long/Cameron Bready July 15, 2008



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# **Executive Summary**



- New Hampshire legislation mandates compliance to mercury emissions standards set forth in the NH Mercury Reduction Act
  - Wet scrubber technology will reduce power plant mercury emissions required by New Hampshire law and is the technology specified by the law
  - There is no other technology which will guarantee capture of 80% of the mercury input of our coal fleet
- Cost estimates have been defined by a competitive bidding process
  - Prices have escalated from original estimates made in 2006 due to much higher raw material pricing and higher costs of engineering service
- Bid proposals indicate that an in-service date of mid-2012 is achievable
  - Earlier in-service date reduces cost (AFUDC), risk, and allows PSNH to take advantage of incentives built into the New Hampshire legislation for "early reductions" of mercury
- Despite the capital cost increases, Merrimack Station remains economic for customers under expected conditions and provides a significant investment opportunity for PSNH
  - The NPV of Revenue Requirements of adding the Scrubber versus replacing Merrimack Station energy and capacity supply with market purchases is a benefit to customers of \$132 Million
  - The scrubber avoids about \$15 Million in sulfur credit purchases annually, included in the customer benefit above
  - Incremental Net Income estimated at \$18.5 M in 2013 first full year of operation



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Background -

### Merrimack Station Benefits PSNH's Customers



- Merrimack Station produces 3 million MWh of low cost power annually, about 35% of PSNH's total energy service requirement. The low cost energy produced at Merrimack Station off-sets the higher cost of market purchases in the overall energy service rate
- Operating Merrimack Station in a cost-effective manner has been one of the major reasons why PSNH's energy service rate is the lowest in the region, as much as 25% lower than the average of energy service supply that we track in NE
- Merrimack Station has control technology to satisfy NOx and particulate emissions requirements. With a scrubber, SO<sub>2</sub> and Mercury emissions will be controlled and Merrimack will be among the cleanest coal burning plants nationally
- Coal is the most abundant domestic fossil fuel resource in the United States supplying more than 50% of the nation's power generation fleet, but only 15% of New England's generation. Maintaining the use of this secure fuel resource is important for the diversity of the region's future energy supply
- Historically, coal has maintained a price advantage over oil or natural gas as fuel for the power generation sector. Operated as Regulated Generation, this cost savings flows directly to customers

Continued operation of Merrimack Station with a scrubber will maintain fuel diversity and security of domestic fuel supply in the ISO-NE region, while providing PSNH's customers with low cost energy.



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### **Financial Assessment – Summary Metrics**

Total Installed Capital Costs Capital Cost \$ / kW	\$457M \$1,0001
NPV of Base Case Customer Benefit	\$132M
2013 Net Income Contribution	\$18.5M
2013 EPS Contribution (Diluted)	\$.04/share
Busbar Cost (2013)	\$94.55/MWh

### Key assumptions :

- Project in-service on June 30, 2012
- 9.81% ROE on 47.23% equity component of capital structure
- Base case natural gas price of \$11/mmbtu, coal of \$4.82/mmbtu and carbon of \$7/ton

#### Note:

1. For reference, capital costs for a new CCGT would be approximately \$1,600 - \$1,700/kw. A new peaker would be approximately \$950 - 1,000/kw.



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	\$Millions		
		\$250	otals \$457
\$100M	\$500 <sub>7</sub>	4100	
\$45M			
\$15M	<b></b>		\$52
\$13M	\$400 -		\$35
\$44M	\$300 -		\$91
		\$18	\$406
\$91M	\$200 -	\$19	\$100
\$35M		<b>\$40</b>	\$13
\$52M		\$35	\$15
	\$100 -	\$17	<b>940</b>
<u>\$57M</u>			
\$452M	\$0	\$72	\$100
945ZIVI	ψυ	riginal Estimato	Current Estimate
\$5M			
Ŧ	Wastewater	Treatment	Chimney
\$457M	■ Owner's Co ■ Engineering Total	sts ^ g & Construction	Balance of Plant Contingency & Escalation
	\$100M \$45M \$15M \$13M \$44M \$91M \$35M \$52M <u>\$57M</u> <b>\$452M</b> <b>\$452M</b> <b>\$55</b> M	\$100M \$45M \$15M \$15M \$13M \$400 - \$313M \$400 - \$313M \$400 - \$313M \$300 - \$300 - \$35M \$200 - \$35M \$52M \$52M \$100 - \$57M \$100 - \$100 - \$57M \$100 - \$100 - \$57M \$100 - \$100 - \$57M \$100 - \$100 - \$57M \$100 - \$100 - \$10	\$Millions         \$100M       \$500         \$45M         \$15M         \$15M         \$13M         \$44M         \$300         \$52M         \$52M         \$57M         \$100         \$31         \$100         \$31         \$100         \$31         \$100         \$31         \$100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100         \$1100 <t< td=""></t<>

### Project Costs by Component

\* Includes PSNH Project Costs, Indirect Costs, and AFUDC



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### **Financial Assessment - Overview**



- Customer benefit/cost of scrubber installation is dependent upon customer alternatives for securing the energy and capacity provided by Merrimack
  - Analysis assumes that customers will procure energy and capacity from the market if Merrimack is not operational
  - Market price for energy will likely continue to be set by natural gas units for the foreseeable future
    - → Expected future price for natural gas and the spread between natural gas prices and coal prices are critical to assessment of customer impacts
- Financial customer benefit/cost determined as follows:
  - PV of net revenue requirements of Merrimack facility (including new scrubber) – PV of market energy and market capacity costs
  - Customer benefit is achieved when the revenue requirements of Merrimack are lower than the costs of procuring the energy and capacity that would otherwise be provided by Merrimack from the market
- Future impact of carbon may play an important role in determining ultimate customer benefit/cost
  - Carbon costs are expected to impact electricity rates, but coal plants will likely be disproportionally affected given their emission rates versus natural gas plants



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### **Financial Sensitivities**



Base-case assumptions result in net customer benefit of \$132 million

Net customer benefit is most sensitive to expected future natural gas and coal prices and the relative spread between the two commodities

Assumption Category	Assumptions			2008 PV of Net Customer Cost <sup>1</sup>	Net Customer Impact
	Downside Base Upside			(\$300) (\$180) ( <b>\$132)</b> (\$50) \$40	Dieak-Lvell Mates
Capital Cost	+10%	\$457 mil	-10%	\$(159) \$ <mark>27, \$2</mark> 7 \$(105)	\$684 mil
2012 gas Prices, MMBTU <sup>2</sup>	-10%	\$11.00	+10%	\$(295) <b>\$(163) \$163</b> \$133 \$31	\$10.10
2012 coal prices, MMBTU <sup>2</sup>	+10%	\$4.82	-10%	\$(228) <b>\$(96) \$96</b> \$(36)	\$5.49
Implied Gas/coal Spread	\$4.60	\$6.18	\$7.76	N/A <sup>4</sup>	\$5.29 <sup>4</sup>
2012 Carbon Costs <sup>2,3</sup>	+50%	\$7	-50%	\$(167)	\$30.13

Text in bars represents change in values; text beside bars represents sensitivity result.

#### Notes:

- 1. NPV Net Customer Cost = (2008 Present Value of Merrimack Plant Revenue Requirements from 2012 to 2027) minus (2008 Present Value of Market Energy plus 2008 Present Value of Capacity Payments from 2012 to 2027).
- 2. Fuel and carbon costs are escalated at 2.5% per annum off of the 2012 estimate.
- 3. Reflects net impact on a \$/ton basis for either RGGI or Federal policies excluding any allocations of allowances.
- 4. Spread not sensitized as impact depends on underlying natural gas and coal prices. Break even is based on a \$4.82/mmbtu Coal Price (~\$130 per delivered ton).



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### **Financial Scenarios**



The following scenarios, denoted by their assumed probability of occurrence, demonstrate the compounding impacts of a variety of assumption changes on the key financial metrics for the project:

	Unlikely Low	Possible Low	Base	Possible High	Unlikely High
NPV - Net Customer Cost Monthly Residential Customer Cost Impact 2013 Plant Busbar Cost (\$/MwH) Net Income - 2013 (First full Year In-Service)	\$481 MIL \$3.70 \$102.41 \$21.5 mil	\$194 MIL \$1.49 \$100.37 \$20.1 MIL	(\$132 MIL) (\$1.01) \$94.55 \$18.5 MIL	(\$413 mil) (\$3.17) \$87.86 \$18.1 mil	(\$719 mil) (\$5.52) \$79.44 \$17.7 mil
Assumed probability	5%	25%	-	25%	5%
Parameters					
Capital Costs, Millions	\$532	\$497	\$457	\$447	\$437
2012 Gas Prices, MMBTU	\$8.80	\$9.90	\$11.00	\$12.10	\$13.20
2012 Coal Prices, MMBTU	\$5.78	\$5.30	\$4.82	\$4.34	\$3.86
2012 Carbon Costs, Ton	\$30	\$20	\$7	\$5	\$0

#### Case Legend

Base

**Unlikely Low** Case reflects project in-service delayed one year and cost overun (\$45M), cooling tower addition (\$30M), minimal Gas/coal Spread Possible Low Case reflects project in-service on-time with cost overun (\$10M), cooling tower addition (\$30M), decreased Gas/coal Spread Current assumptions

Possible High Case reflects project in-service 6 months early (\$10M), project costs as expected, benign carbon legislation, increased gas/coal spread Unlikely High Case reflects project in-service 6 months early (\$10M) with lower than expected costs (\$10M), no carbon legislation, maximum gas/coal spread

### Other scenarios considered:

- \$200 Oil Scenario:
- \$50 Carbon Cost:

### Customer Cost/(Benefit)

(\$437 million) \$70 million



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### **Historic Fuel Spreads**



- Gas/Coal spread has averaged \$3.18/mmbtu over the last 15 years, as compared to the required customer break-even level of \$5.29/mmbtu (based on current price levels)
  - However, post the hurricane season of 2005, the spread has averaged \$6.22/mmbtu
- Since January 2007, the spread has averaged nearly \$6.63/mmbtu and current spreads are more than ~\$9/mmbtu



### **PSNH Actual/Quoted Delivered Fuel Costs**

# Key Financial Takeaways



- Customer value of scrubber installation extremely sensitive to future expected natural gas/coal price spread
  - At assumed 2012 natural gas and coal price levels and other base case parameters, a spread of approximately \$5.29/mmbtu (escalating) is required to create customer benefits
  - Recent spreads suggest that this level is realistic; however, historic spread levels have averaged lower
- Impact of carbon legislation is not expected to render scrubber investment uneconomic to customers at current projected costs under RGGI
  - Absent allocations, assuming all other base case assumptions, a net carbon cost of \$30/ton (escalating) or greater would diminish customer value of scrubber installation
- Assuming base case fuel and carbon assumptions, capital cost estimates have meaningful headroom before rendering investment uneconomic
  - All other base case assumptions being held constant, capital costs can increase to ~\$684 million before eliminating customer economic benefits
  - However, reductions in natural/gas coal spread and increases in carbon costs would
     put pressure on base case capital cost estimates
- Generation ratemaking making structure allows for PSNH to earn 9.81% ROE on equity invested in the project under all scenarios presented
  - Assumes that project capital costs are deemed prudent

Investment is essentially a long spread position on natural gas/coal with carbon and construction risk



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### **Revised Project Schedule**



10: 10: 10

10 10 10

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Project	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
NH Mercury Reduction Act							
Preliminary Engineering							
Program Manager Hired							
Detailed Engineering							
Major Contracts Awarded							
Permitting	N 31 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						
Preliminary Site Prep.							
Major Construction							
Testing & Commissioning			100 100 100 100 100 10 10 100 100 100 10 10 100 100 100 10 10 100 100 100 10 10 100 100 100 100				
In Service		102 1 103 10 1 103 107 102 102 100 11 105 107 107 100 100 10					
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- Installation of the scrubber is required by NH law to meet mercury emissions requirements
- Merrimack Clean Air Project capital costs have increased significantly since the original project costs estimates were prepared in 2006, and stand at \$457M
- Under the base case, continued operation of Merrimack Station with the Clean Air Project remains economically beneficial for customers
- State law allows for recovery of prudently incurred costs to construct and operate the scrubber
- The project team is in place and prepared to execute contracts now and begin construction in earnest late this year, with a project in-service date of mid-2012
- The proposal to construct and operate a scrubber at Merrimack Station, in conformance with the NH Mercury Reduction Law, is in the best interest of PSNH's customers and shareholders



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### **Appendix Materials**

### **PSNH Clean Air Project** July 15, 2008



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### **Scrubber Schematic**





### **Merrimack Station: 2008**







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### **Merrimack Station: 2013**







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### Risk Assessment, Major Risk Concerns

Potential Expected Value Likelihood of **Risk Event Risk Horizon Project Capital Capital Cost Mitigation Plan** Occurrence (%) Cost Impact Exposure Remaining bids received from Currently carrying out the 2008 \$10 million 20% \$2 million vendors are significantly procurement schedule. The higher than expected related Purchasing area is trying to to material and handling stimulate competition during costs. Note: The bids on the the bid process. Lastly as the major equipment have been required implementation date received. allows for some slippage in the schedule. Lack of sufficient, qualified 2009-12 \$50 million 10% \$5 million WGI will initiate the National construction labor results in Maintenance Agreement. increased costs to import Meetings have been held with labor resources, schedule the union trades to discuss delays to wait for resources the project and labor to become available. requirements up front. Inability to lock in firm prices 2008-9 \$25 million 20% •\$5 million The RFP is being structured during contracting phase for fixed/lump sum pricing. exposes the project to price The contract will be volatility and currency risk. negotiated to try and include these parameters.



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Clean Air Project

terrimack Station

# Risk Assessment, Major Risk Concerns



Risk Event	Risk Horizon	Potential Project Capital Cost Impact	Likelihood of Occurrence (%)	Expected Value Capital Cost Exposure	Mitigation Plan
Vendors unable to meet project design criteria resulting in non-conforming bids. Note: bids received with mercury criteria. Risk relates to remaining design specifications.	2008-9	\$25 million	25%	\$6.25 million	In the event this occurs, an acceptable outcome will be negotiated during the procurement process.
Inability to design appropriate plant integration plans resulting in MK1 bypass, boiler implosion and noise issues.	2008-9	\$12.5 million	50%	\$6.25 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in Scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications for reasonableness.
Scope definition changes drastically during construction resulting in additional expenditures and/or potential schedule delays.	2008-12	\$18.75 million	20%	\$3.75 million	PSNH team will work closely with WGI & EPC contractors to minimize the impact.
Proposed design is inadequate and does not meet operability/reliability/ constructability requirements resulting in complete redesign.	2008-9	\$12.5 million	30%	\$3.75 million	PSNH contracted with experienced contract program manager in Scrubber installations. Additionally, NU personnel will be reviewing design specifications for reasonableness.



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### **Cashflow and Earnings Projection**





Assumptions:

- Base-case project costs are estimated at \$457M
- Project expected to be in-service on June 30, 2012
- Assumes 9.81% ROE on 47.23% of Capital Structure
- Average Shares outstanding per 2009-2013 Forecast



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# Project Benefits are Accentuated by Advancing the In-Service Date to mid-2012



### Financial

- Reduces AFUDC cost by \$10 Million
- Limits exposure to material or labor cost escalation for project elements not covered by firm price contracts
- Generates real earnings one year sooner
- Environmental
  - Eliminates an additional 31,350 tons of SO<sub>2</sub>
  - Eliminates an additional 229 pounds of Mercury
  - Reduces particulate emissions to less than 1% one year sooner
- > Customer
  - Produces "early reduction mercury credits" that can be used for
    - Compliance in future years if operational issues with the scrubber arise
    - Conversion to fungible SO<sub>2</sub> allowances (estimated at 12,500 allowances)



Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 5 Page 1 of 73 780 N. Commercial Street, Manchester, NH 03101

Public Service of New Hampshire N.H.P.U.C. Case No. <u>PC</u> (1-250 Exhibit No. 23-5 Witness Pang 3

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The Northeast Utilities System

Manchester, NH 03105-0330

Gary A. Long President and Chief Operating Officer

Public Service Company of New Hampshire

September 2, 2008

Ms. Debra A. Howland Executive Director and Secretary New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission 21 Fruit Street Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Re: Docket No. DE 08-103 Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project Request for Information

Dear Secretary Howland:

Pursuant to the Commission's Secretarial Letter, dated August 22, 2008, Public Service Company of New Hampshire ("PSNH" or the "Company") provides this response to the Request for Information regarding the legislatively mandated installation of wet flue gas desulphurization technology ("scrubber" technology) at Merrimack Station, to be installed as soon as possible but in no case later than July 2013. We have enclosed an original and six copies of PSNH's response.

This filing demonstrates that following the installation of the scrubber, Merrimack Station will continue to be a vital base-load source for reliable and affordable power in the State of New Hampshire, and will have the added benefit of being among the cleanest coal-burning plants in the nation. PSNH is confident that up to the initiation of this inquiry, it was diligently pursuing and complying with the legal mandates contained in 2006 N.H. Laws, Chapter 105, the mercury emissions reduction law ("Scrubber Law"), by moving forward rapidly with the installation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station.

As required by the Commission's Request for Information, PSNH is providing a memorandum of law, project status report, and response to specific economic inquiries. This information will serve to support the legislature's finding that the installation of the scrubber at Merrimack Station ("the scrubber project" or "Clean Air Project") is "in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources." RSA 125-O:11, VI. The legislature, in reaching its conclusion that the scrubber installation is in the public interest, did

not limit itself to economic considerations, but rather performed a careful balancing of the costs and the ensuing benefits to the public health, welfare, economy, and environment (including improved air quality and the protection of natural resources)—benefits which contribute to sustaining the vibrancy of the State and its citizens as a whole. As part of its inquiry, the Commission must review and comply with the General Court's Statement of Purpose and Findings (RSA 125-0:11) as well as the larger statutory context as delineated in the Findings and Purpose of the Multiple Pollutant Reduction Program (RSA 125-0:1)("the Clean Power Act") in which these societal prerogatives are prioritized.

PSNH has a long history of collaboration with state policymakers and the resolution of difficult and challenging environmental issues. We are proud of our consistently proactive environmental stewardship which includes: installation of the first-in-the-nation utility-owned selective catalytic reduction system at Merrimack Station Unit 2 in 1995 and Unit 1 in 1999 to capture NOx emissions; the successful, internationally lauded conversion of a fossil-fuel unit (Schiller Unit 5) in our fleet to a wood-burning facility; our vigorous collaboration on, and crafting of, the first-in-the-nation groundbreaking four-pollutant bill, the Clean Power Act, RSA Chapter 125-O; and now, the aggressive installation of a scrubber system at Merrimack Station to significantly reduce mercury and sulfur dioxide emissions in compliance with the Scrubber Law. At its core, the Scrubber Law is an environmentally motivated law which will result in improvements to air quality. With the Clean Air Project, PSNH will capture, at a minimum, 80% of the mercury entering its coal-fired power boilers which otherwise could be released to the atmosphere. Additionally, the scrubber technology will remove more than 30,000 tons of SO2 emissions each year. These significant environmental benefits were viewed by the legislature as critical goals, in the public interest, to be accomplished on an accelerated basis.

The Scrubber Law is itself another example of PSNH's willingness to work with state policymakers in resolving critical issues. It is the product of a lengthy collaborative effort that PSNH spearheaded along with the Governor's Office, the Office of Energy and Planning, the Department of Environmental Services, and a number of legislators and environmental groups. (See the legislative history included in PSNH's Memorandum of Law.) The legislature, recognizing that the Scrubber Law represented the delicate balancing of numerous interests, found the law in its entirety to be in the public interest, as it has plainly and clearly stated within the law itself, and, in fact, further determined to protect the integrity of the statutory language with a finding emphasizing the non-severability of the law's provisions. (RSA 125-0:11, VIII: "The mercury reduction requirements set forth in this subdivision represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of cost, benefits, and technological feasibility and therefore the requirements shall be viewed as an integrated strategy of non-severable components.")

The Clean Air Project is a vast and complex engineering and craft labor challenge that is in progress and will take another four years to complete. At its peak, and in addition to the engineering and management support services, the project will require the efforts of more than 300 union craft workers. PSNH has reached a written accord with organized labor leadership to utilize union labor on this project to ensure the availability of critical skilled craft workers and to prioritize work safety on the job. In a recessionary national economy, the importance of this

project to craft labor in terms of steady in-state employment cannot be over-emphasized—one more example of an important public interest.

Because of its size and complexity, the Clean Air Project must be an extremely well managed, carefully orchestrated project, and must firmly adhere to critical milestones established in the overarching project schedule which will control the work of numerous contractors and subcontractors. PSNH has already completed a number of critical milestones to ensure project success, as further detailed in this filing.

At this juncture, PSNH has diligently gone through competitive bidding processes for each major "island" of work and has proceeded to negotiate fixed-price contracts with selected vendors. The contracts for the scrubber itself and for the new chimney stand ready to be finalized and executed; the contract for the waste-water treatment facility and site preparation are in final negotiations. Any delay in issuing these contracts will be a major setback for this project and will result in additional costs to our customers. Contractors and their subcontractors are only willing to hold fixed prices for an abbreviated period of time given the rapid escalation of the prices of raw materials and their need to lock in shop time well in advance for the manufacturing of components. If any one of PSNH's major contractors is unwilling to hold prices or contractual terms or to extend the deadline for execution of contracts, the scrubber project schedule has the potential to be irreparably disrupted and harmed. This is because the nature of the scrubber project and the site layout require the sequential completion of many of the construction islands (for example, consider the new chimney: the foundation work must be done in non-winter months, followed by the construction of the chimney "shell" which must be completed in order for the area surrounding the chimney or "drop zone" to be released before other work can proceed for obvious safety reasons). As a result, this means that even a short delay now will have a domino effect and a greater than day-for-day impact on the entire project with the likely result of significant additional costs to the project.

We are mindful of the legislature's mandate that the scrubber project proceed on an accelerated basis and refer the Commission, once again, to the Statement of Purpose and Findings, as well as the legislative history (see PSNH's Memorandum of Law). Any delay in this project will result in added costs, while, conversely, an accelerated schedule will save money. Shaving six months to a year off the project timeline saves significantly on AFUDC costs, avoids escalation in costs of materials and labor, and will result in early compliance credits for PSNH's customers (Economic Performance Incentives, RSA 125-O:16). We respectfully ask the Commission's assistance in complying with the law by expediting the resolution of this inquiry.

It should surprise no one that the costs of this project have increased significantly over the original preliminary estimates made in late 2004-2005. On May 15, 2008, the *Wall Street Journal* reported on the escalation in prices of commodities due to unrelenting global demand--steel prices, just five months into the new year, were already up 40-50% for the year; coking coal and scrap steel, key ingredients in steelmaking, had soared 100%; along with a 71% increase in iron ore prices--all of which are "part of a broader surge in raw-materials prices amid tight supplies and soaring global demand, fueled in part by the rapid industrialization of India, China and other developing nations." However, the cost increases involved in a plant modification are

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dwarfed by the costs of constructing a new plant which have more than doubled in recent years. According to the Cambridge Energy Research Associates, "the construction of new generating capacity that would have cost \$1 billion in 2000 would cost \$2.31 billion if construction began today" with most of that increase occurring since 2005. (*Wall Street Journal*, May 27, 2008.) PSNH would like to emphasize: time is money in this market.

Merrimack Station's continued operation ensures that New England has continued fuel diversity and energy security. The New England region is already highly reliant on natural gas, and subject to its high price volatility and the vagaries of the natural gas market, as a fuel source for the power generation sector. Even so, there is very limited activity, and to this point in time, very unsuccessful efforts, to add new base-load power generation to the New England grid. As the economy remains difficult, and credit markets tight, the ability to site, permit, finance, and construct new base-load generation has become nearly impossible. Preservation of the key existing base-load generation resources like Merrimack Station, while maintaining its positive economics for customers, is critical to the region's future. This is particularly true in the case of Merrimack Station which provides not only low-cost energy but has a remarkable record of reliability characterized by record-breaking periods of lengthy continuous operation (in 2004, Merrimack Unit 1 and Merrimack Unit 2 both outperformed previous station operation records-Merrimack Unit 1 ran continuously 122 days and Merrimack Unit 2 ran 147 days). In addition, in 2007, Merrimack Station produced more energy than it ever has in its decades of operation. Clearly, the Station is functioning extremely well, as a direct result of strategic equipment repairs and replacements, well executed maintenance work, well performed operations activities, a dedicated workforce, and a strong and experienced management team.

Beyond the benefits PSNH's operation of Merrimack Station provides to customers in terms of lower electric energy prices and reliability to the New England electric grid, it should be recognized that the operation of Merrimack Station is a significant contributor to the local and state economy—another fact supporting the legislature's public interest finding. Merrimack Station employs approximately 100 highly skilled and dedicated employees in what has become an increasingly limited "manufacturing" sector of our state's economy. In addition, there is significant company support staff for the Station. During annual outages and construction projects, the number of jobs provided increases substantially. PSNH, through its operation of Merrimack Station, contributes annually \$758,000 in state utility/property taxes and \$2.7 million in local property taxes. This in-state support to the economy reaches beyond wages and tax benefits and extends to the large quantity of materials and supplies and services for which PSNH contracts to operate and maintain the facility on an annual basis.

PSNH has met every environmental challenge head on and met or exceeded expectations in achieving environmental benefits, all of which have been in the public interest. Today, the challenge is mercury—a challenge we are striving to meet. With the installation of a scrubber at Merrimack Station, PSNH will maintain and enhance its standing as the lowest emitting coal-fired power generator in the region. We are excited about this project and the positive impact it will have on our environment. We remain confident that this can be achieved while continuing to provide economic, reliable base-load power for our customers over the period of the scrubber's operation.

PSNH urges the Commission to act expeditiously to resolve this inquiry so that PSNH may resume the commitment of capital and manpower necessary to install the scrubber technology at its Merrimack Station as mandated by law. PSNH stands ready and willing to keep the Commission up to date on the status and progress of the Clean Air Project once we are able to proceed in accordance with the law.

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Sincerely, Hary a Lorg

Gary A. Long President and Chief Operating Officer
#### THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE before the PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project Request for Information

Docket No. DE 08-103

### <u>Report</u>

In its Secretarial Letter dated August 22, 2008 in this docket, the Commission notified Public Service Company of New Hampshire (PSNH) that it was conducting an inquiry into the status of PSNH's efforts to install a wet flue gas desulphurization system (scrubber technology) at Merrimack Station in Bow. Installation of the scrubber (the "Clean Air Project") is mandated by RSA 125-O:11 through 18 (the "Scrubber Law") to achieve reductions in mercury emissions. The Commission directed PSNH to file, by September 12, 2008:

- I. a comprehensive status report on its installation plans;
- II. a detailed cost estimate for the project;
- III. an analysis of the anticipated effect of the project on energy service rates; and
- IV. an analysis of the effect on energy service rates if Merrimack Station were not in the mix of fossil and hydro facilities operated by PSNH.

This report provides the information concerning PSNH's scrubber installation project (the Clean Air Project) requested by the Commission's secretarial letter.

### I. SCRUBBER STATUS

PSNH is moving rapidly forward with the Clean Air Project to comply with the Scrubber Law's mandate to achieve significant reductions in mercury emissions at the coal-burning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible. RSA 125-O:11, I. Unless further delayed, PSNH will meet the statutory installation deadline of July 1, 2013, and is striving to have the scrubber operational sooner than that deadline. The scope of the Clean Air Project will encompass planning and design; schedule and cost development; oversight of multiple competitive bidding processes for engineering; equipment and system procurement, selection of contractors, contract negotiations and execution; sequential construction management of the various project components and interfaces, followed by the integration of those components into a functioning system; and operational start-up activities. All work on the Clean Air Project will be performed with safety as a high priority. To date, PSNH has spent approximately \$10 million on the Clean Air Project.

#### A. Activities Performed during 2006

- 1. Merrimack Station began investigating operational changes at the facility that would provide the necessary flexibility in the design and engineering of a scrubber system. The catalyst replacement program on the previously installed selective catalytic reduction systems was reviewed and updated to accommodate operating requirements of a new scrubber and potentially improve the overall performance of the equipment.
- 2. Merrimack Station revised, tested and modified its ash handling operations and capabilities to provide necessary options for ash management in order to maximize unit operations when a new scrubber is installed.
- 3. Initial engineering was completed by Sargent and Lundy ("S&L") based upon information provided in 2005. S&L also evaluated a number of equipment options integral to the scrubber project and completed a layout of the project. Budgetary quotes and lead times were solicited from major scrubber vendors, also during 2005.
- 4. General specifications for the scrubber island, material handling system and the chimney were provided to PSNH by S&L to further develop project requirements. To complement this preliminary engineering work, site visits to the other scrubber installations were completed by PSNH/Merrimack Station personnel.
- 5. Preliminary work in support of the temporary air permit application was completed including emissions netting calculations and suggested modeling protocol.
- 6. Water quality testing was completed to define and identify appropriate sources for makeup water to the scrubber system.
- 7. Electrical work was reviewed with PSNH transmission and distribution divisions to outline the power requirements for the new scrubber system. A two phase approach was defined. Plans were made to relocate and upgrade an existing, old construction yard in order for the land to be used for construction power for the scrubber system. A new substation will be installed to power the scrubber operations.
- 8. Also in preparation for the scrubber installation, an unused oil tank was removed from the north side of the plant. This space will eventually house portions of the material handling system required by the scrubber project.
- 9. A study of the Merrimack property's south yard was performed to ensure an adequate layout area for the necessary equipment and building surrounding the scrubber. A number of contractor facilities in the south end of the plant, as well as the existing training facility, were identified for relocation.
- 10. A portion of the southern-most yard was cleared to make room for a new warehouse building. Although a separate effort from construction of the scrubber project itself, it

was necessary to complete this work prior to the extensive construction and labor effort that will be underway during the construction of the scrubber islands. Preliminary engineering, design, surveying and permitting for this new warehouse were completed.

- 11. A number of appropriate purchasing and procurement efforts were completed including contract options and strategy analysis and vendor lists for scrubber manufacturers and architect/engineers.
- 12. Engineering efforts included review of the latest equipment options, equipment integration capabilities, and mercury capture capabilities.
- 13. Also initial investigation into gypsum disposal and sale opportunities was pursued with various wallboard manufacturers.

### B. Activities Performed during 2007

- 1. Merrimack Station continued operational changes at the facility that would provide the necessary flexibility to accommodate the design and engineering of a scrubber system. The station worked to modify boiler combustion temperatures. Tube shields were removed from the boiler reheater to increase heat transfer and improve steam temperatures.
- 2. The station's south yard was cleared for the new warehouse on schedule. This new warehouse will initially house displaced inventory from existing warehouse buildings. The building permit application was submitted on May 17, 2007. Preliminary design of the building was completed.
- 3. PSNH went out to bid for the Program Manager for the Clean Air Project on May 15, 2007. URS Washington Division ("URS") was hired in October 2007 following lengthy contract negotiations.
- 4. PSNH submitted a Temporary Air Permit application for the Clean Air Project with NHDES on June 6, 2007. An emissions netting calculation and determination of a stack height consistent with good engineering practice ("GEP") were required information to support the Temporary Air Permit application submittal. Necessary air dispersion modeling services were contracted for and have begun.
- 5. The first legislative update, as required annually by RSA 125-O:13, IX was completed on June 26, 2007. PSNH is required to report on the progress, status, and cost of complying with the provisions of the scrubber law to the legislative oversight committee on electric utility restructuring, and the chairpersons of the house science, technology and energy committee and the senate energy and economic development committee,. A brief summary of that first update follows:

- Engineering
  - i. Specifications developed for key components
  - ii. Possible site plan layouts developed
  - iii. Equipment options identified
  - iv. Vendor lists and contacts established
  - v. Industry impact of high number of scrubber installations analyzed
- Commercial and Purchasing
  - i. Contract strategy determined and approved
  - ii. Program Manager specification written
  - iii. Program Manager out to bid
- Permits and Approvals
  - i. Temporary Air Permit Application submitted to NHDES-ARD June 7, 2007
  - ii. Town of Bow presentations and submittals underway
  - iii. Company financing approvals initiated
- Site work
  - i. Existing oil tank removal completed
  - ii. Site surveys completed
  - iii. South Yard studies completed

#### C. Activities Performed during 2008 to date

- 1. Construction of the major components of the Clean Air Project has been broken down into the engineering, procurement, and construction of four major work islands which include the scrubber, chimney, waste water treatment facility, and material handling system. Construction must occur on a sequential basis. Of these islands, the chimney and scrubber require completion first for safety reasons given the physical orientation of the equipment and constraints of the site. Following foundation work, the chimney "shell" construction must precede all work because of the necessity of preserving a "drop zone" or area around the chimney for evident safety reasons. As a result of these sequential construction requirements, both the scrubber island and chimney specifications were prioritized and sent out to bid first, vendor bid proposals were received, bid proposals were reviewed to identify the lowest evaluated bidder and negotiations with lowest evaluated bidders were undertaken. The negotiations are in final stages on both contracts and the contracts were expected to be executed this week; however, as a result of the initiation of this inquiry, such contracts must await the Commission's action in this inquiry. The material handling system and waste water treatment system followed with specifications sent out to bid, bid proposals received and evaluated, and negotiations well under way. Contracts will be finalized in short order and will be ready to execute in the near-term.
- 2. A second annual legislative update was completed on June 18, 2008. The status of the scrubber installation and mercury reductions was reported on to the legislative oversight committee on electric utility restructuring, and the chairpersons of the house science, technology and energy committee and the senate energy and economic development committee. A summary of that update follows:

- Engineering
  - i. Project's components
  - ii. Specifications developed for 4 key components
- Commercial and Purchasing
  - i. Program Manager hired Sept 2007
  - ii. Scrubber Island and Chimney proposals are in negotiations
  - iii. Vendor Proposals requested and received for Wastewater Treatment Facility and Material Handling System
- Review, Permits and Approvals
  - i. NHDES May 12 presentation
  - ii. Temporary Permit expected October 2008
  - iii. Town of Bow -Local permitting
  - iv. Regional Planning Commission
- Site work
  - i. Existing oil tank removed
  - ii. Site surveys and studies completed
  - iii. Warehouse construction underway
  - iv. On-site engineering facilities completed
- Schedule and Costs
  - i. Tie-ins: MK#1 Fall 2012, MK#2 Spring 2013
  - ii. Project costs will be updated with review of major equipment bids
- 3. It was reiterated at this update that PSNH was focused on expediting the schedule; and with two major equipment islands in negotiations, it would soon be known to what extent the critical path of this project could be potentially shortened. These negotiations would also provide updated costs associated with a new timeline.
- 4. As referenced earlier, negotiations with the scrubber island and chimney are now in their final phase. Recently completed boiler implosion, burner management and electrical supply studies are being reviewed. Multiple meetings have been attended in the Town of Bow focusing on local permitting requirements and also addressing any Regional Impact considerations. With that, public outreach and education meetings have been conducted and/or scheduled with a variety of organizations, such as the Southern New Hampshire Planning Commission, the Town of Pembroke, Town of Hooksett, etc.
- 5. Finally, air modeling is being completed with current engineering and equipment design information and proposed site orientation. Drafting of the Temporary Air Permit continues by the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) Air Division.

#### D. Schedule Status

1. As the project has moved forward steadily, PSNH has obtained more detailed information from major equipment and system suppliers, and has adjusted the schedule accordingly. The current optimized schedule shows that completion of the Clean Air Project in 2012 is

possible if there are no additional delays. PSNH's efforts are now focused on an early completion, as required by RSA 125-O:11, I. The early completion date is attributable to PSNH's diligence in complying with the Scrubber Law's mandates as rapidly as reasonably possible. Early completion will be beneficial to customers because AFUDC will be reduced, customers will benefit from early reductions credits provided by the Scrubber Law's Economic Performance Incentives at RSA 125-O:16, and, most importantly, mercury and sulfur oxide emissions will be reduced. In addition, by finalizing fixed price contracts and locking in prices, additional escalation of commodities can be avoided to some extent.

- 2. An early completion date is predicated on successful completion of a number of critical activities on a timely basis. These activities include obtaining permits to proceed with construction in the Fall of 2008 from the Town of Bow, and the receipt of a Temporary Air Permit from the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services in the Fall of 2008. Moreover, procurement of engineering services and equipment must proceed on an aggressive schedule. Even a short delay at this time could trigger a six to eight month delay in completion of the project because foundation construction work must commence in the Fall of 2009. If foundation construction work is not completed in the Fall of 2009, the work will have to be delayed until the Spring of 2010 because it cannot be performed during winter months. This illustrates the valid concern that even a brief delay has the potential for creating a domino effect on project schedule with far more than a day-forday delay.
- 3. The schedule is aggressive and has only a small tolerance for unpredictable delays due to inclement weather, equipment delivery problems, resolving engineering or design problems, or start-up and testing problems. Consequently, any delays caused by regulatory actions or other unanticipated events could jeopardize PSNH's ability to adhere to the schedule. Any such delay would increase the cost of the project.

### E. Engineering Status

- 1. URS has overall responsibility to develop the cost and schedule, subject to PSNH's review and approval.
- 2. The initial estimated cost of the project was based on a Sargent & Lundy estimate performed in 2005. There have been significant increases in the cost of raw materials, steel, labor, and energy, since this estimate was made, as noted by the *Wall Street Journal* in a May 27, 2008 article entitled "Costs to Build Power Plants Pressure Rates" (Atch 1) and echoed by the FERC's Office of Enforcement's report to the FERC Commissioners on Increasing Costs in Electric Markets, presented on June 19, 2008 (Atch 2). URS has more current information and experience with this type of work, and they developed a revised estimated project cost based on their experience with such projects and on bids received from the four major system vendors (Scrubber, Stack, Material Handling, and Waste Water Treatment Islands).

- 3. Approximately 60% to 70% percent of the revised project cost is now based on firm contracts or firm bids PSNH has received. Only small system and interconnection field systems (electrical, ductwork, piping, yard work, etc.) have yet to be finalized by bids. If bids in hand are not acted on in a timely manner, such delay in execution of contracts can and will result in a delay in project completion and higher costs.
- 4. URS has 30 engineers currently working on the project in the following areas:
  - a. Electrical engineering
  - b. Civil engineering
  - c. Structural engineering
  - d. Controls
  - e. Fire Protection
  - f. Estimators
  - g. Schedulers
  - h. Draftsmen.
- 5. URS's efforts are approaching peak workload. This is a critical time in their efforts and any upset will create risk of delay and added cost.
- 6. Current work activities include site preparation, planning, and design. Once the shovel is in the ground, construction activities will go on for approximately four years. Because there will be more than 300 people working on the project at peak periods, the work must be carefully planned and performed. Construction will be performed by union craft labor, and an organized labor National Maintenance Agreement has been executed to ensure availability of workers and eliminate the potential for labor disputes as well as to prioritize safety on the job.
- 7. Parts lay-down and storage areas must be developed, site trench layout for electrical and piping systems need to be designed, and contractor parking and access paths need to be built.

#### F. Current Procurement and Construction Activities

- 1. PSNH has been actively engaged in negotiating contracts for various aspects of the project. PSNH has completed bid evaluations for the waste water treatment system and material handling system and those contracts are under negotiation. Bidding is currently in progress for items like the construction power electrical switching panel, booster fans and motors, and a new electrical substation.
- 2. Negotiations are about to be finalized on the scrubber and chimney. However, as noted in the Motion to Accelerate Schedule filed with the Commission on August 25<sup>th</sup>, PSNH and its corporate parent, Northeast Utilities, cannot continue to commit additional dollars to the scrubber project until the Commission determines its actions in this inquiry. PSNH will initiate discussions with various bidders and contractors to seek ways to continue to allow limited critical path work to proceed, if possible. However, as stated above,

escalating costs for global commodities such as steel and cabling make it likely that any delay in the receipt of Commission action will increase the cost of the project.

- 3. PSNH has also been designing and procuring equipment for the two substations that will be constructed to support the project. One substation is replacing an existing substation and will eventually be used for construction and a second larger substation will be needed to provide power to the scrubber once it is operational.
- 4. Site drawings have been developed to show new gates, new access roads, the construction guard house, office trailer locations, new parts lay-down and storage locations, security, and first aid locations. Work is progressing on soil borings to support foundation design, site surveys are being conducted for general equipment locations, and extensive underground surveying is being performed to locate all buried items.
- 5. Other current activities include developing specifications for booster fans and duct work, designing yard fire protection systems, conducting noise studies, and performing electrical usage studies. Myriad other tasks are also currently being performed in order to successfully complete the project.

### G. Permitting Activities

- 1. The permitting activities began with submittal of the Temporary Air Permit application submitted to NHDES on June 7, 2007. NHDES has indicated that it will facilitate the permitting process however possible and has offered to provide a staff liaison to assist.
- 2. Other permitting activities have occurred over the last six months and are ongoing. Most notably, PSNH must receive approval from the Town of Bow. PSNH currently expects to receive the necessary approvals within the next few months.

## **II. PROJECT COST ESTIMATE**

A. PSNH, in consultation with URS, has developed a revised project cost estimate of \$457 million. This cost equates to approximately \$830 per kW for all of the "affected sources" subject to the emissions limitations of the Scrubber Law (RSA 125-O:12, I) or \$1,054 per kW installed for Merrimack Station alone. This estimate includes the cost of the project, project management costs, AFUDC, indirect costs, and contingency. Confidential Attachment 3 hereto provides a detailed breakdown of project costs.

B. The current project cost estimate is in-line with recently published information on other multiple unit scrubber installations occurring elsewhere in the country. SNL Financial reported in their July 8, 2008 edition that the Wisconsin PSC had given verbal authorization for Wisconsin Energy Corp to proceed with its plans to install Scrubber and Selective Catalytic Reduction technologies to its Oak Creek units 5-8, a total of 525 MW's of existing Coal fired generating capacity at a cost of \$774 Million. While this cost includes the addition of two emissions reduction technologies, the installed cost equates to \$1,474 per kW at Oak Creek.

## **III. EFFECT OF CLEAN AIR PROJECT ON ENERGY SERVICE RATES**

A. PSNH has assured the cost of energy produced by Merrimack Station will remain lower cost for customers than reasonable potential alternatives, even when the costs of the Clean Air Project are included. An analysis consisting of a detailed net present value of revenue requirements including capital and operating costs over the expected 15 year depreciation life of the scrubber demonstrates the continued economics of installing the scrubber provides this assurance. The spreadsheets which contain this analysis are included as Attachment 4 to this filing.

B. The primary assumptions used as inputs to the revenue requirements analysis include:

Capital cost: \$457M Capital structure: 47.23% Equity, 52.77% Debt Assumed Return on Equity: 9.81% (PSNH's current allowed ROE on generation) In-Service Date: July 1, 2012 Coal cost: \$4.82 per Million BTU escalated at 2.5% per year for the period of the analysis RGGI or equivalent CO2 allowance cost: \$7 per ton escalated at 2.5% per year for the period of the analysis

Utilizing these inputs produced the following summary results: First year bus bar cost: \$94.55/MWh Levelized (15 year) bus bar cost: \$99.28/MWh

C. Using the 2012 - 2027 average bus bar cost, the effect that the Clean Air Project will have on energy service rates is estimated to be approximately one-third of a cent per kWh (1/3 c/kWh). In the first year of operation, the year with the highest cost impact due to the highest value of undepreciated plant, absent any rate-smoothing initiatives, the impact on energy service rates is estimated to be approximately one-half cent per kWh (1/2c/kWh).

D. Sensitivity analyses were conducted to test the impact of changes to each of the key assumptions (capital cost, coal cost and equivalent CO2 allowance cost) on the overall bus bar cost of Merrimack Station. These sensitivity analyses indicated the economics of the project are most sensitive to variations in the future price of coal, and far less sensitive to variations in the capital cost or equivalent CO2 allowance cost.

## IV. EFFECT ON ENERGY SERVICE RATES IF MERRIMACK STATION IS RETIRED

A. The Commission's Secretarial Letter requires "an analysis of the effect on energy service rates if Merrimack Station were not in the mix of fossil and hydro facilities operated by PSNH." Three alternatives were chosen for this analysis. These comparison cases included analyses over the time frame of 2012 through 2027 of the following options:

- 1. Purchase of energy and capacity to replace the equivalent of Merrimack Station through a "Cost of Service" contract with new base load coal fired generating station;
- 2. Purchase of energy and capacity to replace the equivalent of Merrimack Station through a "Cost of Service" contract with a new combined cycle natural gas fired generating station; and
- 3. Purchase of energy and capacity to replace the equivalent of Merrimack Station through market purchases.

B. The 2012 through 2027 analysis period was chosen to coincide with the anticipated 15 year depreciable life of the scrubber, as defined in the base case. Cost of service style contracts, though not routinely in place in ISO-New England at this time, provided a presumed floor for total operating costs for a new coal or natural gas fired unit, employing a presumed "regulated return" and debt/equity ratio consistent with the PSNH values used in the base case, of operating with the scrubber.

C. PSNH undertook a data review of energy trade press and publications to determine current estimates of newly proposed coal and natural gas combined cycle generating stations.

- 1. For recently proposed coal plants, PSNH found references to the Virginia City Hybrid facility (Attachment 5). This is a 585 MW fluidized bed facility with a currently reported capital cost of \$1.8 billion. A net present value of revenue requirements model was created that employed this capital cost, the PSNH capital structure and anticipated ROE, and for the sake of consistency, coal price and equivalent CO2 allowance cost assumptions consistent with those used in the scrubber analysis. FERC has estimated significantly higher costs for construction of new coal generation, as set forth in Attachment 2.
- 2. For recently proposed combined cycle natural gas plants, PSNH found references to the Middletown Kleen plant, a 620 MW plant with a currently reported financing of \$985 Million (Attachment 6). This cost is consistent with the FERC estimated cost of new generation contained in Attachment 2.

D. For future market conditions, PSNH examined the forward market for natural gas delivered to New England and applied a "heat rate" factor to translate the raw delivered fuel cost to electrical energy. To the energy cost derived from these calculations, an adder was applied for ISO-NE capacity value, which would be required to replace the lost capacity value existing with the operation of Merrimack Station.

E. In the market purchase and combined cycle natural gas scenarios, a year 2012 price of \$11 per MMbtu was used as the first year price of natural gas. This value was escalated at a rate 2.5% per year for future years of the analysis.

F. The results of these analyses indicated that the new coal and new combined cycle natural gas plants would have bus bar costs of about \$135 per MWhr. For the market purchase alternative the sum of the energy and capacity costs resulted in a total cost per MWhr value of \$107.10. To this amount, PSNH calculated and added a recovery of the estimated \$63 Million of stranded assets (undepreciated plant and inventories) that would exist at Merrimack Station over a period of five years (as required by RSA 369-B:3-a). The overall cost of a market purchase plus retirement scenario produced a levelized bus bar cost of \$107.83/MWhr, which is nearly 15% higher than the cost calculated to operate Merrimack Station in the first year after completion of the Clean Air Project.

G. From these results, PSNH has computed that the average net effect on energy service rates if Merrimack Station is retired and replaced by market purchases would be 0.73 cents/kWh of additional costs to customers over the period of 2012 through 2027.

H. Comparison and sensitivity analyses were conducted using the scrubber and market purchase plus retirement scenarios. Under the base case assumptions the scrubber scenario produced a nominal benefit to customers of \$583 Million; \$132 Million benefit on a net present value basis, over the depreciable life of the scrubber. Additional net present value benefit of \$34.2 Million is attributable to customers associated with the scrubber, as the charges for stranded assets are avoided in the scenario where the scrubber is installed and the station continues to operate.

I. As a result of these analyses, PSNH has concluded that installation of the scrubber, and continued operation of Merrimack Station is the best economic alternative for the benefit of its customers.

### CONCLUSION

PSNH has historically provided Clean Air Project status reports to the Legislature and the committees having oversight responsibilities for this project, NHDES, Office of Consumer Advocate, and this Commission; we continue to be ready and willing to meet with the Commission Staff and OCA to discuss the Clean Air Project whenever requested.

PSNH urges the Commission to act promptly in this docket so that the project work can resume without further delay. PSNH is at a critical juncture in the project since some contract work is on hold, while other contracts are not being executed pending the outcome of the Commission's inquiry. Any delay to the project will increase its cost and therefore result in higher costs to customers once the project is in service. Attachment 1

## The Wall Street Journal

## **Costs to Build Power Plants Pressure Rates**

### By REBECCA SMITH

### May 27, 2008; Page B3

Construction costs for power plants have more than doubled since 2000, according to new index data to be released Tuesday, and inflationary pressures will continue to put the squeeze on electricity prices.

The findings are bad news for consumers and utilities alike, and help explain why power-plant development has become something of a quagmire in the U.S. -with no type of plant emerging as a reasonably priced option that can meet rising demand for electricity.

The analysis comes in the form of a price index from Cambridge Energy Research Associates Inc., a research and consulting firm in Massachusetts that is a unit of IHS Co. Similar to the consumer-price index, it calculates the cost of building new power plants based on the cost of materials and other factors.

"Costs for labor, materials, equipment and design and engineering -- all are up," said Candida Scott, senior director of cost and technology for CERA. As a result, the cost of building new plants is up 19% from a year ago and up 69% from 2005.

The skyrocketing price tag comes as the world is roiled by surging electricity demand and as it weathers various supply disruptions, some caused by what appear to be changing weather patterns.

In all, CERA says, the construction of new generating capacity that would have cost \$1 billion in 2000 would cost \$2.31 billion if construction began today.

According to the index, all types of power plants are feeling the pinch. Components and construction materials for nuclear power plants scored the biggest run-up in costs, up 173% -- nearly tripled -- since 2000. Most of that increase has taken place since 2005. Costs for turbines used to generate wind power more than doubled, at 108%, and natural gas-fueled and coal-fired plants saw their capital costs nearly double, up 92% and 78%, respectively.

If anything, the index likely minimizes the rising cost of building power plants, because it doesn't factor in financing costs, and it doesn't include fuel costs. But as prices for coal, natural gas and uranium have risen, they have put added pressure on the operating costs of many companies, and those increases are pushing up electricity prices, too.

The upshot, Ms. Scott said, is that prudent utility regulators should make sure they are basing future decisions on data that are updated frequently, because even calculations less than a year old can be dangerously out of date.

One practical consequence of the inflationary pressures is that they make it harder for plant developers, such as utilities, to lock in prices as part of big projects. The longer the time period involved in construction, the bigger the risks inherent in any fixed-price contracts. Instead of paying for "time and materials," many firms are seeking contracts in which prices are tied to various indexes.

In some states, utilities are rolling out big programs to install millions of "smart" electric meters in the belief they will help cut electricity consumption and reduce the need for new power plants. Oncor, a big utility in Texas, last week said it plans to install three million advanced meters on homes and small businesses, giving consumers a tool to help get a handle on electricity use.

The CERA report underscores the tough choices facing utilities and regulators. Both are interested in finding the technology that will be most affordable.

That is especially difficult, since big power plants often remain in service 40 to 60 years. One commodity whose cost has risen markedly is steel, a important material for building both powerplant structures and power-generating equipment. The cost of iron ore, needed to make steel, rose about 10% in 2007 but has surged 65% in recent months. Shortages of coking coal, also needed to make steel, have been another problem in Australia, a big export country. CERA said steel costs could rise 40% to 60% this year.

A weak dollar also is a factor, since roughly 30% of equipment needed by the U.S. power industry comes from outside the U.S.

The analysis is of interest because it is difficult to get solid cost data until after plants have been built. Even then, data aren't always available.

## Attachment 2

FERC's Office of Enforcement's Report to the FERC Commissioners on Increasing Costs in Electric Markets, presented on June 19, 2008



Mr. Chairman and Commissioners, good morning. I am here to present the Office of Enforcement's assessment of likely electricity costs in coming years. This presentation will be posted on the Commission's Web site today.



At last month's meeting, we reported that forward market prices for electric power are much higher than the prices we actually experienced last year. This trend is universal around the country. The slide shows the increases in forward prices for July and August as of this week. They have risen further during the last month as natural gas prices have continued to rise.

There is little reason to believe that this summer is unusual. Rather, it may be the beginning of significantly higher power prices that will last for years. The purpose of this presentation is to explain why that is so. The two major factors pushing the costs of electric generation higher are increased fuel costs and increased cost for new construction. These factors affect all parts of the country. That is, higher future prices are likely to affect all regions.



The primary reason for the electric power price increases this year is high fuel prices. All current market indications suggest that they will remain high. Let's look at natural gas, which often determines prices because it is so frequently on the margin. The slide shows futures prices for the next few years. The futures prices are somewhat lower for 2009 than for 2008. Even so, they are a good deal higher for all years than the prices people actually paid last year, and they are much higher than the prices many of us remember from earlier in the decade. The implication is that markets anticipate continuing high prices, even though they know that the United States has seen a significant increase in domestic natural gas production over the last year and a half. The anticipation of further high prices makes more sense when one considers the likely increase in gas demand for generation and the global nature of competition for LNG.



Natural gas is not the only important fuel in setting electric power prices. Coal still powers half of all power produced in the U.S. In some markets – the Midwest and the Southeast, for example – coal is often on the margin and plays a major role in setting average prices over time. The slide shows that the price of one key form of coal – Central Appalachian coal - has risen rapidly over the last year. Forward markets show continuing high prices for Central Appalachian coal for the next three years. This reflects, in part, the growing global market for coal and the relatively weak US dollar. Coal imports are becoming more costly and coal exports more profitable, both of which contribute to higher prices in the United States.

I should mention that other coal prices behave somewhat differently from Central Appalachian coal. For example, a majority of the overall cost for Powder River Basin coal comes from transportation rates and can be more difficult to see. Nonetheless, the implication of the prices we can see is that electric power prices are likely to increase even where coal is on the margin. This may take place somewhat differently from the way natural gas price increases flow through into power prices. Generally, companies buy coal under fairly long term contracts, so there may be a lag before the higher prices show their full effects. But the effects are coming.

Net Natural Gas											
Gene	ration	by R	egion								
	(TWh)										
Region	2000	2007	Difference								
Northeast	66.3	103.9	37.6								
RFC	41.0	64.5	23.5								
SERC	86.9	150.5	63.6								
FRCC	42.0	96.7	54.7								
ERCOT	155.9	163.3	7.4								
Midwest	44.2	62.8	18.5								
WECC-Rockies and SW	28.1	77.6	49.5								
WECC-CA and NW Source: Derived from Energy Velocity (differences due to rounding	<b>115.4</b>	129.7	14.4								

While both natural gas and coal prices have increased rapidly, natural gas is increasingly important in every region of the country. The slide shows that even in regions where coal has historically dominated – most noticeably in SERC– natural gas usage has grown substantially since 2000, up 63.6 TWh in 2007, more than in any other region. Noticeable increases also occurred in FRCC, which has flexibility to burn either gas or oil at many facilities, and also in the Rockies and Southwest where demand continues to grow considerably.

	Projections	Throug	Jn Zu
	Region	Total	Percent
		Difference (GW)	Change
	Northeast	9.7	17
	RFC	23.2	13
	SERC	28.2	14
	FRCC	7.1	15
	ERCOT	14.7	24
	Midwest	17.2	21
Derived from NERC	WECC-Rockies and SW	7.6	25
ng Term Reliability nent, Oct. 2007 and	WECC-CA and NW	10.9	10
lata request, June	Total	108.8	14

The second major factor that will put upward pressure on electric power prices is the increasing cost of new construction. This effect is particularly important because the country is entering a period when we will need to make substantial new investments, especially in generation.

Natural gas fueled most of the last great wave of generation investment, which occurred between 1995 and 2004. In recent years, demand in most regions has gradually caught up with the capacity built around 2000. Looking forward, demand will continue to grow, and the need for new capacity will become ever more acute and ever more widespread. The slide shows NERC's expectation of peak net load growth in different regions for the next 10 years. We at the Commission are not in the business of forecasting, so I would just say this: There are legitimate reasons to be unsure about exactly how much new generation the country will need in the coming years. For one thing, higher prices will themselves discourage some power demand. Nonetheless, a significant level of demand increase seems virtually inevitable. So will be the need to build more capacity.



The need for new generation is important because new construction is becoming more expensive – quite aside from fuel price increases. Cambridge Energy Research Associates – CERA – produces an index of costs for the main inputs that go into building new generating plants. The slide shows how that index has almost doubled since 2003. The increase in nuclear plant inputs has risen even faster. Much of this cost increase results from rising global demand for basic materials. Part of it also comes from shortages of people to do key engineering and construction jobs. In any case, the implication is that, we will pay more, not less, for the next round of construction.



Let's look at some of the reasons that CERA's index is rising so rapidly. The slide shows two of the primary construction materials for electric generating plants – concrete is on the blue line and iron and steel on the red line. As you can see, the prices of both have been rising recently – especially steel, which is now more than twice as expensive as it was four years ago. Rising costs for iron and steel will also affect fuel prices for the power industry. For example, natural gas wells and pipelines both use substantial amounts of steel, so natural gas costs will also reflect rising iron and steel prices.



Of course, new generating plants require many other basic commodities. The slide shows the pricing for four key metals that go into generators. As you can see, all of these metals are increasing in price. The one that stands out is copper, up more than five times over the past four years. Indeed, copper is now so valuable there are reports of copper thieves cutting live cables to steal the metal.

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Labor costs are also increasing. Perhaps the most frequently cited labor shortage is that for nuclear engineers. It has been a full generation since the nation built its last nuclear plant. Most of the engineers who worked on those plants are near retirement – and many have moved on to other occupations. In fact, the labor shortages are more widespread than just nuclear engineers. The slide shows that there has been about a 27% nominal change in average hourly earnings for both construction labor generally and for non-construction utility labor since 2000, outpacing inflation by over 4% for the same period.

In practice, the American labor market is quite responsive to market forces, so short-term labor shortages tend to be self-correcting over the mid-term. Still, there is no quick way to force several years of education into six months, or decades of experience into a year or two.



What do all these cost increases mean for the cost of building a new generating plant?

No one knows precisely. It's difficult to get consistent and trustworthy numbers about plant costs, both because they are commercially sensitive and because the assumptions behind them vary greatly. The numbers reflected on the slide come from a variety of sources and include different assumptions about, for example, location or exactly what facilities are included in the estimate. To take one example: Two recent nuclear procurements in South Carolina and Georgia produced cost estimates of \$5,100 and \$6,400 per kW, respectively, for the same technology. We have been told that most of the difference may be due to different uses of Allowances for Funds Used during Construction – AFUDC.

Despite the difficulties in being precise, the slide represents a good general indication of how capital costs have been changing. If anything, the cost estimates may be lower than the final costs of projects, if input costs continue to rise.

It's also important to remember that these cost estimates cover only capital costs. They do not include fuel costs, which as we've seen earlier will be a large factor for both natural gas and coal-fired plants. To the extent that plants do not have major fuel costs - they may be more competitive over their life cycles than would be suggested just looking at the capital costs. That would affect renewables and, to a degree, nuclear plants.

Similarly, these estimates generally do not include a full accounting of major risk factors, especially those affecting coal and nuclear plants. Both of these technologies have long lead times. That increases the chance that market conditions will change before they are complete and adds to the financial risk of building them. Nuclear plants also have risks associated with both decommissioning and waste fuel disposal. And coal plants have risks associated with the future treatment of greenhouse gases. Of course, relatively new technologies like wind and the new approaches to nuclear also have some risks, simply because they do not have the same track record of more mature technologies.

# Climate Change Debate Affects the Market

# Uncertainty about future carbon regime is a key factor Affects coal most of all

- Greater carbon emissions
- Many plant cancellations
- At the least, coal builds will be delayed

Climate change has become an increasingly urgent national issue. The debate over how to address carbon dioxide emissions is lively and has already affected how companies think about investments. Until recently, rising natural gas prices made coal plants attractive. However, the national uncertainty about carbon policy has made investing in coal plants more risky. Without carbon capture or sequestration, coal unit emit about four times as much carbon as natural gas combined cycle units per MWh. Since January 2007, 50 coal plants have been canceled or postponed. Only 26 remain under construction.

Whatever the eventual result of the climate change debate, costs of producing power from both coal and natural gas are likely to increase. Moreover, as long as future climate change policy is unclear, market participants will have a considerable disincentive to invest in coal plants. Even when the issues are resolved, it remains an open question how competitive coal-fired generation will be, and it would take another four to eight years to build new coal-fired capacity.

# Natural Gas is Critical in the Mid-term

- Coal and Nuclear Long lead times
- Renewables Important but do not fill capacity needs (yet)
- Demand Response and Energy Efficiency – Key ingredients
- Natural Gas The necessary technology for the immediate future

Over the long run, the nation can meet its increasing need for generation in several ways. But for the next few years, the options are more limited, and natural gas will be crucial.

The lead times for both nuclear and coal units mean that they will not supply a significant amount of new capacity for nearly a decade.

Most people expect renewables to supply an increasing proportion of the nation's power. For the next few years, wind will almost certainly account for a large share of generation investment and will account for a growing share of overall generation. Wind power has no fuel costs, and so will generally operate when available. However, wind is a variable, weather-dependent resource. As a result, it will not make up as strong a share of the Nation's capacity needs over the next few years. Other renewables are becoming more competitive. Geothermal power is already an important resource in the west, and concentrated solar is becoming economically attractive in desert areas like the Southwest. But these sources are likely to remain relatively small in the national picture over the next few years.

Both demand response and energy efficiency will be important – I'll talk more about them on the next slide – but they are unlikely to eliminate the need for new capacity.

Overall, the most likely outcome is that natural gas will continue to be the leading fuel for new capacity over the next half decade. For example, the consulting firm, Wood Mackenzie estimates that in a carbon constrained environment, gas consumption for power will increase by 69 % by 2017. That's in addition to the 55% increase we've seen since 2000.

# Potential Responses to High Prices

Economic Demand Response
Energy Efficiency/Conservation
Technological Innovation

Over the years, we have learned repeatedly that people respond to prices. In the case of electric power, this is likely to take several forms.

First, there is likely to be more demand response. In the simplest terms, high prices at peak will lead some customers – both businesses and others – to prefer to save their money rather than use power. In fact, the first round of demand response may be both the cheapest and fastest way to improve capacity margins on many systems. The best cost estimates for the first rounds of demand response suggest that it should be available for about \$165/kW, far less than any generation side options. The results of ISO-NE's first Forward Capacity Market auction last year corroborates the economic importance of demand response - 7.4 % of the accepted bids were for demand response. However, there are impediments that limit the full use of demand response. For example, most customers do not have the option to respond directly to real-time prices. As a result, they are unlikely to reduce peak consumption as much as they might prefer to if they could take advantage of the price.

Second, customers are likely to be more energy efficient. While few customers see realtime prices, most get an average price over a month. As a result, high prices give them considerable incentive to reduce their overall consumption of power – though no more at peak than at other times. That is, energy efficiency is essentially a substitute for baseload capacity, while demand response is a substitute for peaking capacity. Energy efficiency is also likely to be economically important. Cost estimates show that the first round of energy efficiency may be available for about 3 cents/kWh. At

Continued on next page

#### Continued from previous page

current prices, supplying that same kWh from a combined cycle gas plant would cost 9 cents just for the fuel. Adding to the likelihood of greater energy efficiency is that many states have adopted fairly strong energy efficiency standards.

Third, innovators see higher prices as an opportunity. By the nature of things, it's hard to predict what innovations will succeed. The electric industry has a number of technologies that might take off – including concentrating solar power, hydrokinetic power, and vehicle to grid technologies. In addition, distributed generation is becoming more important, and may continue to do so for both cost and emissions reasons In other newly competitive industries, such as telecoms and natural gas, innovations have produced large changes, sometimes quickly. Given continuing high electric prices, the electric power industry may see similar results.



# Increasing Costs in Electric Markets

Item No.: A-3June 19, 2008

That concludes our presentation. We welcome comments and questions.

Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 5 Pagè 36 of 73

## **Confidential Attachment 3**

Detailed Project Cost Breakdown

Confidential attachment filed pursuant to "Motion for Protective Order" pursuant to the Commission's August 22, 2008 Secretarial Letter

## Attachment 4

## DETAILED NET PRESENT VALUE OF REVENUE REQUIREMENTS

#### Detailed Net Present Value of Revenue Requirements

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Property Tax		5 .	s .	5	5 - 5	5	s - 1	5 .	- \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	50	50
Subotal Revenue Requirements		\$	s -	s - !	5 . 5		s	\$ 32,904,577 \$	48,371,489 \$	42,208,696 \$	38,678,375 \$	39,107,358 \$	38,111,106 \$	35.473.000 \$	5 32.870.788 \$	30.289 479 S	27.715.034 S	25.130.378	\$ 22,535,260 3	\$ 19,929,416	\$ 17.312.581 \$	14 684 481 \$	(3 520 977) 5	\$ (28 688 225)
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Cumulative Capital			\$ 188,935,000	\$ 232,935,000 \$	\$ 241,935,000 \$	\$ 250,935,000 :	\$ 259,935,000	\$ 268,935,000 \$	277.935.000 \$	286,935,000 1 \$	295.935.000 \$	304.935.000 \$	313 935 000 \$	322 935 000 \$	\$ 331 935 000 \$	340 935 000 S	349 935 000 S	358 935 000	\$ 367 935 000	\$ 378 935 000	\$ 385 035 000 \$	304 035 000 \$	403 935 000	\$ 412 935 000
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INELEDOX Value			\$ 46,206,000	5 03,009,299	5 62,370,597 3	19,201,090	\$ 74,333,180	5 07,014,493 5	28,082,782 3	50,577,091 5	42,058,389 5	33,539,688 \$	25,020,986 \$	20,902,285 \$	s 18,000,000 s	18,000,000 S	18.000,000 S	• 18,000,000	\$ 18.000,000 1	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 18.000.000 \$	18,000,000 \$	18.000.000 5	5 19,800,000
Working Capital			\$ 3,457,356	\$ 3,543,790 5	5 3,632,385 5	3,723,194	\$ 3,816,274	5 3,911,681 S	4,009,473 \$	4,109,710 \$	4,212,453 \$	4.317,764 \$	4,425,708 \$	4,536,351 5	5 4,649,760 S	4,766,004 S	4 885,154 \$	5,007,283	\$ 5,132,465 1	\$ 5,280,776	\$ 5.392.296 \$	5.527.103 S	5 665 281 5	5 5 806 913
Month end Fuel Inventory			\$ 19,159,000	\$ 28,112,102 \$	\$ 28,112,102 \$	28,112,102	\$ 28,112,102 1	5 28,112.102 S	28,814,904 \$	29,535,277 \$	30.273.659 \$	31.030.500 S	31.806.263 \$	32.601.419 \$	5 33.416.455 S	34 251 866 S	35 108 163 \$	35 985 867	\$ 36 885 513	\$ 37.807.651	\$ 38 752 843 \$	30 721 664 \$	40 714 705	\$ 41 732 573
Nax/Sax			\$ 22,920,000	5 18 336 000	\$ 13,752,000 \$	9 168 000	\$ 4584,000	2 . 2					¢		c	c	e 100,100 e		¢ 00000,010 1	e 01,001,001	· · · · · · ·	00.721,004 0	40,714,705	41,102,010
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was inventory			3 3,101,720	a 0.023,484 c	5 0,430,409 3	5,230,023	2 4,800,891	5 4,402,007 5	3,800,322 3	3,330,000 3	2,115,854 \$	2,213,619 \$	1,651,385 \$	1,379,551 8	5 1,188,000 5	1,188,000 5	1,188,000 \$	1,188,000	\$ 1,188,000	5 1,188,000	\$ 1,188,000 \$	1,188,000 \$	1,188,000 \$	\$ 1,306,800
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RateBase End of Year			\$ 96,926,064	\$ 139,204,684 5	\$ 133,303,543 \$	125,485,817	\$ 115,751,561	5 104,100,833 \$	95.820.492 \$	87,580,165 \$	79.320.354 \$	71.101.571 S	62 904 342 S	59 419 606 5	57 254 214 \$	58 205 870 \$	59 181 316 \$	60 181 149	\$ 61 205 978	\$ 82 256 428	63 333 138 C	64.436.767 \$	65 567 086	88 646 286
Average Rate Base			5 06 926 084	\$ 118 065 384	\$ 136 254 114 9	120 304 680	\$ 100 618 680 ·	\$ 100 008 107 C	2 253 050 00	01 600 338 9	2 00C 0NN CB	71 101 571 0	60.004.040 C	E0 410 600 E	ET 254 244 6	E8 205 870 P	E0 181 010 C	00 484 440	¢ 64 005 070	C 40.050.400	00.000,100 0	04,400,707 0	05.507,000 5	00.040,200
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Depreciation		s .	\$ 10,599,000	\$ 8 518 701 5	5 10.318.701 5	12 118 701	5 13 918 701	5 15 718 701 S	17 518 701 \$	17 518 701 \$	17 518 701 \$	17 518 701 5	17 518 701 \$	13 118 701 5	11 002 285 \$	9 000 000 S	9 000 000 s	0,000,000	¢ 0,000,000 1	c 0.000.000	6 0,000,000 F	0,000,000 €	0.000.000	1,400,000
OSM		e .	\$ 28,042,000	\$ 28 744 075	20 462 677 6	30 100 244	E 20.054.225	21 739 095 6	23 631 282 8	33 334 34E P	24 407 072 0	25 024 884 0	00 007 444 0	00,704,040	07.744.747 0	0,000,000 0	0,000,000 3	8,000,000	3 3,000,000	3 9,000,000	3 9000000 3	9,000,000 3	9,000,000	\$ 7,200,000
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Fidel		ə -	5 116,776,109	3 159,028,012 3	9 128/059/015 3	128,059,015	5 159,028,012 1	5 159,028,012 5	163,003,713 \$	167,078,805 5	1/1,255,775 \$	175,537,170 \$	179,925,599 \$	184,423,739 \$	5 189,034,333 \$	193,760,191 \$	198,604,196 S	203,569,301	\$ 208,658,533	\$ 213.874,996	\$ 219 221,871 \$	224,702,418 \$	230,319,979	\$ 236,077,978
Emmisions Costs			5 .	5.5	s . s		s :	5 31,624,387 S	32,414,996 \$	33,225,371 \$	45,363,357 \$	46,497,441 S	47,659,877 \$	48,851,374 \$	5 50,072,658 S	51,324,475 S	52,607,587 \$	53,922,776	\$ 55,270,846 !	\$ 56 652 617	\$ 58,068,932 \$	59.520.656 S	61 008 672 5	62 533 889
Property Tax		s -	\$ 3,304,000	\$ 3,386,600 \$	\$ 3,386,600 \$	3,386,600	\$ 3,386,600 !	5 3,386,600 \$	3,386,600 \$	3,386,600 \$	3.386,600 \$	3.386,600 \$	3.386,600 \$	3,386,600 \$	5 3.386.600 S	3.386.600 \$	3 386.600 \$	3 386 600	\$ 3,386,600 5	\$ 3,386,600	5 3 386 600 S	3 386 600 \$	3 385 600 1	3 386 600
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Pre-tax Capital Return		ş -	\$ 10,533,149	\$ 12,830,398 5	\$ 14.807.003 \$	14.061.575	\$ 13 107 871	5 35 898 641 S	54 221 534 S	47 795 871 5	41 385 957 \$	34 550 916 \$	20 773 682 \$	27 138 650 5	5 24 602 4D4 'S	22 615 540 \$	20.558.140 \$	18 503 416	\$ 18 461 AAE	5 14 402 204	10.056.000 6	10 212 749 \$	7047 384 4	7 450 007
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Oam		5 .	5 28,043,000	\$ 28,744,075 3	5 29.462.677 3	30,199,244	\$ 30,954,225	5 34,704,192 5	38,457,921 \$	39,420,199 5	40,406.559 \$	41,417,603 S	42,453,950 \$	43,516,233 \$	\$ 44,605,101 \$	45,721,220 \$	46.865.271 \$	48.037.954	\$ 49,239,986	\$ 50,472,101	\$ 51,735,053 \$	53.029.613 \$	54.356.572 5	\$ 47,100,514
Fuel		5 -	\$ 118,776,109	5 159,028,012 5	5 159,028,012 5	5 159,028,012	\$ 159,028,012	\$ 158,630,442 \$	161,373,675 \$	165,408,017 \$	169,543,218 \$	173,781,798 \$	178,126,343 \$	182,579,502 \$	5 187,143,989 \$	191.822.589 S	196.618.154 S	201 533 608	\$ 206 571 948	\$ 211 736 246	\$ 217 029 653 \$	222 455 394 \$	228 016 779	\$ 233 717 108
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Property Tax		s .	\$ 3,304,000	\$ 3,386,600	3 386 600	3 385 600	\$ 3 386 600	3 386 600 \$	3 386 600 \$	3 386 600 6	3 386 600 5	2 286 600 6	2 398 600 €	2 286 800 6	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 232 200 6	3 388 600 6	31,220,703	5 0001,220	5 32,001,231	5 33,021,202 3	34,401,014 3	33.323.339	5 30 200,443
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ouous nerense nequirements	Concision Tour Tout		3 11 1,200,201	3 212,001,100	a 211,002,005 a	210,704,132	3 220,393,408	200,000,204 0	300,079,704 3	300,710,037 3	218/420/088 2	324,793,003 3	329,335,234 5	328,505,507 3	\$ 331,203,310 \$	332,743,677 5	337,368,791 \$	342,163,685	\$ 347,132,604	\$ 352,279,899	\$ 357,610,031 \$	363,127,573 \$	353,271,396	\$ 335,070,683
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NPV Gross Revenue Requirements	\$323,475,945		72					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER.										•												10	
Less Market Energy	\$325,874,916		14	\$273 100 107	\$273 100 107	\$273 100 107	\$273 100 107	\$283 537 003	\$200 625 428	\$207.801.084	\$205 228 240	\$212.071.700	\$220 208 004	6229 816 006	6227 026 206	CO 47 400 000	505 4 000 004	5060 054 005	0030 005 110					
Loss Market Consolu	533,050,110			647.057.400	600 500 500	604 740 400	600 005 000	010,001,000	3200,020,420	3287.081,004	3000,000,040	3312,011,100	3320 780,094	3320.013,990	\$337,030,390	3343,402,300	\$334,090,004	\$302,951,335	\$372,025,119	\$381,325,747	\$390,855,890	\$400,630,362	\$410,646,122	\$420,912,275
coss market capacity	323,000,518		1	317,937,400	320,000,000	021,740,100	\$20,085,300	919,891,600	\$ 19,151,100	a 19,500-300	\$∠0,085,300	\$20,656,200	\$21,175,200	\$21,694,200	\$22,887,900	\$24,600,600	\$26,313,300	\$27,974,100	\$29,686,800	\$31,399,500	\$33,060,300	\$34,773,000	\$36,485,700	\$38,146,500
	HEATING THE REPORT OF THE	Contractor Management																						
NPV Net Revenue Requirements	(\$25,488,292)	(\$189,526,641)	2012	\$ (78,558,811) \$	\$ (76,606,704) \$	(76.061.165)	\$ (72,799.088) :	\$ (16.092.349) \$	(1 696 824) \$	(10.740.706) \$	(5 985 542) \$	(8.832.116) \$	(12.636.060) \$	(22 004 686) 5	(28 720 986) \$	(37 319 220) \$	(43 043 372) \$	(48 761 750)	\$ (54 570 315)	S (80 445 247)	c (66 200 150) c	(72 275 700) ¢	(02 960 435)	1122 000 0020
	(\$17,763,560)	(\$132,086,833)	2008	10 000 00 000 000 000							1	Concerning of a	(	(	(est. 50,000) a	101,010,2201 0	(10,010,012) 3	(10,101,100)	· (0-0,0,0,0)	a (00.443.347)	a (00.009,109) a	(12,213,790) S	(a3,000,420) 3	a (120,000.002)
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Busbar Cost, Prior	\$00.99		52 56	65 22	66.60	67 15	67 64	77 78	79.71	81 18	86 17	87 68	89 38	89.93	91 56	92 83	95 04	97 30	99 62	102.00	104 44	106 94	109.50	111 64
Busbar Cost, Scrubber	\$10.29		0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-67.64	10.10	14 85	12.95	11 87	12 00	11 70	10.89	10.09	9 30	8.51	7.71	6.92	6.12	5 31	4.51	.1 08	8.80
Busbar Cost, Total	\$09.28		52 56	65 22	66.60	67 15		87.88	94 55	94 13	98.04	00.68	101.08	100 82	101.65	102.12	102.54	105.01	100 54	400.40	400.75	4.01	-100	-0 00
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## Attachment 5

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SNLi article, July 1, 2008

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#### SNL Interactive: Article

## SNL*i*

**SNL**Financial

<<Return to Previous Page

#### Power & Coal - Infrastructure Development Dominion starts construction on Virginia clean coal plant July 01, 2008 8:14 AM ET

By Adnan Munawar

Dominion Virginia Power said June 30 it began construction on the 585-MW Virginia City Hybrid clean coal plant in Wise County, Va.

Construction of the plant is scheduled to take four years, Dominion said.

The plant is part of Dominion Virginia Power's response to a projected growth in demand for electricity of 4,000 MW from its customers by 2017.

The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality issued the necessary air permits following the unanimous <u>approval</u> June 25 by the State Air Pollution Control Board. The Virginia State Corporation Commission <u>approved</u> the \$1.8 billion project on March 31.

The circulating fluidized bed unit will use coal and up to 20% biomass for its fuel. The station will provide nearly 1,000 jobs during construction and require a permanent staff of more than 75 people once it begins operating, the company said.

Dominion Virginia Power is the trade name of <u>Virginia Electric and Power Co.</u>, a subsidiary of <u>Dominion</u> <u>Resources Inc.</u>

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## Attachment 6

SNLi article, June 26, 2008
# SNLi

SNL Financial

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# Power & Natural Gas - Operations and Strategy EIF raises financing to build 620-MW Kleen plant in Connecticut June 26, 2008 2:16 PM ET

By Jay Hodgkins

Energy Investors Funds Group on June 26 said its United States Power Fund II LP and United States Power Fund III LP have raised construction financing for the Kleen Energy Systems LLC power plant in Middletown, Conn., known as Middletown Kleen.

The financing totaled \$985 million of senior secured bank loans and a revolving credit facility, the company said. EIF said it is the majority owner of the project, with the balance owned by White Rock Holdings Associates LLC.

Goldman Sachs & Co. acted as joint lead arranger and sole book runner for senior secured loans raised to help finance the construction of the project. The bank loans were rated as investment grade at BBB- by Fitch Ratings, EIF said.

"With this construction financing in place, we're able to build a first-class power plant to serve the people of Connecticut," said William Corvo of Kleen Energy Systems. "This plant will provide clean, economical power to an area in need of new power generation."

Construction of the project began in February and is expected to be completed in mid-2010, EIF said. The project will be operated by Itochu Corp. subsidiary North American Energy Services and will be managed by Power Plant Management Services.

The Kleen plant will be a 620-MW, combined-cycle natural gas-fired facility. The project won a competitive request for proposals process run by the state of Connecticut and has entered into a 15-year capacity agreement with Northeast Utilities subsidiary Connecticut Light and Power Co. for the electricity produced by the plant.

The project has also finalized a multiyear tolling agreement, EIF said.

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# THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE before the PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project Request for Information

Docket No. DE 08-103

#### MEMORANDUM OF LAW

Pursuant to the Commission's Secretarial Letter dated August 22, 2008, Public Service Company of New Hampshire ("PSNH" or the "Company") provides this Memorandum of Law concerning the legal mandate placed on the Company by the General Court to install a wet flue gas desulphurization system ("scrubber technology") at PSNH's Merrimack Station in Bow.

On June 8, 2006, "AN ACT relative to the reduction of mercury emissions," 2006 N.H. Laws Chapter 105 (the "Scrubber Law") took effect. By that law, the General Court imposed an unmistakable legislative mandate for PSNH to install and have operational scrubber technology to control mercury emissions at Merrimack Units 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013. RSA 125-O:13, I. Three years earlier, in 2003 N.H. Laws, Chapter 21, the legislature had enacted RSA 369-B:3-a. RSA 369-B:3-a authorizes PSNH to modify its generation assets upon a finding that such modifications are "in the public interest of retail customers of PSNH to do so." In its Secretarial Letter, the Commission requested this Memorandum of Law to address "the nature and extent of the Commission's authority relative to the Merrimack Station scrubber project" in light of the statutory requirements contained in RSA 125-O:11, *et seq.*, and RSA 369-B:3-a. Subject to acknowledged constitutional limitations, the regulation of utilities and the setting of appropriate rates to be charged for public utility products and services is the unique province of the legislature. *Duquesne Light Co. v. Barasch*, 488 U.S. 299, 313 (1989); *The Minnesota Rate Cases*, 230 U.S. 352, 433 (1913); *LUCC v. Public Serv. Co. of N.H.*, 119 N.H. 332, 340 (1979). The Public Utilities Commission ("PUC") derives its authority from powers delegated by the legislature. *Appeal of Richards*, 134 N.H. 148, 158 (1991).

The "nature and extent of the Commission's authority" has been clearly set forth in numerous New Hampshire Supreme Court decisions. *Petition of Boston & Maine Railroad*, 82 N.H. 116 (1925); *State of New Hampshire v. New Hampshire Gas* & *Electric Co.*, 86 N.H. 16 (1932); *H.P. Welch Co. v. State*, 89 N.H. 428 (1938); *Blair and Savoie v. Manchester Water Works*, 103 N.H. 505 (1961); *State v. New England Telephone & Telegraph Co.*, 103 N.H. 394 (1961); *Appeal of Public Service Co.*, 122 N.H. 1062 (1982). *See also, The Manchester Press Club v. State Liquor Comm'n*, 89 N.H. 442 (1938).

As early as 1925, the Court held:

The public service commission is an agency of limited powers and authority. While the legislature may delegate to such an agency certain of its own powers and authority, the exercise of such delegation does not extend beyond expressed enactment or its fairly implied inferences. The establishment of such an agency is of a special rather than general character, and power and authority not granted are withheld.

Boston & Maine Railroad, id. at 116 (emphases added).

The Court, citing to this 1925 precedent, re-affirmed the limited authority of the PUC in *Appeal of Public Service Co.*:

The PUC is a creation of the legislature and as such is endowed with only the powers and authority which are expressly granted or fairly implied by statute. Petition of Boston & Maine Railroad, 82 N.H. 116, 116, 129 A. 880, 880 (1925). Consequently, the authority of the PUC...is limited to that specifically delegated or fairly implied by the legislature and may not be derived from other generalized powers of supervision.

Appeal of Public Service Co., id. at 1066 (emphases added).

Recently, the Commission itself noted these restrictions on its power and

authority. In Re RCC Minnesota, Inc., 88 NH PUC 611 (2003), discussing the

Commission's authority to regulate cellular carriers, the Commission found:

The New Hampshire Supreme Court has held that "[t]he PUC is a creation of the legislature and as such is endowed with only the powers and authority which are expressly granted or fairly implied by statute." Appeal of Public Service Company of New Hampshire, 122 NH 1062, 1066 (1982). Consequently, the Commission must look to its statutory authority to determine whether it has jurisdiction over cellular providers. RSA 362:6 expressly states that it does not. A cellular provider is not a public utility, and its "services shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the public utilities commission pursuant to this title." RSA 362:6. We therefore must conclude that the Commission does not have jurisdiction over any cellular carrier because the New Hampshire legislature specifically removed cellular carriers from the jurisdiction of this Commission.

Re RCC Minnesota, Inc., at 615 (emphases added). See also, Re Congestion on the

Telephone Network Caused by Internet Traffic, 89 NH PUC 173, 175 (2004) ("It is a

well-established principle that this Commission possesses only those powers that are

granted to it by the legislature.")

These precedents clearly and consistently note that "the regulation of

utilities...is the unique province of the legislature"; the Commission "derives its

authority from powers delegated by the legislature"; "[t]he...commission is an

agency of limited powers and authority"; and, "the authority of the PUC...is limited

to that specifically delegated or fairly implied by the legislature and may not be

derived from other generalized powers of supervision." These holdings detail the

limits of the Commission's authority and form the bases for any discussion

concerning the nature and extent of the Commission's authority relative to the

Merrimack Station scrubber project.

The Scrubber Law, codified at RSA 125-O:11 through 125-O:18, is clear,

straightforward, and unambiguous in its mandate, as set forth in the first words of

the statute:

Statement of Purpose and Findings. The general court finds that:

I. It is in the public interest to achieve significant reductions in mercury emissions at the coal-burning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible. The requirements of this subdivision will prevent, at a minimum, 80 percent of the aggregated mercury content of the coal burned at these plants from being emitted into the air by no later than the year 2013. To accomplish this objective, the best known commercially available technology shall be installed at Merrimack Station no later than July 1, 2013.

RSA 125-O:11, I (emphases added).

The General Court provided unequivocal notice of the Scrubber Law's intent

in eight such findings in the law's Statement of Purpose and Findings:

I. It is in the public interest to achieve significant reductions in mercury emissions at the coal-burning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible. The requirements of this subdivision will prevent, at a minimum, 80 percent of the aggregated mercury content of the coal burned at these plants from being emitted into the air by no later than the year 2013. To accomplish this objective, the best known commercially available technology shall be installed at Merrimack Station no later than July 1, 2013.

II. The department of environmental services has determined that the best known commercially available technology is a wet flue gas desulphurization system, hereafter "scrubber technology," as it best balances the procurement, installation, operation, and plant efficiency costs with the projected reductions in mercury and other pollutants from the flue gas streams of Merrimack Units 1 and 2. Scrubber technology achieves significant emissions reduction benefits, including but not limited to, cost effective reductions in sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, small particulate matter, and improved visibility (regional haze).

III. After scrubber technology is installed at Merrimack Station, and after a period of operation has reliably established a consistent level of mercury removal at or greater than 80 percent, the department will ensure through monitoring that that level of mercury removal is sustained, consistent with the proven operational capability of the system at Merrimack Station.

IV. To ensure that an ongoing and steadfast effort is made to implement practicable technological or operational solutions to achieve significant mercury reductions prior to the construction and operation of the scrubber technology at Merrimack Station, the owner of the affected coal-burning sources shall work to bring about such early reductions and shall be provided incentives to do so.

V. The installation of scrubber technology will not only reduce mercury emissions significantly but will do so without jeopardizing electric reliability and with reasonable costs to consumers.

VI. The installation of such technology is in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources.

VII. Notwithstanding the provisions of RSA 125-O:1, VI, the purchase of mercury credits or allowances to comply with the mercury reduction requirements of this subdivision or the sale of mercury credits or allowances earned under this subdivision is not in the public interest.

VIII. The mercury reduction requirements set forth in this subdivision represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of cost, benefits, and technological feasibility and therefore the requirements shall be viewed as an integrated strategy of nonseverable components.

RSA 125-O:11 (emphases added).

The Scrubber Law's mandate that a scrubber shall be installed at Merrimack

Station is detailed in the statutory provisions contained in its "Statement of Purpose

and Findings." In RSA 125-O:13, I, the General Court unequivocally requires PSNH

to install a scrubber at Merrimack Station within a set timeframe:

I. The owner [PSNH] shall install and have operational scrubber technology to control mercury emissions at Merrimack Units 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013. The achievement of this requirement is contingent upon obtaining all necessary permits and approvals from federal, state, and local regulatory agencies and bodies; however, all such regulatory agencies and bodies are encouraged to give due consideration to the general court's finding that the installation and operation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station is in the public interest. The owner shall make appropriate initial filings with the department and the public utilities commission, if applicable, within one year of the effective date of this section, and with any other applicable regulatory agency or body in a timely manner.

(Emphasis added).

The General Court could not be clearer regarding the purpose and intent of

the Scrubber Law. PSNH shall install a scrubber at Merrimack Station as

soon as possible. This mandate is binding not just on PSNH, but also on the

Commission. As noted earlier, "the authority of the PUC...is limited to that

specifically delegated or fairly implied by the legislature and may not be derived

from other generalized powers of supervision." Appeal of Public Service Co., supra,

122 N.H. at 1066. In the Scrubber Law, the General Court has:

- I. Found that "It is in the public interest to achieve significant reductions in mercury emissions at the coal-burning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible."
- II. Mandated that scrubber "technology shall be installed at Merrimack Station no later than July 1, 2013."
- III. Found that "the best known commercially available technology is a wet flue gas desulphurization system, hereafter 'scrubber technology,' as it best balances the procurement, installation, operation, and plant efficiency costs with the projected reductions in mercury and other pollutants from the flue gas streams of Merrimack Units 1 and 2."

- IV. Found that "Scrubber technology achieves significant emissions reduction benefits, including but not limited to, cost effective reductions in sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, small particulate matter, and improved visibility (regional haze)."
- V. Found that "The installation of scrubber technology will not only reduce mercury emissions significantly but will do so without jeopardizing electric reliability and with reasonable costs to consumers."
- VI. Found that "The installation of such technology is in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources."
- VII. And declared that "The mercury reduction requirements set forth in this subdivision represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of cost, benefits, and technological feasibility and therefore the requirements shall be viewed as an integrated strategy of non-severable components."

The Scrubber Law does not delegate authority to the Commission to second-

guess the mandates and findings of the General Court. There is absolutely no

implication within the Scrubber Law that the mandate to install a scrubber at

Merrimack Station as soon as possible can be delayed, conditioned, or eliminated in

its entirety, by the Commission.

Interpretation of the Scrubber Law is not difficult. Just a few days ago, the

Supreme Court issued its most recent holdings on statutory interpretation:

We are the final arbiters of the legislative intent as expressed in the words of the statute considered as a whole. *State v. Langill*, 157 N.H. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ (decided April 4, 2008). We begin by examining the language of the statute, *State v. Whittey*, 149 N.H. 463, 467 (2003), and ascribe the plain and ordinary meaning to the words used, *Langill*, 157 N.H. at \_\_\_\_\_. We interpret legislative intent from the statute as written and will not consider what the legislature might have said or add language that the legislature did not see fit to include. *Id.* We also interpret a statute in the context of the overall statutory scheme and not in isolation. *Id.* If a statute is ambiguous, however, we consider legislative history to aid our analysis. *Whittey*, 149 N.H. at 467. Our goal is to apply statutes in light of the legislature's intent in enacting

them, and in light of the policy sought to be advanced by the entire statutory scheme. *Id*.

State v. Dansereau, \_\_\_\_ N.H. \_\_\_\_ (August 15, 2008, slip op. at 2); See also, Oulette v. Town of Kingston, \_\_\_\_ N.H. \_\_\_\_ (August 15, 2008, slip op.).

In the case of the Scrubber Law, the overall statutory scheme includes not just the contents of 2006 N.H. Laws 105, but the entirety of RSA Chapter 125-O, the state's Multiple Pollution Reduction Program. Enacted during the 2002 legislative session as "AN ACT relative to additional emissions reductions from existing fossil fuel burning steam electric power plants," (2002 N.H. Laws, Chapter 130), RSA 125-O:1 contains additional findings by the General Court that are part of the overall statutory scheme leading to the Scrubber Law. The Legislature's findings include: a finding that "scientific advances have demonstrated that adequate protection of public health, environmental quality, and economic well-being - the 3 cornerstones of New Hampshire's quality of life - requires additional, concerted reductions in air pollutant emissions." RSA 125-O:1, I; a finding "that protecting New Hampshire's high quality-of-life environment by reducing air pollutant emissions returns substantial economic benefit to the state through avoided health care costs; greater tourism resulting from healthier lakes and improved vistas; more visits by fishermen, hunters, and wildlife viewers to wildlife ecosystems, and a more productive forest and agricultural sector." RSA 125-O:1, IV; a finding "that aggressive further reductions in emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO2), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), mercury, and carbon dioxide (CO2) must be pursued." RSA 125-O:1, III; and, a finding "that substantial additional reductions in emissions of SO2, NOx, mercury, and CO2 must be required of New Hampshire's existing fossil fuel burning steam electric power plants.." RSA 125-O:1, V.

When viewed with the Supreme Court's stated goal of applying statutes in light of the legislature's intent in enacting them, and in light of the policy sought to be advanced by the entire statutory scheme, there is no doubt what was intended by passage of the Scrubber Law. The public interest findings of the General Court in RSA 125-O:1 overwhelmingly dictate the policy objectives; the Scrubber Law was intended to expeditiously implement these objectives via installation of the scrubber as quickly as possible.

The language of the Scrubber Law is clear. Ascribing the "plain and ordinary meaning to the words used" in the Scrubber Law leaves no doubt that the General Court has mandated installation of a scrubber at Merrimack Station as soon as possible. The intent of the Scrubber Law is obvious and apparent from the statute as written. The overall statutory scheme and the policy sought to be advanced is obvious and unwaivering: "The mercury reduction requirements set forth in this subdivision represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of cost, benefits, and technological feasibility and therefore the requirements shall be viewed as an integrated strategy of non-severable components."

The Supreme Court has also discussed the importance of the General Court's use of the word "shall," as used in the Scrubber Law. (A scrubber "*shall* be installed at Merrimack Station no later than July 1, 2013." RSA 125-O:11, I. The requirements of the Scrubber Law "*shall* be viewed as an integrated strategy of non-severable components." RSA 125-O:11, VIII. "The owner *shall* install and have operational scrubber technology to control mercury emissions at Merrimack Units 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013." RSA 125-O:13, I. "Total mercury emissions from the affected sources *shall* be at least 80 percent less on an annual basis than the

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baseline mercury input, as defined in RSA 125-O:12, III, beginning on July 1, 2013."

RSA 125-O:13, II. In State v. Johanson, 156 N.H. 148, 151 (2007), the Court noted:

"The use of the word 'shall' is generally regarded as a command; although not controlling, it is significant as indicating the intent that the statute is mandatory. This is especially so where the purpose of the statute is to protect private rights." *McCarthy v. Wheeler*, 152 N.H. 643, 645, 886 A.2d 972 (2005).

Similarly, in City of Rochester v. Corpening, 153 N.H. 571, 574 (2006) the

Court held:

"The intention of the Legislature as to the mandatory or directory nature of a particular statutory provision is determined primarily from the language thereof." *Appeal of Rowan*, 142 N.H. 67, 71, 694 A.2d 1002 (1997) (quotation and citation omitted). The general rule of statutory construction is that "the word 'may' makes enforcement of a statute permissive and that the word 'shall' requires mandatory enforcement." *Town of Nottingham v. Harvey*, 120 N.H. 889, 895, 424 A.2d 1125 (1980).

As recently as July 25<sup>th</sup> of this year, the Supreme Court reiterated this

principle of statutory construction. Discussing the Legislature's use of the word

"shall" in RSA 402-C:34, the Court cited to Rowan, supra, and held that "having

used the word 'shall,' the legislature is presumed to have intended setoff under RSA

402-C:34 to be mandatory rather than discretionary." In the Matter of the

Liquidation of The Home Insurance Company, \_\_\_\_ N.H. \_\_\_\_, slip op. at 10 (July 25, 2008).

The use of the word "shall" in the Scrubber Law emphasizes the Legislature's intent that installation of a scrubber at Merrimack Station is "commanded" and is "mandatory." Indeed, within the Scrubber Law, the General Court used the word "shall" sixty times! There can be no doubt of the mandatory and unequivocal direction expressed in the Scrubber Law. When the Scrubber Law is analyzed using the Supreme Court's statutory

interpretation rules, the General Court's meaning, intent, and command is clear. If

there was any ambiguity, which there is not, the Court has indicated that legislative

history would be used to aid in the statute's analysis. The Scrubber Law's

legislative history is equally clear and unambiguous:

# SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENERGY

HB 1673-FN, relative to the reduction of mercury emissions.

# MAJORITY: OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT. MINORITY: OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT.

Rep. Roy D. Maxfield for the Majority of Science, Technology and Energy: This bill provides for at least an 80% reduction of mercury emissions from coal-fired power plants by requiring the installation of a scrubber technology no later than July 1, 2013 and provides economic incentives for earlier installation timeframes and greater reduction in emissions. The committee amendment provides for annual progress reports from Public Service of New Hampshire (PSNH) and also cost recovery language. This legislation is a result of months of collaborative work by PSNH, the Department of Environmental Services, the Governor's office, multiple environmental groups, members of the committee and other stakeholders. The scrubber technology not only will reduce mercury by at least 80%, it will dramatically reduce SO2 emissions. Our committee held multiple work sessions and all had an opportunity to present their views. A comprehensive review of the timeframe was conducted by two members of the committee who concluded that the 2013 date is appropriate. It is in the best interests of PSNH to achieve early reductions for *mercury* and they are proceeding with a US Department of Energy (DOE) grant to accomplish this objective. This bill has consensus support from the Governor and stakeholders, and has wide bipartisan support in the General Court. The bill achieves the primary objectives of reasonable reductions, in a reasonable timeframe, at a reasonable cost to electricity users. Vote 13-2.

Rep. Gene F. Andersen for the Minority of Science, Technology and Energy: The bill provides for significant mercury reductions from facilities operated by Public Service of New Hampshire (PSNH) by 2013. Some testimony indicated that an optimal permit and construction schedule could provide a 2011 completion for mercury removal equipment; thereby providing the necessary and desired reductions of mercury and other pollutants during that two year period. The minority felt the 2011 date should be utilized for implementation of the mercury reduction requirement and provide for extensions beyond that date if and only if PSNH was unable to complete by 2011 due to circumstance beyond its control.

House Calendar, Vol. 28, No. 22, February 17, 2008, p. 1280 (emphases added).

Moreover, the Analysis accompanying the Scrubber Law reads:

## ANALYSIS

This bill provides for an 80 percent reduction of mercury emissions from coal-burning power plants by requiring the installation of scrubber technology no later than July 1, 2013 and provides economic incentives for earlier installation and greater reductions in emissions.

2006 N.H. Laws, Chapter 105.

The Scrubber Law's legislative history and Analysis echo the mandates found in the plain language of the law itself - - the bill requires the installation of scrubber technology no later than July 1, 2013. The only difference of opinion between the legislative majority and minority was on the schedule for the mandated installation of the scrubber - - the minority wanted the scrubber installed earlier - - a goal that is being materially hindered by the Commission's creation of this docket.

The Secretarial Letter states that there is "a potential conflict between" the Scrubber Law and RSA 369-B:3-a. PSNH finds no such conflict. The Scrubber Law uses plain and ordinary words which mandate that a scrubber "shall be installed at Merrimack Station no later than July 1, 2013." RSA 369-B:3-a, enacted during the 2003 legislative session, reads:

369-B:3-a Divestiture of PSNH Generation Assets. The sale of PSNH fossil and hydro generation assets shall not take place before April 30, 2006. Notwithstanding RSA 374:30, subsequent to April 30, 2006, PSNH may divest its generation assets if the commission finds that it is in the economic interest of retail customers of PSNH to do so, and

provides for the cost recovery of such divestiture. *Prior to any* divestiture of its generation assets, PSNH may modify or retire such generation assets if the commission finds that it is in the public interest of retail customers of PSNH to do so, and provides for the cost recovery of such modification or retirement.

(Emphasis added).

The "potential conflict" noted in the Secretarial Letter appears to be whether PSNH is required to obtain a Commission finding under RSA 369-B:3-a that the modification of Merrimack Station by the installation of a scrubber "is in the public interest of retail customers of PSNH" before such installation may proceed. As noted in *Appeal of Pinetree Power, Inc.*, 152 N.H. 92, 97 (2005), "By the plain language of the statute [RSA 369-B:3-a], the public interest standard for modification is broader than just economic interests." The General Court has weighed and ruled on the broader public interest and found that the Scrubber Law's requirements "represent a careful, thoughtful balancing of cost, benefits, and technological feasibility...." RSA 125-O:11, VIII.

Due to the mandatory language and express findings of the General Court contained in the Scrubber Law, there is no need nor authority for the Commission to render an additional and duplicative public interest finding under RSA 369-B:3-a prior to the installation of the scrubber. Any such proceeding under RSA 369-B:3-a would be held to determine only one thing - - whether it is "in the public interest of retail customers of PSNH" to modify Merrimack Station by installation of a scrubber. *That precise finding has already been made by the General Court* -- "The installation of [scrubber] technology is in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources." RSA 125-O:11, VI. As the General Court has already made the requisite RSA 369-B:3-a finding, the Commission lacks authority to contravene this Legislative finding and there is no need for a separate and redundant Commission finding. Such a reading of the law is consistent with General Court's express statements of purpose and findings contained in the Scrubber Law. Statutes are to be interpreted "not in isolation, but in the context of the overall statutory scheme." *State v. Farrow*, 140 N.H. 473, 475 (1995); *Appeal of Ashland Elec. Dept.*, 141 N.H. 336, 340 (1996); *Pinetree Power, id.* at 96.

By finding that "The installation of [scrubber] technology is in the public interest of...the customers of [PSNH]," the General Court has removed from the Commission any authority to reach a contrary finding. Recall, "the authority of the PUC...is limited to that specifically delegated or fairly implied by the legislature and may not be derived from other generalized powers of supervision." *Appeal of Public Service Co., id.* The General Court has not delegated authority to the Commission to determine whether installing a scrubber at Merrimack Station is in the public interest, nor is such authority fairly implied. That public interest finding has been made, and is clearly and definitively embodied in the law.

It should be noted that two of the sponsors of the Scrubber Law were also sponsors of 2003 N.H. Laws, Chapter 21, the law creating RSA 369-B:3-a. Senators Green and Odell both sponsored Senate Bill 170 during the 2003 legislative session and House Bill 1673-FN during the 2006 legislative session. It is inconceivable that these two Senators would sponsor legislation in 2006 finding that installation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station is in the public interest of PSNH's customers (the precise finding required in their earlier 2003 law), yet would delegate to the Commission the authority and duty to make (or contradict) that same finding. Any other reading of the interplay between the Scrubber Law and RSA 369-

B:3-a would create the very conflict implied in the Secretarial Letter. In the event

that there was a conflict between two statutes, the Supreme Court has held:

When a conflict exists between two statutes, the later statute will control, especially when the later statute deals with a subject in a specific way and the earlier enactment treats that subject in a general fashion. 2A C. D. Sands, Sutherland Statutes and Statutory Construction § 51.05 (4th ed. 1973). However, as we noted in *Ingersoll v. Williams*, 118 N.H. 135, 138, 383 A.2d 1119, 1121 (1978), decided this day, implied repeal of former statutes is a disfavored doctrine in this State. See also State v. Miller, 115 N.H. 662, 348 A.2d 345 (1975); Opinion of the Justices, 107 N.H. 325, 221 A.2d 255 (1966). The party arguing a repeal by implication must demonstrate it by evidence of convincing force. Opinion of the Justices, id. at 328, 221 A.2d at 257. If any reasonable construction of the two statutes taken together can be found, this court will not find that there has been an implied repeal. State v. Miller supra; Public Serv. Co. v. Lovejoy Granite Co., 114 N.H. 630, 325 A.2d 785 (1974).

Board of Selectmen of Merrimack v. Planning Board of Merrimack, 118 N.H. 150 (1978).

More recently the Court re-affirmed this principle:

"It is a well-recognized rule of statutory construction that where one statute deals with a subject in general terms, and another deals with a part of the same subject in a more detailed way, the latter will be regarded as an exception to the general enactment where the two conflict." *State v. Bell*, 125 N.H. 425, 432, 480 A.2d 906 (1984). We also note that RSA 161:4, VI was enacted in 1991, while RSA chapter 151-E was enacted in 1998. "When a conflict exists between two statutes, the later statute will control, especially when the later statute deals with a subject in a general fashion." *Petition of Public Serv. Co. of N.H.*, 130 N.H. 265, 283, 539 A.2d 263 (1988) (quotations omitted), appeal dismissed, 488 U.S. 1035, 109 S. Ct. 858, 102 L. Ed. 2d 983 (1989).

Bel Air Associates v. Dept. of Health and Human Services, 154 N.H. 228, 233 (2006).

Of the two laws in question, the Scrubber Law is the later statute, enacted

during the 2006 legislative session versus the 2003 enactment for RSA 369-B:3-a. In

addition, RSA 369-B:3-a deals with undefined, potential modifications of PSNH's

generation assets in a general way. The Scrubber Law contains specific findings and mandates. In accordance with the Court's holding in *Bel Air Associates*, the explicit directions provided in the Scrubber Law must be regarded as controlling over the general RSA 369-B:3-a enactment.

The instant situation is similar to the facts facing the Supreme Court in Petition of Public Service Co. of N.H., 130 N.H. 265 (1988), cited in Bel Air, supra. In Petition of Public Service Co. of N.H., the Court dealt with the power of the Commission to grant PSNH an emergency rate increase per RSA 378:9 during the construction of the Seabrook nuclear plant despite the enactment of the so-called "anti-CWIP" law, RSA 378:30-a. The Court noted that the emergency rate statute "grants the commission broad discretionary powers." Petition of PSNH at 283. "The anti-CWIP statute, on the other hand, restricts the commission's discretionary powers in the ratemaking process." Id. The Court then held:

The one statute grants the commission general ratemaking powers under emergencies, and the other, enacted after the first, restricts the commission's discretion when determining rates. "When a conflict exists between two statutes, the later statute will control, especially when the later statute deals with a subject in a specific way and the earlier enactment treats that subject in a general fashion." *Board of Selectmen v. Planning Bd.*, 118 N.H. 150, 152, 383 A.2d 1122, 1124 (1978). RSA 378:30-a was enacted after the emergency statute. The anti-CWIP statute is unconditional in its prohibition, and makes no exceptions for emergencies.

Id.

Once again, PSNH faces a situation involving the enactment of a more recent, specific statute and an older statute of general application. Like the anti-CWIP law, the Scrubber Law, enacted after RSA 369-B:3-a, restricts the Commission's discretion. It also deals with the subject of modifying Merrimack Station by the installation of a scrubber in a specific way, versus the general supervisory authority found in the earlier statute. Under the Court's holding in *Petition of PSNH*, the Scrubber Law's mandate for the installation of a scrubber at Merrimack Station and finding of such action to be in the public interest are controlling and binding upon the Commission.

The legislative mandates contained in the Scrubber Law are made even more apparent when the Scrubber Law is compared to the language in RSA Chapter 362-C, "Reorganization of Public Service Company of New Hampshire." As in the Scrubber Law, RSA Chapter 362-C begins with a legislative "Declaration of Purpose and Findings." RSA 362-C:1. Notably, the RSA 362-C:1 findings include a grant of authority to the Commission:

...the public utilities commission should be authorized to determine whether a proposed agreement relating to the reorganization of Public Service Company of New Hampshire and, upon receipt of required regulatory approvals, the acquisition of Public Service Company of New Hampshire by Northeast Utilities, would be consistent with the public good and whether the rates for electric service to be established in connection with the reorganization are just and reasonable and should be approved.

RSA 362-C:1, IV. In RSA Chapter 362-C, the General Court specifically delegated authority to the Commission to make a determination whether the cited agreement "would be consistent with the public good." RSA 362-C:3. In the Scrubber Law, no such delegation of authority to the Commission is included; the General Court itself has determined that installation of a scrubber "is in the public interest of the citizens of New Hampshire and the customers of the affected sources." Had the Legislature intended to delegate such authority to the Commission, it certainly knew how to do so, as it had done in the past in RSA Chapter 362-C for another matter involving the Commission's regulatory authority concerning PSNH. See also,

Cannata v. Town of Deerfield, 132 N.H. 235, 243 (1989) (...the legislature knew how

to include real property in a definition when it intended to do so.); Barry v. Amherst,

121 N.H. 335, 339 (1981) (The express language of RSA 36:23 (Supp. 1979)

demonstrates that the legislature knew how to provide for automatic approval when

that was its intention.).

PSNH notes that in a recent e-mail, the Commission's former general

counsel, citing to RSA 125-O:13, I, indicated that the General Court's findings in the

Scrubber Law were not binding upon the Commission, but were only to be afforded

"due consideration." The complete wording of RSA 125-O:13, I, reads:

I. The owner shall install and have operational scrubber technology to control mercury emissions at Merrimack Units 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013. The achievement of this requirement is contingent upon obtaining all necessary permits and approvals from federal, state, and local regulatory agencies and bodies; however, all such regulatory agencies and bodies are encouraged to give due consideration to the general court's finding that the installation and operation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station is in the public interest. The owner shall make appropriate initial filings with the department and the public utilities commission, if applicable, within one year of the effective date of this section, and with any other applicable regulatory agency or body in a timely manner.

For all the reasons set forth earlier, the Scrubber Law eliminates any need for a Commission determination under RSA 369-B:3-a; it is just not applicable and is not a necessary approval. Indeed, the creation of any such proceeding before the Commission (including the instant proceeding) would frustrate the General Court's specific finding that "It is in the public interest to achieve significant reductions in mercury emissions at the coal-burning electric power plants in the state as soon as possible." RSA 125-O:13, I. Any delays in the project will cause increases in the ultimate price tag to be borne by PSNH's customers as costs of materials and labor continue to escalate, AFUDC continues to accrue, and the possibility to achieve early emissions reduction credits under RSA 125-O:16 evaporates. In the only other proceeding held under RSA 369-B:3-a, a total of 16 months elapsed between PSNH's initial filing and the achievement of a final, unappealable decision. NHPUC Docket No. DE 03-166, *PSNH Petition for Authority to Modify Schiller Station; Pinetree Power, id.* It is inconceivable that the General Court intended to subject the scrubber project to delays arising from a similar proceeding, given the "significant emissions reduction benefits, including but not limited to, cost effective reductions in sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, small particulate matter, and improved visibility (regional haze)" (RSA 125-O:11, II) and incentives (that would benefit PSNH's retail customers) provided for early completion of the scrubber (RSA 125-O:16).

Notwithstanding the clarity of the mandate and intent of the Scrubber Law, if any ambiguity in the meaning of RSA 125-O:13, I, remained, the principles of statutory construction established by the Supreme Court, *supra*, would be applied. Recall the Court's direction in *Dansereau*, *supra*:

We also interpret a statute in the context of the overall statutory scheme and not in isolation. If a statute is ambiguous, however, we consider legislative history to aid our analysis. Our goal is to apply statutes in light of the legislature's intent in enacting them, and in light of the policy sought to be advanced by the entire statutory scheme.

(Internal citations omitted).

The "overall statutory scheme" set forth in RSA 125-O:13, "Compliance," is clear, when these remaining provisions of that section are considered:

I. The owner shall install and have operational scrubber technology to control mercury emissions at Merrimack Units 1 and 2 no later than July 1, 2013.

II. Total mercury emissions from the affected sources shall be at least 80 percent less on an annual basis than the baseline mercury input, as defined in RSA 125-O:12, III, beginning on July 1, 2013.

IV. If the net power output (as measured in megawatts) from Merrimack Station is reduced, *due to the power consumption requirements or operational inefficiencies of the installed scrubber technology*, the owner may invest in capital improvements at Merrimack Station that increase its net capability...

V. Mercury reductions achieved *through the operation of the scrubber technology* greater than 80 percent shall be sustained insofar as the proven operational capability of the system, as installed, allows.

VI. The purchase of mercury emissions allowances or credits from any established emissions allowance or credit program shall not be allowed for compliance with *the mercury reduction requirements of this chapter*.

VII. If the mercury reduction requirement of paragraph II is not achieved in any year after the July 1, 2013 implementation date, and *after full operation of the scrubber technology*,....

VIII. If the mercury reduction requirement of paragraph II is not achieved by the owner in any year after the July 1, 2013 implementation date *despite the owner's installation and full operation of scrubber technology*....

IX. The owner shall report by June 30, 2007 and annually thereafter, to the legislative oversight committee on electric utility restructuring, established under RSA 374-F:5, and the chairpersons of the house science, technology and energy committee and the senate energy and economic development committee, on *the progress and status of complying with the requirements of paragraphs I and III, relative to achieving early reductions in mercury emissions and also installing and operating the scrubber technology including any updated cost information.* The last report required shall be after the department has made a determination, under paragraph V, on the maximum sustainable rate of mercury emissions reductions by the scrubber technology. -21-

#### RSA 125-O:13 (emphases added).

There can be no mistake that in enacting the Scrubber Law the Legislature intended that scrubber technology *shall* be installed at Merrimack Station. Without installation of the scrubber, the entirety of RSA 125-O:13 is made ineffective, as the provisions contained therein all anticipate and are based upon the mandated scrubber installation. Since the "goal is to apply statutes in light of the legislature's intent in enacting them, and in light of the policy sought to be advanced by the entire statutory scheme," (*Dansereau*, *id*.), there can be no doubt regarding the meaning of the Scrubber Law.

The "necessary permits and approvals" referenced in RSA 125-O:13, I, do not include a proceeding under RSA 369-B:3-a. Examples of such "necessary permits and approvals" include zoning laws, building permits, Federal Aviation Administration approvals, environmental permits, and the like, all of which PSNH is in the process of obtaining in a timely manner. The mandate to install a scrubber, and the General Court's finding that such installation is in the public interest of PSNH's retail customers, does not dictate *how* the scrubber is installed, just that it *must* be installed. PSNH is still required to ensure that the scrubber design meets traditional safety, environmental, and other building standards. *Cf.*, RSA 674:30, which provides that a public utility "may petition the public utilities commission to be exempted from the operation of any local ordinance, code, or regulation enacted under this title [LXIV]." RSA 674:30, III. This statute continues "The public utilities commission, following a public hearing, *may* grant such an exemption if it decides that the present or proposed situation of the structure in question is reasonably necessary for the convenience or welfare of the public...." *Id.* Note that

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the Legislature made such a grant of exemption permissive, by use of the word "may" instead of "shall" - - it is such determinations to which "regulatory agencies and bodies are encouraged to give due consideration to the general court's finding that the installation and operation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station is in the public interest."

The nature and extent of the Commission's authority concerning the scrubber project is set forth in the Scrubber Law itself. RSA 125-O:18, "Cost Recovery" states in part, "If the owner is a regulated utility, the owner shall be allowed to recover all prudent costs of complying with the requirements of this subdivision in a manner approved by the public utilities commission." The section continues by specifying that during ownership and operation of Merrimack Station by PSNH, "such costs shall be recovered via the utility's default service charge." By this section, the General Court has clearly established the Commission's role and authority regarding the scrubber project. When the scrubber project is completed, the Commission has the authority to review the prudence of PSNH's design and installation of the scrubber. The Commission does not have the authority to secondguess the General Court's decision mandating the installation of the scrubber.

Until the scrubber project is finished, the General Court has reserved to itself the power and authority to oversee the project. This reservation of authority is found in RSA 125-O-13, IX:

The owner shall report by June 30, 2007 and annually thereafter, to the legislative oversight committee on electric utility restructuring, established under RSA 374-F:5, and the chairpersons of the house science, technology and energy committee and the senate energy and economic development committee, on the progress and status of complying with the requirements of paragraphs I and III, relative to achieving early reductions in mercury emissions and also installing and operating the scrubber technology including any updated cost information. The last report required shall be after the department has made a determination, under paragraph V, on the maximum sustainable rate of mercury emissions reductions by the scrubber technology.

Such a reservation of authority by the General Court concerning the progress, status, and cost of complying with the Scrubber Law is yet another clear indication of the law's intent to negate the need for a RSA 369-B:3-a proceeding in this matter.

PSNH is confident that up to the initiation of the instant proceeding, it was diligently pursuing and complying with the legal mandates contained in 2006 N.H. Laws, Chapter 105, the Scrubber Law, by moving forward rapidly with the installation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station. The legal mandates and requirements of the statute are set forth in plain and ordinary language, clearly expressing the legislature's intent and the policy sought to be advanced by the entire statutory scheme. This statutory scheme limits the powers and authority of the Commission concerning the installation of scrubber technology at Merrimack Station to a determination of the manner for the recovery of all prudent costs of complying with the requirements of this law.

PSNH urges the Commission to expeditiously act in this inquiry so that the Company may resume the commitment of capital and manpower necessary to install a wet flue gas desulphurization system ("scrubber technology," RSA 125-O:12, V) at its Merrimack Station as mandated by law. Respectfully submitted this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2008.

# PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

ChutBusa By:\_

Robert A. Bersak Assistant Secretary and Assistant General Counsel Public Service Company of New Hampshire 780 N. Commercial Street Manchester, NH 03101-1134

603-634-3355 Bersara@PSNH.com -25-

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on this date I caused the attached Memorandum of Law to be served

pursuant to N.H. Code Admin. Rule Puc 203.11.

<u>September 2, 2008</u>

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# THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE before the PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project Request for Information

Docket No. DE 08-103

# PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE'S MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER RE: BID AND CONTRACT INFORMATION

Pursuant to RSA 91-A:5,(IV)(Supp.) and N.H. Code Admin. Rules Puc § 203.08, Public Service Company of New Hampshire ("PSNH" or the "Company") hereby requests protective treatment for certain information requested in the Commission's Secretarial Letter of August 22, 2008. In that letter the Commission requested that PSNH supply, *inter alia*, "a comprehensive status report on its installation plans, a detailed cost estimate for the project, and an analysis of the effect on energy service rates if Merrimack Station were not in the mix of fossil and hydro facilities operated by PSNH." A portion of this information is confidential, commercial, or financial information exempted from public disclosure under RSA 91-A:5.

In support of its Motion for Protective Order, PSNH says the following:

1. In order to prepare a comprehensive status report and a detailed cost estimate for the project, PSNH must rely on the results of progress made to date in preparing the different portions of the scrubber project for the commencement of construction efforts. There are several "islands" of work which are being negotiated with bidders before a final contract is executed for each portion of the project. These areas of the project are still in various stages of bidding or negotiations with bidders, contractors and subcontractors. The bids offered have all been made under a strictly confidential request for proposal process in order to protect the information from public disclosure. Even final contract terms and designs have been designated by the bidders and contractors as proprietary and subject to confidentiality terms to be included in the final agreements. Conclusions and summaries of data can be made publicly available; however, the specific data contains information that is confidential, commercial, or financial information which the Commission may protect from public disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, IV.

2. If this information were to be made public, the contractors' proprietary information would be available to their competitors damaging their future ability to bid competitively on other contracts. Many vendors may withdraw from this project altogether if they cannot rely on customary business practices which include maintaining the confidentiality of contract terms. PSNH may have difficulty in attracting potential contractors in the future if there is a perception that their bids or confidential contract terms will be publicly disclosed.

3. The Commission must use a balancing test in order to weigh the importance of creating an open record of this proceeding with the harm from disclosure of confidential, financial or competitive information. "Under administrative rule Puc 204.06, the Commission considers whether the information, if made public, would likely create a competitive disadvantage for the petitioner; whether the customer information is financially or commercially sensitive, or if released, would likely constitute an invasion of privacy for the customer; and whether the information is not general public knowledge and the company takes measures to prevent its' dissemination." *Re Northern Utilities, Inc.*, 87 NH PUC 321, 322, Docket No. DG 01-182, Order No. 23,970 (May 10, 2002). Contracts with suppliers and confidential bidding information are routinely granted confidential treatment by the Commission. *Unitil Energy Systems*, 91 NH PUC 145, 150 (2006).

4. The limited benefits of publicly disclosing the information requested in the status report on the project's detailed cost estimate do not outweigh the harm done by disclosing the information. The ability to finalize contracts with vendors for this project and future projects may be jeopardized.

WHEREFORE, PSNH respectfully requests the Commission to issue an order preventing the public disclosure of the detailed cost estimate for the project, and to order such further relief as may be just and equitable.

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Respectfully submitted this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2008.

# PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

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Just Busa By:

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Robert A. Bersak Assistant Secretary and Assistant General Counsel Public Service Company of New Hampshire 780 N. Commercial Street Manchester, NH 03101-1134

603-634-3355 Bersara@PSNH.com

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on this date I caused the attached Motion for Protective Order to be served

pursuant to N.H. Code Admin. Rule Puc 203.11.

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September 2, 2008

- Lobut Bersal

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ROBERT BERSAK PUBLIC SVC OF NEW HAMPSHIRE 780 N COMMERCIAL ST PO BOX 330 MANCHESTER NH 03105-0330

ALLEN DESBIENS PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMF 780 N COMMERCIAL ST PO BOX 330 MANCHESTER NH 03105-0330

GERALD M EATON PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMI 780 N COMMERCIAL ST PO BOX 330 MANCHESTER NH 03105-0330

STEPHEN R ECKBERG OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE 21 SOUTH FRUIT ST STE 18 CONCORD NH 03301

MEREDITH A HATFIELD OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE 21 SOUTH FRUIT ST STE 18 CONCORD NH 03301

RORIE HOLLENBERG OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE 21 SOUTH FRUIT ST STE 18 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

KEN E TRAUM OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE 21 SOUTH FRUIT ST STE 18 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

Docket #: 08-103-1 Printed: September 02, 2008

# FILING INSTRUCTIONS: PURSUANT TO N.H. ADMIN RULE PUC 203.02(a)(1)

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF DISCOVERY, FILE 7 COPIES (INCLUDING COVER LETTER) WITH: DEBRA A HOWLAND

EXEC DIRECTOR & SECRETARY NHPUC 21 S. FRUIT ST, SUITE 10 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

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#### PURSUANT TO N.H. ADMIN RULE 203.09 (d), FILE DISCOVERY

#### DIRECTLY WITH THE FOLLOWING STAFF

## **RATHER THAN WITH THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

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LIBRARIAN NHPUC 21 S. FRUIT ST, SUITE 10 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

## BULK MATERIALS:

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Upon request, Staff may waive receipt of some of its multiple copies of bulk materials filed as data responses. Staff cannot waive other parties' right to receive bulk materials.

NHPUC 21 S. FRUIT ST, SUITE 10 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

AMANDA NOONAN CONSUMER AFFAIRS DIRECTOR NHPUC 21 S. FRUIT ST, SUITE 10 CONCORD NH 03301-2429

Docket #:

Printed: 9/2/2008

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Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

#### Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 14, Section III.C, please explain the basis for the statements about the effect that the Clean Air Project would have on energy service rates and provide any and all documents in PSNH's possession or the possession of any of its agents that related to such statements or the analysis done to support such statements.

# Response:

Attached is an exhibit with the calculations to support the statements made about the effect that the Clean Air Project would have on energy service rates. In the attached exhibit, page 2, cell B5 lists the 2012-2017 average impact on energy service rates as 0.31 cents/kWh. This is calculated by taking the annual revenue requirement shown on page 3, line 23 of the attached exhibit and dividing by the annual kWh sales shown on page 2, line 46 of the attached exhibit and averaging the annual rate impacts over the 2012-2027 time period.

Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC-03 Dated 08/24/2012 Q-TC-003, Page 2 of 3

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9	Cumulative Capital			\$ 188,935,000	\$ 232,935,000	\$ 241,935,000	\$ 250,935,000	\$ 259,935,000	\$ 268,935,000	\$ 277,935,000	\$ 286,935,000	\$ 295,935,000 \$	304,935,000	\$ 313,935,000 \$	322,935,000 \$	\$ 331,935,000	\$ 340,935,000	\$ 349,935,000 \$	\$ 358,935,000	\$ 367,935,000 \$	\$ 376,935,000	\$ 385,935,000 \$	394,935,000 \$	403,935,000	\$ 412,935,000	
0	Accumulated Book Depr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 140,727,000	\$ 149,245,701	\$ 159,564,403	\$ 171,683,104	\$ 185,601,805	\$ 201,320,507	\$ 218,839,208	\$ 236,357,909	\$ 253,876,611	271,395,312	\$ 288,914,014	302,032,715 \$	\$ 313,935,000	\$ 322,935,000	\$ 331,935,000 \$	\$ 340,935,000	\$ 349,935,000	\$ 358,935,000	\$ 367,935,000 \$	376,935,000 \$	385.935,000	\$ 393,135,000	
4	Net Book Value			\$ 48,208,000	\$ 83,689,299	\$ 82,370,597	\$ 79,251,896	5 74,333,195	5 67,614,493	\$ 59,095,792	\$ 50,577,091	\$ 42,058,389	33,539,688	\$ 25,020,986	20,902,285	5 18,000,000	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 18,000,000 \$	5 18,000,000	\$ 18,000,000 \$	\$ 18,000,000 !	\$ 18,000,000 \$	18,000,000 \$	18,000,000	\$ 19,800,000	
-	Month and Evel Inventory	2		\$ 3,457,356	5 3,543,790	5 3,632,385	5 3,723,194	5 3,816,274	5 3,911,081	\$ 4.009,473	\$ 4,109,710	5 4,212,453 5	4,317,764	\$ 4,425,708	4,536,351 \$	5 4,649,760	\$ 4,766,004	\$ 4,885,154 \$	5,007,283	\$ 5,132,465 \$	5 5.260,776	\$ 5,392,296 \$	5,527,103 \$	5,665,281	\$ 5,806,913	
1	Nov/Sov	ter er		\$ 22,030,000	\$ 18 336 000	\$ 12,752,000	\$ 0,168,000	S 20,112,102	5 20,112,102	5 20,014,904	5 29,535,277	5 30,273,65913	31,030,500	5 31,806,203	32,001,419 5	33,416,455	5 34,251,866	\$ 35,108,163 \$	5 35,985,867	5 36,885,513	\$ 37,807,651	\$ 38,752,843 \$	39,721,664	40,714,705	\$ 41,732,573	
<u>.</u>	M&S inventory			\$ 3 181 778	\$ 5523.404	\$ 5,436,450	\$ 5,230,625	\$ 4,005,001	C 4 482 557	¢ 2,000,222	¢ 2,228,088	\$ 0.77E DEA 0	2 312 610	5 1 051 205 4	1 270 551 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5	5				5 . 5			5 .	
5	ADIT				s .	S .	S .	S	\$ .	S	\$	\$	2,210,010	\$ 1,001,000		5 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	¢ 1,100,0001 2	1,100,000	c 1,100,000 2	1,100,000	5 1,100,000 5	1,100,000 3	1,100,000	5 1,300,600	
7	RateBase End of Year			\$ 96,926,084	\$ 139 204 684	\$ 133.303.543	\$ 125,485,817	\$ 115,751,561	\$ 104 100 833	\$ 95 820 492	S 87 560 165	5 79 320 354 9	71 101 571	\$ 62 904 342	59 419 606 5	5 57 254 214	\$ 58 205 870	\$ 50 181 316	60 181 149	5 61 205 078	62 256 428	c 62 222 120 c	64 436 767 0		0000000	
3	Average Rate Base			\$ 96,926.084	\$ 118,065,384	\$ 136,254,114	\$ 129,394,680	\$ 120,618,689	\$ 109,926,197	\$ 99,960,662	\$ 91,690,328	\$ 83,440,260 \$	71.101.571	\$ 62 904 342	59,419,606 5	5 57 254 214	\$ 58,205,870	\$ 59 181 316	60 181 149	\$ 61 205 978	62 256 428	\$ 63 333 138 5	64 436 767 5	65 567 086	S 68 646 286	
9																									00,010,200	
0	Revenue Requirements -	Selling the second second																								
1	Pre-tax Capital Return		s .	\$ 10,533,149	\$ 12,830,398	\$ 14,807,003	\$ 14,061,575	\$ 13,107,871	\$ 11,945,896	\$ 10,862,922	\$ 9,964,169	\$ 9,067,617 \$	7,726,748	\$ 6.835,939 \$	6,457,246 \$	6 221 928	\$ 6,325,347	\$ 6,431,350 \$	5 6,540,004	\$ 6,651,374 \$	5 6,765,529 5	\$ 6.882.537 \$	7,002,470 \$	7.125.402	\$ 7.459.927	
2	Depreciation		\$ .	\$ 10,599,000	\$ 8.518,701	\$ 10,318,701	\$ 12,118,701	\$ 13.918,701	\$ 15,718,701	\$ 17,518,701	\$ 17,518,701	\$ 17,518,701 \$	17,518,701	\$ 17,518,701 \$	5 13,118,701 S	\$ 11,902,285	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 9,000,000 \$	000.000 8	\$ 9,000,000 \$	5 9,000,000	\$ 9,000,000 \$	9,000,000 \$	9.000,000	\$ 7,200,000	
-	Can		5 .	5 28.043,000	5 28,744,075	\$ 29,462,677	\$ 30,199,244	\$ 30,954,225	\$ 31,728,081	\$ 32,521,283	\$ 33,334,315	\$ 34,167,672   5	35,021,864	\$ 35,897,411 \$	5 36,794,846 S	5 37,714,717	\$ 38,657,585	\$ 39,624,025 \$	40,614,625	\$ 41,629,991 \$	5 42 670,741	\$ 43,737,509 \$	44 830 947 \$	45.951,721	\$ 47.100.514	
-	Emonstone Costs		s .	5 118,778,109	5 159,028,012	5 159,028,012	\$ 159,028,012	5 159,028,012	5 159,028,012	\$ 163,003,713	\$ 167,078,805	\$ 1/1,255,775 \$	175,537,170	\$ 179,925,599	184,423,739 5	5 189,034 333	\$ 193,760,191	\$ 193,604,196 \$	\$ 203,569,301	\$ 208,658 533	5 213 874,996	\$ 219,221,871 \$	224,702,418 \$	230 319,979	\$ 236.077,978	
5	Property Tax		e	S 3 304 000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	\$ 3 386 600	3 · · · ·	S 2 290 000	5 31,624,367	5 32,414,990	5 33,225,371	\$ 45,363,357 \$	46,497,441	5 47,659,877 3	48,851,374 \$	5 50,072,658	5 51,324,475	\$ 52,607,587	5 53,922,776	\$ 55,270,846	\$ 56 652,617	\$ 58,068,932 \$	59,520,656 \$	61,003,672	\$ 62,533,889	
7	Subotal Revenue Requirements		\$ .	\$ 171 255 257	S 212 507 788	\$ 217,002,003	\$ 218 704 132	\$ 220 305 400	\$ 353 431 677	\$ 260 708 216	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 3,300,000 3 \$ 380,760,734 6	3,300,000	5 3,300,000 3	3,366,600 \$	3,380,600	5 3,386,600	\$ 3,386,600 \$	3 386,000	\$ 3,386,600 \$	\$ 3,386,600	\$ 3,386.600 \$	3,386,600 \$	3,386,600	\$ 3,386,600	
3				0 11 1,200,201	5 212,007,100	5 211,002,885	2 210,784,102	3 220,000,400	\$ 200,401,017	3 239,700,213	3 204,007,001	\$ 200,700,724 0	203,030,524	\$ 291,224,127 3	293,032,500 3	290,332,522	5 302,454,198	\$ 309,003,707 3	\$ 317,033,306	5 324,597,344 3	5 332,350,483	\$ 340,297,450 \$	348,443,091 \$	5 356,792,374	5 363,758,908	
9		1				la segura a segura de segura d																				
Tota	al New Plant With Scrubber																			1						
1	Revenue Requirements	and the second of			A 100 100	The state of the s		and the second second																		
4	Pre-tax Capital Return		3 .	\$ 10,533,149	5 12,830,398	5 14,807,003	5 14.061,575	5 13,107,871	5 35,898.641	\$ 54,221,534	\$ 47,795,871	\$ 41,385,957 \$	34,550,916	\$ 29,773,682 \$	27,138,650 \$	5 24,692,404	\$ 22.615.549	\$ 20,558,140 \$	5 18,503,416	\$ 16.451,445 \$	5 14,402,296	\$ 12,356,039 \$	10,312,748 \$	7.947,384	\$ 7,459,927	
2	OPM	North and the second second		5 10,599,000	8 518,701	5 10,318,701	3 12,118,701	5 13,918,701	\$ 30,959,404	5 48,000,106	5 48,000,106	5 48,000,106 9	48,000,106	\$ 48,000,106 \$	43,600,106 \$	\$ 42,383,690	\$ 39,481,405	\$ 39,481,405 \$	5 39,481,405	5 39,481,405 5	\$ 39,481,405	\$ 39,481,405 \$	39,481,405 \$	24 240 702	\$ 7,200,000	
5	Fuel		o .	\$ 118 776 100	28,744,075	5 29.462.677	5 30,199,244	5 30,954,225	5 34,704,192	5 38,457,921	\$ 39,420,199	\$ 40,406,559 \$	41,417,603	\$ 42,453,950 \$	43,516,233 \$	44,605,101	\$ 45,721,220	\$ 46,865,271 \$	48,037,954	\$ 49,239,986 \$	5 50,472,101	\$ 51,735.053 \$	53,029,613 \$	54,358,572	\$ 47,100,514	
9	Emmisions Costs		5	s 110,770,109	s 130,020,012	s 100,028,012	e 100,028,012	s 109,028,012	s 100,030,442	\$ 101,3/3.6/5 C 2,620,669	\$ 105,408,017	\$ 109,543,218 \$	1/3,/81,798	\$ 1/8,126,343	182,579.502 \$	8 187,143,989	\$ 191,822,589	\$ 196,618,154 \$	201,533,608	\$ 206,571,948	5 211,736,246	\$ 217,029.653 \$	222,455.394 \$	228,016,779	\$ 233,717,198	
7	Property Tax		\$	\$ 3 304 000	\$ 2,286,600	\$ 3 386 600	5 7 7 8 8 600	5 2 288 600	5 22,750,975	5 2,039,008	5 2,705,805	3 10,715,659 3	23.058,800	\$ 27,594,552 \$	28,264,416 \$	\$ 28,991.528	\$ 29,716,314	\$ 30,459,222 \$	5 31.220,703	\$ 32,001,220 \$	\$ 32,801,251	\$ 33.621,282 \$	34,451,814 5	35,323.359	\$ 36.206,443	
3	Subotal Revenue Requirements	Levelized-2012-2027	NEY	\$ 171 255 257	\$ 212 507 786	\$ 217 002 993	\$ 218 794 132	\$ 220 395 409	\$ 286 336 254	\$ 303 079 704	\$ 306 716 657	\$ 319,438,000 9	324 705 883	\$ 320 335 234 1	328 505 507 5	3,300,000	\$ 3,300,000 \$ 222,742,677	5 3300,000 2 5 337,369,701 6	3,300,000	5 3,385 600 3	3,300,000 3	\$ 3.386.600 S	3 386,600 \$	3,386,600	\$ 3,386,600	
9											V 000,110,007	0 010,400,000 0	024,100,000	· 020,000,204	020,000,007 a	001,200,010	3 332,143,077	3 337,300,791 2	5 342,103,003	5 347,132,004	5 352,279,099	\$ 357 610 031 \$	303,127,573 3	353,271,390	\$ 335,070,683	
)	NPV Gross Revenue Requirements	\$323,475,945							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
1																										
<u></u>	Less Market Energy	\$325,874,918			\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$283,537,003	\$290,625.428	\$297,891,064	\$305 338 340	\$312,971,799	\$320,796,094	\$328,815,996	\$337,036,396	\$345,462,306	\$354,098,864	\$362,951,335	\$372,025,119	\$381,325,747	\$390 858 890	\$400,630,362	\$410,646 122	\$420,912,275	
íl –	Leas matket Capacity	\$23,000,318			\$17,957,400	\$20,500,500	\$21,746,100	\$20,085,300	\$18,891,600	\$19,151,100	\$19,566,300	\$20,085,300	\$20,656,200	\$21,175,200	\$21,694,200	\$22,887,900	\$24,600,600	\$26,313,300	\$27,974,100	\$29,686,800	\$31,399,500	\$33,060,300	\$34,773,000	\$36,485,700	\$38,146,500	
5	NPV Net Revenue Requirements	(\$25,488,292)	(\$189,526,841)	2012	\$ (78 558 811)	\$ (76.606.704)	\$ (76.061.165)	\$ (72 799 084)	\$ (16 092 349)	\$ (1.606.824)	5 (10 740 706)	S (5 085 542) S	(8 832 116)	S (12 636 060) S	(22.004.680) 8	(79 700 098)	¢ (27.210.220)	£ 142.042.2725 F	(48 784 750)				170 075 200			
3		(\$17,783,580)	(\$132,086,833)	2008				- (-1,.00,000)	· \	- 11,000,024)	0 (10,740,700)	u (0,000,042) c	10,032,110)	a (12,030,000) 3	(22,004,009) 3	a (20,120,900)	a (ar,319,229)	3 (43,043,372) 3	a (40,/01,/50)	5 (54,579,315) 5	5 (00,445,347) 3	\$ (00,309,159) \$	(12,2/5,790) \$	(93 860 425)	5 (123,988,092)	
		PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH																								
3	Busbar Cost, Prior	588.99		52 56	65 22	66 60	67 15	67 64	77 78	79 71	81 18	86 17	87 68	89 38	89 93	91 56	92 83	95 04	97 30	99.62	102 00	104 44	106 94	109 50	111 64	
1	Busbar Cost, Scrubber	\$10.29		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-67 64	10 10	14 85	12 95	11 87	12 00	11 70	10.89	10.09	9 30	8 51	7 71	6 92	6.12	5.31	4 51	-1.08	-8.80	
4	Busbar Cost, Lotal	5140 28		52 56	65 22	66 60	67 15	-	87 88	94.55	94 13	98.04	99 68	101 08	100.82	101 65	102 12	103.54	105 01	106 54	108.12	109 75	111 45	106 42	102 84	
	cents	19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	.6 764	1.010	1 400	1 200	1 107	1 200	1.170	1.000	1.000	0.000	0.051	0.771	0.00						
3		\$ 0.010	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0000	-0104	1010	1405	1 205	1 107	1200	1170	1.099	1.009	0.930	0.851	0 7/1	0.692	0.612	0 531	0.451	-0.108	-0 880	

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	ORIGINAL	Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 7
	N.N.P.U.C. Case No. DE 11-250 Evhibit No. 23-7	Page 1 of 4
Public Service Compony of Nov	Witness	TC 02
Docket No. DE 11-250	Q-TC-004	2012
	Page 1 of 4	

Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

# Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 14, please provide copies of any and all documents in PSNH's possession or the possession of any of its agents related to the sensitivity analyses described in Section III.D on this page. Please explain when and why these analyses were done.

#### **Response:**

Please reference the attached exhibit for the supporting documents describing the sensitivity analyses referenced on page 14, section III.D. These sensitivity analyses were developed in the summer of 2008 to assess the risks and sensitivities impacting energy service rates as a result of the Clean Air Project.
Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC-03 Dated 08/24/2012 Q-TC-004, Page 2 of 4

# **PSNH Clean Air Project Sensitivities**

Assumption Category	Assumptions			2008 PV OF NET CUSTOMER COST <sup>1</sup> 2012-2027 (\$MIL)	NET CUSTOMER COST BREAK-EVEN RATES
	DOWNSIDE	BASE	UPSIDE	(\$300) (\$180) <b>(\$132)</b> (\$50) \$40	
CAPITAL COST	+10%	\$457 mil	-10%	\$(159) \$ <b>27 \$</b> (105)	\$684 mil
2012 GAS PRICES, MMBTU <sup>2</sup>	-10%	\$11.00	+10%	\$(295) \$(163) \$31 \$31	\$10.10
2012 COAL PRICES, MMBTU <sup>2</sup>	+10%	\$4.82	-10%	\$(228) \$(90) \$93 \$(36)	\$5.49
IMPLIED GAS/COAL SPREAD	\$4.60	\$6.18	\$7.76		\$5.29 <sup>4</sup>
2012 CARBON COSTS <sup>2.3</sup>	+50%	\$7	-50%	\$(167) <b>\$ 36 5 </b> \$ \$(97)	\$30.13

								9.9
		Low		Middle		Hig	h	\$5.30
Carbon	\$		35.30	\$	-	\$	(35.30)	\$4.60
	\$		-			s	-	
Coal	\$		95.64	\$	-	\$	(95.64)	
Gas	\$		162.67	\$	-	\$	(162.67)	
Capital	\$		26.62	\$	-	\$	(26.62)	
Carbon	Í.							
Carbon	5		(167)	\$	(132)	\$	(97)	
Coal	\$		(228)	\$	(132)	s	(36)	
Gas	\$		(295)	\$	(132)	\$	31	
Capital	\$		(159)	\$	(132)	\$	(105)	

	20	13 PL	ANTB	USBA	RCO	OST
\$91	\$92	\$93	\$94.55	\$96	\$97	\$98
\$92	2.31	\$(2	.24)	\$2.24		\$96.79
\$92.	.02	\$(2.5	53)	\$2.53	3	\$97.08
\$9	2.53	\$(2	2.02)	\$2.02		\$96.57

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		Low	Mic	Idle	Hig	h
Carbon	\$	2.02	\$	-	\$	(2.02)
Coal	\$	2.53	\$	-	\$	(2.53)
Gas	\$	2.75	\$	-	\$	(2.75)
Capital	\$	2.24	\$	-	\$	(2.24)
Carbon	\$	96.57	\$	94.55	\$	92.53
Carbon Coal	\$\$	96.57 97.08	\$	94.55 94.55	\$ \$	92.53 92.02
Carbon Coal Gas	\$\$\$	96.57 97.08 97.30	\$ \$	94.55 94.55 94.55	\$ \$ \$	92.53 92.02 91.80

# Sensitivity and Scenario Cases

Sensitivities and Scenarios	Capital	Capital Increase	Gas	Coal	(	Carbon	
1 Sensitivity 1	457221069	10.0%	\$ 11.0	\$ 4.8	\$	7.0	
2 Sensitivity 2	457221069	-10.0%	\$ 11.0	\$ 4.8	\$	7.0	
3 Sensitivity 3	457221069	0.0%	\$ 12.1	\$ 4.8	\$	7.0	
4 Sensitivity 4	457221069	0.0%	\$ 9.9	\$ 4.8	\$	7.0	
5 Sensitivity 5	457221069	0.0%	\$ 11.0	\$ 5.3	\$	7.0	
6 Sensitivity 6	457221069	0.0%	\$11.0	\$ 4.3	\$	7.0	
7 Sensitivity 7	457221069	0.0%	\$11.0	\$ 4.8	\$	10.5	
8 Sensitivity 8	457221069	0.0%	\$ 11.0	\$ 4.8	\$	3.5	
9 Scenario 1	532000000	16.4%	\$ 8.8	\$ 5.8	\$	30.0	
10 Scenario 2	497000000	8.7%	\$ 9.9	\$ 5.3	\$	20.0	
11 Scenario 3	457221069	0.0%	\$11.0	\$ 4.8	\$	7.0	Base Case
12 Scenario 4	447000000	-2.2%	\$ 12.1	\$ 4.3	\$	5.0	
13 Scenario 5	437000000	-4.4%	\$ 13.2	\$ 3.9	\$	-	

# Scenario Assumption Inputs

Scenario Used		Capital Increase		Gas	Coal	Carbon	
	11	0.0%	\$	11.00	\$ 4.82	\$	7.00

# Scenario Results

Scenario	Number	RR NPV		Mo	onthly Cost Impact		2013	Busbar Costs		2013	Net Income
Sensitivity 1	1	\$ (105.47)	1	\$	(0.81)	1	\$	96.80	1	\$	20.30
Sensitivity 2	. 2	\$ (158.71)	2	\$	(1.22)	2	\$	92.31	2	\$	16.67
Sensitivity 3	3	\$ (294.75)	3	\$	(2.26)	3	\$	94.55	3	\$	18.49
Sensitivity 4	4	\$ 30.58	4	\$	0.23	4	\$	94.55	4	\$	18.49
Sensitivity 5	5	\$ (36.44)	5	\$	(0.28)	5	\$	99.60	5	\$	. 18.49
Sensitivity 6	6	\$ (227.73)	6	\$	(1.75)	6	\$	89.51	6	\$	18.49
Sensitivity 7	7	\$ (105.95)	7	\$	(0.81)	7	\$	96.57	7	\$	18.49
Sensitivity 8	8	\$ (161.36)	8	\$	(1.24)	8	\$	92.53	8	\$	18.49
Scenario 1	9	\$ 481.10	9	\$	3.69	9	\$	102.40	9	\$	21.46
Scenario 2	10	\$ 193.58	10	\$	1.49	10	\$	100.36	10	\$	20.07
Scenario 3	11	\$ (132.09)	11	\$	(1.01)	11	\$	94.55	11	\$	18 49
Scenario 4	12	\$ (413.08)	12	\$	(3.17)	12	\$	87.85	12	\$	18.08
Scenario 5	13	\$ (719.03)	13	\$	(5.52)	13	\$	79.43	13	\$	17.68

# **RISK SCENARIOS - PSNH CLEAN AIR PROJECT**

	UNLIKELY LOW	Possible Low	BASE	POSSIBLE HIGH	UNLIKELY HIGH
NPV - NET CUSTOMER COST <sup>1</sup>	\$481 MIL	\$194 MIL	(\$132 MIL)	(\$413 MIL)	(\$719 міс)
Monthly Residential Customer Cost Impact <sup>2</sup>	\$3.70	\$1.49	(\$1.01)	(\$3.17)	(\$5.52)
2013 Plant Busbar Cost (\$/MwH)	\$102.41	\$100.37	\$94.55	\$87.86	\$79.44
NET INC - 2013 (FIRST FULL YEAR IN-SERVICE)	\$21.5 MIL	\$20.1 MIL	\$18.5 MIL	\$18.1 MIL	\$17.7 MIL
Assumed probability	5%	25%	-	25%	5%
	x.	e			
PARAMETERS					
CAPITAL COSTS, MILLIONS	\$532	\$497	\$457	\$447	\$437
2012 GAS PRICES, MMBTU <sup>3</sup>	\$8.80	\$9.90	\$11.00	\$12.10	\$13.20
2012 COAL PRICES, MMBTU <sup>3</sup>	\$5.78	\$5.30	\$4.82	\$4.34	\$3.86
2012 CARBON COSTS, TON <sup>3,4</sup>	\$30	\$20	\$7	\$5	\$0

#### CASE LEGEND

UNLIKELY LOW CASE REFLECTS PROJECT IN SERVICE DELAYED ONE YEAR AND COST OVERUN (\$45M), COOLING TOWER ADDITION (\$30M), MINIMAL GAS/COAL SPREAD POSSIBLE LOW CASE REFLECTS PROJECT IN SERVICE ON TIME WITH COST OVERUN (\$10M), COOLING TOWER ADDITION (\$30M), DECREASED GAS/COAL SPREAD BASE CURRENT ASSUMPTIONS

Possible High case reflects project in-service 6 months early (\$10M), project costs as expected, benign carbon legislation, increased gas/coal spread Unlikely High case reflects project in-service 6 months early (\$10M) with lower than expected costs (\$10M), no carbon legislation, maximum gas/coal spread

	OKIGINAL	Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho
	N.H. P. U. C. Base No. DE 11-250	Page 1 of 2
	LAINUR NU. C.J 8	
Public Service Company of New Docket No. DE 11-250	Hampshire Data Request TC-03	
	Q-TC-006 Page 1 of 2	

Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

## Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 15, Section IV.D, please provide the heat rate factor that PSNH applied and provide any and all documentation in PSNH 's possession or the possession of any of its agents related to the analysis described in this section. Please explain when and why this analysis was done.

## **Response:**

The heat rate factor applied was 7.62 MMBtu/MWh. This is a 2008-2011 average implied heat rate calculated from NYMEX gas prices. The attached exhibit provides the supporting detail for the 7.62 number. This analysis was done in the summer of 2008 to support the update filing to the NHPUC.

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Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 8 Page 2 of 2

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Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC-03 Dated 08/24/2012 Q-TC-006, Page 2 of 2

								7.00		
						avg impi	led Ht rt >>	7.62		
	APB	APB		NYMEX	NE Gas Basis	NE Gas (NYMEX	NE Gas	Implied Ht	Power	
	Peak	Offpk	24 hr	Hub Gas		plus basis)	(EVA)	Rate	Price	
Cal 08	129.74	101.15	114.38	12.91	1.71	14.62	8.37	7.82	114.38	apb
Cal 09	117.75	92.25	104.24	11.72	2.18	13.90	8.81	7.50	104.24	apb
Cal 10	107.00	83.63	94.61	10.60	1.92	12.51	8.82	7.56	94.61	apb
Cal 11	103.63	81.25	91.77	10.28	1.80	12.08	9.04	7.60	91.77	apb
Cal 12				10.34	1.70	12.04	9.53		91.76	nymex
Cal 13				10.55	1.73	12.28	8.97		68.38	eva
Cal 14				10.77	1.77	12.54	9.24		70.37	eva
Cal 15				10.99	1.81	12.80	9.50		72.43	eva
Cal 16				11.22	1.84	13.07	9.78		74.52	eva
Cal 17				11.46	1.88	13.34	10.06		76.67	eva
Cal 18				11.70	1.92	13.63	10.35		78.87	eva
Cal 19				11.96	1.97	13.93	10.65		81.14	eva eso
Cal 20				12.22	2.01	14.22	10.95		83.47	eva eso
								1		
Nominal d	Iollars									

Used TZ6 Basis swap from NYMEX Jun 11th for 2008- 2012 basis Used EVA (Feb 2008 forecast) for 2013 - 2018 delivered gas Used EVA growth rate to derive 2019 - 2020 delivered gas (Boston citygate)

		Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 9
	N.H.P.U.G. Base No. DC/1-250	Page 1 of 2
	Exhibit No. <u>23-9</u>	
· · · ·	Witness	
Public Service Company of New Har	npshire Data Reques	st TC-03
DUCKET NO. DE 11-250	Q-TC-008	
	Page 1 of 2	
Witness: Terrance     arge		

Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

## Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 15, Section IV.D, please describe the adder applied for ISO-NE capacity value and please provide copies of any and all documentation in PSNH's possession or the possession of any of its agents related to this adder.

## **Response:**

The adder referenced in section IV.D on page 15 of the September 8, 2008 report was intended to calculate the ISO-NE capacity costs that PSNH would need to purchase from the market to replace the capacity provided by Merrimack Station. The attached exhibit provides the support for the calculation of the capacity value associated with Merrimack Station.

Data Request TC-03 Dated: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-008 Page 2 of 2

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	A	B	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W
1	Forecasted Energy Rates			The sale of the second				Contraction of the local division of the	A CALE AND A CALE	CHINES IN STREET			10 EN 15 4	CALL PORTED IN COM		and the second second	The second second second		1		The second second		
2						×																	
3	Year	Levelized Cost (2014- 2023)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
4	Energy \$/mwh	\$100.01	\$83.82	\$83.82	\$83.82	\$83.82	\$87.02	\$89.20	\$91.43	\$93.71	\$96.05	\$98.46	\$100.92	\$103.44	\$106.03	\$108.68	\$111.39	\$114.18	\$117.03	\$119.96	\$122.96	\$126.03	\$129.18
5																							
7	Capacity Price		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
8	(\$/kW-mo)	\$4.45	\$ 3	.46 \$ 3.95	5 \$ 4.19	\$ 3.87	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.69	\$ 3.77	\$ 3.87	\$ 3.98	\$ 4.08	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.41	\$ 4.74	\$ 5.07	\$ 5.39	\$ 5.72	\$ 6.05	\$ 6.37	\$ 6.70	\$ 7.03	\$ 7.35
10	Capacity Converted to MWHs	\$7.09	\$5.51	\$6.29	\$6.67	\$6.16	\$5.80	\$5.88	\$6.01	\$6.16	\$6.34	\$6.50	\$6.66	\$7.02	\$7.55	\$8.08	\$8.59	\$9.11	\$9.64	\$10.15	\$10.67	\$11.20	\$11.71
12	Total Market Cost	\$107.10																		1			
13	Market Energy Costs																		Sector States	Distance and	CONTRACTOR OF THE	STREET, LANS	CONTRACTOR OF
15													1					1					
16	Energy		\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$273,109,197	\$283,537,003	\$290,625,428	\$297,891,064	\$305,338,340	\$312,971,799	\$320,796,094	\$328,815,996	\$337,036,396	\$345,462,306	\$354,098,864	\$362,951,335	\$372,025,119	\$381,325,747	\$390,858,890	\$400,630,362	\$410,646,122	\$420,912,275
17	Capacity		\$17,957,400	\$20,500,500	\$21,746,100	\$20,085,300	\$18,891,600	\$19,151,100	\$19,566,300	\$20,085,300	\$20,656,200	\$21,175,200	\$21,694,200	\$22,887,900	\$24,600,600	\$26,313,300	\$27,974,100	\$29,686,800	\$31,399,500	\$33,060,300	\$34,773,000	\$36,485,700	\$38,146,500

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	CARENAL	Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 10
	N.H.P.U.C. Case No. DC 11-250	Page 1 of 2
	Exhibit No. <u>3 -10</u>	
•	Witness	
Public Service Company of New Ha	mpshireNOT REMOVE TO Data Reques	st TC-03
Docket No. DE 11-250	Dated: 08/24	/2012
	Q-TC-010	
	Page 1 of 2	

Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

# Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 16, Section IV.F, please describe how PSNH calculated the estimated \$63 Million of stranded assets referenced in this section and provide any and all documentation in PSNH's possession or the possession of any of its agents related to this estimate. Please explain when and why this estimate was prepared.

## **Response:**

The \$63 Million represents an estimate of the year ending 2013 undepreciated plant balance of \$59,095,792 (shown in cell K7 of the attached exhibit) and inventories of \$3,900,322 (shown in cell K11 of the attached exhibit) that would become a stranded cost if the plant were to shut down at the end of 2013. This estimate was prepared in the summer of 2008 to calculate the cost associated with the option to retire Merrimack Station and purchase replacement energy and capacity from the market.

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К
1	Rate Base	e Calculation					S				Shutdown at YE
2				2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
3	Existing F	Plant With Capital Adds									
4		RateBase Build									
5		Cumulative Capital			\$ 188,935,000	\$ 232,935,000	\$ 241,935,000	\$ 250,935,000	\$ 259,935,000	\$ 268,935,000	\$ 277,935,000
6		Accumulated Book Depr			\$ 140,727,000	\$ 149,245,701	\$ 159,564,403	\$ 171,683,104	\$ 185,601,805	\$ 201,320,507	\$ 218,839,208
7		Net Book Value			\$ 48,208,000	\$ 83,689,299	\$ 82,370,597	\$ 79,251,896	\$ 74,333,195	\$ 67,614,493	\$ 59,095,792
8		Working Capital			\$ 3,457,356	\$ 3,543,790	\$ 3,632,385	\$ 3,723,194	\$ 3,816,274	\$ 3,911,681	\$ 4,009,473
9		Month end Fuel Inventory	×		\$ 19,159,000	\$ 28,112,102	\$ 28,112,102	\$ 28,112,102	\$ 28,112,102	\$ 28,112,102	\$ 28,814,904
10		Nox/Sox			\$ 22,920,000	\$ 18,336,000	\$ 13,752,000	\$ 9,168,000	\$ 4,584,000	\$ -	\$ -
11		M&S inventory			\$ 3,181,728	\$ 5,523,494	\$ 5,436,459	\$ 5,230,625	\$ 4,905,991	\$ 4,462,557	\$ 3,900,322
12		ADIT				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
13		RateBase End of Year			\$ 96,926,084	\$ 139,204,684	\$ 133,303,543	\$ 125,485,817	\$ 115,751,561	\$ 104,100,833	\$ 95,820,492
14		Average Rate Base			\$ 96,926,084	\$ 118,065,384	\$ 136,254,114	\$ 129,394,680	\$ 120,618,689	\$ 109,926,197	\$ 99,960,662

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Rebuttal	Testimony Large/Vancho
	Attachment TJL/JJV 11
	Page 1 of 21

	NUPUS Reca No	DE 11-250
	Twinit No. 23-	11
Public Service Company of New Ha	mpshire	Data Request TC-03
Docket No. DE 11-250	WILIIG35	Dated: 08/24/2012
	DO NOT BE	QFTICHOIE1
	And and a second s	Page 1 of 21

Witness:	Terrance J. Large
Request from:	TransCanada

# Question:

Reference the September 2, 2008 report by PSNH to the Commission in DE 08-103, page 16, Section IV.F, please explain how PSNH arrived at the bus bar costs of \$135 per MWhr and provide any and all documentation in PSNH's possession or the possession of any of its agents related to this estimate. Please explain when and why this estimate was prepared.

# **Response:**

The attached exhibits provide support for the statement that the bus bar costs of a new coal or natural gas combined cycle plant would be about \$135/MWh. PSNH conducted this analysis in the summer of 2008 in support of this filing.

Data Request TC-03 Dated: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 1 Page 2 of 21

New Regulated Natural Gas Combined Cycle Plant																														
In-service date	2012	(January 1 2012)																												
Total capital cost	\$ 758 587 130																													
Size (MW not)	432.5																													
Annual Capacity Factor	86%																													
Annual MWH output	3,258,282																													
	1	2	3	4	5		7		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Revenue Requirements	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2025	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2038	2040	2041
Total Revenue Reguraments w/o Fuel	165.473.561	163,203,730	159.352.977	155 687,498	152 195 639	148.866.699	145.690.772	142,658 753	139,718 503	136.813.519	133.934 896	131 083 293	128,259.385	125 463,865	122,697.443	119.960,846	117.254 820	114 680,128	111 937.555	109 327.903	107.101.200	105.607.338	104 498.133	103 425 267	102 369 648	101.392.208	100 433 501	99 515 705	95,638,624	97,803 684
Fuel Costs	241 862 273	247 903 830	254 106,550	260 459 214	266.970 695	273.644 962	230.426,055	287.493,238	294,685,694	302.052.836	309 604.157	317.344.261	325 277 668	333 409 814	341 745.060	350.288.686	359.045 903	368.022.051	377.222.602	366,653.167	396 319 497	406,227 484	416 383.171	426 792 750	437 462 569	448.399 133	459,609 112	471 099 340	482 876 823	494 948,744
Total Revenue Requirements w/ Puel	407 335,833	411 112 559	413.459.527	416.146712	419 166,333	422.511 661	426.176.858	430,156 991	434 404 197	438,866,355	443 539,053	448.427.554	453.537.253	458.873.680	464 442,503	470,249,533	476,300,723	482,602,179	489 160 157	495 981.070	503,420 696	511.834.822	520,681 304	530 218 017	539 852 217	549 791.341	560.043.013	570 615 045	581 515 447	592 752 427
Forward Capacity Market Revenue	18.691 600	19,151 100	19 566.300	20 685 300	20.656.200	21.175,200	21.694.200	22.887.900	24 600 600	26 313 300	27 974 100	29,686,800	31 399 500	33 060,300	34 773 000	36,485,700	38 146 500	39,100,163	40 077 667	41.079.608	42,106 565	43,159,263	44 238 245	45 344 201	46 477 806	47 639 751	48 830 745	50 051 514	51 302 802	52 585 372
Energy Market Revenue	283 637.003	290 625 428	297.891.064	305 338 340	312.971.799	320,796,094	328.815.996	337.036 396	345 462 306	354.098.864	362,951,335	372.025.119	381 325 747	390.858.890	400.630 362	410 646 122	420 912 275	431 435 081	442 220 958	453 276 482	464 603 334	476 223 604	488 129 194	500 332 424	512 840 735	625 661 753	535 603 297	552 273 380	555 050 214	500 212 219
Total Net Revenue Requirements w/lust	104 907 231	101 336 031	96 002.163	90 723.072	85 538 335	80 540 367	75 666 662	70 232 695	64 341 291	58 454 191	52 613 618	46715635	40.812 006	34 954 493	29 039 141	23 117 711	17.241 949	12 066 935	6.861 532	1 624.980	(3,294 296)	(7.548 046)	(11 486 135)	(15,458,608)	(19 466.324)	123 510 1631	(27 591 029)	(31709849)	135 667 5691	(40.065.164)
Earnings Impact																														
Earnings (equity ratio "cost of equity)	4 7 1%	4 7 5 %	4 71%	471%	4 71%	4 7 1%	4 71%	471%	471%	4 7 1%	4 71%	4 7 156	4 71%	4 71%	475%	4 71%	4 71%	4 7 1%	471%	471%	47156	4 71%	471%	4 7 1%	471%	471%	4 7 156	471%	471%	4 71%
Average Rate Base	748.423.247	717 057.148	651.628.535	647.675.083	615,086,564	583.761.234	553.604 417	524 528 512	496 057.115	467.674.239	439 293.698	410.915.550	382.539.856	354.166.676	325 796,074	297 428,114	269 062 862	240 700 385	212 340 754	183,934 038	158.784.537	139.895.137	124.163.102	108.434.286	92 708 769	76 936 635	61,267,967	45 552.852	29.841 378	14 133 638
Earnings impact to NU Shareholders	35 241 754	33 764 787	32.096 524	30 497 724	28,963,196	27 458 149	26.068 125	24.698.999	23 358 337	22.021.845	20.685 462	19 349 191	18 013 037	16 677 000	15 341 086	14.005.295	12.669.632	11.334 100	9 998 701	8.663 440	7,476.846	6.687 382	5 846 592	5 105 954	4 365 471	3.625.147	2.884.986	2 144 993	1 405 171	665 525
Customer Impact																														
Customer ES Ren viewent Environt (MIAm)	8 6 8 1 4 2 8		9 976 5 10	A 049 200	0.120.400	0.004.036	0.010.000	0.463.333																						
ES Bala impacts Chilling	6.001130	67.57 261	6.610.043	5 965 200	5 120 400	9.224 170	3 343 / 38	9 463 353	9605,283	9 749 352	9,833,603	10.044.037	10.194.697	10 347.618	10 502.832	10.660.374	10 820 280	10.982.584	11.147 323	11 314 533	11 484 251	11.656.515	11.831 362	12 008.833	12,188,965	12.371.800	12,557 377	12 745 737	12.936 923	13.135.977
Annual Custom is two set of No.	5001205	30 0 107	50 0 1002	\$0 0 1009	50 00958	\$0 008/3	20,00000	50 00742	50 00670	30 00600	\$0.005.12	\$0.00465	\$0.00400	\$0,00338	\$0 00276	\$0 00217	\$0 00159	\$0.00110	\$0 00062	\$0 00014	-\$0 00029	-50 00065	-\$0 00037	-\$0.00129	-\$0.00160	-\$0.00190	-\$0 00220	-SO 00249	-\$0 00277	-\$0 00305
Activational Reveal Cast	\$/2 50/	\$69 430	564 892	\$60 561	\$56 272	\$52.389	\$48 557	\$44 529	\$40 191	\$35 974	\$31 901	\$27 906	\$24 020	\$20 268	\$16 589	\$13 011	59 561	\$6 592	\$3 693	\$0.862	-\$1721	-\$3 885	-\$5.825	-\$7 724	-\$9 582	-\$11402	-\$13 183	-\$14 927	-\$16 635	-\$18 307
Reparement Power Cost	50 03220	20 03110	50 02946	\$0.02784	30 02625	\$0 02472	\$0 02322	\$0.02156	\$0.01975	5D 01794	\$0.01615	\$001434	\$0 01253	\$0 01073	\$0 00891	\$0 007 10	\$0.00529	\$0 00370	\$0 00211	\$0 00050	-\$0.00101	-50 00232	£5000353	-\$0 00474	-\$0 00597	-\$0 00722	-\$0 00847	-10 00973	-\$0 01101	-\$0 01230
to rear werege to have impact (skivin)	50 00/40																													
Busbar Costs																														
Busbar Cost (\$MIWh)	\$125.02	\$126 17	\$126.89	\$127.72	\$128.65	\$129.67	\$130.80	\$132.02	\$133.32	\$134.69	\$135.13	\$137.63	\$139.20	\$140.83	5147.54	\$144.23	\$146.18	6146.15	6140.13	6163.33	8164.60	F 167 00	6 M O 87	C403 33	en 11 co	4449 74				
Busbar Cost (SkWh)	\$0 12502	50 12617	50 12689	50 12772	50 17885	\$0 12967	50 13080	50 13202	50 13332	50 13260	\$0 13613	\$0,11261	\$5,12025	50 140.03	50 14764	10 11122	50 14610	60.44640	50.45343	3102 22	\$104.00	3157 09	\$103.60	\$16273	\$163.69	519574	\$1/165	\$1/5 13	\$1/8.4/	3181 92
Busbar Cost (centsAWh)	12 502	12 617	12 689	12 772	12 865	12 967	13.050	13 202	13 332	13 469	13.613	\$3.763	13,620	14.083	14 264	14 4 32	14 610	30 143 12	15 013	30 13222	50 15450	50 15/00	30 10986	\$0 16273	50 10509	50 168/4	501/188	\$3 17513	\$0 17847	50 18192
							10 200		10 002	15-105	12 6 12	10 100	10 740	14,000	14 234	14432	IN DIS	14 012	10013	10 624	15 450	15709	10,956	16 273	10 069	108/4	17 188	1/ 513	1/24/	18 192
Capacity Costs																														
Cost per KW including fuel (\$494)	\$941.82	\$950.55	\$955.98	\$962.19	\$969 17	\$976 91	\$985 38	\$994 58	\$1 004 40	\$1,014.72	\$1 025 52	\$1 036 83	51 048 64	\$1,060.98	\$1 073 66	\$1.087.28	\$1 101 27	\$1.115.64	\$1 133.05	\$1 146 76	\$1 163.03	\$1 183.43	\$1 204 26	61 225 04	61 3/8 31	61 221 10	51 204 00	EL 310 34	******	C1 370 63
Cost par KW including tusi and revenue offsets (\$/kW)	\$242 56	\$234 30	\$221 97	\$209.76	\$197.78	\$186 22	\$174.95	\$162.39	\$148 77	\$135.15	\$121.65	\$108.01	\$94.36	\$50 82	367 14	\$53.45	\$39.87	\$27.90	\$15.86	\$3 76	(\$7.62)	(\$17.45)	(\$26 56)	(\$35.74)	(\$45.01)	(\$54.36)	(\$63.79)	(\$73.32)	(\$82.93)	(592.64)
Sined and Verlahle Contr																										,				
Pires and Variable Costs																														
vanable Logi (Sinkyvn)	\$79.04	\$81.02	\$83.04	\$85.12	\$87.25	\$89 43	59166	\$93.96	\$96.31	\$98.71	\$101.18	\$103.71	\$106.30	\$108.96	\$11168	\$114 45	\$117.34	\$120 27	\$123.28	\$126 36	\$129 52	\$132.76	\$136.08	\$139.48	\$142.97	\$146.54	\$150.20	\$153.96	\$157 81	\$161.75
Land Cost (2444)	5346 34	\$340.19	\$330.36	\$320.93	\$311.85	\$303 18	\$294.81	\$286 75	\$278.88	\$271.05	\$263 27	\$255.51	\$247.80	\$240 11	\$232 47	\$224 66	\$217 29	\$209 76	\$202 27	\$194.82	\$188 23	\$183.29	\$179.20	\$175 16	\$171 16	\$167 22	\$163 32	\$159.48	\$155.68	\$15194
Levelized Values:	Levelized 2012-20-	NPY	Cost cer kW	Cast our kWb																										
2012 Gross Revenue Requirement (including fuel, no offsets)	\$433 462 684	\$3 799 385 317	\$1 015 10	\$0.0506																										
2012 Net Revenue Requirement (including fuel and revenue offsets)	\$65,147,488	\$563,234,175	\$150.63	\$0.0076																										
Busbar S/MVIn Jgross revenue requirements including suel)	\$134.89	\$1 166 07																												
Faed Cost (SWI) <u>Exvised Vision</u> 2012 Grass Revenue Requirement (inclusing but in ortisets) 2012 Ref. Revenue Requirement (inclusing but and revenue ortises) Butes SWIM (ingest service) recovered inter Sociality but)	\$346 34 <u>Levelized 2012-20</u> \$433 462.684 \$65.147.486 \$134.89	\$340 19 <u>NPV</u> \$3 799 385 317 \$583 234 175 \$1 166 07	\$330 36 <u>Cost per kW</u> \$1 016 10 \$150 63	5320 93 <u>Cost per kWh</u> 50 0506 \$0 0076	\$311.85	\$303 18	\$294 81	\$286 75	\$278.85	\$271.05	\$263 27	\$215 51	\$247 80	\$240 11	\$232 47	5224 86	\$217 29	5209 76	\$202 27	\$194 82	\$188.23	\$183.29	\$179.20	\$175 16	\$171 16	\$167 22	\$163.32	S159 48	\$155.68	\$151.94

Summary

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CONFIDENTIAL

09/04/2012





# Net Revenue Requirements vs Market Energy Purchases



Data Request TC-03 Dated: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 1 Page 4 of 21

Chart 2

# **Revenue Requirements and Revenue Sources**



Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 11 Page 4 of 21

CONFIDENTIAL

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Public Service of New Hampshire

Data Request TC-03 Dated: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 1 Page 5 of 21

Heat Rate (BtukWh) Bize (MW) Equipment Availability (%) SO; Emissions (Ibs/mmBtu) NOx Emissions (Ibs/mmBtu) CO; Emissions (Ibs/mmBtu) Cutput (MWh)	6.500 < per ISO- 432.5 < assumet 86% < assumet 0.0006 < per ISO- 0.0100 < per ISO- 120.0 < per ISO- 120.0 < per ISO- 3.258.282 < assumet	NE Scenario Analysis s same as Merrimack s same as Merrimack NE Scenario Analysis NE Scenario Analysis s same as Merrimack 1 2012	NGCC pg. 24 NGCC pg. 29 NGCC pg. 29 NGCC pg. 29 NGCC pg. 29 2 2013	3 2014	4 2015	5 2016	6 2017	7 2018	8 2019	9 2020	10	11 2022	12 2023	13 2024	14	15	16 2027	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
																						ROOF	1075	1004	1000	1030	2031	1030	1000	2040	2041	2042
Variable O&M (\$/MWh)	1.830	2 12	2.18	2.23	2.29	2.34	2.40	2 46	2.52	2.59	2.65	272	2.78	2 85	2 93	3.00	3.07	3.15	3.23	3.31	3 39	3.48	3.56	3.65	3.74	3.84	3 93	4 03	4 13	4.24	4 34	4 45
Fuel (Simmbtu) Fuel (SiMWh) Fuel Cost		11.42 74.23 241.862.273	11 71 76 09 247 908 830	12.00 77.99 254.106.550	12.30 79.94 260,459,214	12.61 81.94 266.970.695	12.92 83.98 273,644,962	13.24 86.08 280.486.086	13.57 85.24 287.498.238	13.91 90.44 294,685,694	14.26 92.70 302.052.836	14.62 95.02 309,604,157	14.98 97.40 317.344.261	15.36 99.83 325.277.868	15 74 102 33 333,409,814	16.14 104.89 341 745.060	16.54 107.51 350.288,666	16.95 110.19 359.045.903	17.38 112.95 368.022.051	17 81 115.77 377,222.602	18 26 118 67 386,553,167	18 71 121 63 396 319 497	19.18 124.68 406,227.484	19.66 127.79 416,383.171	20.15 130.99 426.792.750	20.66 134.26 437.462.569	21 17 137 62 448,399,133	21 70 141 06 459,609.112	22 24 144 59 471.099.340	22.80 148.20 482.876.823	23 37 151 90 494 948,744	23.95 155.70 507,322.462
SO, (Ston) SO, (\$MWh) SO, Cost		565.70 0.00 3.594	579.85 0.00 3.684	594 34 0.00 3,776	609.20 0.00 3,871	624 43 0.00 3.967	640.04 0.00 4.067	656.04 0.00 4,168	672 44 0.00 4.272	689.26 0.00 4,379	705.49 0.00 4.489	724 15 0.00 4.601	742.25 0.00 4.716	760.81 0.00 4.834	779.83 0.00 4.955	799 33 0.00 5.079	819.31 0.00 5,206	839 79 0.00 5.336	860.79 0.00 5,469	882 31 0 00 5.606	904 36 0 00 5,746	926.97 0.00 5,890	950 15 0.00 6.037	973.90 0.00 6.188	998.25 0.00 6.343	1.023.20 0.00 6,501	1 048 78 0 00 6,664	1 075.00 0.00 6,830	1,101,88 0.00 7,001	1.129.43 0.00 7.176	1.157.66 0.00 7.355	1.186.60 0.00 7.539
NOx (Stan) NOx (SMWh) NOx Cost		1,886.06 0.06 199.722	1 933 21 0.06 204,716	1,981.54 0.05 209.833	2.031 08 0.07 215.079	2.081.85 0.07 220.456	2,133,90 0.07 225,968	2,187 25 0 07 231 617	2.241 93 0.07 237 407	2,297,98 0.07 243,342	2,355.43 0.08 249,426	2.414.31 0.08 255,662	2,474,67 0.08 262,053	2,536 54 0 08 268,605	2,599.95 0.08 275,320	2.664.95 0.09 282.203	2.731 57 0.09 289.258	2,799.86 0.09 296,489	2,869,86 0.09 303,901	2.941 61 0.10 311 499	3.015 15 0.10 319,286	3.090.52 0.10 327.269	3,167 79 0.10 335,450	3.246 98 0.11 343.837	3,328 16 0 11 352,432	3,411 36 0,11 361 243	3 496 65 0 11 370 274	3,584.06 0 12 379,531	3,673.66 0.12 389.019	3.765.50 0.12 398.745	3,859.64 0.13 408,714	3.956 13 0.13 418.931
CO. (Stan) CO. (S/MWh) CO. Cest		7.00 2.73 8.895.110	7 18 2.80 9.117.488	7 35 2.87 9.345.425	7 54 2 94 9,579,060	7 73 3.01 9,818,537	7 92 3.09 10.054.000	8.12 3.17 10,315,600	8.32 3.25 10,573.490	8 53 3 33 10,837,828	8.74 3.41 11,108,773	8.96 3.49 11.386.493	9.18 3.58 11.671.155	9 41 3 67 11.962,934	9.65 3.76 12,262.007	9.89 3.86 12,568,557	10.14 3.95 12.882.771	10.39 4.05 13.204.841	10.65 4 15 13.534.962	10.92 4.26 13.873.336	11 19 4 36 14.220,169	11 47 4.47 14,575,673	11 76 4 59 14,940,065	12.05 4.70 15.313.567	12.35 4.82 15.696.406	12 66 4 94 16,088,816	12 98 5 06 16 491 036	13.30 5.19 16.903,312	13 63 5 32 17 325,895	13.95 5.45 17.759.043	14 32 5 59 18.203.019	14.68 5.73 18.658.094
I VIET ETHISSIVITS C 051		9.098.427	9.323.887	9.559,034	9,798,010	10,042,961	10,294,035	10.551 385	10.815.170	11.085,549	11,362,688	11,646,755	11 937 924	12.236,372	12,542,282	12,855,839	13,177,235	13,506,665	13.844.332	14,190,440	14,545,201	14,908,831	15.281,552	15,663,591	16,055,181	16,456,560	16,867.974	17,289,674	17.721.916	18 164 963	18.619.088	19.084,565

Natural Gas C

bined Cycle Owner Dispatch Cos

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Inputs

## New Regulated Natural Gas Combined Cycle Plant

Assumptions (Inputs)		(ir	n service date)
	<u>2008</u>		2012
Capital Cost	\$ 687,242,500	\$	758,587,130
Size (MW net)			432.5
Winter Claimed Capability (WCC) (MW)			432.5
Summer Claimed Capability (SCC) (MW)			432.5 <- same size as Merrimack Station
Unforced Outage Rate			0.0%
Annual Capacity Factor			86%
Annual MWH output			3,258,282
Full Load Avg Heat Rate (MMBtu/MWh)			6.5
Variable O&M (\$/MWh)	\$ 1.83	\$	2.12
Annual Variable O&M	\$ 5,962,656	\$	6,581,657
Fixed O&M (\$/kW)		\$	43.00 e assumption as Merrimack Station
Annual Fixed O&M		\$	18,597,500
Book Life of Plant (in years)			30
Property Taxes on net beginning plant (per \$1,000)	2.50%		3.04%
Materials Inventory	\$ -	\$	-
Average appud equilation rates:			
Conital	2 500/		
	2.50%		
Property Tax annual inflator	2.50%		
Price Inflator	2.00%		Lload to inflate ECM
Fuel	2.50%		Used to inflate FCM
SO2/Nox Emissions	2.50%		
	2.0070		

Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 11 Page 6 of 21

09/04/2012



			Roarus Regionants																									Data Re Datec	equest TC-03 1: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 1 Page 7 of 21				
New Regulated Natural Gas Combined Cycle Plant Revenue Requirements Analysis Assumed in service date of	2012																																
Annual GM Cost Service 030 Coston utan Progety Tenne Service 1 Coston utan Coston utan	2011	1 2252 5 6 561 1057 8 5 10 547 500 8 5 25 246 226 8 5 23 05 226 8 5 10 9 722 8 5 10 9 720 8 5 10 9 720 8 5 10 9 720 8 5 10 9 70 8 5 1	2 32933 6.740,198 8 19.062,434 5 25.506,234 5 23.397,460 8 3.964 8 204,756 5 9.111,486 5 9.111,486 5 9.111,486 5	3 2214 6.914.053 19.538.060 25.586.220 22.590.651 3.776 2.09.835 9.1454.455 80.069.775	4 2015 7 087 724 8 20 027 473 5 25 206 229 5 21 763 842 5 215 673 6 2 15 673 6 3 519 663 8 3 519 663 8 3 519 663 8	6 2015 7 204 917 20 528 100 25 528 100 25 506 238 20 977 633 3 547 220 456 9 819 557 84 1092 209	6 2017 7 446 540 5 21 041 364 5 25 266 284 5 20 170 224 5 225 968 5 1 3 064 900 5 1 3 064 900 5 5 4 256 401 5	7 2018 7 622 704 5 21 567 208 5 25 296 248 5 13 262 415 5 4 168 5 23 1677 5 16 315 600 5 54 401 141 5	* 2019 7 823 523 22 508 558 18 556 606 4 272 237 427 10 555 400 84 568 139	9 2029 8 6 75 109 4 12 5 59 548 5 25 546 288 1 17 749 797 5 4 379 5 243 542 5 10 6 57 8,74 5 84 799 942 5	10 2001 0.219-547 5 52.265.229 5 52.266.234 5 65.942.964 5 4.439 6 249.426 5 11.106.223 5 85.637.237 5	11 2022 8.425.077 23.806.372 15.906.372 10.136.179 4.601 255.662 11.396.443 85.300.622 85.300.622	12 35.535.734 24.401.522 25.586.2534 4.736 4.736 3.62.053 11.627.155 55.590.766 5	13 2024 8 851 590 1 25 216 228 2 4 824 1 201 005 1 11 90 204 1 15 90 0 228 1	14 2025 9.072.586 25.06.259 13.715.753 4.855 12.752.267 86.254.017 86.254.017	15 2026 5 129 700 8 24 247 713 8 1 29 20 747 18 1 29 20 944 8 5 75 8 29 200 944 8 1 2 948 457 8 1 2 648 457 8	16 2027 9.532 201 8 20.934 725 8 25.206 238 8 12.162 135 8 2.002 58 2.002 58 2.002 58 2.002 59 2.002 533 8 2.002 533 8	17 2008 9 776 506 6 27 668 693 6 15 296 8238 6 11 295 228 6 5 326 8 2 326 403 6 1 296 428 6 1 296 428 7	19 2029 10 014 765 8 27 296 296 8 10 496 298 8 10 496 577 8 5 466 8 26 395 6 13 594 595 8 13 595 8 13 595 8 13 595 8 13 595 8 13 595 8 14 595 8 15 595 8 16 595 8 16 595 8 16 595 8 16 595 8 16 595 8 16 595 8 17 595 8 19 595 8 10 595 8	19 2000 10.245 128 2 29.045 128 2 29.045 128 2 9.045 128 2 1.045 128 2 9.045 128 2 1.045	20 2031 10 521 767 8 20 720 897 8 10 520 897 8 10 520 898 8 5 746 8 3 10 206 8 14 220 96 8 16 80 608 801 8	21 2032 10.754.811 \$ 30.474.169 \$ 20.506.238 \$ 8.068.050 \$ 5.850 \$ 327.269 \$ 14.155.673 \$ 8.9522.199 \$	22 2000 31 054 431 5 31 206 023 5 25 206 226 5 7 201 201 5 6 027 5 335 450 5 14 206 105 5 10 19 525 5	23 2014 11 330 792 8 32 016 924 8 6 454 472 8 6 454 472 8 6 456 8 343 637 8 15 310 662 8 90 752 616 8	24 2035 11.614.062 \$ 22.817.347 \$ 25.266.238 \$ 5.647.863 \$ 6.343 \$ 352.432 \$ 15.696.436 \$ 91.420.4399 \$	25 2235 11 904 413 5 15 637 741 5 15 206 238 5 4 844 854 5 6 501 6 347 245 5 16 608 515 5 927 75 846 5	26 2017 17 252 623 8 24 478 725 8 4 634 675 8 4 634 645 8 6 664 8 370 274 8 16 431 626 8 27 808 606 8	27 2010 12.507.074 15.570.024 15.272.236 15.272.236 15.272.236 15.272.236 15.272.236 15.272.237 15.509.0375 15.	28 2038 12.819.751 § 36.214.211 § 26.96.234 § 24.90.417 § 7.601 § 369.099 § 11.525.825 § 94.4425.42 §	29 2042 13 149 245 8 27 129 806 1 14 128 43 8 14 12 443 8 7 126 8 19 174 8 10	30 2041 13.452 (5) 4 36.058 (6) 5 36.058 (6) 5 360 (6) 6 7.355 1 468 (7) 4 18.252 (5) 6 18.252 (6) 6 19.255 (6) 6 19.	31 2149 13 805 415 39 809 515 7 539 419 531 15 948 694 7 1699 537	
Refere a notice State Nacional de Constanti Nacional de Constanti Nacional de Constanti Nacional de Constanti Nacional Scharter Nacional Sch	1 158 537 120 1 3 154 200 1 4 No 489 415	756 507 120         8           75 25 205 230         8           73 250 230         8           73 250 230         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8           1 350 650         8	758 587 130 8 50 572 475 8 700 614 655 8 (12 237 330) 8 908 559 232 8 11 676 148 8 11 676 148 8 11 676 148 8	758.547 120 \$ 75.858 713 \$ 612 728 417 \$ (21 631 644 6 (21 631 644 6 684 297 667 \$ 688 629 555 \$ 11 67% \$ 75 463 202 \$	159 547 130 \$ 101 144,951 \$ 057,442,950 \$ 3,342,970 \$ (29,32,341) \$ 631 052,008 \$ 647 055,003 \$ 11,07% 71,904,210 \$	750 597 130 126 431 180 632 155 592 2 428 544 2 6 6 1 6 6 5 6 15 0 6 5 6 4 11 6 7 6 6 15 0 6 5 6 4 11 6 7 6	758 587 130         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           151 713 426         5           143 580 244 5         5           153 401 684         5           150 701 234         5           11 02%         11 02%           64 628 237         5	756 567 130 £ 177 003 664 £ 581 583,467 £ 146 376 592,1 528 807 187 £ 552 807 187 £ 553 804 877 £ 11 07% 61 203 632 £	758 587 130 5 202 209 901 5 516 287 239 5 149 737 456 5 510 249 836 5 510 249 836 5 110 7% 58 673 634 5	754 597 120 ( 227 576 139 ) 521 613 391 ( 3 752 263 ) 152 598 581 ( 411 994 303 ) 152 598 581 ( 152 598 581 ) 152 598 581 ( 153 598 581 ) 154 210 561 (	756 567 139 8 252 862 377 8 365 736 754 8 36 177 489 8 453 446 694 8 467 614 229 8 11 6756 53 776 288 8	758 597 130 8 238 148 615 8 400 438 516 8 159 308 3451 8 435 103 311 8 439 233 698 8 110 Ph 43 634 274 8	754.567         120         4           202.434         852         4           455         52         278         4           4072         64         6         6           962         497         5731         8           3965         727         89         8           11         696         8         6           11         696         11         6           454         915         50         8           11         696         11         6	756 567 130 \$ 338 721 090 \$ 429 665 041 \$ (65 609 629) \$ 368 351 953 \$ 202 538 656 \$ 11 676; 42 351 047 \$	758 587 130 \$ 354 007 328 \$ 424 578 803 \$ 4219 284 \$ 088 877 807 \$ 339 581 420 \$ 349 581 420 \$ 14 056 \$ 14 056 \$ 39 209 848 \$	158.587.120 8 379.203.565 8 4.355.200 8 (72.069.113) 8 311.670.718 8 341.670.718 8 1.1670.718 8 1.1670.718 8 3.1670.718 8	P56.587         130         \$           454.579.863         \$         \$           354.667.328         \$         \$           44.95.922         \$         \$           203.245.569         \$         \$           203.245.569         \$         \$           11.02%         \$         \$           22.928.313         \$         \$	754 507 120 \$ 429 506 041 \$ 326 721 000 \$ 4 604 320 \$ 178 449 1963 \$ 254 800 214 \$ 10 756 10 756 209 90 2062 \$ 10 756 20 707 591 \$	7%5547120 \$ 455152278 \$ 3034344.852 \$ 4722528 \$ 1014374251 \$ 226520556 \$ 10256 2056256 \$ 10256 205647977 \$	256 587 120 \$ 400 438 516 \$ 178 148 615 \$ 4041 617 \$ 184 829 2001 \$ 100 160 951 \$ 110 2540 184 \$ 110 256 23 508 278 \$	758 587 120 8 508 724 754 8 252 862 217 8 4 962 857 8 188 017 568 8 103 804 738 8 103 594 738 8 103 594 738 8	758 597 130 5 531 073 591 5 127 576 139 5 6 096 724 5 164 202 9141 5 158 764 537 5 115 756 081 5	P58 587 130 \$ 556 287 229 \$ 202 289 501 \$ 5 243 892 \$ (75 475 489) \$ 102 628 325 \$ 11 67% 15 487 812 \$	156 597 130 8 591 592 467 8 5345 239 8 5345 239 8 166 050 6221 8 116 297 879 8 116 796 1 13 776 1	758 587 136 \$ 605 869 734 \$ 151 717 426 \$ 5.477 845 \$ 156 624 5783 \$ 108 424 286 \$ 115 576 12 604 777 \$	758-587 120 8 612-155-942 8 126-421-388 8 64-71-98 1321 8 84-845-846 8 92-701-708 10-756	758 587 139 8 657 442 130 8 5 155 161 8 37 173 6889 8 69 126 423 8 76 96 435 8 11 276	158 587 530         8           682 728477         8           1588 750         8           168 348 2491         8           53 459 550         8           53 459 550         8           116 786         8           67 10 2910         8	258.547 130 \$ 264.514 655 \$ 6.645 516 \$ 118 922 7361 \$ 37 696 133 \$ 45 552 853 \$ 116 945 134 \$	756 567 520 5 733 500 903 5 25 266 238 5 6 597 679 5 25 966 594 5 25 966 594 5 25 966 594 5 21 986 594 5 11 976 5 3 323 744 5	758-587-120 1 758-587-120 1 6-752-621 1 (71-568) 1 6-280-712 1 14-103-628 1 13-17% 1-564-527 1	6 511 435 (71 568) 6 434 528 6 363 521 11 67% 734 (31	
Total Revenue Requirement (who fuel before revenue offsets)		1 165,473,561 5	163,203,730 \$	159.352.977 5	155.687,493 \$	162,195,639 S	\$ 149,865,699 \$	145,692,772 \$	142,658,753 \$	128,718,568 \$	136,813,519 \$	123,934,866 \$	131,063,283 \$	120,259,305 \$	126,463,066 \$	122,697,443 \$	119,960,845 \$	117,264,820 \$	114,640,128 \$	111,937,566 \$	109,327,903 \$	107,101,200 \$	106,607,338 \$ 1	104,499,133 \$	103,426,247 \$	122,309,648 1	101,392,208 \$	100,433,901 \$	99,515,705 \$	98,638,624 \$	97,003,664 \$	72,603,677	
Frank Call Offeeting Alexania Campy Manage (Salah) Engan Alexania Salah Call Salah Ca		241 602 273 647 60 4 263 507 663 4 4 263 507 663 4 4 456 567 4 4 50 502 073 4 4 50 502 073 4 4 50 502 073 4 5 50 50 507 1 5 50 50 507 5 5 50 50 507 5 5 50 50 50 50 50 5 5 50 50 50 5 5 50 50 50 5 5 50 50 50 5 5 50 50 5 5 50 50 5 5 50 5	247 508 930 519 25 290 625 428 247 508 830 6 746 198 55 979 420 F	254 106 550 297 891 084 \$ 254 106 550 \$ 6.914 963 \$ 36 809 660 \$	200.419.214 \$20.71 205.538.940 200.419.214 200.75214 37.791402 \$	200 973 695 200 973 695 212 971 729 200 973 695 7 204 917 28 726 187	273 644 962 \$20 44 320 706 094 273 644 962 17464 962 17464 545 29 704 592 8	240 444 000 5400 92 328 815 920 240 486 000 7 452 704 42 697 200	247 438 238 537 636 336 247 636 336 7 433 521 41 714 836 5	204.005.004 1004.00 345.462.306 244.605.004 4.015.0	102 102 800 204 000 804 204 000 804 1 302 002 806 1 42 806 807 1 42 806 442 1	\$115.39 562.957.225 209.604.157 209.604.157 209.614.157 8.43%.617 44.952.167	\$117.344.261 \$114.55 372.025.119 \$17.344.261 \$6.95.314 \$6.95.314 \$6.95.314	315 277 000 8117 05 381 325 747 5 315 325 746 5 8 051 596 5 47 196 282 5	\$119.96 200 158.490 200 158.490 2012 409.814 9.012.806 48.076 149	341745.000	\$10,246,646 \$106,646 410,646,122 350,246,646 9,512,201 \$0,825,234 \$	259 945 963 E129 96 429 912 215 £ 359 945 963 £ 9 715 563 £ 52 065 865 £	\$102.41 \$102.41 431.425.081 10.614.769 10.614.769 13.208.261 \$	4105 12 442 210 955 4 977 222 062 442 210 955 4 977 222 062 412 45 128 56 733 278 4	\$139 12 \$139 12 \$139 12 453 276 492 \$ 306 653 167 \$ 10 521 M7 \$ 56 10 518 \$	\$142.59 464.605.34 396.319.497 464.605.34 396.319.497 15.764.611 57.504.647	406127484 4 406223404 1 4 406223404 1 4 406227484 1 4 11054431 1	416 303 171 416 303 171 416 123 194 416 123 194 11 330 732 4 60 416 7252 4	416 792 756 4155 76 500 332 434 5 416 4567 5 11 614 567 5 61 925 612 5	4)1 452 569 4)1 452 569 512 840 725 5 4)7 452 569 5 11 934 413 5 63 413 753 5	448 309 133 448 309 133 525 861 753 1 448 309 133 1 12 242 433 65 900 556 1	459 659 112 459 659 112 558 853 297 459 859 112 19 62 659 66 867 111	471 509 340 471 509 340 552 273 385 471 609 342 52 273 385 471 609 342 80 354 249 80 354 249	482 876 823 1 \$178 74 166 064 214 462 876 823 12,162 76 12,163 76 12,163 76 12,163 76 12,163 76 12,163 76 14,163 76 14,165 76 14,16	4170.00 434.348.144 550.222.215 434.348.144 12.448.251 12.448.251 12.418.255 1	5 425 262 57 372 462 54 738 225 547 332 462 	
r SD-NE-Mannet Frimmell Capacity Market Novembe Formatil Capacity Market Novembe Capacity Capacity Market Novembe		1 2.64 1 4 14.641.000 1 1 19.641.000 1		117 1 79,506,500 1 10,506,500 1	2 47 5 20.045 300 5 20.045 300 5	J 58 25.656.200 29.656.200	406 1	4 18 4 21.094 200 5 21.694 208 5	4 41 4	4.14 £	5-07 - 1 26-213-200 - 1 26-213-200 - 1	5 29 5 27 974 100 5 27 974 100 5	5.72 \$ 29.046.800 \$	6 05 5 31 329 500 5 31 329 500 5	6 17 . 6 33 663 330 F	6 76 34 775 060 34 773 660	7.83 5 36.445.706 5 36.415 700 5	7.35 f 25.142.500 f 36.142.500 f	7.54 E	7D 1	102 5 41.029.008 5 41.029.008 5	2 11 5 42 105 506 5	8.32 F	44 228 245 1 44 228 245 1	# 34 5 45,344,251 E	494 5 49417 Mile 1	9.16 1 47.639.751 1	941 £ 41 820 745 £	2.64 \$ 50.651.514 \$	966 \$ 51502802 \$	10.12 5.1585.372	10.23 52.909.006	
Total Resenue Requirement (mio fuel before resenue offsets) Fuel Cost		\$ 165,473,561 \$ \$ 241,862,273 \$	163.203.730 5 347.908.830 5	159,352,977 \$ 254 106 550 \$	155,697,499 \$ 260,459,214 \$	152.156.636 S	148,868,699 5 273,644,902 5	145,690,772 \$ 200,406,006 \$	142,668,763 5	139,710,503 \$	136,813,619 \$	133,934,896 \$	131,043,283 \$	129,259,305 1 325,277 868 5	126,453,055 \$	122,697,443 S	119,960,846 \$	117,284,920 \$	114,590,120 \$	111,537,546 \$	109,327,903 \$	107,101,200 B	105,647,338 \$ 1	104,400,133 \$	103,426,267 \$	102,309,640 \$	101,392,209 \$	100,433,901 1	59,515,705 S	99,639,624 \$	97.603,684 \$	72.601.677	
Total Revenue Requirement (wfuel) Energy Market Revenue 180 FCM Creats Total Net Revenue Requirement (wfuel and Energy Revenue and ISO credits)		407 334 833 8     283 587 003 8     18 891 690 8     194 907 231 8	411 112 653 \$ 290 625 438 \$ 19 151 106 \$ 101 226,621 \$	413.413.527 8 257.591.004 8 19.566.300 8 96.002.163 8	416 146 712 1 305 338 340 1 20 985 300 1 90 723 672 1	41% 105.333 S 312 971 729 S 29 656 209 S 65 538 335 S	412 511 661 5 320 796 094 5 21 175 200 5 00 543 307 5	426 176 858 \$ 326 815 996 \$ 21 634 308 \$ 76 666 662 \$	420 158 931 \$ 337 036 356 \$ 22 887 930 \$ 70 232 635 \$	434 404 197 \$ 345 462 306 \$ 34 600 600 \$ 64 341 251 \$	438 800 215 \$ 254 028 804 \$ 26 313 305 \$ 58 454 191 \$	443 539,053 5 362 951 335 5 37 974 100 5 52 612 618 5	448,427,954 \$ 372,025,110 \$ 29,654,800 \$ 40,715,625 \$	453 537 253 5 381 325 747 5 31 339 500 5 43 412 606 5	458 573 688 5 200 958 890 5 33 683 300 5 34 954 430 5	454 442 503 \$ 450 630 362 \$ 34 773 000 \$ 29 620 141 \$	470 249 523 4 410 546 122 5 36 465 709 5 23 117 745 5	416 300 723 5 420 912 275 5 38 146 520 5 17 241 545 5	482 602 175 5 431 435 681 5 39 100 163 5 12 065 935 5	419 169 167 5 442 220 958 5 42 677 667 5 6 261 522 5	426 261 273 5 453 276 462 5 41 572 558 5 1 524 200 5	503.420.696 \$ 454.609.394 \$ 42.106.596 \$ (3.294.296) \$	611 834 832 5 5 476 333 804 5 4 43 159 263 5 17 548 0461 5	520.881.304 \$ 450.120.134 \$ 44.230.245 \$ (11.456.1259.\$	520 218 017 5 500 322 424 5 45 344 201 5 (15 450 600) 5	503.052.017 \$ 512.640.725 \$ 40.477.906 \$ (12.406.224) \$	549 791 941 5 525 661 753 6 41 635 751 5 603 510 9641 5	500 643 912 5 529 803 297 5 43 802 745 5 127 591 6290 5	570.615.045 E 552.273.040 E 50.051.514 E 01.709.8429 E	501 515 647 5 566 580 214 5 11 502 802 5 125 867 5091 5	540 252 219 5 52 565 372 5 540 005 1641 5	179 528 129 194 739 825 153 900 100	
252 Net Prevent Value et Revenue Requesterity. Van der unsis (BANN) Ferend Casta (BAN) Ferend Casta (BAN)	\$562.224.175	1 79 04 1 1 746 74 1 1 78 16 1	81 62   340 19   38.35	83.04 \$ 330.36 \$ 37.53 \$	10 12 1 329 93 1 36 74 1	97-25 311-00 25 69	8943 ( 30318 ) 2527 (	2166 \$ 294.81 \$ .4.57 \$	10 16 1 16 75 1 23 95 1	26 21 \$ 278 88 \$ .3 24 \$	28 /1    2/1.05    22/52	101 16 \$ 263 27 \$ 21 54 \$	162.71 255.51 27.29	56526 2730 2945	104-96 240-11 29-01	111.66 232.47 19.27	114.48 \$ 2,4.86 \$ 18.74 \$	117.34 117.25 18.11	120-27 \$ 209-76 \$ 17-49 \$	123.28 \$ 202.27 \$ 16.86 \$	126.36 \$ 164.82 \$ 16.24 \$	129 12 1 188 23 1 15 65 1	132.76 \$ 183.28 \$ 35.27 \$	126 se - \$ 179 20 - \$ 14 93 - \$	139.45 \$ 125.16 \$ 14.65 \$	1429/ 8 17110 8 1420 8	146.54 167.22 12.93	150-20 - <b>4</b> 143-32 - <b>4</b> 13-61 - \$	152.96 \$ 152.45 \$ 13.29 \$	157.81 8 155.68 8 1, 97 8	161.75 151.94 12.60	165 82 91 82 7 65	

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Data Request TC-03 Dated: 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 1 Page 8 of 21

New Regulated Natural Gas Combined Cycle Plant Revenue Requirements Analysis Ausurnid in-Grevice data of	2012																															
	1 2012	2 2812	3 2814	4 2915	5 2015	6 2817	7 2010	8 2019	2828	10 2821	11 2622	12 2022	13	14 2825	15 2825	15 2827	17 2828	18 2829	19 28.28	20 2021	21 2822	22 2033	23 2824	24 2035	25 2036	26 2822	27 2028	28	29 2840	30 2041	31 2042	TOTAL
New Paget GROSE PLANT ACCUARLATED DEPRECIATION NET GROSE PLANT	769 587,130 25,206,238 733,300,893	758.567 130 50.572.475 700.014.655	758.587 130 75.858,713 682.728.417	758.597 130 101.144.951 657.442.180	758.587.130 126.431.160 632.155.542	758.587.130 151.717,426 606.669.704	758.587.130 177.003.664 581.583.467	758 587 138 202,289,901 556,297,229	758,587,138 227,576,139 531,010,591	758,587 138 252,862,377 505,724,754	758.587.130 278.148.615 480.438.516	758,587,130 303,434,852 455,152,278	758,587,138 328,721,090 429,866,041	758,587,130 354,007,328 404,579,803	758.587 130 379.293.565 379.293.565	758.597.130 404.579.003 354.007.329	758,587 130 429,066,041 328,721,090	758,587,130 455,152,278 303,434,852	758.587.130 400.438.516 278.148.615	758,587,130 505,724,754 252,862,377	756,587 138 531,010,991 227,576,139	758.587.130 556.297.229 202.299.901	758,587 130 581,583,467 177,023,664	758,587 130 606,869,704 151 717,426	758,587 130 632,156,542 126,431 188	758,587 130 657,442,180 101,144,951	758.587.130 682.728.417 75.858 713	758.587 130 T08.014.655 50.572.475	758.567.130 733.300.893 25.266.238	758.597 130 758.597 130	758.587 130 783.073.368 (25.286.238)	
PROJECT BOOK LIFE PROJECT BOOK DEPRECIATION RATE ANNUAL DEPRECIATION	30 3 3333% 25,206,230	30 3.333% 25.285.238	30 3.333% 25.206.238	30 3.333% 25.286.238	30 3.333% 25.266.238	30 3 3333% 25 286 238	30 3 333% 25,206,238	30 3 333% 25,286,238	30 3.333% 26.206.238	30 3 333% 25 206 238	30 3 333% 25 286 238	30 3.333% 25.266.230	30 3 333% 25 286 238	30 3 333% 25 204 238	30 3 333% 25 286 238	30 3.333% 26.206.238	30 3.333% 26.206.238	30 3.333% 25.206.238	30 3.333% 25.286.238	30 3.333% 25.286,238	30 3.333% 25.206.230	30 3.333% 26.206.238	30 3.333% 25.206.238	30 3 333% 25 286 238	30 3 3333% 25 286 238	30 3 3333% 25 206 238	30 3.333% 25.286.238	30 3.333% 25.266.238	30 3 333% 25,286 238	30 3 333% 25 286 238	30 3.333% 25.286.238	
Capital Additions Remaining station life (in years) DEPRECIATION RATE FOR ADDITION - based on station remaining life	8.000%	29 3.449%	28 3.571%	27 3.704%	26 3.840%	25 4 000%	24 4 167%	23 4.348%	22 4.545%	21 4 762%	20 5 800%	10 5.263%	14 5.556%	17 5 882%	16 6 250%	15 6.6637%	14 7 143%	13 7.692%	12 8.333%	11 9.091%	10.000%		12.500%	7 14 200%	6 16.667%	5 20 202 05	4 25.000%	3 ACCC CC	2 50 000%	1 100.000%		
	2 3 4 5 5 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 7 7 8 8 9 7 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 8 9		:	I																												
Tela Blooc Depresalan for capital addéans Cumulaires Capital Addéans Accumulaires Depresalainn Net Capital Addéans						i	Ì											÷				1		-	ļ	÷						
SUMMARY FOR PLANT GROSS PLANT																																
Initial firegiment Cepta Addens	758,587 130	758,507,130	758,587 120	758.567 130	758.567 130	758.597 130	758.587 130	758,587,130	758,507 130	758,587 130	759.587 130	758,587,130	758,587,130	758,587 130	758.567,120	758.507 130	758.567.130	758.587.130	758.587.130	758,587 130	758,587,138	758,587,130	758,587 130	758.567 130	758.587 130	758,587 130	758.567.130	758.587 130	758,587,130	758,587 130	21	999.026.784
Total Gross Plant	758.567 130	758,587 130	758,567 130	759,567 130	758.567.130	758,587,130	758.587 130	758,587,130	759,507 130	758,587,120	758.567 130	758.587.130	758,567,130	759,587,139	758,587,130	756,507 130	758.597,130	758.587.138	758.587 130	758.587 130	758,587 130	758,507 120	758.587 130	758,587 130	758.587.130	758,587 130	758,587 130	758,587.130	758.507 130	758.597 130	21	599.026.784
ACCUARLATED DEPRECIATION Initial Investment Capital Addetors	25 206.238	50.572.475	75,858.713	101,144.951	126,431,108	151 717,426	177.003.664	202 289 501	227,576,139	252,862,377	278 148.615	303,434,862	328,721,090	354.007.328	379.293.566	404,579,803	429,566,041	455 152,278	490,439,516	565,724,754	531,010,991	566,297,229	581,583,467	606.869.704	632 155.942	657,442,180	682 728,417	708.014.655	733,300,893	758,587 130	11	732.014.205
Tetal Accumulated Depreciation	25.266.238	50,572,475	75,058,713	101 144,951	126.431.108	151 717.426	177.003.664	202.269.501	227.576.139	252,862,377	278 148.615	303.434.852	328.721.090	364.007.328	379.293.565	404,579,003	429.866.041	455, 152, 278	480.438.516	505.724.754	531,010,991	556,297,229	581,583,467	606.869.704	632 155.942	657,442,180	682,728,417	708.014.655	733,300,893	758,587 130	11	732.014.205
NET PLANT Initial Investment Capital Additions	733,300,893	708.014.655	682,728,417	657,442,160	632,155,942	606.869.704	501,503,467	556.297.229	531.010.991	505,724,754	480,438,516	455.152.278	429.866.041	404.579.803	379,293,545	354.007.328	328 721.090	303.434.852	278 148,615	252,862,377	227.576.139	202.209.901	177.003,664	151 717.426	126,431 186	101,144,951	75.050.713	50.572.475	25.286.238		10	266,212,499
Total Net Plant	733.300.693	708.014.655	602,729,417	657,442,160	632.155.942	606,669,704	581,583,467	554.297.229	\$31,010,991	505,724,754	480,438.516	455.152.278	429,866.041	404.579.003	379,293,565	354,007,328	328 721 090	303,434,852	278.148.615	252.662.377	227.576.139	202,209,901	177.003.664	151.717.426	126,431 168	101,144,951	75,858,713	50,572,475	25,206,238	-	10	266,212,499
Total Depreciation Expense for the year (book)	26.296.230	25 206 238	25,206,238	25.206.236	25,266,238	25.206.238	25.286.238	25.286.238	25 286 238	25,294,238	25.296.238	25.206.238	25.296.238	25,286,238	25,266,238	25,206,238	25,266,238	25,206,230	25.266.238	25.266.238	25,206,238	25,286,238	25.206.238	25,286,238	25,296,238	25,206,238	25.206.238	25 206 238	25,206,238	25,256,238		733.300.893

Depreciation - Book

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Cycle Plan

#### Depreciation - Tax

Public Service of New Hampshire

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New Regulated Natural Gas Combined Cycle Plant Revenue Requirements Analysis																																
Proper Ceas Year Tao Dan examine Nan Capu Defense Tao Daffense Defense Tao Daffense Austra Oberna d'Austra Marco Defense d'a Genera	Project Costs 5758.597.130	1 2912 5 28.447,017 5 25.298,238 3,100,780 30,505% 1,250,068 1,250,068	2 2012 54,762,435 25,236,239 29,476,167 37,278% 10,987,241 12,237,330	3 2014 50,650,863 25,286,258 27,27895 9,454,864 21,691,964	4 2015 28:296:230 21:57:669 37:278% 8:040:847 28:732:841	5 2018 43,338,083 25,286,238 18,051,945 37,219% 6,728,825 36,461,666	6 2917 5 40.091.330 1 25.286.236 14.805.092 37.270% 5.518.598 41.590.264	7 2918 5 37.078.739 5 25.296.236 11.780,501 57.276% 4.396.029 46.376.292	8 2019 34.303.310 25.296.238 8.017.072 37.275% 3.361.114 49.737.406	9 2929 5 33,848,156 5 25,296,258 8,661,920 37,2996 3,191,456 52,928,861	10 2821 33,840,572 8554,334 37,275% 3,168,629 56,117,469	11 2622 33,848,158 6,661,920 57,279/4 3,191,456 59,308,845	12 2823 5 33,640,572 25,208,238 8,554,334 37,278% 3,198,629 62,497,573	13 2024 33,048,150 5,506,230 8,551,920 37,270% 3,191,456 66,600,029	14 2025 33,640,572 25,296,238 8,554,334 37,270% 3,188,628 66,877,857	15 2028 33.648.158 25.286.238 8.541.520 37.215 3.191.456 72.069.113	16 2827 33.840.572 8.564.334 8.564.334 57.276% 3.169.628 75.257.741	17 2928 5 33,848,158 8 561 920 32 276% 3,191,456 78,449,196	18 2229 5 33,840,572 25,260,230 8,554,334 37,278% 3,166,628 81,637,825	19 2039 5 33,848,158 25,266,239 8,551,820 37,275% 3,191,456 84,628,290	20 2031 5 33.640.572 25.296.238 8.554.334 37.275% 3.199.629 86.017.606	21 2032 5 16.924.078 5 25.266.238 (8.362.159) 37.27556 (3.116.966) 84.900.914	22 2033 26,266,236 (25,266,236) 37,279% (9,425,445) 75,475,460	23 2634 5 26296238 (25296238) 372785 (8425445) 86060.023	24 29295 - 5 25,296,238 (25,296,238) 37,279% (9,425,445) 56,824,578	25 25.296.239 (25.296.238) 37.2795 (8.425.445) 47.199.133	26 29.27 25.296.238 25.296.238 37.275% (9.425.445) 37.773.609	27 2928 5 . 5 25 296 238 (25 296 238) 37 2795 (9.425 445) 28 348 243	28 2939 5 - 5 25 200 230 (25 206 236) 37 275% (9.425.445) 18.922.796	29 2949 25 296 230 (25 296 230) 37 279% (9 425 445) 9 497 353	30 2841 - 5 25,295,238 (25,295,238) 37,275% (9,425,445) 71,908	31 2942 37 275% 71 506
Tax Depreciation on Plant Tax Depreciation on Capital Additions		28,447,017	54,762,405	50,650,863	46.857.927	43.338.083	40,091,330	37,078,739	34,303,310	33,848,158	33,840,572	33,648,158	33,640.572	33.849,158	33.849.572	33,848,158	33,840.572	33,848,158	33,840,572	33,848,158	33.840.572	16.924.079	1					1				
Total Tax depreciation 20 year MACRS		28,447,017 3,750%	54,762,405 7,219%	50.650,963 6.677%	46.057.927 6.177%	43,338,083 5,713%	40,001 330 5 200%	37.078.739 4 809%	34,303,310 4,522%	33,848,158 4,462%	33,840,572 4,451%	33.848.158 4.462%	33,840,572 4,461%	33,048,158 4,462%	33,943,572 4,461%	33.648.158 4.402%	33,840,572 4.401%	33.848,159 4.462%	33.840.572 4.461%	33,848,158 4,462%	33.840.572 4.481%	16.924.079						warei tar			manimum	
Plant balance for tax purposes, and of period		\$ 730,140,113 \$	675.377.708 \$	624.726.845 S	577.868.918 \$	\$34,530,836	\$ 494,439,506 \$	\$ 457,560,767 \$	423,056,457	5 389,209,299 5	366,367,727	321,519,569 \$	\$ 297,678,997 \$	253,830,840	219,900,268	106,142,110 \$	152,301,538 5	118,453,360	\$ \$4,612,809	\$ 50,764,651	5 16,924,079	5 O S	• • •	0 5	0 \$	0 S	0 :	s os	• • •	• • •	0 5	0
Capital Additions for Plant 20 year MACRS DEPRECIATION RATE FOR ADDITION - based on station remaining life		0.000%	3,750%	7219%	6.677%	6 177%	\$713%	6 200%	4.000%	4,622%	4.462%	4.461%	4.482%	4,401%	4.462%	4.461%	4.462%	4.461%	4482%	4.461%	4.482%	4.401%	2 231%				in				anniener	min
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			0	0	000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8 8 8 0 0 0 8 8 8 0 0 0 0 8 8 0 0 0 0 0			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Total Tex Depreciation for capital additions Cumulative Capital Additions Accumulated Tax Depreciations Net Capital Additions for tox purposes		•	• :	0		e	•				0			:			°	•		•	0	• :		• • •	•		• :	-	•			0 - -
Inputs																																

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Cost of capital

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# Public Service of New Hampshire

Calculation of weighted Generation cost of capital

Year	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
1) Capitalization Ratios:						
Common Equity	47.2%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%
Long-term Debt	52.8%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%
Total Capitalization	100.00%	100.00%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
2) Cost of capitalization:						
Common Equity (net of tax)	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%
Cost of Long-term debt (pre-tax)	5.96%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%
Effective Tax Rate	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%
Cost of Equity (pre-tax)	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%
3) Weighted Cost of Capital (pre-tax)						
Cost of Equity	7.79%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%
Cost of Long-term debt	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%
Total	10.94%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%
4) AFUDC Rates						
PSNH Transmission						
AFUDC Debt Rate %	3.25%	4.16%	4.31%	4.13%	3.95%	3.95%
AFUDC Equity Rate %	4.70%	2.82%	3.15%	3.79%	4.44%	4.44%
Total	7.95%	6.98%	7.46%	7.92%	8.39%	8.39%
PSNH Other than Transmission						
AFUDC Debt Rate %	3.67%	4.41%	4.69%	4.05%	3.78%	3,78%
AFUDC Equity Rate %	3.00%	1.76%	1.69%	2.92%	3.50%	3.50%
Total	6.67%	6.17%	6.38%	6.97%	7.28%	7.28%

2008 and 2009 Equity and Debt capitalization rates per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang) 2008 and 2009 Cost of Long-term debt (pre-tax) per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang). AFUDC rates per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang).



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												Gra	aph information															Data Da	i Reques ated: 08/ Q Attac Page	at TC-03 24/2012 TC-011 hment 1 11 of 21
Chart 1: Total Revenue Requirament wifulf and sevenue creats in energy benefic Total Manust Purchases	1 2012 388.444.233 283.537.003	2 2013 391 961,459 290 625 428	<b>3</b> <u>2014</u> 393 893 227 297 891 064	4 <u>2015</u> 396 D61 412 305 338 340	5 2015 398,510,133 312,971,799	<b>8</b> 2017 401 336.461 320.796.094	7 <u>2018</u> 404 482,658 328 815 996	<b>8</b> <u>2019</u> 407 269.091 337 036 396	<b>2020</b> 403 803 597 345 462 306	10 <u>2021</u> 412.553.055 354.098.664	11 <u>2022</u> 415 564 953 362 951 335	12 2023 418 740 754 372 025 119	13 2024 422, 137 763 351 325 747	14 2025 425 813 300 390 858 890	15 2526 429 659 503 400 630 362	1 <b>5</b> <u>2027</u> 433 763 833 410 646 122	17 <u>2028</u> 438, 154, 223 420, 912, 275	18 2629 443,502 017 431 435 081	19 2030 449.082 491 442.220 958	20 <u>2031</u> 454 901 462 453 276 482	21 2032 461 314 098 464 608 394	22 2033 463 675 558 476 223 604	23 <u>2034</u> 476,643,059 488,129,194	24 2035 484 873 816 500 332 424	25 <u>2028</u> 493.374.411 512.840.735	26 2037 502 151 500 525 661 753	27 <u>2038</u> 511.212.268 538.603.297	28 2039 520 563 531 552 273 380	<b>29</b> <u>2040</u> 530.212.645 566.080.214	30 <u>2041</u> 540 167 056 580 232 219
Chart 2: Tota Revenue Requirament w/ Just batere Revenue Creats Forward Capaco, Market Revenue Energy Market Revenue	2012 407 335 833 18.891.600 283 537 003	2013 411 112.559 19.151 100 290 625 428	2014 413 459 527 19 565 300 297 891.064	2015 416.146.7.12 20.085.300 305.338.340	2016 419.166.333 20.656.200 312.971.799	2017 422,511 661 21 175,200 320 796,094	2018 426 176 858 21 694 200 328 815 936	2019 430.156.991 22.887.900 337.036.396	2020 434 404 197 24 600 600 345 462 306	2021 438.866.355 26.313.300 354.098.864	2022 443 539 063 27.974 100 362.961 335	2023 448.427 554 29 686 600 372.025 119	2024 453,537 253 31 399 500 351 325 747	2925 458 873 680 33.060 300 390 858 890	2026 464,442,503 34,773,000 400,630,362	2027 470 249.533 36 485.700 410 646 122	2028 476 305 723 38 146 500 420 912 275	2028 482,602,179 39,100,163 431,435,081	2029 489 160 157 40,077,667 442 220 958	2031 495 581 070 41 079 608 453 276 482	2032 503.420.696 42.106.598 464.603.394	2032 511 834 822 43 159 263 476 223 604	2024 520,881,304 44,238,245 488,129,194	2035 530 218 017 45 344 201 500 332 424	2034 639 852 217 46.477.806 512.840 735	2037 549 791 341 47 639 751 525 661 753	2038 560.043.013 48.830.745 538.803.297	2078 570 615 045 50 051 514 552 273 380	<u>2049</u> 581,515,447 51,302,802 566,080,214	2041 592 752 427 52 585 372 580 232 219
Fales Costs Ony SkW-Mo	149 793 477 28 86	147 131.644 28 35	142.879.089 27.53	138 801 763 26 74	134.887 761 25 99	131 126 124 25 27	127 506 683 24 57	124 020.061 23 90	120 613.844 23 24	117 231 243 22 59	113 863 063 21 94	110 509 665 21 29	107 171 416 20 65	103 848.697 20 01	100 541 896 19 37	97 251 410 1E 74	93 977 648 18 11	50 721 027 17 48	87 481 976 16 86	84 260 935 16 24	81 407 558 15 69	79 271 354 15 27	77 503 750 14 93	75 756,024 14 60	74 028 675 14 26	72 322 210 13 93	70 637.153 13 61	68 974 039 13 29	67 333 415 12 97	65 715 845 12 66

Public Service of New Hampshire

Rebuttal Teslimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 11 Page 11 of 21

09/04/2012

in-service date	201:	2 (January 1 2012)																												
Total capital cost	\$ 1468,956,954																													
Size (MW net)	432 :	5																												
Annual Capacity Factor	663																													
Annual MNH papet	3 258 262																													
	1	2	з	4	5	6	1			19	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	22	28	28	30
Revenue Resultements	26/5	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2920	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2025	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2032	2039	2010	2041
Total Revenue Requirements w/o Fuer	301 915.015	297 061 103	289.130.038	281.545,688	274 285 787	267.328 710	280.655 165	254 247.197	245,003,519	241 514 383	235.662,192	229,547.879	223.472,387	217 435,685	211 441 775	205.465.639	199,978,415	193.712.083	187,890,773	182 115 610	177.063.960	173 412 916	170,487.781	167.613.583	164.791 596	162 023.125	159 309 598	156.652.116	154 652 354	151 511.665
Fuel Casts	157.437 732	161 373 675	165.408.017	169,543,218	173 781 758	178.126.343	182,579 502	187,143,589	191 622.509	196,618,154	201 533,608	205.571 946	211,736 246	217 029,653	222 455 394	228 016 779	233,717,158	239,560 128	245.549.131	251.687.660	257 560 056	264.429.555	271 040 295	277.816.304	284.761 711	291.880.754	299.177773	306,657 217	314 323 648	322 181 739
Total Revenue Requirements w/ Fuel	459 352 747	458 434 779	454 538.055	451 089 105	448.067 585	445,455,053	443 234 666	441 391 186	439.626.105	435.432.534	437.195.800	436.119 827	435.208.634	434 466 340	433, 697, 169	433.505.446	433,255 613	433 272,212	433 439 905	433,603,469	435,044,016	437 242 474	441.528.078	445 429 887	449 553 308	453.903.879	458.487.281	463 306 333	468 376 002	473,663 404
Forward Capacity Market Revenue	18,891,600	19 151 100	19 586,300	20,085,300	20.656.200	21 175.200	21.694 200	22.887.900	24 600 600	26.313.300	27.974 100	29.665.800	31 399 500	33.060.300	34 773.000	36 465.700	38.146.500	39 100 143	40.077 667	41.079.608	42,108 598	43.159 263	44,238,245	45.344.201	46.477.836	47.639.751	48.630.745	50 051 514	51 302.602	52,565 372
Energy Market Revenue	283,537,003	290 625,428	297.891.054	305.335.340	312,971799	320 796,094	328,815 996	337.036.3%6	345 462 306	354 098.864	382.951 335	372 025 119	361 325 747	390,658,690	400.630.387	410.645 122	420.912.275	431.435.081	442,220,958	453 276.452	464,608,384	476.223.604	488,129,194	500.332 A24	512 840 735	525 661 753	538.803 297	552,273,380	566.030 214	580 232 219
Total Net Revenue Requirements while	156 924 144	148 658 250	137 080 692	125.665.485	114 439,588	103.483 759	92 724 470	81 466 890	69 763 202	58.020.370	46,270 365	34 407,908	22,463,367	10.547 150	(1 506 194)	(13.826.374)	(25 763 162)	(37 263.032)	(45 858 720)	(60 552 621)	(71 670 977)	(81 540 384)	(50 839 362)	(100 246 738)	(109 765 233)	(119-307-625)	(129.146.761)	(139-015-560)	(149-007-013)	(159 124 187)
Eardings Impact																														
Earnings (equity ratio foost of equity)	4 71%	4 71%	471%	4 71%	4 7154	4 7 1%	4 7 1%	471%	4 71%	4 71%	4 71%	4 7154	4 7154	4 71%	4 7 1%	4 71%	4 71%	4 71%	4 71%	4 7596	4 7 1 %	4 7 1 %	4 71%	4 7 1%	471%	4 71%	471%	4 71%	471%	4 71%
Average Rate Base	1 446 144 500	1.385.367,265	1 316.682 715	1 250,852 743	1 187,663,649	1 126.918.959	1 068.434.692	1 012 041 355	956.616.369	901 760 502	646.706.602	791.655.323	736.606.121	681 559 252	626 514 776	571 472 751	516.433 240	461 356 304	406 352 009	351 339 429	302,409,567	265 704 743	235.110 794	204 519,833	173.931.934	143 347.174	112,765 631	82,167 385	51 612,519	21 041 117
Eartings Impact to NU Charenokers	65 006 071	65 234 174	61 969 956	58.900 154	55.924 715	53 064 360	50 310 453	47.655.003	45 054 569	42.462.009	33 669 730	37 277 466	34 685 309	32.093 292	29 501 328	26.909.509	24 317,605	21 726.229	19.134 774	16 543.447	14 239 662	12.511 505	11 070 897	9.630 430	8 190 107	6 749 932	5 309.908	3 870 040	2 430 330	990 764
Customer impact																														
Customer ES Requirement Forecast (MMn)	8 681 138	8 757,261	8 876.549	8.988,205	9,120,460	9.224.176	9.349 758	9 463 333	3.605.283	9.749.362	9.895.603	10 044 037	10.194 697	10.347.618	10 502 832	10.660,374	10.620.260	t0,982,584	11 147 323	11 314.633	11 484 251	11.656 515	11 831 362	12 008.833	12.188.965	12 371 600	12.557 377	12,745 737	12 536 923	13.130 977
ES Rate impact (\$AWh)	\$0 01808	\$0 01898	\$0 01544	\$0 01398	\$0 01255	\$0 01122	\$0 00992	\$0 00651	\$0 00726	\$0.00565	\$0.00468	\$0 00343	\$0 00221	50 00102	-\$0 00014	-\$0 00128	-\$0 0023a	-\$0 00359	-\$0 00438	-\$0 00535	-\$0 00624	-\$0 00700	-\$0 00763	-\$0 00835	-\$0 00501	-\$3 00965	-\$0 01028	\$0.01091	-\$0 D1152	-\$0 01212
Annual Customer Impact (\$Pfr)	\$108 459	\$101 653	\$92 658	\$\$3.887	\$75 285	\$67 313	\$59 504	\$51 652	\$43 578	\$35.707	\$28.055	\$20.554	\$13,232	\$6 116	-\$0 860	-\$7 666	-514 286	-520 358	-\$26 298	-\$32 111	\$37 445	-\$41 972	-\$46.067	-\$50.087	-\$54 032	-157 505	-\$61 707	-\$65.441	-\$69 108	-\$72 709
Replacement Power Cost	50 04816	\$0.04562	\$0 04207	\$0 03857	\$0.03512	\$0 03176	\$0 02846	\$0 02500	\$0.02141	\$0.01781	50 01420	\$0.01056	\$2,00690	\$0,00324	-10 00046	-\$0.00418	-\$0 00791	-\$0 01144	-\$0 01500	-50 01655	-\$0 02200	-\$0 02503	·\$0.02768	-50 03077	\$0 03369	-\$3 02654	50 03564	50 04267	\$0.04573	50 04884
15 Year Average ES Rate Impact (SAWn)	\$0,00874																													
Bushar Costs																														
Basbar Cost (S/MWh)	\$140 68	\$140.70	\$139.50	\$138.44	\$137.52	\$136.71	\$136.03	\$135 47	\$134.99	\$134 56	\$134 18	\$133.85	\$133.57	\$133 34	\$133.17	\$133.05	5132 58	\$132.58	\$133.03	\$133.14	\$133 52	\$134.38	\$135.51	\$136.71	\$137 97	\$139.31	\$140.71	\$142.19	\$143.75	\$145.38
Busbar Cost (SAWh)	\$0,14096	\$0 14070	50 13950	50 13844	\$0 13752	50 13671	\$0 13603	\$0 12547	50 13459	50 13456	\$0 1341a	\$0 13385	\$0 13357	\$0 13334	\$2 13317	\$0 13305	50 13298	50 13298	\$0 13303	50 13314	50 13352	50 13435	\$0 12551	\$0 13671	50 13757	\$0 13931	\$0 14071	50 14219	\$0 14375	\$0.14538
Bestar Cost (cents/kWh)	14 096	14 070	13 550	13.844	13 752	13 671	13 603	13 547	13 499	13 456	13 416	13 385	13 357	13 334	13 317	13 305	13 298	13 295	13 303	13 314	13 352	13 438	13 551	13 671	13 797	13 931	14 071	14 219	14 375	14 538
Capacity Costs																														
Cost per kW including Kel (S/kW)	\$1 062 05	\$1,059,96	\$1.050.96	\$1 042 98	\$1 035 99	\$1.029.95	\$1 074 67	\$1,020,56	\$1.016.94	\$1.013.72	\$1.010.66	\$1.004.37	\$1,006,26	\$1.004.55	\$3.003.23	\$1 002 32	\$1.001 B4	\$1.001.79	\$1.007.17	\$1 003.01	\$1.005.88	\$1.017.15	51 020 87	\$1,029,90	\$1.039.43	\$1.049.49	\$1.060.09	\$1.021.74	\$1,082,64	\$1.055.24
Cost per KW included for and revenue of sets (\$4W)	\$362.83	\$343.72	\$316.95	\$290.56	\$264.60	\$739.77	\$214.30	\$154.36	\$161.30	\$134.15	\$105.94	\$79.46	\$51.58	\$24.39	(\$3.44)	1533 511	1558.571	1556 165	(\$117.07)	15140.011	15165 740	15186 515	15210.031	15711 241	(\$253.70)	18726.061	15703-611	15221 42	15344 521	15367 671
																(007.01)	(*******	1900 100	(11)(12)	(11-001)	10103111	(2100.00)	(2110.02)		(010010)	(31.000)	(0110 01)	(332) 40	(3344 32)	(000, 01)
Fixed and Vallable Costs																														
Variable Cost (S/MWh)	\$57.16	\$54.59	\$20.05	551.55	\$63.10	\$64.67	\$65.79	\$67.55	\$25.65	\$71.19	\$73.17	\$75.00	\$76.66	\$76.00	500.77	\$82.29	544.45	\$26.04	640.15	501.74	\$53.67	506.03	555.41	\$100.87	\$103.39	\$105.68	\$109.63	6111.14	1111 11	6110.00
Fand Cost (\$AW)	\$631.44	\$616.56	\$559 51	\$579 23	\$560.65	\$542.72	\$525.41	5508 66	\$492.24	\$475.90	\$459.60	\$443.33	\$427.19	5410-90	\$254.74	\$378.63	\$357.55	\$346.51	\$310.52	\$314.57	\$100.22	\$289.05	\$229.49	1269.98	\$769.51	\$251.10	\$741 74	\$212.41	\$223.12	\$213.97
																	0.02.03	4040 D1	ann 25			420303	******	areg 20	4100 31	424110	444174	acad 43	+cc3 11	3213 9/
Level 2 and Values	Levelized 2012-2041	NPV	Cost per kW	Cost per kWh																										
2012 Gross Revenue Requirement (including fuel, no offsets)	\$446,300,900	\$3,659,284,231	\$1 012 12	\$0.0514																										
2012 Net Revenue Requirement (including fuel and revenue offsets)	\$72 075 801	\$823,133,689	\$165.65	50 0083																										
Busbar \$/MWh (grass revenue requirements including fuel)	\$137.00	51 164 45																												

New Regulated Fluxozed Bed Coal Plans





# Net Revenue Requirements vs Market Energy Purchases



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Chart 2

# **Revenue Requirements and Revenue Sources**



Public Service of New Hampshire

Fluidized Bed Coal Owner Dispatch Costs 
 add/Cess
 10:57 + stoumes tame at Marinaux

 45% - extrumes tame at Marinaux
 45% - extrumes tame at Marinaux

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis Call IDCC pg 29
 20

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis Call IDCC pg 29
 20

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis Call IDCC pg 29
 20

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis Call IDCC pg 29
 20

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis
 12

 0000 - per ID-18 Extrame Analysis
 12
 Heat Rate (Btu/kWh) Size (MW) Equipment Availability (56) SO, Emissions (Ibs/hm8bt OC, Emissions (Ibs/hm8bt Output (MWh) 3 2014 4 2015 5 2016 6 2017 7 2018 8 2019 9 2020 10 2021 11 2022 12 2023 13 2024 14 2025 15 2026 16 2027 17 2028 18 2029 19 2030 20 2031 21 2032 22 2033 24 2035 25 2036 26 2037 27 2038 23 2034 28 2039 29 2040 31 2042 30 2041 1 22 1 25 1 28 1 31 1 35 Variable O&M (\$/MWh) 1.105 1 38 1.41 1.45 1.49 1 52 1.56 1 60 1 64 1.68 1 72 1 77 1.81 1 86 1 90 1 95 2.00 2 05 2 10 2 21 2 32 2 15 2 26 2 38 2.44 2.50 2.56 Fuel (S/mmbtu) Fuel (S/MWh) Fuel Cost 4.77 48.32 157,437,732 4.89 49.53 161.373.675 5.01 50.77 165,408.017 5.14 52.03 169,543,218 5.27 53.34 173,781.798 5.40 54.67 178.126.343 5 53 56 04 182,579,502 6.26 63.40 206.571,948 5.67 57.44 187,143,989 5.81 58.87 191.822.589 5.96 60.34 196.618.154 6 11 61 85 201.533,608 6 42 64 95 211,736,246 6 58 66 61 217.029,653 6 74 68 27 222 455 394 6.91 69.98 228.016.779 8.01 81 16 264 429,558 8.21 83.19 271.040.296 7.08 71.73 233.717.198 7 26 73.52 239,560.128 7 44 75 36 245 549 131 7 63 77 25 251.687.860 7 82 79 18 257,950,056 8.42 85.26 277.816.304 8.63 87.40 284.761.711 8 85 89 58 291,880,754 9.07 91.82 299 177 773 9.29 94.12 306,657.217 9.53 96.47 314.323,648 9.77 95.88 322.181.739 10.01 101 35 330,236,263 SO, (Siton) SO, (S/MWh SO, Cost 565 70 0.09 279,967 579.85 0.09 286.966 594 34 0.09 294.141 609 20 0.09 301.494 624.43 0.09 309.031 640.04 0.10 316.757 656 04 0.10 324.676 672.44 0.10 332,793 669.26 0.10 341.113 706.49 0.11 349,641 724.15 0.11 358.382 742 25 0.11 367 341 760 81 0 12 376 525 779.83 0.12 385.938 799.33 0.12 395.586 819.31 0.12 405,476 839 79 0 13 415,613 882 31 0 13 436,653 904.36 0.14 447,570 926.97 0.14 458,759 950 15 0.14 470,228 973.90 0 15 481.964 998 25 0 15 494,033 1.023.20 0.16 506.384 860.79 0.13 426.003 1 048 78 0 16 519,044 1.075.00 0.16 532.020 1 101 88 0 17 545,320 1 129.43 0.17 558.953 1.157.06 0.18 572.927 1 186.60 0 18 587 250 1,886.06 0 10 311 137 NOx (\$4an) NOx (\$4MWh NOx Cast 1.933.21 0.10 318.915 1.981 54 0.10 326,888 2,031.08 0.10 335,060 2.081 85 0.11 343.437 2.133.90 0.11 352.023 2 187 25 0 11 360.823 2,241 93 0 11 369,844 2.297 98 0.12 379,090 2.355 43 0.12 388,567 2.414.31 0.12 398.282 2.474.67 0 13 408.239 2,536 54 0 13 418,445 2 599.95 0 13 428.906 2,664.95 0.13 439,628 2,731 57 0 14 450,619 2,799,86 0,14 461,884 2.869.86 0.15 473,432 2,941 61 0 15 485,267 3.015.15 0.15 497.399 3,090.52 0.16 509,834 3,167 79 0.16 522,580 3.246.98 0.16 535,644 3.328 16 0.17 549.036 3.411 36 0 17 562.761 3 496 65 0 18 576 830 3,584.06 0.18 591.251 3,673.66 0.19 606,032 3,765.50 0.19 621.183 3.956 13 0.20 652.631 3,859.64 0.20 636.713 7 00 7 18 7 44 7 63 24,250,122 24,856,375 9.69 10 14 10.52 10 78 34 264 788 35 121 408 10.65 10.92 11.19 11.47 11.76 11.32 11.61 11.50 12.20 12.50 39.899.429 37.821.914 38.767.462 39.736.649 40.730.065 CO; (\$/tan) CO; (\$/MWh) CO; Cost 7 35 7 82 25 477,785 7 54 8.01 26,114.729 7 73 8.22 26,767 597 7 92 8 42 27,436,787 8 12 8.63 28.122.707 8.32 8.85 28,825,775 8.53 9.07 29.546.419 8 74 8.96 9 29 9.53 30,285,080 31,042,207 9.18 9.41 9.65 9.77 10.01 10.26 31.818.262 32.613.718 33.429.061 10.39 11.05 35,999,443 12.05 12.81 41.748.317 12 35 13 13 42 792.025 12 66 12 98 13 46 13 80 43 861 825 44 958 371 13.30 14.14 46,082,330 13.63 13.56 14.50 14.86 47.234.388 48.415.248 14 32 15 23 49,625,629 14.68 15.61 50.866.270

35,100.002 35,977.503 36,876.940 37,798.664 38,743.835 29,712.431 40,705,242 41,722.873 42,765.945 43,835.508 44,930.971 46,054.245 47,205.601 48,385,741 49,595,385 50,835.269 52 106 151

28.808.207 29.528.412 30.266.622 31.023.288 31.798.870 32.593.842 33.408.688 34.243,905

Total Emissions Cost

000581

24.841.226 25.462.257 26.088.813 26.751.284 27.420.066

28,105,567

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## New Regulated Fluidized Bed Coal Plant

Assumptions (Inputs)		(	in service date)	
	2008		2012	
Capital Cost	\$ 1,330,802,500	\$	1,468,956,954	
Size (MW net)			432.5	
Winter Claimed Capability (WCC) (MW)			432.5	
Summer Claimed Capability (SCC) (MW)			432.5	<- same size as Merrimack Station
Unforced Outage Rate			0.0%	
Annual Capacity Factor			86%	
Annual MWH output			3,258,282	
Full Load Avg Heat Rate (MMBtu/MWh)			10.1	
Variable O&M (\$/MWh)	\$ 1.105	\$	1.22	
Annual Variable O&M	\$ 3,600,402	\$	3,974,170	
Fixed O&M (\$/kW)		\$	44.84	<- per EPRI Technical Gas Assessment Guide, pg. 5-19
Annual Fixed O&M		\$	19,393,300	
Book Life of Plant (in years)			30	
Property Taxes on net beginning plant (per \$1,000)	2.50%		3.04%	
Materials Inventory	\$ -	\$	-	
Average annual escalation rates:				
Capital	2.50%			
O&M	2.50%			
Property Tax annual inflator	5.00%			
Price Inflator	2.50%			Used to inflate FCM
Fuel	2.50%			
SO2/Nox Emissions	2.50%			

Non-Inguist Future Bat Casificat Annual Statute Bat Casificat Annual Statute Bat Statute Bat Statute Annual Statute Bat Statute Bat Statute	2012																															Data Re Datec F	equest TC-03 : 08/24/2012 Q-TC-011 Attachment 2 age 17 of 21
Arrial CIM Cast, Varial o SM Caster-shot Property Texes So, Ensume CO, Fensume CO, Fensume	22	1 3 3974 179 5 5 3 3974 179 5 5 19 303 300 5 5 48 965 222 5 5 44 605 522 5 5 311 127 5 5 311 127 5 5 342 60 122 5 5 141 872 687 5	2 2013 4 073 5,4 5 12 075 133 5 45 967 133 5 280 966 5 318 915 5 318 915 5 343 969 375 5 143 666 877 5 1	3 2214 4.175.362 £ 20.375.066 £ 44.945.322 £ 234.441 £ 234.441 £ 254.77.765 £ 143.359.009 £	4 2015 4 279 246 1 20 684 473 1 41 965 222 1 42 193 360 1 331 434 1 335 680 1 355 680 1 355 680 1 143 063 765 1 143 063 765 1	5 2018 4 336 743 4 21 406 575 5 40 96 522 1 40 96 522 1 30 96 315 5 343 437 5 343 437 5 26 707 507 5 42 799 337 5	6 2017 4.496 428 5 21.941 739 5 49.965 232 5 39.056 309 5 316.747 5 3552 123 5 3552 123 5 142.567 336 5	7 2018 4 608 816 5 27 480 262 5 27 480 262 5 27 430 054 5 2.4 676 5 2.4 676 5 2.4 676 5 2.4 676 5 2.4 676 5 1.4 2 68 593 5 1.4 2 68 595 5 1.4 2 6	0 2019 4 724 039 1 23.052 539 5 45.965 539 5 35.935 718 5 35.935 718 5 35.934 5 36.944 5 36.93715 5 142.203 940 5	9 4 842 443 4 25 828 653 4 44 945 532 4 34 915 522 4 34 915 522 4 34 915 52 273 690 4 29 544 419 4 14 2 914 229 4	10 2021 4 962 193 8 24 219 574 5 25 809 647 5 20 564 5 20 565 5 20 56	11 2022 5 087 273 1 24 825 094 2 45 965 222 1 31 246 711 5 356 322 2 31 245 247 5 31 245 247 5 31 245 247 5 31 245 247 5	12 2023 5.74.455 25.445.600 48.905.252 29.654.276 40.0239 5.741.45 40.0239 5.741.45 40.0239 5.741.455 10.751.741 5.741.455 10.751.745 10.751.745 10.751.745 10.751.745 10.751.745 10.751.745 10.751.755 10.751.755 10.755.755.755 10.755.755.755 10.755.755.755 10.755.755.755 10.755.755 10.755.755.75	13 2024 5 344 816 26 681 832 48 965 232 28 122 683 386 525 418 445 22 432 718 141 902 808	14 2025 5 5476 437 6 4 8 965 232 8 4 8 965 232 8 3 355 238 8 4 28 966 1 4 28 966 1 5 34 593 705 8 4 28 966 1 5 34 593 155 8 1 41 961 155 8 1 41 96	16 2020 5.515.330 44.905.322 34.937.369 335.516 4.30.528 4.236.788 5.224.788 1.244.788 1.244.7888 1.244.78888 1.244.78888 1.244.78888 1.244.78888 1.244.788888 1.244.788888 1.244.7888888888 1.244.78888888888888888888888888888888888	54 2007 5.755.763.5 24.067.261.5 23.425.023.5 23.425.023.5 4.05.476.5 4.50.619.5 25.121.455.5 142.220.851.5 5.755.763.5 5.755.775.775.775.775.5 5.755.775.775.775.775.775.775.775.775.7	17 2028 5 889 677 5 28 895 522 5 21 832 686 5 415 613 5 451 884 5 25 299 443 5 142 494 892 5	18 2020 5 047 169 5 20 509 199 5 44 925 233 5 20 310 362 5 4 26 053 5 20 310 362 5 4 26 054 23 5 142 520 525 5	19 2030 0 155 348 8 48 965 332 8 48 965 332 8 48 965 332 8 446 653 8 465 357 8 37 421 984 8 142 992 372 8	20 2031 6 353 357 [ 17 003 163 44 965 232 [ 17 365 691 ] 447 576 ] 447 576 ] 447 576 ] 143 219 764 ]	21 2022 0.512.140 [ 31.778.100 [ 48.952.32 ] 15.02.956 ] 45.759 ] 209.434 ] 15.02.956 ] 142.514.140 ]	22 2133 6.674 943 5 22.572 635 5 44.695 522 5 44.625 522 5 44.728 6 5.225 50 44.728 005 5 44.729 005 5 44.739 005 5	23 2024 6 641 852 5 44 965 232 5 44 965 232 5 481 964 5 481 964 5 481 964 5 41 741 357 5 744 458 629 5	24 2035 7 013 052 5 40 065 232 5 13 936 343 5 40 24 033 5 44 20 035 5 44 20 035 5 144 271 161 5	26 2026 7 1100 104 5 35 617 145 5 9 374 613 5 9 374 613 5 5 06 384 8 5 06 386 8 5 06 8 5	24 2017 7 367 884 4 35 954 894 4 44 995 222 3 7 411 678 2 519 444 4 516 820 5 44 958 371 5 146 553 527 5	27 2039 7 552 586 8 26 852 246 8 48 965 232 8 5 349 342 8 5 34 349 342 8 5 34 351 8 49 65 231 8 5 34 551 8 49 65 231 8 49 65 231 8 49 65 231 8 49 65 231 8 5 34 55 25 8 5	28 2039 7742 888 1 3774 270 1 4695 507 1 545 507 1 545 507 1 4774 288 1 107532 138 1	28 2052 7 534.416 1 38 718 6.27 1 45 505 7.22 1 5 124.671 1 5 558 56.3 1 6 21 183 1 6 21 183 1 148 338 334 1	30 2011 1.13,755 4.95533 1.55336 1.55356 1.55356 1.55356 1.55356 1.55356 1.55356 1.55356 1	31 2042 5-336 099 42 672 757 567 259 567 259 569 666 275 569 666 275	
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14           44 956 150         1 1           24 136 735         1 1           3 179 930         1           5 179 930         1 <t< td=""><td>488 956 364 \$ 1 233 751 251 \$ 175 165 564 \$ 3 275 458 \$ 01 232 1750 \$ 007 132 102 \$ 126 918 659 \$ 126 918 659 \$ 124 761 274 \$</td><td>1468 950 954 8 342 746 653 8 1756 200 352 8 3 343 985 8 169 854 814) 8 1629 736 562 8 1608 344 692 8 110 766 116 200 572 8</td><td>1 468 256 954 4 291 721 856 4 1077 235 156 4 1077 235 156 4 104 313 413 1 964 346 257 4 102 91 355 4 102 96 112 943 257 4</td><td>1 468 956 954 440,687 006 1 0.24 248 960 3 516 122 40,943 459 1 0.24 243 459 829 246 532 916 516 369 1 0.276 10 0.76 10 0.76</td><td>1 409 959 954 \$ 419 652 310 \$ 953 304 626 \$ 108 608 0410 \$ 844 234 472 \$ 901 700 502 \$ 11 63% 29 834 646 \$</td><td>1 468 956 954 5 528 617 550 5 200 339 434 5 (114 648 696) 5 619 179 131 5 846 766 602 1 11 07% 3 33 739 642 5</td><td>1 468 956 954 597 592 782 891 374 173 1 780 976 1 1 1 2 2 676 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td><td>1468 505 554 636 548 614 832 459 544 127 262 7321 769 683 727 716 685 727 11 67% 21 542 773</td><td>1         468         956         954         4           1         665         513         245         4           2         732         433         750         5           3         971         261         5         5           4         152         423         777         313)         5           4         156         627         777         5         6           5         454         627         777         5         6           6         156         252         5         5         16           6         75         457         5         1         5</td><td>1 468,356,354 7,4,479,477 1,4,479,477 4 0,70,666 (139,517,269) 598,991,774 6,2,514,776 11,67% 63,361,549 1</td><td>1468.956.964 \$ 783.443.709 \$ 665.513.245 \$ (145.513.145 \$ (145.731.965) \$ 541.953.728 \$ 541.953.728 \$ 11.07% \$ 11.07% \$ 12.07% \$ }</td><td>1408 956 954 037 408 941 036 518 944 4 216 743 4 08 912 751 516 433 349 11576 11576 11576 11576 11776</td><td>1 468 956 954 \$ 61 374 178 \$ 587 562 782 \$ 4 392 662 \$ 158 086 567 \$ 4 32 878 857 \$ 413 398 354 \$ 110 7% \$ 51 087 257 \$</td><td>1400 956 954 \$ 150 857 550 \$ 164 265 640 \$ 376 644 151 \$ 376 644 151 \$ 400 352 009 \$ 11076 44 955 862 \$</td><td>1.440.956.954 \$ 973.304.636 \$ 440.652.318 \$ 440.6535 \$ (170.441.223) \$ 323.816.060 \$ 351.303.420 \$ 11.034, 238.839.646 \$</td><td>1408 916 914 \$ 1028 249 848 \$ 443 647 648 \$ 47,0 7,4 \$ (164 405 356) \$ 201 002 456 \$ 302 409 547 \$ 11076, 334738 \$</td><td>1428 956 954 1 1 1477 225 150 1 391 77 125 150 1 1410 153 5661 1 250 417 621 1 215 744 743 1 11 076 294 85 214 1</td><td>400 550 554 8 1 120 200 332 8 1 342 756 623 8 4 559 711 8 210 814 558 8 210 814 558 8 110 786 10 629 153 8</td><td>400 996 994 8 115 105 564 8 203 731 291 8 5 062 734 9 108 643 5963 8 108 643 5963 8 204 519 833 8 11 01% 22 643 423 8</td><td>1 468 556 554 8 1 204 130 755 8 244 826 159 8 (31 256 756 8 (31 256 756 8 173 531 354 8 11 676 12 756 632 8</td><td>1.448.509.954 \$ 1.273.096.6.7 \$ 1.36.869.0.7 \$ 7.344.086 \$ 1.73.146.4061 \$ 1.29.055.589 1.43.347.174 \$ 1.43.347.174 \$ 1.5.009.600 \$</td><td>1 468 956 954 1 322 661 259 1 322 661 259 1 322 661 259 5 474 593 (5 4 894 615) 97 475 673 11 2 705 621 11 2 705 621 1 32 465 421 5 4 64 421 5 4 6 64 421 5 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6</td><td>1 468 956 954 \$ 1 371 626 431 \$ 97 932 484 \$ 5 61 1458 \$ 146 642 8251 \$ 42 187 385 \$ 11 076 \$ 9 099 978 \$</td><td>1462 955 954 8 1413 991 733 8 48 995 533 8 5161 744 8 36 325 541 8 51 612 113 8 11 67% 51 642 9</td><td>1400.960.954 \$ 1400.960.954 \$ 1109.945 \$ 1.109.945 \$ 2.941.117 \$ 1.107.6 2.229.405 \$</td><td>6 042 928 1 28 245 5 963 681 5 829 581 1 1 62% 645 439</td><td></td></t<>	488 956 364 \$ 1 233 751 251 \$ 175 165 564 \$ 3 275 458 \$ 01 232 1750 \$ 007 132 102 \$ 126 918 659 \$ 126 918 659 \$ 124 761 274 \$	1468 950 954 8 342 746 653 8 1756 200 352 8 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     777         313)         5           4         156         627         777         5         6           5         454         627         777         5         6           6         156         252         5         5         16           6         75         457         5         1         5	1 468,356,354 7,4,479,477 1,4,479,477 4 0,70,666 (139,517,269) 598,991,774 6,2,514,776 11,67% 63,361,549 1	1468.956.964 \$ 783.443.709 \$ 665.513.245 \$ (145.513.145 \$ (145.731.965) \$ 541.953.728 \$ 541.953.728 \$ 11.07% \$ 11.07% \$ 12.07% \$ }	1408 956 954 037 408 941 036 518 944 4 216 743 4 08 912 751 516 433 349 11576 11576 11576 11576 11776	1 468 956 954 \$ 61 374 178 \$ 587 562 782 \$ 4 392 662 \$ 158 086 567 \$ 4 32 878 857 \$ 413 398 354 \$ 110 7% \$ 51 087 257 \$	1400 956 954 \$ 150 857 550 \$ 164 265 640 \$ 376 644 151 \$ 376 644 151 \$ 400 352 009 \$ 11076 44 955 862 \$	1.440.956.954 \$ 973.304.636 \$ 440.652.318 \$ 440.6535 \$ (170.441.223) \$ 323.816.060 \$ 351.303.420 \$ 11.034, 238.839.646 \$	1408 916 914 \$ 1028 249 848 \$ 443 647 648 \$ 47,0 7,4 \$ (164 405 356) \$ 201 002 456 \$ 302 409 547 \$ 11076, 334738 \$	1428 956 954 1 1 1477 225 150 1 391 77 125 150 1 1410 153 5661 1 250 417 621 1 215 744 743 1 11 076 294 85 214 1	400 550 554 8 1 120 200 332 8 1 342 756 623 8 4 559 711 8 210 814 558 8 210 814 558 8 110 786 10 629 153 8	400 996 994 8 115 105 564 8 203 731 291 8 5 062 734 9 108 643 5963 8 108 643 5963 8 204 519 833 8 11 01% 22 643 423 8	1 468 556 554 8 1 204 130 755 8 244 826 159 8 (31 256 756 8 (31 256 756 8 173 531 354 8 11 676 12 756 632 8	1.448.509.954 \$ 1.273.096.6.7 \$ 1.36.869.0.7 \$ 7.344.086 \$ 1.73.146.4061 \$ 1.29.055.589 1.43.347.174 \$ 1.43.347.174 \$ 1.5.009.600 \$	1 468 956 954 1 322 661 259 1 322 661 259 1 322 661 259 5 474 593 (5 4 894 615) 97 475 673 11 2 705 621 11 2 705 621 1 32 465 421 5 4 64 421 5 4 6 64 421 5 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 468 956 954 \$ 1 371 626 431 \$ 97 932 484 \$ 5 61 1458 \$ 146 642 8251 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Total Revenue Requirement (w/o fuel Before revenue offsets)		\$ 301,915,016 \$	297,061,103 \$ 2	299,130,030 \$	201,545,000 \$ 2	74,205,707 \$ 3	267,320,710 \$	260,655,165 \$	254,247,197 \$	248.003.519 \$	241,914,390 \$	235,662,192 \$	229,547,879 \$	223,472,397	\$ 217,435,600 \$	211,441,775 \$	205,400,600 5	199,578,415 5	193,712,003 \$	187,890,773 \$	162,115,610 \$	177,063,960 \$	173,412,916 \$	170,487,781 \$	167.613.563 \$	164,791,595 \$	162,023.126 \$	169,309,608 \$	156,652,116 \$	154,062,354 \$	151,511,666 \$	01,766,437	
Annual MWH estaut Fuer Cest		3 258 282 197,437 732	3 258 282 161 373 675 1	3 255 262	3 258 292 199 543 218 1	3 254 282 73 781 798	3 258 282	3 258 292 182 575 502	3 216 252	3 258 262	3 258 282	3 258 282	3 255 282 205 205 205 571 548	3 254 282	3 258 282	3 254 282	3.216.282	2 258 282	3 258 282 239 560 128	3 254 282	3 258 242	3 255 242	3 258 282	3 258 282	3 258 202	3 256 262	3 258 282	3 258 282	3 259 282	2.55.242	1.58202	3 259 292	
Offseting Revenue 2 may Mant Bredt Al Youn Merice (Amni Emeric Makik Revenue 5 mil Catti Vanako Vata Contro Makik Brieft		507.02 5 203.537.043 5 5 157.447.732 5 5 3.074.170 5 5 122.125.101 5	\$10.20 200.525.426 \$ . 301.373.455 \$ . 4.072.524 \$ 1.25.176.229 \$ .	\$91.43 297.031.064 \$ 165.428.017 \$ 4.175.362 \$ 120.327.604 \$	505 71 205 338 340 4 3 169 543 218 4 1 4 273 746 4 131 515 376 4 1	\$96.05 12.971.739 \$ 1 73.781.738 \$ 1 4.384.745 \$ 34.803.261 \$ 1	\$90.45 320.796.094 \$ 178.106.843 \$ 4.496.445 \$ 138.173.342 \$	\$100.92 228.815.995 \$ 182.672.502 \$ 4.695.815 \$ 141.627.676 \$	\$100.44 337.535.336 \$ 187.143.309 \$ 4.734.039 \$ 145.563.368 \$	\$105.05 345.462.305 191.922.509 4.842.140 148.297.577 \$	1000.602 254.028.804 \$ 156.018.104 \$ 4.963.1133 \$ 152.517.517 \$	\$111.39 362.951.335 201.533.605 5.647.273 156.330.454 \$	\$114.36 372.025.119 204.571.944 5.044.455 360.228.716 \$	\$117.62 281.325.747 211.736.246 5.344.816 164.244.694	\$119.96 \$200.658.600 \$ \$717.629.658 \$ \$.478.437 \$ \$156.550.601 \$ \$156.550.601 \$	\$122.96 400.630.362 \$ 222.456.338 \$ 122.656.338 \$ 122.555.9571 \$	\$126.00 432.646.122 \$ 228.016.725 \$ 5.765.725 \$ 176.073.540 \$	\$139.14 420.912.275 233.717.198 5.199.677 101.295.389	\$100.41 431.435.001 4 239.500.120 \$ 6.047.140 \$ 515.027.754 \$	\$135.72 442.229.953 \$ 25549.101 \$ 6.121.343 \$ 150.433.479 \$	\$139.13 453.276.482 \$ 251.667.063 \$ 6.353.357 \$ 106.336.346 \$	1142.56 464.608.334 5 277.560.056 5 6.512.140 5 200.116.199 5	\$148.56 476.223.654 264.429.558 6.674.943 265.179.524 4	\$149.41 400.129.194 \$ 271.949.295 \$ 6.641.817 \$ 250.141.041 \$	5153 56 500 332 424 5 277 816 304 5 7 512 662 5 295 663 48	\$157.40 512.640.735 \$ 264.761.711 \$ 7.166.764 \$ 2.112.640.840 \$	\$161.03 \$25.061.153 \$231.000.754 5.322.061.4 5.322.061.4 \$254.061.4 \$254.061.4	\$145.36 536.86.3.287 \$ 299.171.773 \$ 7.56.2.66 \$	\$169.50 552.23.330 \$ 365.657.217 \$ 2,743.836 \$ 557.245.56 \$	- \$123.34 565.060.214 314.323.448 7.934.410 4.94.41004444444444444444444444444444444	\$176.00 536.002.219 \$ 1 302.760.789 \$ 1 6.022.770 \$	\$162.15 (24.728.025 (20.26.253 (2.36.05)	
rtiù NE Manist Eliminati i gapi, fy Mohiel Rufe i (Rivor Moji Fernizo C. gazza) Mahiel Rivertus Tutar (DCHE Mahiel Rivertus		1 3 64 1 1 1 8 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	3 43 \$ 19,151,100 \$ 19,151,100 \$	3.17 \$ 12.546.300 \$ 19.586.300 \$	3.87 \$ 29.085,330 \$ 29.085,330 \$	3 94 \$ 20 854 200 \$ 20 854 200 \$	4.56 \$ 21.175.250 \$ 21.175.200 \$	4 18 \$ 21.694.200 \$ 21.694.200 \$	4 41 \$ 22.857.900 \$ 22.857.900 \$	4 74 5 24 600 400 5 24 600 400 5	547 \$ 26,313,200 \$ 26,313,200 \$	5.39 1 27.974.590 1 27.974.100 1	5.72 S 29.686.500 S 29.686.500 S	6 05 31 388 500 31 389 500	6 J7 6 33.009.200 6 33.009.200 6	6 79 1 34,772 990 1 34 773 990 1	7 63 5 36 485 700 5 36 485 700 5	7.35 1 38.146.500 1 38.146.500 1	7 50 5 35,100,163 5 32 507 163 5	122 4 40.017.657 5 42.077.657 5	7.92 \$ 41.079.608 \$ 41.079.608 \$	4 11 5 42 105 596 5 42 105 598 5	43.159.253 \$ 43.159.253 \$ 43.159.263 \$	44.238.245 \$ 44.238.245 \$	8.74 \$ 45.344.201 \$ 45.344.201 \$	6.96 1 46.477.806 1 46.477.806 1	9.18 5 47.639.751 5 47.639.751 5	5-41 \$ 48.800.745 \$ 48.800.745 \$	964 \$ 59651514 \$ 59051514 \$	548 ( 0.303402 ) 31302302 ]	10.13 4 52.565372 4 52.565372 4	30.33 53.500.000 13.500.000	
Tell Research Registerment (wis fuel before revenue offsets) Faul Call Tell Research Registerment (without) Energy Manufacturing ISO FCM Credes Tell INR Revenue Requirement (offset and Energy Revenue and ISO credits)		5         301,915,016         5           \$         157,437,722         \$           \$         419,352,747         \$           \$         283,527,603         \$           \$         18,691,600         \$           \$         16,924,743         \$	297.061,163 \$ 2 101.373.675 \$ 1 453.434.775 \$ 2 290.625.428 \$ 2 10.151.100 \$ 143.650.250 \$ 1	209,130,030 \$ 105,458,017 \$ 454,538,015 \$ 297,831,084 \$ 19,566,200 \$ 137,010,692 \$	201,645,000 \$ 2 169,543,218 \$ 1 451,000,105 \$ 4 305,328,340 \$ 3 20,085,300 \$ 125,005,465 \$ 1	74.205.707 \$ 2 73.701.736 \$ 1 41.007.545 \$ 4 12.971.739 \$ 2 20.654.200 \$ 14.439.500 \$ 1	267.328,710 \$ 178.128.343 \$ 445.455.013 \$ 228.798.094 \$ 13.175.200 \$ 103.443.759 \$	240,666,166 \$ 152,475,502 \$ 443,224,006 \$ 328,315,506 \$ 31,604,200 \$ 52,724,470 \$	264.247.197 \$ 197.143.309 \$ 441.301.106 \$ 337.026.326 \$ 22.987.300 \$ 81.466.030 \$	246,003,619 \$ 191,822,589 \$ 435,826,596 \$ 345,462,306 \$ 24,600,600 \$ 63,763,202 \$	241,814,300 6 136,616,154 5 438,432,534 5 354,098,864 5 26,313,300 5 56,628,275 5	236,662,192 8 201 533,008 8 427 555 800 8 362 951 235 8 27 974 100 8 46 270 265 8	229,547,879 5 206,571,943 5 435,119,827 5 372,925,119 5 23,606,630 5 34,437,908 5	223,472,387 211,736,346 4.95,208,834 381,325,747 31,259,500 22,413,367	\$ 217,436,600 \$ 217,029,653 \$ 4,24,406,240 \$ 200,553,800 \$ 200,553,800 \$ 230,007,300 \$ 10,547,150 \$	211,441,775 \$ 227,455,334 \$ 403,307,149 \$ 400,630,342 \$ 34,773,000 \$ (1,500,594) \$	205.499,669 \$ 208.016.779 \$ 432.505.446 \$ 430.646.122 \$ 36.465.700 \$ (13.626.374) \$	199,578,415 5 233,717,198 5 433,295,613 5 420,912,275 5 36,140,500 5 1,05,763,1621 5	103,712,003 \$ 229,960,128 \$ 423,272,212 \$ 431,425,001 \$ 39,109,103 \$ (27,262,002) \$	147,090,773 \$ 145,543 151 \$ 43,1,439 995 \$ 44,2,2,0,958 \$ 44,527,657 \$ 142,056 7501 \$	102,115,610 \$ 251,667,860 \$ 422,808,819 \$ 453,276,482 \$ 41,619,608 \$ e60,512,6215 \$	177,063,060 \$ 257,060,056 \$ 435,044,036 \$ 444,608,534 \$ 421,650,534 \$ (21,679,277,1 \$	173,412,916 \$ 264,429,958 \$ 427,642,414 \$ 476,223,604 \$ 43,119,223 \$ 61,169,234 \$	170,407,701 5 271 049 295 5 441 526 078 5 406 129 134 5 44 238 245 5 190 639 2021 5	167,613,643 \$ 277 816 304 \$ 445,423,067 \$ 500 332,424 \$ 45,544,201 \$ 100 248,7385 \$	164,791,696 \$ 204,761,711 \$ 443,553,200 \$ 512,842,735 \$ 46,477,806 \$ (109,765,222) \$	142,023,125 \$ 291,000,754 \$ 410,003,875 \$ 525,661,753 \$ 47,629,751 \$ 110,007,625 \$	159.309.509 \$ 259.177.773 \$ 459.487.201 \$ 529.903.297 \$ 48.820.745 \$ (125.146.761) \$	156,652 116 5 206 057 217 5 452 273 269 323 5 552 273 260 5 53 051 514 5 133 051 516 5	154.002,364 5 314.323.448 5 468.276.002 5 568.660.214 5 51.302.402 5 154.302.601 5	161,511,666 6 1 322 101 720 6 2 472 032 401 8 500 232 210 6 1 52 505 372 8	101,766,437 130,236,265 132,002,713 134,738,625 13,960,006 14,625,3124	
2512 Net Present Value of Revenue Requirements	1123 123 189																																
variable Classic (BAWN) K-and Classic (BAW) K-and Classic (BAW) Millio		\$ 57.95 \$ 633.44 \$ 52.62 \$	50.53 \$ 610.50 \$ 51.55 \$	60.00 1 598.51 1 42.65 1	61 56 - \$ 579 23 - \$ 48 27 - \$	63.10 \$ 560.65 \$ 45.71 \$	64.67 \$ 542.72 \$ 45.23 \$	100 20 1 125 41 1 42 78 1	67 16 \$ 500 66 \$ 42 39 \$	69.65 1 492.94 1 41.62 1	71.33 475.90 33.66	13 57 1 459 60 1 38 30 1	15 00 \$ 443 33 \$ 36 34 \$	76.88 427.53 35.59	1 78.60 1 4.10.90 1 34.24 1	10 77 \$ 254 74 \$ 22 90 \$	2 25 23 215 63 3 27 6	64.86 362.55 30.25	00 54 5 145 51 5 15 65 5	89.15 339.32 27.54	91.38 \$ 314.57 \$ 26.11 \$	33.67 \$ 300.22 \$ 25.02 \$	95.01 \$ 293.05 \$ 24.09 \$	9841 \$ 27949 \$ 2329 \$	140.87 \$ 269.56 \$ 22.56 \$	103.20 \$ 200.51 \$ 21.71 \$	105.98 \$ 251.10 \$ 29.53 \$	100.63 \$ 241.74 \$ 20.14 \$	111.34 1 232.43 1 13.37 1	114 13 \$ 223 17 16 63 \$	115 98 1 213 97 1 17 53 1	119.90 96.95 7.96	

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New Regulated Fluidized Bed Coal Mart Revenue Requirements Analysis Assumed in-service date of	2012																															
	1 2812	2 2013	3 2014	4 2015	5 2016	5 2917	7 2018	8 2019	9 2829	10 2021	11 2922	12 2822	13 2824	14 2825	15 2025	16 2827	17 2028	18 2929	19 2020	20 2021	21 2932	22	23 2834	24	25	26 2937	27	28 2839	29	30 2441	31	TOTAL
New Priget: GROOD PLANT ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION NET GROSS PLANT	1408 905 904 48,966 232 1,419,991 723	1,460,956,954 97,930,464 1,371,026,491	1.468.956.954 146.005.695 1.322.061.259	1,468,956,954 195,860,927 1,273,096,027	1,468,956,954 244,826,159 1,224,130,795	1,468,956,954 293,791,391 1 175,165,564	1,468,956,964 342,756,623 1 126,200,332	1,468,956,954 391,721,865 1,877,235,100	1,468,956,954 440,687,006 1,028,269,868	1,468,956,954 489,652,318 979,304,636	1,468,956,954 538,617,550 938,339,404	1,468,956,954 587,582,782 881,374,173	1,468,956,954 636,548,014 832,408,941	1,468,956,954 665,513,245 783,443,709	1,458,956,954 734,478,477 734,478,477	1 468 506 504 783 443 709 685 513 245	1,468,956,954 832,408,941 636,548,014	1 468 956 954 681 374 173 587 582 782	1.468.356.354 930.339.404 538.617.550	1,460,966,954 979,304,636 489,652,318	1,468,956,954 1,828,269,866 440,687,096	1 468.956.954 1.077 235 100 391 721.855	1.468.956.954 1 126.200.332 342.756.623	1,468,956,954 1 175,165,564 293,791,391	1.468.956.954 1.224 130.795 244.826 159	1,468,956,954 1,273,096,027 195,860,927	1,468,956,954 1,322,061,259 146,895,695	1,460,956,954 1,371,026,491 97,930,464	1.468.956.954 1.419.991.723 48.965.232	1,468,956,954 1,468,956,954	1,468,556,554 1,517,922,186 (48,565,232)	
PROJECT BOOK LIFE PROJECT BOOK DEPRECIATION INITE ANNAUAL DEPRECIATION	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48.965,232	30 3.333% 49.965.232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48 565 232	30 3 333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48,965,232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 40 965 232	30 3.333% 48.965,232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48,965 232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 .333% 48.965.232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48.565 232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3.333% 48,965,232	30 3 3333% 48 965,232	30 3.333% 48,965,232	30 3.333% 48,965,232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 40 965,232	30 3.333% 40.965.232	30 3.333% 49.966.232	30 3.333% 48.965.232	30 3 333% 48,965 232	30 3.333% 48.945.232	30 3 333% 48 365 232	30 3 33 3% 48 365 232	
Capital Additions Remaining station life (nyears) DEPRECIATION RATE FOR ADDITION - based on station remaining life	0.000%	29 3.448%	28 3.571%	27 3.764%	26 3.846%	25 4.000%	24 4 167%	23 4 348%	22 4 545%	21 4 762%	20 5.000%	19 5.263%	38 5 556%	17 5.882%	16 6.250%	15 6.667%	14 7 143%	13 7.692%	12 8.333%	11 9.091%	10 10 000%	9	8	7 14 200%	6 16.667%	6 20.000%	4 25 600%	3 31 333%	2 50.000%	100.000%		
	2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 100 111 122 131 131 14 4 15 15 16 16 17 17 19 19 10 132 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2		:	÷																												
Telal Biok Oppresiden for capital accisions Cumulater Capital Additions Accumulated Oppresiden Net Capital Additions		1	i i		i			1												÷									ļ	i		
SUMMARY FOR PLANT GROSS PLANT																																
Initial Investment Cepital Additions	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.460.956.954	1,468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1,460,966,954	1.468.955.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1,468.956.954	1.468,956,954	1,468,916,954	1,460,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.468.956.954	1,468,556,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,955,954	1,458,935,954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1,468,956,954		2,599,751,677
Total Gross Plant	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468.956.954	1,468,955,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.468.956.954	1.468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.468.956.954	1.468.956.954	1,468,996,994	1.468.956.954	1.468.955.954	1.468.956.954	1.468.555.954	1.468.956.954	1,468.956.954	1,468,956,954	1,458,956,954	1,468,956,954	1.468,956.954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954	1,468,956,954		2.599.751.677
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION initial Investment Cashid Additions	48.965.232	97,930,464	146.895.695	195.860.927	244.826.159	293,791.391	342,756,623	391,721,055	440,607,005	409.652.310	538,617,550	567,582,782	636,548,014	665.513.245	734 478 477	783,443,789	832,428,941	661.374.173	930.339.404	979,304,636	1.028.269.868	1.077.235.100	1 126.200.332	1.175.165.564	1.224 130.795	1.273.096.027	1.322.061.259	1.371.026.491	1.419,991 723	1,468,956,954	2	2.719.867.561
Total Accumulated Depreciation	48,965,232	97.930,464	146.895 695	195,860,927	244,826.159	293,791,391	342,756.623	391,721,055	440,687,006	489.652.318	538.617.560	587,582,782	636.548,014	605,513,245	734,478,477	783,443,789	832,428,541	681.374.173	930.339.404	979.304.636	1 028 269 668	1.077,235,100	1 126,200,332	1 175.165.564	1.224 130.795	1.273.096.027	1.322,061,259	1.371.026.491	1,419,991 723	1,468,956,954	2	2.719.867.561
NET PLANT Initial investment	1,419,991,723	1.371,026,491	1.322.061.259	1.273,095,027	1.224.130.735	1 175 165 564	1 126 200.332	1.077 235.100	1.028.269.668	979.304.636	930,339,404	601.374,173	032,409,941	783,443,709	734,478,477	605.513.245	636.548.014	587 582 782	538 617 559	409.652.318	440 597 005	391 721 855	342 756 823	293 741 391	244 876 159	195 863 977	146 835 635	97 939 464	48 965 232			
Capital Additions Total Net Plant	1,419.991 723	1.371.026.491	1.322.061.259	1.273.096.027	1.224.130.755	1.175.165.564	1 126 200 332	1.077.235.100	1.028,259,868	979.354.636	930.339,404	601,374 173	032,400.941	783.443.709	734,478,477	685,513,245	636,548,014	587 582 782	538,617,550	403,652,310	440.687.000	391 721 855	342,756,623	293 791 391	244 826 159	195 860 927	146 895 695	97 930 464	48 965 232			19 879 564 116
Total Depreciation Expense for the year (book)	48.965.232	48.965.232	48.965 232	48.965.232	48.965,232	48,965,232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48.965,232	48,965,232	48.965.232	48.965.232	49.965.232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48,965,232	48 965 232	48,965,232	49.565.232	48.965.232	48,965,232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48 565 232	48.965.232	48.965.232	48.565.232	48.965.232		1.419.591 723

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n Anglana Frankrik (Bell Cuan Puel Roman Anglana Frankrik (Bull Puel Paper Coas Yani Tas Doposition Delemati Sta Oliverna Tas Doposition Tas Doposition Tas Doposition Pierra Tas Doposition Pierra	Project Costs 31.468.564.564	1 2012 5 55.065.005 24.007.10 2.407.11 2.407.11 5 2.407.11 5 56.005.005 5 1.413.871.000 0 0.000%	2 2013 106,040,000 48,065,232 57,078,77 27,278,5 22,696,040,000 106,044,000 106,044,000 106,044,000 106,044,000 51,307,927,066 51,307,927,066	3 2011 49.966.226 49.966.222 49.117.024 337.3765 13.265.201 42.066.201 50.062.255 50.062.255 50.062.255 51.200.744,910 51.200.744,910	4 2815 90.737.471 15.670.62 37.27% 57.67% 80.737.471 6.1775 51.118.007.339 5.1.118.007.339 6.677%	5 2015 81 391511 34 595225 34 595225 37 2056 37 2056 30 20566 30 2056 30 2056 30 2056 30 2056 30 2056 30 2056	6 2017 77,543,575 38,680,222 28,661,43 37,2195, 10,664,423 61,392,179 77,554,375 5,2505, 5,2505, 5,7135,	7 2018 71 802.816 2028/7 304 517 2056 512 6355 512 63555 512 63555 512 63555 512 63555 512 63555 512 63555 512 635555 512 635555 512 635555 512 6355555 512 635555555 512 63555555555555555555555555555555555555	8 2019 64,096,203 57,276% 8,500,500 96,439,203 66,439,203 66,429,203 66,429,203 66,429,204 819,222,604 5 	\$ 2020 65 544 860 86 527 33 279% 61 1002 493 459 65 544 860 66 544 860 64 627 763,677 745 5 4 527%	10 2821 46 550170 31 25% 61 74 58 100 896 202 61 74 58 100 896 040 65 530 170 4.461% 4.461%	11 2822 65.54.650 48.055.222 37.275% 61.576.827 37.275% 65.544.600 65.544.600 65.544.600 65.544.800 4.402%	12 45.50175 44.805.212 5.72% 6.174.58 61.74.58 65.50170 4.461% 5.57.072.546 5.57.072.546 5.57.072.546 5.442%	13 2824 45.544.059 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 37.247 4.467 4.4675 4.4675	14 2823 66.550.170 31.2775 60.2320 31.2775 60.2320 60.2320 60.520.170 4.46175 4.46175 3.446175 4.46255	15 2626 65,544,800 53,847 37,75% 61,100,06 61,102,06 139,567,369 65,544,859 4,462% 300,442,667 5 4,469%	16 2827 66.550.70 \$ 6 48.1656.70 \$ 6 48.1656.70 \$ 37.75.48 45.73.1950 11 66.550.170 \$ 66.550.170 \$ 4.491% 4.495%	17 2828 65,544,869 548,985,222 18,579,625 31,21270 6,100,066 55,101,200 65,544,869 65,544,869 65,544,869 29,377,828 5 4,461%	18 2829 66500.775 5 6 48.966.222 4 15.64 699 1 37.274 4 66.530,170 6 66.530,170 6 66.530,170 6 66.530,170 6 66.530,170 6 4.441%	18 22.2 25.44.859 5 65 37.576.27 10 37.776.4 18.756.45 170 15.54.859 6 35.54.859 6 35.54.859 5 32 4.462%	20 201 1564.50.170 5 3 1966.232 4 1564.596 (1 174.561 ( 0.441.223 16 1530.170 3 1530.170 3 1530.170 3 4.461%	21 202 2,772,450 \$ 8,66,252 48 1572,602; (4) 1572,602; (4) 16,05,607; (1) 4,405,356 144 2,772,430 2,231% (0) \$ 4,461%	22 2800 5 88,066,202 48 86,503,201 48 51,505,307 (48, 51,553,566 127, - - (0) 5 2221%	23 ; 2314 23 046 272 448,9 046 272 448,9 046 2720 (448,6 23 7 776 5 0901,776 109,0	24 : 24 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5	25 1 33.5 23 5065.23 44 9 5065.232 (44 9 5065.232, (44 9 37.739), 112 37.739, 112 37.739, 112 37.739, 112 398,166 73,1	28 822 ; 566 232 ; 48, 65 232 ; (48, 73 29% 251 780) (18, 251 780) (18, 46,406 ; 54, (9) \$	27 238 2 946.5232 48, 966.5232 (46, 73.7295, 251.7300 (18, 894.615 36, 	28 2 5 28 2 5 48,1 665,232 (48,1 665,232 (48,1 7,726) 1 251,780 (18,2 42,825 18,3 (0) 5	29 2 5 5 65.232 48.8 65.232 (48.9 51.750) (11.2 91.035 1 91.035 1 (0) 5	0 3 41 20 56,232 56,232 51,750, 39,245 1: (0) \$	1 12 12705 1270 12705 10
	2345678910112131416167781800222233355572280		c		0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		00000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
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# Public Service of New Hampshire

Calculation of weighted Generation cost of capital

Year	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
1) Capitalization Ratios:						
Common Equity	47.2%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%	48.0%
Long-term Debt	52.8%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%	52.0%
Total Capitalization	100.00%	100.00%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
2) Cost of capitalization:						
Common Equity (net of tax)	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%	9.81%
Cost of Long-term debt (pre-tax)	5.96%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%	6.06%
Effective Tax Rate	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%	40.525%
Cost of Equity (pre-tax)	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%	16.49%
3) Weighted Cost of Capital (pre-tax)						
Cost of Equity	7.79%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%	7.92%
Cost of Long-term debt	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%	3.15%
Total	10.94%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%	11.07%
4) AFUDC Rates						
PSNH Transmission						
AFUDC Debt Rate %	3.25%	4.16%	4.31%	4.13%	3.95%	3.95%
AFUDC Equity Rate %	4.70%	2.82%	3.15%	3.79%	4.44%	4.44%
Total	7.95%	6.98%	7.46%	7.92%	8.39%	8.39%
PSNH Other than Transmission						
AFUDC Debt Rate %	3.67%	4.41%	4.69%	4.05%	3.78%	3.78%
AFUDC Equity Rate %	3.00%	1.76%	1.69%	2.92%	3.50%	3.50%
Total	6.67%	6.17%	6.38%	6.97%	7.28%	7.28%

2008 and 2009 Equity and Debt capitalization rates per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang) 2008 and 2009 Cost of Long-term debt (pre-tax) per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang). AFUDC rates per the 2008 Budget (Mei Yang).

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																												Data Dai	Request ted: 08/2 Q-7 Attach Page 2	TC-03 4/2012 TC-011 ment 2 1 of 21
Chart 1: Total Revenue Requirement where and revenue creats, no energy benefit Total Markel Purchases	1 <u>2012</u> 440.461 147 283 537 003	2 2013 439.263.679 290.625.428	3 <u>2014</u> 434 971 755 297 591 064	4 <u>2015</u> 431 003.805 305 338,340	5 <u>2016</u> 427.411 385 312 975 799	<b>8</b> <u>2017</u> 424 279,853 320,796,094	7 <u>2018</u> 421 540 466 328 815 996	<b>8</b> 2019 418 503 286 337 036 396	9 2020 415,225,508 345,462,306	10 2921 412 119 234 354 098 864	11 2922 409 221 700 362 951 335	12 2023 406 433.027 372 025 119	13 2024 403 609 134 381 325.747	14 <u>2025</u> 401 405 040 300 858 890	15 2028 399 124 169 400 630 362	18 <u>2927</u> 397 019.748 410 646 122	17 <u>2028</u> 395.149.113 420.912.275	18 2029 394.172.049 431.435.081	18 2030 393 362 238 442 220 958	20 <u>2031</u> 392 723 861 453 276 482	21 2032 392 937 417 464 608 394	22 2033 394 683 211 476 223 604	<b>23</b> <u>2024</u> 397 269 833 488 129 194	24 2035 400 085 686 500 332 424	25 2025 403.075.502 512.840.735	<b>26</b> <u>2037</u> 406 264 128 525 661 753	27 2038 409.656.536 538.803.297	28 2033 413:257 819 552 273 380	29 2040 417 073 201 566 080 214	<b>30</b> <u>2041</u> 421 108 032 580 232 219
Chart 2: Total Revenue Requirement w/ fuel before Revenue Credits Forward Capacet, Market Revenue Energy Market Revenue	2012 459.352.747 18.891.600 283.537.003	2013 458,434 779 19 151 100 290 625,428	2014 454 538.055 19 566.300 297 891.064	2015 451 039 105 26 035 300 305 338 340	2018 448 067 585 20 556 200 312 971 799	2017 445 455 053 21.175.200 320.796,094	2018 443.234.666 21.694.200 328.815.936	2019 441 391 186 22 887 900 337 036 396	2020 439 826 108 24 600,600 345 462 306	2021 435,432,534 26,313,300 354,098,864	2022 437, 195 820 27, 974, 100 352, 951, 335	2022 436 119.827 29 686.800 372 025 119	2024 435 208 634 31 399 500 381 325 747	2025 434.466.340 33.060 300 350.858.850	2026 433,897.169 34 773 000 400 630 362	2027 433,505 448 36 485 700 410,646 122	2028 433.295 513 38.146 500 420.912 275	2020 433 272 212 39 100 163 431 435 081	2020 433 439 505 40.077 667 442 220 958	2031 433.803.469 41.079.605 453.276.482	2032 435.044.016 42.106.598 464.603.394	2033 437 842 474 43 169 263 476 223,604	2024 441 528.078 44 238 245 488 129 194	2035 445 429.887 45 344 201 500.332 424	2925 449 553 308 46 477 806 512 840 735	2037 453 903 879 47.633 751 525 661 753	2038 458.487.281 48.830 745 538.803.297	2028 463 309 333 50.051.514 552.273 360	2040 468 376 002 51 302 802 566 080 214	2041 473 693 404 52 585 372 580 232 219
Faed Costs Only SAW-Mo	273.093.619 52.62	267 525.322 51 55	258 855 863 49 88	250 514,858 48 27	242.470.981 46.72	234.726.734 45 23	227.238.140 43 78	219.994.746 42.39	212,894,757 41 02	205 827,899 39 66	195.776.049 38.30	191 739 582 36 94	184 718 883 35 59	177, 714, 346 34 24	170 726 375 32 50	163 755 384 31 55	156 801 797 30 21	149.866,051 28.88	142 948 590 27 54	136 049 871 26 21	129.846.578 25.02	125 015 100 24 09	120,880 020 23 29	116 765 628 22 50	112.672.442 21.71	108 600 992 20 93	104 651.821 20 14	100.525 487 19 37	96.522.560 18.60	92.543.625 17.83

<ul> <li>Non-to-the property of the second seco</li></ul>		IMAL	and a second
N.R.P.U.C.	Case NPZ	11-25	0
Exhibit No.	23-12	2-	
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Public Service Company of New Hampshire Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC-01 Dated: 06/04/2012 Q-TC-002-SP01 Page 1 of 68

Witness:Frederick White, Jody J. TenBrock, Terrance J. LargeRequest from:TransCanada

# Question:

(Originally numbered TC-01, Q-TC-002 in the Temporary Rates portion of this docket) Please provide all fuel price forecasts available to PSNH at the time of its initial decision to construct the flue gas scrubber at Merrimack Station.

# Response:

<u>ORIGINAL RESPONSE</u>: PSNH objects to this question as it is based upon a faulty premise. Moreover, the information requested is irrelevant to the subject of this proceeding. Notwithstanding this objection, PSNH responds as follows:

See the response to TC-01, Q-TC-001.

<u>SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE</u>: The initial round of contracts for construction of the scrubber were signed in October, 2008. The fuel price forecasts available to PSNH at that time are provided in the attached; which includes NYMEX (natural gas) and broker (coal) forward fuel price quotations from June, 2008, and fuel price forecasts (various) received from industry consultants in February, March, July, and August, 2008. In the scrubber analyses prepared by PSNH, in advance of October, 2008, the company examined a range of values for various cost items, including fuel prices, and did not rely on a singular fuel price forecast.

# NYMEX Closing Prices - June 11, 2008

# <u>\$/MMBtu</u>

	Natural Gas	Transportation Basis from Henry Hub				
Year	at Henry Hub	Transco Zone 6	Tetco M-3			
2008 (Jul-Dec)	12.909	1.714	1.216			
2009	11.718	2.178	1.393			
2010	10.596	1.919	1.325			
2011	10.278	1.801	1.233			
2012	10.342	1.700	1.150			
2013	10.548					
2014	10.767					
2015	10.992					
2016	11.223					
2017	11.459					

# Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC01-02-SP02 Dated 1/11/13 Q-TC-002-SP02, Page 3 of 68

AP							•						
ICAP United Inc.	Coal	10-Jun-08		www.upicoai.c	000 17 226 5582		www.icapene	ergy.com	02 762 8402		Matt Kaak @ 5	00 007 4447	
TOAT Officed, me -	Coal			Dan Vaugnin @ 4	17-330-3362		ian rapsaii, ma	nzar iqbai @ 2	03-762-8493		Matt Keck @ 5	02-327-1417	
	Nymex look-alike				CSX-BSK < 1% ph	vsical market				PRB 8800 -	physical marke	et	
Delivery	Bid - Ask Range	Last	Date	_	Bid - Ask Range		Last	Date		Bid - Ask	Range	Last	Date
Jul	107.50 108.5	0 110.00	10-Jun		124.50	126.50	120.00	04-Jun		11.25	12.25	12.00	04-Jun
Aug	107.50 108.5	0 107.75	06-Jun	_	123.50	124.50				11.25	12.25		
Q3 08	107.50 108.5	0 110.00	10-Jun	-	123.50	124.50	124.00 est	10-Jun		11.25	12.25	11.75 fin	10-Jun
Q4 08	109.00 110.0	110.25	10-Jun	-	119.50	120.50	122.00 fin	09-Jun		13.00	14.00	13.50 est	10-Jun
02.09	110.25 111.2	5 110.75	06-Jun	-	116.50	117.50	114.00 fin	06-Jun		15.60	16.10		
Q3 09	110.50 111.5	112.20	09-Jun	1	114.00	115.00				17.80	18.30		
Q4 09	110.50 111.5	112.50	09-Jun	1	113.50	114.50	83.75 est	28-Feb		18.80	19.30		
Q1 10	109.75 110.7	5		]	112.75	113.75				19.15	19.65		
				-									
CY 09	110.38 111.3	3 111.00	06-Jun	4	114.75	115.75	115.00 est	10-Jun		17.25	17.75	17.50	09-Jun
CY 10	109.25 110.2	5 105.50	05-Jun	4	112.50	113.50	108.50 fin	29-May		19.65	20.15	20.45	27-May
CF11	108.25 109.2	o est			108.00	109.00	est		I	20.15	20.65	19.75	03-Jun
Other Markets - Most Recent Trades SO2 Bid Ask The Daily Social heard													
Delivery	Origin Btu	#SO2	Last	Date		2008	320	330		Nymex			
Jul	CSX 12500	1.2	118.00	05-Jun	]	2009	319	329		Jun-Jul trac	les 110		
Aug-Sep	NS 12500	1.2	140.00	06-Jun	1	2010	177	182		Q3 trades 1	10		
Q3Q4	NS 12500	1.6	121.00	22-May		2011	167	173		Q4 trades 1	12 (10), 111 (2x	), 110.25	
01.09	NS 12500	1.6	102.00	06-May	-	Seasonal NC	x 600	675					
CY 10	NAPP rc 13000	3.0	103.00	21-May	-	2008	750	775		CSX fin / Ny	m		
May-Aug	Mon Rvr 13000	4.5/5.0	97.50	22-Apr	-	2009	600	675		CY 09 trade	s 4.25		
May-Jul	ILB bg 11500	3.5	74.00	15-May	]	2010	550	700					
CY 09	PRB xCC 8400	0.8	13.70	09-Jun	]	Annual NOx				CSX 1% phy	5		
						2009	4500	5000		Aug-Sep ov	er Oct-Nov trade	s 4.00	
Delivery	Additional Market Act	vity #602	- Bid	Ack		2010	2100	2600		PRB 8800 fi	n Haa 4 75		
Delivery	Origin Dia	#302	Bid	ASK	1	2011	1850	2350		CY 09 17 50	105 1.75 1 (10k) 17 75 (1	0k) 17 50 (10k)	
					1	SO2				010011.0		ok), 11.00 (10k)	
						2008 trades	11x, 315 -330						
Vaughn's View of the U.S.	Coal Markets - a perspec	tive provided b	y Dan Vaughn	to assist in markin	ng coals to market								
			-										
	10-Jun-08		Prompt	PM + 1	PQ	PQ + 1	PQ + 2	PQ + 3	PQ + 4	1	PY	PY + 1	PY + 2
EUSE/UP	8800 0.8		11.75	11.75	11.75	13.50	#REF!	#REF!	#REF!		17.50	19.90	20.40
BNSF / UP	8400 0.8		10.00	10.15	10.15	10.50	#REF!	#REF!	#REF!		13.40	15.50	16.00
CAPP Coal													
Origin	Btu #SO2		Jul	Aug	Q3 08	Q4 08	Q1 09	Q2 09	Q3 09		CY 09	CY 10	CY 11
Nymer	12000 1.2		108.00	108.00	108.00	113.00	114.25	114.25	114.50		114.38	112.75	111.75
BS Rvr	11500 1.8		101.76	102.00	102.00	103.50	105.00	105.00	105.25		105.13	109.75	103.75
	LI		-							1			
CSX-BSK	12500 1.2		128.35	126.75	126.75	122.75	120.00	118.50	117.50		118.25	116.00	111.50
CSX-BSK	12500 1.6		125.50	124.00	124.00	120.00	117.00	115.50	114.50		115.25	113.00	108.50
NS-T/K	12500 4.0	_	145.00	140.50	140.50	144.50	101.00	120.00	100.00	1	100 75	100.00	100.00
NS-T/K	12500 1.2		127.00	142.50	142.50	141.50	131.50	130.00	129.00		129.75	126.00	120.00
	12000 1.0		127.00	120.00	120.00	120.00	122.00	121.00	120.00		120.75	110.50	114.00
NAPP Coal							÷						
Origin	Btu #SO2		Jul	Aug	Q3 08	Q4 08	Q1 09	Q2 09	Q3 09		CY 09	CY 10	CY 11
MGA	13000 3.0 / 3.	4	107.00	107.00	107.00	107.00	106.00	105.00	105.00		105.25	103.00	98.50
MGA	13000 4.0/4.	<u> </u>	100.25	100.50	100.50	100.50	99.50	98.50	98.50		98.75	96.50	92.00
Mon Rvr	13000 45-5	o l	102 50	102.50	102 50	102 50	101 50	100 50	100 50		100 75	98.50	94.00
U. OH Rvr	12200 6.5		75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00		75.00	75.00	75.75
ILB Barge Coal			-										
Origin	Btu #SO2		Jul	Aug	Q3 08	Q4 08	Q1 09	Q2 09	Q3 09		CY 09	CY 10	CY 11
L. OH RVr	12000 2.0		84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00	83.00	83.00	83.00		83.00	83.00	83.00
L. On KVI	12000 5.0		74.00	/4.00	/4.00	/4.00	73.00	/3.00	73.00		73.00	73.00	/3.00
Colorado Coal													
Origin	Btu #SO2		Jul	Aug	Q3 08	Q4 08	Q1 09	Q2 09	Q3 09		CY 09	CY 10	CY 11
UP	11800 1.0		70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00		70 00	70.00	70.00
UP	11300 1.0		63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00		63.00	63.00	63.00
Origin	kCal # 503		Int	Aug	03.09	04.00	01.00	02.00	03.00		CV 00	CV 40	CY 44
API 2	6000 17	_	176.00	176.00	176.00	176.00	174.00	170.25	166 25		169.00	166.00	163 25
API 4	6000 1.7		137.00	138.25	139.00	140.00	140.50	140.50	140.50		140.50	140.50	141.75
		_											

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ask spread is not to be construed as the actual bid -ask in the market but rather reflects the relative bid - ask range for the Nymex, CSX and PRB markets.

s are based on market information reported to ICAP United by market participants. Information is believed to be reliable but cannot be guaranteed.

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> Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vanc Att TJL/JJV Page 4 of

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## PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICES FORECAST No. 2 Fuel Oil (0.2% Sulfur) \$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

		Current \$			Percent Change			
Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric
1970	\$1.48	\$1.09	\$0.73	\$0.37				
1971	\$1.56	\$1.16	\$0.77	\$0.54	5.4%	6.4%	5.5%	45.9%
1972	\$1.56	\$1.16	\$0.77	\$0.91	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	68.5%
1973	\$1.77	\$1.38	\$0.99	\$1.29	13.5%	19.0%	28.6%	41.8%
1974	\$2.88	\$2.46	\$2.24	\$2.28	62.7%	78.3%	126.3%	76 7%
1975	\$2.84	\$2.44	\$2.41	\$2.36	-1.4%	-0.8%	7.6%	3.5%
1976	\$3.04	\$2.62	\$2.52	\$2.40	7.0%	7.4%	4.6%	1.7%
1977	\$3.40	\$2.96	\$2.78	\$2.38	11.8%	13.0%	10.3%	-0.8%
1978	\$3.61	\$3.12	\$2.88	\$2.00	6.2%	5.4%	3.6%	-16.0%
1979	\$5.19	\$4.59	\$4.01	\$3.64	43.8%	47 1%	39.2%	82.0%
1980	\$7.07	\$6.37	\$5.75	\$6.13	36.2%	38.8%	43.4%	68.4%
1981	\$8.77	\$8.04	\$6.93	\$7.78	24 0%	26.2%	20.5%	26 9%
1982	\$8.53	\$7.80	\$7.74	\$7.31	-2.7%	-3.0%	11.7%	-6.0%
1983	\$8.46	\$7.46	\$7.42	\$6.28	-0.8%	-4 4%	-4 1%	-14 1%
1984	\$8.69	\$7.41	\$6.95	\$6.21	2 7%	-0.7%	-6.3%	-1 1%
1985	\$8.37	\$7.07	\$6.75	\$5.88	-3 7%	-4.6%	-2.9%	-5.3%
1986	\$6.90	\$4.97	\$4.43	\$3.50	17 6%	-4.078	-2.570	-0.070
1987	\$6.46	\$4.88	\$4.99	\$4.01	-11.070 6.4%	1 90/	-54.470	-30.970
1088	\$6.61	\$4.65	\$4.67	\$2.64	-0.4%	-1.070	10.2%	11.7%
1080	\$7.22	\$4.00	\$4.07 \$5.54	\$3.04	2.5%	-4.7%	-4.5%	-9.2%
1000	\$7.25	\$5.51	\$0.54 \$6.77	\$4.20 \$5.67	9.4%	10.5%	18.6%	17.0%
1990	\$0.00	\$0.00	φ0.77 ¢5.02	\$3.07	10.3%	23.4%	22.2%	33.1%
1991	\$0.27	\$6.09	\$5.93	\$4.92	-3.3%	-10.4%	-12.4%	-13.2%
1992	\$7.24	\$5.45	\$5.11	\$4.82	-12.5%	-10.5%	-13.8%	-2.0%
1993	\$7.02	\$5.22 \$5.01	\$5.06	\$4.12	-3.0%	-4.2%	-1.0%	-14.5%
1994	\$0.0U	\$5.01	\$4.78	\$3.82	-3.1%	-4.0%	-5.5%	-7.3%
1995	\$0.00 \$7.54	\$4.94	\$4.77	\$3.82	-2.9%	-1.4%	-0.2%	0.0%
1990	\$7.54 \$7.56	\$0.77 \$5.54	\$5.91	\$4.76	14.2%	16.8%	23.9%	24.6%
1997	\$7.30 \$C.25	\$5.54	\$5.49	\$4.88	-2.4%	-4.0%	-7.1%	2.5%
1996	\$0.35 \$0.51	\$4.48	\$4.52	\$3.28	-13.7%	-19.1%	-17.7%	-32.8%
1999	\$6.51	\$4.86	\$4.86	\$4.03	2.5%	8.5%	7.5%	22.9%
2000	\$9.87	\$7.73	\$7.71	\$6.81	51.6%	59.1%	58.6%	69.0%
2001	\$9.47	\$7.32	\$6.69	\$5.79	-4.1%	-5.3%	-13.2%	-15.0%
2002	\$8.54	\$6.87	\$6.31	\$5.29	-9.8%	-6.1%	-5.7%	-8.6%
2003	\$10.36	\$8.12	\$7.58	\$6.85	21.3%	18.2%	20.1%	29.5%
2004	\$11.60	\$9.87	\$9.58	\$6.43	12.0%	21.6%	26.4%	-6.1%
2005	\$15.80	\$13.64	\$13.25	\$12.29	36.2%	38.2%	38.3%	91.2%
2006	\$17.20	\$14.99	\$14.60	\$13.62	8.9%	10.0%	10.2%	10.8%
2007	\$18.93	\$16.68	\$16.28	\$15.28	10.0%	11.2%	11.5%	12.2%
2008	\$22.22	\$19.93	\$19.53	\$18.51	17.4%	19.5%	20.0%	21.2%
2009	\$21.66	\$19.34	\$18.93	\$17.90	-2.5%	-3.0%	-3.1%	-3.3%
2010	\$21.50	\$19.14	\$18.72	\$17.68	-0.8%	-1.0%	-1.1%	-1.2%
2011	\$21.77	\$19.38	\$18.96	\$17.90	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%
2012	\$22.37	\$19.95	\$19.52	\$18.45	2.8%	2.9%	3.0%	3.1%
2013	\$22.98	\$20.53	\$20.09	\$19.00	2.7%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%
2014	\$23.60	\$21.12	\$20.68	\$19.57	2.7%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%
2015	\$24.24	\$21.73	\$21.28	\$20.16	2.7%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%
2016	\$24.89	\$22.34	\$21.89	\$20.75	2.7%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%
2017	\$25.82	\$23.24	\$22.78	\$21.63	3.7%	4.0%	4.1%	4.2%
2018	\$26.79	\$24.17	\$23.71	\$22.54	3.8%	4.0%	4.1%	4.2%

Note:

1989-1998 data was updated using the latest figures from the Master Oil and Gas Database Basis differences for 1989-1995 were taken from actual data

# PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICES FORECAST

Residual Fuel Oil (1.0% Sulfur) - Annual \$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

		Current \$		Percent Change			
Year	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	
1970	\$0.42	\$0.43	\$0.38				
1971	\$0.59	\$0.61	\$0.54	40.5%	41.9%	42.1%	
1972	\$0.70	\$0.66	\$0.65	18.6%	8.2%	20.4%	
1973	\$0.83	\$0.79	\$0.85	18.6%	19.7%	30.8%	
1974	\$2.00	\$2.02	\$2.06	141.0%	155.7%	142.4%	
1975	\$1.97	\$2.12	\$2.02	-1.5%	5.0%	-1.9%	
1976	\$1.87	\$2.08	\$1.94	-5.1%	-1.9%	-4.0%	
1977	\$2.22	\$2.31	\$2.24	18.7%	11.1%	15.5%	
1978	\$2.11	\$2.34	\$2.13	-5.0%	1.3%	-4.9%	
1979	\$3.35	\$3.41	\$3.32	58.8%	45.7%	55.9%	
1980	\$4.59	\$4.55	\$4.70	37.0%	33.4%	41.6%	
1981	\$5.49	\$5.74	\$5.56	19.6%	26.2%	18.3%	
1982	\$4.67	\$4.88	\$4.75	-14.9%	-15.0%	-14.6%	
1983	\$4.51	\$4.67	\$4.54	-3.4%	-4.3%	-4.4%	
1984	\$5.25	\$5.25	\$4.84	16.4%	12.4%	6.6%	
1985	\$4.68	\$4.68	\$4.24	-10.9%	-10.9%	-12.4%	
1986	\$2.79	\$2.79	\$2.51	-40.4%	-40.4%	-40.8%	
1987	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$2.93	11.8%	11.8%	16.7%	
1988	\$2.57	\$2.57	\$2.40	-17.6%	-17.6%	-18.1%	
1989	\$3.04	\$3.04	\$2.85	18.3%	18.3%	18.8%	
1990	\$3.25	\$3.25	\$3.01	6.9%	6.9%	5.6%	
1991	\$2.69	\$2.69	\$2.47	-17.2%	-17.2%	-17.9%	
1992	\$2.53	\$2.53	\$2.40	-5.9%	-5.9%	-2.8%	
1993	\$2.66	\$2.66	\$2.39	5.1%	5.1%	-0.4%	
1994	\$3.16	\$3.16	\$2.52	18.8%	18.8%	5.4%	
1995	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$2.63	7.0%	7.0%	4.4%	
1996	\$3.90	\$3.90	\$3.21	15.4%	15.4%	22.1%	
1997	\$3.15	\$3.15	\$2.92	-19.2%	-19.2%	-9.0%	
1998	\$2.46	\$2.46	\$2.18	-21.9%	-21.9%	-25.3%	
1999	\$2.55	\$2.55	\$2.23	3.7%	3.7%	2.3%	
2000	\$4.36	\$4.36	\$3.27	71.0%	71.0%		
2001	\$4.04	\$4.04	\$3.37	-7.3%	-7.3%		
2002	\$4.67	\$4.67	\$3.67	15.6%	15.6%	8.9%	
2003	\$5.40	\$5.40	\$3.74	15.6%	15.6%	1.9%	
2004	\$5.64	\$5.64	\$3.96	4.4%	4.4%	5.9%	
2005	\$7.42	\$7.42	\$6.62	31.5%	31.5%	67.3%	
2006	\$8.31	\$8.31	\$7.50	12.1%	12.1%	13.2%	
2007	\$9.47	\$9.47	\$8.64	13.9%	13.9%	15.2%	
2008	\$11.41	\$11.41	\$10.57	20.5%	20.5%	22.3%	
2009	\$10.94	\$10.94	\$10.09	-4.1%	-4.1%	-4.5%	
2010	\$10.71	\$10.71	\$9.85	-2.1%	-2.1%	-2.4%	
2011	\$11.26	\$11.26	\$10.38	5.1%	5.1%	5.4%	
2012	\$11.59	\$11.59	\$10.70	3.0%	3.0%	3.1%	
2013	\$11.93	\$11.93	\$11.03	2.9%	2.9%	3.1%	
2014	\$12.28	\$12.28	\$11.37	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2015	\$12.63	\$12.63	\$11.71	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2016	\$12.99	\$12.99	\$12.06	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2017	\$13.52	\$13.52	\$12.58	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	
2018	\$14.08	\$14.08	\$13.12	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	

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# PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICES FORECAST Residual Fuel Oil (1.0% Sulfur) - Annual

\$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

	×	Current \$		Percent Change			
Year	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	
1993	\$2.66	\$2.66	\$2.39				
1994	\$3.16	\$3.16	\$2.52	18.8%	18.8%	5.4%	
1995	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$2.63	7.0%	7.0%	4.4%	
1996	\$3.90	\$3.90	\$3.24	15.4%	15.4%	23.2%	
1997	\$3.15	\$3.15	\$2.92	-19.2%	-19.2%	-9.9%	
1998	\$2.46	\$2.46	\$2.18	-21.9%	-21.9%	-25.3%	
1999	\$2.55	\$2.55	\$2.23	3.7%	3.7%	2.3%	
2000	\$4.36	\$4.36	\$3.27	71.0%	71.0%		
2001	\$4.04	\$4.04	\$3.37	-7.3%	-7.3%		
2002	\$4.67	\$4.67	\$3.67	15.6%	15.6%	8.9%	
2003	\$5.40	\$5.40	\$3.74	15.6%	15.6%	1.9%	
2004	\$5.64	\$5.64	\$3.96	4.4%	4.4%	5.9%	
2005	\$7.42	\$7.42	\$6.62	31.5%	31.5%	67.3%	
2006	\$8.31	\$8.31	\$7.50	12.1%	12.1%	13.2%	
2007	\$9.47	\$9.47	\$8.64	13.9%	13.9%	15.2%	
2008	\$11.41	\$11.41	\$10.57	20.5%	20.5%	22.3%	
2009	\$10.94	\$10.94	\$10.09	-4.1%	-4.1%	-4.5%	
2010	\$10.71	\$10.71	\$9.85	-2.1%	-2.1%	-2.4%	
2011	\$11.26	\$11.26	\$10.38	5.1%	5.1%	5.4%	
2012	\$11.59	\$11.59	\$10.70	3.0%	3.0%	3.1%	
2013	\$11.93	\$11.93	\$11.03	2.9%	2.9%	3.1%	
2014	\$12.28	\$12.28	\$11.37	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2015	\$12.63	\$12.63	\$11.71	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2016	\$12.99	\$12.99	\$12.06	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2017	\$13.52	\$13.52	\$12.58	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	
2018	\$14.08	\$14.08	\$13.12	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	
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# PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICES FORECAST

Residual Fuel Oil (1.0% Sulfur) - Summer \$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

		Current \$			Percent Change	)	
Year	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	
1993	\$2.74	\$2.74	\$2.47				
1994	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$2.48	14.0%	14.0%	0.5%	
1995	\$3.35	\$3.35	\$2.60	7.5%	7.5%	5.0%	
1996	\$3.78	\$3.78	\$3.12	12.8%	12.8%	20.0%	
1997	\$3.06	\$3.06	\$2.83	-19.1%	-19.1%	-9.4%	
1998	\$2.53	\$2.53	\$2.25	-17.5%	-17.5%	-20.7%	
1999	\$2.72	\$2.72	\$2.40	7.7%	7.7%	6.8%	
2000	\$4.47	\$4.47		64.6%	64.6%		
2001	\$4.01	\$4.01	\$3.34	-10.4%	-10.4%		
2002	\$4.93	\$4.93	\$3.93	23.0%	23.0%	17.7%	
2003	\$5.11	\$5.11	\$3.45	3.6%	3.6%	-12.3%	
2004	\$5.74	\$5.74	\$4.06	12.4%	12.4%	17.7%	
2005	\$7.76	\$7.76	\$6.97	35.2%	35.2%	71.6%	
2006	\$8.43	\$8.43	\$7.62	8.6%	8.6%	9.3%	
2007	\$10.60	\$10.60	\$9.77	25.7%	25.7%	28.2%	
2008	\$10.95	\$10.95	\$10.11	3.3%	3.3%	3.5%	
2009	\$10.60	\$10.60	\$9.75	-3.2%	-3.2%	-3.6%	
2010	\$10.50	\$10.50	\$9.64	-1.0%	-1.0%	-1.2%	
2011	\$11.03	\$11.03	\$10.16	5.1%	5.1%	5.4%	
2012	\$11.71	\$11.71	\$10.82	6.2%	6.2%	6.6%	
2013	\$12.05	\$12.05	\$11.15	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2014	\$12.40	\$12.40	\$11.49	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2015	\$12.75	\$12.75	\$11.83	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2016	\$13.12	\$13.12	\$12.18	2.8%	2.8%	2.9%	
2017	\$13.64	\$13.64	\$12.70	4.0%	4.0%	4.2%	
2018	\$14.20	\$14.20	\$13.24	4.0%	4.0%	4.2%	

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 7 of 68

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### PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICES FORECAST Residual Fuel Oil (1.0% Sulfur) - Winter \$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

		Current \$			Percent Change		
Year	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	
1993	\$2.55	\$2.55	\$2.28			Concession in a	
1994	\$3.22	\$3.22	\$2.58	26.0%	26.0%	12.9%	
1995	\$3.42	\$3.42	\$2.67	6.2%	6.2%	3.5%	
1996	\$4.06	\$4.06	\$3.40	18.9%	18.9%	27.6%	
1997	\$3.27	\$3.27	\$3.04	-19.4%	-19.4%	-10.5%	
1998	\$2.37	\$2.37	\$2.09	-27.7%	-27.7%	-31.4%	
1999	\$2.31	\$2.31	\$1.99	-2.3%	-2.3%	-4.5%	
2000	\$4.20	\$4.20		81.5%	81.5%		
2001	\$4.08	\$4.08	\$3.41	-2.8%	-2.8%	-	
2002	\$4.30	\$4.30	\$3.30	5.4%	5.4%	-3.2%	
2003	\$5.80	\$5.80	\$4.14	34.9%	34.9%	25.5%	
2004	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$3.82	-5.3%	-5.3%	-7.9%	
2005	\$6.91	\$6.91	\$6.12	25.8%	25.8%	60.4%	
2006	\$8.14	\$8.14	\$7.33	17.8%	17.8%	19.8%	
2007	\$10.67	\$10.67	\$9.84	31.0%	31.0%	34.2%	
2008	\$12.05	\$12.05	\$11.22	13.0%	13.0%	13.9%	
2009	\$11.42	\$11.42	\$10.57	-5.3%	-5.3%	-5.8%	
2010	\$11.01	\$11.01	\$10.15	-3.6%	-3.6%	-4.0%	
2011	\$11.57	\$11.57	\$10.70	5.1%	5.1%	5.4%	
2012	\$11.42	\$11.42	\$10.54	-1.3%	-1.3%	-1.5%	
2013	\$11.76	\$11.76	\$10.86	3.0%	3.0%	3.1%	
2014	\$12.11	\$12.11	\$11.20	2.9%	2.9%	3.1%	
2015	\$12.46	\$12.46	\$11.54	2.9%	2.9%	3.1%	
2016	\$12.83	\$12.83	\$11.89	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	
2017	\$13.36	\$13.36	\$12.41	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	
2018	\$13.91	\$13.91	\$12.95	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	

# DELIVERED NATURAL GAS PRICES FORECAST

\$/MMBtu (Connecticut)

		Curr	ent \$		Percent Change							
Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric				
1970	\$1.88	\$1.45	\$1.03	\$0.34								
1971	\$2.04	\$1.53	\$1.14	\$0.38	8.5%	5.5%	10.7%	11.8%				
1972	\$2.06	\$1.59	\$1.15	\$0.43	1.0%	3.9%	0.9%	13.2%				
1973	\$2.21	\$1.79	\$1.24	\$0.53	7.3%	12.6%	7.8%	23.3%				
1974	\$2.76	\$2.20	\$1.71	\$0.63	24.9%	22.9%	37.9%	18.9%				
1975	\$3.28	\$2.64	\$2.24	\$1.36	18.8%	20.0%	31.0%	115.9%				
1976	\$3.38	\$3.20	\$2.65	\$1.65	3.0%	21.2%	18.3%	21.3%				
1977	\$4.30	\$3.53	\$2.94		27.2%	10.3%	10.9%					
1978	\$4.42	\$3.72	\$3.04		2.8%	5.4%	3.4%					
1979	\$4.69	\$3.90	\$3.25		6.1%	4.8%	6.9%					
1980	\$5.72	\$4.67	\$4.08		22.0%	19.7%	25.5%					
1981	\$6.68	\$5.46	\$4.97		16.8%	16.9%	21.8%					
1982	\$8.29	\$6.78	\$5.86		24.1%	24.2%	17.9%					
1983	\$9.43	\$7.24	\$5.76		13.8%	6.8%	-1.7%					
1984	\$8.56	\$6.49	\$5.47	\$3.71	-9.2%	-10.4%	-5.0%					
1985	\$8.88	\$6.59	\$5.38	\$3.39	3.7%	1.5%	-1.6%	-8.6%				
1986	\$8.57	\$6.24	\$4.53	\$2.09	-3.5%	-5.3%	-15.8%	-38.3%				
1987	\$7.96	\$5.59	\$4.08	\$2.37	-7.1%	-10.4%	-9.9%	13.4%				
1988	\$7.63	\$5.45	\$3.92	\$2.17	-4.1%	-2.5%	-3.9%	-8.4%				
1989	\$7.98	\$5.88	\$4.36	\$2.51	4.6%	7.9%	11.2%	15.7%				
1990	\$8.58	\$6.30	\$4.80	\$2.81	7.5%	7.1%	10.2%	12.0%				
1991	\$8.74	\$6.90	\$4.84	\$2.16	2.0%	9.6%	0.6%	-23.1%				
1992	\$8.96	\$7.20	\$4.92	\$2.74	2.5%	4.3%	1.7%	26.9%				
1993	\$9.16	\$6.81	\$4.63	\$3.79	2.2%	-5.4%	-5.8%	38.2%				
1994	\$9.84	\$7.18	\$4.36	\$1.93	7.5%	5.3%	-5.9%	-49.0%				
1995	\$9.70	\$7.34	\$4.26	\$1.95	-1.4%	2.3%	-2.3%	1.0%				
1996	\$9.79	\$7.19	\$4.66	\$2.68	0.8%	-2.1%	9.4%	37.3%				
1997	\$10.03	\$7.02	\$4.59	\$2.40	2.5%	-2.4%	-1.4%	-10.5%				
1998	\$10.29	\$6.69	\$4.21	\$2.37	2.6%	-4.7%	-8.2%	-1.2%				
1999	\$10.23	\$6.34	\$4.03	\$2.66	-0.6%	-5.2%	-4.4%	12.3%				
2000	\$11.10	\$6.43	\$5.78	\$3.97	8.4%	1.4%	43.4%	49.4%				
2001	\$11.84	\$7.46	\$6.57	\$3.09	6.7%	16.0%	13.8%	-22.2%				
2002	\$10.83	\$6.97	\$4.83	\$3.51	-8.6%	-6.5%	-26.6%	13.4%				
2003	\$12.40	\$10.17	\$7.30	\$6.20	14.5%	45.8%	51.3%	76.6%				
2004	\$13.05	\$10.98	\$9.05	\$6.70	10.1%	8.0%	23.9%	8.1%				
2005	\$15.79	\$12.70	\$11.36	\$9.61	15.6%	15.6%	25.5%	43.5%				
2000	\$17.10	\$13.20	\$10.56	\$7.30	8.3%	4.0%	-7.0%	-24.0%				
2007	\$15.20	\$11.92	\$9.31	\$7.77	-11.1%	-9.7%	-11.8%	6.4%				
2000	\$15.33	\$12.23 \$11.06	\$9.00 \$0.00	\$8.UZ	2.3%	2.6%	2.9%	3.2%				
2009	\$15.34	\$11.90	\$9.20 \$0.20	\$7.09 \$7.70	-1.4%	-2.2%	-3.2%	-4.1%				
2010	\$15.47	\$12.00	\$9.5Z	\$7.7Z	0.9%	0.7%	0.5%	0.3%				
2011	\$15.01	\$12.34 \$12.01	\$9.00 \$10.11	\$7.95	2.2%	2.4%	2.7%	3.0%				
2012	\$16.96	\$12.31	\$10.11	φ0.40 ¢0.00	3.9%	4.6%	5.5%	6.4%				
2013	\$10.50	¢10.09	\$10.56	\$0.00 \$0.14	3.3%	3.8%	4.4%	5.0%				
2014	\$17.71	\$14.04	φ10.04 \$11.13	ወይ. 14 ፍር <b>ለ</b> 1	2.2%	2.4%	2.7%	2.9%				
2015	\$12.00	\$14.04 \$1/ 20	φ11.10 ©11.40	Φ9.41 ¢0.69	2.2%	2.4%	2.7%	2.9%				
2010	\$18.48	\$14.00	φ11.40 \$11.72	\$9.00 \$9.00	2.2%	2.4%	2.7%	2.9%				
2018	\$18.88	\$15.07	φ11./3 ¢12.04	99.90 \$10.25	2.1%	2.4%	2.6%	2.9%				
2010	ψ10.00	φ13.07	φ12.0 <del>4</del>	φIU.25	2.2%	2.4%	2.6%	2.9%				

Note: Beginning in 2000, delivered natural gas prices for the electric sector are estimated.

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 10 of 68

### DELIVERED PROPANE PRICES FORECAST Cents/Gallon (Selkirk) Annual

. Winter

		Percent
Year	Current \$	Change
1989		
1990		
1991	45.3	1200 1200 1200
1992	39.1	-13.8%
1993	40.2	3.0%
1994	40.8	1.3%
1995	42.6	4.4%
1996	59.8	40.4%
1997	51.8	-13.3%
1998	37.1	-28.4%
1999	40.7	9.6%
2000	72.3	77.8%
2001	61.7	-14.7% .
2002	50.3	-18.4%
2003	74.3	47.6%
2004	84.5	13.7%
2005	<sup>.</sup> 99.4	17.7%
2006	104.9	5.5%
2007	137.8	31.3%
2008	178.8	29.8%
2009	169.6	-5.1%
2010	152.0	-10.4%
2011	154.5	1.6%
2012	160.6	4.0%
2013	167.0	3.9%
2014	173.4	3.9%
2015	180.0	3.8%
2016	186.7	3.7%
2017	196.7	5.3%
2018	207.1	5 3%

		Percent
Year	Current \$	Change
1989		
1990		
1991	42.6	
1992	40.9	-4.1%
1993	40.8	-0.1%
1994	40.6	-0.6%
1995	41.9	3.3%
1996	56.9	35.7%
1997	48.9	-14.0%
1998	36.5	-25.3%
1999	44.2	21.0%
2000	69.1	56.3%
2001	62.3	-9.9%
2002	52.3	-15.9%
2003	74.0	41.3%
2004	95.7	29.4%
2005	100.5	5.0%
2006	109.8	9.3%
2007	137.5	25.2%
2008	176.3	28.3%
2009	168.0	-4.7%
2010	155.9	-7.1%
2011	158.4	1.6%
2012	164.8	4.0%
2013	171.3	3.9%
2014	178.0	3.9%
2015	184.8	3.8%
2016	191.7	3.7%
2017	202.0	5.4%
2018	212.7	5.3%

r	Г	Doroont
Voor	Current ¢	Change
1000	Current a	Change
1989		
1990		Site parel
1991	40.7	0.000
1992	42.1	3.6%
1993	41.3	-2.1%
1994	40.5	-1.9%
1995	41.5	2.6%
1996	54.9	32.2%
1997	46.9	-14.6%
1998	36.1	-22.9%
1999	46.7	29.3%
2000	66.7	43.0% •
2001	55.0	-17.6%
2002	52.5	-4.5%
2003	64.4	22.6%
2004	85.8	33.2%
2005	101.3	18.0%
2006	113.3	11.9%
2007	137.2	21.1%
2008	1/4.5	27.1%
2009	166.8	-4.4%
2010	158.8	-4.8%
2011	161.3	1.6%
2012	167.8	4.0%
2013	174.5	4.0%
2014	181.2	3.9%
2015	188.2	3.8%
2016	195.3	3.8%
2017	205.8	5.4%
2018	216.7	5.3%

Summer

### HENRY HUB NATURAL GAS PRICE FORECAST \$/MMBtu

		Current \$			Percent Change	)			
Year	Annual	Summer	Winter	Annual	Summer	Winter			
1989	\$1.70	\$1.61	\$1.82						
1990	\$1.70	\$1.48	\$2.01	0.1%	-8.1%	10.2%			
1991	\$1.49	\$1.39	\$1.62	-12.5%	-5.7%	-19.4%			
1992	\$1.77	\$1.87	\$1.63	19.2%	34.4%	0.9%			
1993	\$2.12	\$2.16	\$2.07	19.7%	15.4%	26.7%			
1994	\$1.92	\$1.78	\$2.11	-9.5%	-17.4%	2.0%			
1995	\$1.69	\$1.61	\$1.79	-12.2%	-9.7%	-15.1%			
1996	\$2.76	\$2.31	\$3.39	63.4%	43.3%	88.7%			
1997	\$2.53	\$2.40	\$2.70	-8.4%	4.0%	-20.3%			
1998	\$2.08	\$2.11	\$2.05	-17.5%	-12.1%	-24.1%			
1999	\$2.27	\$2.41	\$2.06	8.7%	14.3%	0.7%			
2000	\$4.23	\$4.19	\$4.28	86.6%	73.9%	107.2%			
2001	\$4.07	\$3.44	\$4.96	-3.7%	-18.0%	15.9%			
2002	\$3.33	\$3.40	\$3.23	-18.2%	-1.0%	-34.9%			
2003	\$5.63	\$5.17	\$6.26	68.9%	51.9%	94.0%			
2004	\$5.84	\$5.83	\$5.86	3.9%	12.8%	-6.4%			
2005	\$8.81	\$8.97	\$8.59	50.8%	53.7%	46.6%			
2006	\$6.76	\$6.21	\$7.54	-23.3%	-30.8%	-12.3%			
2007	\$6.95	\$6.82	\$7.12	2.7%	9.9%	-5.5%			
2008	\$7.17	\$6.92	\$7.52	3.2%	1.5%	5.5%			
2009	\$6.83	\$6.74	\$6.95	-4.8%	-2.6%	-7.6%			
2010	\$6.84	\$6.38	\$7.48	0.1%	-5.4%	7.6%			
2011	\$7.06	\$6.59	\$7.72	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%			
2012	\$7.55	\$7.05	\$8.26	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%			
2013	\$7.97	\$7.44	\$8.71	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%			
2014	\$8.21	\$7.67	\$8.98	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%			
2015	\$8.47	\$7.90	\$9.26	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%			
2016	\$8.73	\$8.15	\$9.55	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%			
2017	\$9.00	\$8.40	\$9.84	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%			
2018	\$9.27	\$8.65	\$10.14	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%			

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 12 of 68

TX-LA	ONSHORE	WELLHEAD	NATURAL	GAS	PRICE	FOREC	AST
		\$/	/MMBtu				

		Current \$			Percent Change			
Year	Annual	Summer	Winter	Annual	Summer	Winter		
1989	\$1.63	\$1.55	\$1.76					
1990	\$1.61	\$1.42	\$1.87	-1.6%	-8.1%	6.5%		
1991	\$1.39	\$1.30	\$1.52	-13.3%	-8.2%	-18.8%		
1992	\$1.65	\$1.74	\$1.52	18.4%	33.9%	-0.2%		
1993	\$2.00	\$2.04	\$1.94	21.2%	17.1%	27.9%		
1994	\$1.78	\$1.68	\$1.93	-11.0%	-17.9%	-0.7%		
1995	\$1.55	\$1.49	\$1.65	-12.7%	-11.4%	-14.3%		
1996	\$2.45	\$2.13	\$2.90	57.6%	43.1%	75.8%		
1997	\$2.39	\$2.27	\$2.56	-2.4%	6.9%	-11.9%		
1998	\$1.98	\$2.01	\$1.94	-17.0%	-11.4%	-24.0%		
1999	\$2.15	\$2.30	\$1.94	8.3%	14.1%	0.0%		
2000	\$4.09	\$4.05	\$4.13	90.1%	76.5%	112.8%		
2001	\$3.93	\$3.32	\$4.78	-3.8%	-18.0%	15.6%		
2002	\$3.21	\$3.28	\$3.10	-18.4%	-1.1%	-35.2%		
2003	\$5.39	\$5.00	\$5.92	68.0%	52.4%	91.2%		
2004	\$5.72	\$5.66	\$5.80	6.1%	13.1%	-2.1%		
2005	\$8.25	\$8.56	\$7.82	44.4%	51.3%	34.9%		
2006	\$6.48	\$6.05	\$7.10	-21.4%	-29.4%	-9.2%		
2007	\$6.69	\$6.63	\$6.78	3.2%	9.6%	-4.5%		
2008-	\$6.90	\$6.65	\$7.25	3.2%	0.4%	7.0%		
2009	\$6.56	\$6.47	\$6.68	-4.9%	-2.7%	-7.8%		
2010	\$6.57	\$6.11	\$7.21	0.1%	-5.6%	7.9%		
2011	\$6.79	\$6.32	\$7.45	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%		
2012	\$7.28	\$6.78	\$7.99	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%		
2013	\$7.82	\$7.68	\$8.11	7.4%	13.3%	1.5%		
2014	\$8.07	\$7.93	\$8.36	3.1%	3.2%	3.1%		
2015	\$8.32	\$8.18	\$8.61	3.1%	3.2%	3.1%		
2016	\$8.58	\$8.44	\$8.88	3.1%	3.1%	3.0%		
2017	\$8.84	\$8.70	\$9.14	3.1%	3.1%	3.0%		
2018	\$9.12	\$8.97	\$9.42	3.1%	3.1%	3.0%		

# LA GULF COAST ONSHORE GAS PRICE FORECAST

\$/MMBtu

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[	1	Current \$		P	Percent Change	•	
Year	Annual	Summer	Winter	Annual	Summer	Winter	
1989	\$1.69	\$1.60	· \$1.81				
1990	\$1.69	\$1.48	\$1.98	0.0%	-7.5%	9.4%	
1991	\$1.48 •	\$1.37	\$1.62	-12.4%	-7.1%	-17.9%	
1992	\$1.74	\$1.86	\$1.57	17.8%	35.8%	-3.6%	
1993	\$2.10	\$2.16	\$2.02	20.8%	15.9%	29.0%	
1994	\$1.89	\$1.77	\$2.06	-10.2%	-18.2%	1.8%	
1995	\$1.60	\$1.54	\$1.69	-15.1%	-13.0%	-17.6%	
1996	\$2.62	\$2.18	\$3.25	63.7% <sup>•</sup>	41.5%	91.9%	
1997	\$2.45	\$2.31	\$2.65	-6.6%	6.2%	-18.6%	
1998	\$2.04	\$2.05	\$2.02	-16.8%	-11.1%	-23.7%	
1999	\$2.21	\$2.34	\$2.02	8.3% -	14.1%	0.0%	
2000	\$4.16	\$4.12	\$4.22	88.6%	75.8%	109.3%	
2001	\$3.98	\$3.37	\$4.85	-4.3%	-18.3%	14.8%	
2002	\$3.26	\$3.33	\$3.16	-18.2%	-1.2%	-34.8%	
2003	\$5.39	\$5.04	\$5.88	65.5%	51.5%	86.0%	
2004	\$5.69	\$5.56	\$5.86	5.5%	10.4%	-0.4%	
2005	\$8.63	\$8.92	\$8.23	51.8%	60.3%	40.4%	
2006	\$6.72	\$6.26	\$7.35	-22.2%	-29.8%	-10.7%	
2007	\$6.94	\$6.79	\$7.16	3.4%	8.4%	-2.6%	
2008	\$7.12	\$6.87	\$7.47	2.5%	1.2%	4.3%	
2009	\$6.78	\$6.69	\$6.90	-4.8%	-2.6%	-7.6%	
2010	\$6.79	\$6.33	\$7.43	0.1%	-5.4%	7.6%	
2011	\$7.01	\$6.54	\$7.67	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	
2012	\$7.50	\$7.00	\$8.21	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	
2013	\$7.84	\$7.76	\$7.83	4.5%	10.8%	-4.6%	
2014	\$8.09	\$8.00	\$8.08	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	
2015	\$8.34	\$8.25	\$8.33	3.1%	3.2%	3.1%	
2016	\$8.60	\$8.51	\$8.59	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	
2017	\$8.87	\$8.77	\$8.86	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	
2018	\$9.14	\$9.05	\$9.13	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 13 of 68

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# Boston City Gate Natural Gas Price \$/MMBtu

		Current \$			Percent Change	)	
Year	Annual	Summer	Winter	Annual	Summer	Winter	
1992	\$2.28	\$2.30	\$2.26				
1993	\$2.57	\$2.53	\$2.64	12.8%	10.1%	16.6%	
1994	\$2.44	\$2.10	\$2.92	-5.3%	-17.2%	10.7%	
1995	\$2.25	\$1.89	\$2.76	-7.5%	-9.8%	-5.3%	
1996	\$3.60	\$2.60	\$4.99	59.6%	37.5%	80.8%	
1997	\$2.94	\$2.72	\$3.25	-18.4%	4.4%	-35.0%	
1998	\$2.42	\$2.37	\$2.48	-17.7%	-12.7%	-23.6%	
1999	\$2.57	\$2.64	\$2.48	6.3%	11.2%	-0.2%	
2000	\$5.18	\$4.50	\$6.13	101.6%	70.7%	147.7%	
2001	\$4.42	\$3.78	\$5.32	-14.6%	-16.0%	-13.2%	
2002	\$3.52	\$3.52	\$3.52	-20.4%	-6.8%	-33.8%	
2003	\$6.35	\$5.41	\$7.01	80.2%	53.6%	98.9%	
2004	\$7.29	\$6.35	\$8.60	14.8%	17.4%	22.7%	
2005	\$9.85	\$9.13	\$10.87	35.3%	43.7%	26.5%	
2006	\$8.23	\$6.88	\$10.11	-16.5%	-24.6%	-7.0%	
2007	\$7.88	\$7.43	\$8.52	-4.2%	7.9%	-15.8%	
2008	\$8.37	\$7.56	\$9.50	6.2%	1.8%	<b>.</b> 11.5%	
2009	\$8.81	\$8.72	\$8.93	5.3%	15.4%	-6.0%	
2010	\$8.82	\$8.36	\$9.46	0.1%	-4.1%	5.9%	
2011	\$9.04	\$8.57	\$9.70	2.5%	· 2.5%	2.6%	
2012	\$9.53	\$9.03	\$10.24	5.5%	5.4%	5.6%	
2013	\$8.97	\$8.07	\$10.69	-5.9%	-10.6%	4.4%	
2014	\$9.24	\$8.30	\$10.96	2.9% •	2.9%	2.5%	
2015	\$9.50	\$8.54	\$11.24	2.9%	2.9%	2.5%	
2016	\$9.78	\$8.79	\$11.53	2.9%	2.8%	2.5%	
2017	\$10.06	\$9.04	\$11.82	2.9%	2.8%	2.5%	
2018 .	\$10.35	\$9.29	\$12.12	2.9%	2.8%	2.5%	

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 14 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A14 ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON A67 QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A121

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

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	Year:	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$25.59 \$25.06 \$22.40	\$26.41 \$25.55 \$21.72	\$24.85 \$23.49 \$21.48	\$24.45 \$22.21 \$20.71	\$26.34 \$22.51 \$21.26	\$26.04 \$22.89 \$21.79	\$24.94 \$23.59 \$22.54	\$23.65 \$22.12 \$20.65	\$24.09 \$23.07 \$22.05	\$40.52 \$39.46 \$35.99	\$30.37 \$29.38 \$27.51	\$31.04 \$29.83 \$28.67	\$50.27 \$48.89 \$47.91	\$54.42 \$52.23 \$48.94	\$45.82 \$43.41 \$39.80	\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$78.98 \$77.43 \$75.10	\$50.48 \$49.13 \$47.10	\$41.14 \$40.29 \$39.00	\$37.42 \$36.70 \$35.63
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$24.31 \$26.08 \$21.94 \$21.54	\$26.02 \$27.58 \$24.01 \$22.92	\$26.75 \$28.31 \$24.22 \$22.70	\$24.86 \$26.60 \$22.84 \$21.72	\$26.01 \$25.80 \$24.41 \$22.73	\$25.45 \$25.25 \$24.02 \$23.05	\$25.97 \$25.77 \$24.24 \$23.33	\$24.50 \$25.15 \$23.29 \$22.07	\$24.90 \$26.42 \$23.45 \$21.72	\$47.09 \$50.06 \$44.09 \$38.50	\$29.20 \$31.07 \$27.25 \$24.19	\$34.27 \$36.49 \$32.04 \$29.19	\$58.62 \$62.42 \$55.03 \$49.92	\$61.97 \$66.01 \$57.49 \$53.18	\$55.91 \$59.56 \$50.71 \$45.49	\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$80.25 \$85.52 \$76.94 \$59.26	\$57.87 \$61.68 \$54.65 \$39.79	\$54.38 \$57.99 \$50.03 \$39.91	\$54.87 \$58.62 \$46.34 \$42.00
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$19.79	\$21.50	\$20.83	\$18.38	\$18.25	\$18.34	\$18.05	\$18.41	\$18.89	\$26.44	\$20.72	\$23.01	\$33.25	\$35.88	\$32.55	\$39.19	\$69.01	\$42.54	\$35.36	\$32.34
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$18.93 \$20.03	\$21.68 \$22.78	\$19.85 \$20.95	\$16.96 \$18.10	\$17.71 \$19.29	\$18.10 \$20.25	\$18.25 \$19.90	\$17.44 \$18.81	\$16.83 \$17.51	\$24.63 \$29.93	\$19.71 \$23.34	\$19.61 \$22.09	\$26.12 \$29.18	\$27.54 \$29.82	\$27.01 \$29.06	\$27.01 \$28.91	\$35.91 \$37.81	\$32.47 \$34.28	\$33.37 \$35.18	\$33.43 \$35.27
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$3.58 \$4.58	\$3.26 \$4.64	\$4.34 \$5.08	\$3.60 \$4.68	\$3.09 \$4.11	\$3.13 \$4.29	\$3.35 \$4.45	\$3.45 \$4.42	\$3.43 \$4.38	\$7.58 \$9.34	\$4.74 \$5.85	\$5.13 \$6.21	\$5.23 \$6.26	\$7.96 \$10.09	\$10.17 \$12.74	\$8.36 \$9.85	\$12.91 \$15.56	\$10.88 \$12.30	\$10.08 \$11.49	\$10.22 \$12.09
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$19.79	\$19.35	\$13.64	\$14.05	\$13.58	\$15.18	\$15.09	\$14.16	\$13.35	\$20.06	\$16.95	\$17.13	\$26.82	\$33.11	\$36.76	\$29.93	\$38.15	\$28.99	\$25.54	\$24.86
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$28.74	\$26.45	\$28.05	\$34.31	\$32.76	\$31.71 \$29.61	\$29.31 \$26.70	\$26.35 \$24.09	\$27.89 \$25.79	\$35.37 \$32.94	\$27.70 \$26.04	\$33.43 \$31.41	\$59.18 \$55.40	\$50.12 \$46.90	\$50.53 \$47.22	\$62.03 \$57.85	\$105.40 \$98.30	\$65.52 \$61.13	\$56.25 \$52.57	\$52.13 \$48.81
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU				\$15.42	\$12.55	\$18.22	\$19.39	\$3.52	\$1.71	\$9.98	\$12.73	\$8.57	\$13.03	\$11.27	\$17.50	\$34.76	\$44.90	\$59.59	\$48.09	\$46.66	\$39.99

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON

	Year:	. 1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$35.40 \$34.68 \$31.00	\$35.72 \$34.55 \$29.37	\$32.91 \$31.11 \$28.44	\$31.73 \$28.83 \$26.88	\$33.55 \$28.68 \$27.08	\$32.62 \$28.67 \$27.31	\$30.91 \$29.23 \$27.93	\$28.89 \$27.02 \$25.23	\$28.79 \$27.58 \$26.37	\$47.30 \$46.06 \$42.02	\$34.85 \$33.71 \$31.56	\$34.87 \$33.51 \$32.21	\$54.91 \$53.40 \$52.32	\$57.58 \$55.26 \$51.77	\$46.99 \$44.52 \$40.82	\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$77.70 \$76.17 \$73.88	\$48.83 \$47.52 \$45.55	\$39.03 \$38.22 \$37.01	\$34.80 \$34.14 \$33.14
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$33.63 \$36.08 \$30.36 \$29.80	\$35.19 \$37.29 \$32.48 \$31.00	\$35.43 \$37.49 \$32.07 \$30.06	\$32.27 \$34.52 \$29.64 \$28.19	\$33.13 \$32.86 \$31.10 \$28.96	\$31.89 \$31.64 \$30.10 \$28.88	\$32.19 \$31.93 \$30.04 \$28.91	\$29.92 \$30.72 \$28.45 \$26.96	\$29.77 \$31.59 \$28.03 \$25.96	\$54.97 \$58.44 \$51.47 \$44.95	\$33.50 \$35.65 \$31.27 \$27.76	\$38.51 \$41.00 \$36.00 \$32.80	\$64.02 \$68.17 \$60.10 \$54.53	\$65.56 \$69.84 \$60.82 \$56.27	\$57.34 \$61.09 \$52.00 \$46.65	\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$78.95 \$84.14 \$75.69 \$58.30	\$55.98 \$59.66 \$52.86 \$38.48	\$51.60 \$55.02 \$47.47 \$37.87	\$51.04 \$54.52 \$43.10 \$39.06
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$27.38	\$29.08	\$27.58	\$23.85	\$23.25	\$22.98	\$22.37	\$22.49	\$22.58	\$30.86	\$23.78	\$25.86	\$36.32	\$37.96	\$33.38	\$39.19	\$67.89	\$41.15	\$33.55	\$30.08
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$26.18 \$27.71	\$29.31 \$30.80	\$26.29 \$27.74	\$22.02 \$23.49	\$22.56 \$24.57	\$22.68 \$25.37	\$22.62 \$24.66	\$21.30 \$22.98	\$20.11 \$20.94	\$28.75 \$34.93	\$22.62 \$26.78	\$22.04 \$24.82	\$28.52 \$31.86	\$29.14 \$31.54	\$27.70 \$29.80	\$27.01 \$28.91	\$35.33 \$37.20	\$31.40 \$33.15	\$31.66 \$33.38	\$31.10 \$32.81
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$4.95 \$6.33	\$4.41 \$6.27	\$5.74 \$6.72	\$4.67 \$6.07	\$3.93 \$5.24	\$3.92 \$5.37	\$4.15 \$5.51	\$4.21 \$5.40	\$4.09 \$5.23	\$8.84 \$10.90	\$5.44 \$6.71	\$5.76 \$6.98	\$5.71 \$6.84	\$8.42 \$10.67	\$10.43 \$13.06	\$8.36 \$9.85	\$12.70 \$15.31	\$10.53 \$11.89	\$9.56 \$10.90	\$9.50 \$11.24
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$27.38	\$26.17	\$18.06	\$18.24	\$17.29	\$19.01	\$18.70	\$17.30	\$15.96	\$23.42	\$19.45	\$19.24	\$29.29	\$35.02	\$37.70	\$29.93	\$37.54	\$28.04	\$24.23	\$23.12
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$39.76	\$35.77	\$37.15	\$44.53	\$41.73	\$39.73 \$37.10	\$36.32 \$33.09	\$32.19 \$29.42	\$33.34 \$30.83	\$41.29 \$38.45	\$31.78 \$29.87	\$37.56 \$35.29	\$64.64 \$60.50	\$53.02 \$49.62	\$51.82 \$48.43	\$62.03 \$57.85	\$103.69 \$96.71	\$63.38 \$59.13	\$53.37 \$49.88	\$48.48 \$45.39
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU				\$20.42	\$16.29	\$23.21	\$24.30	\$4.36	\$2.09	\$11.93	\$14.86	\$9.83	\$14.64	\$12.31	\$18.52	\$35.65	\$44.90	\$58.62	\$46.51	\$44.27	\$37.19
IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR (GDP) % Change		86.40 2.77%	88.39 2.30%	90.27 2.12%	92.10 2.04%	93.85 1.89%	95.41 1.67%	96.47 1.11%	97.86 1.44%	100.00 2.18%	102.40 2.40%	104.19 1.74%	106.40 2.12%	109.45 2.87%	112.99 3.23%	116.56 3.16%	119.54 2.56%	121.51 1.65%	123.59 1.71%	126.00 1.95%	128.53 2.01%

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

UNDE UNDE	and the second																				
	Year:	1995		1996		1996	1996	1997		1997 .		1998		1998		1999				2000	
	Quarter:	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	04	Q1	02	03	04	01	02
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$24.73 \$22.15 \$20.96	\$24.68 \$22.10 \$20.87	\$26.27 \$23.29 \$21.81	\$24.93 \$22.10 \$20.91	\$26.76 \$22.35 \$21.21	\$27.41 \$22.30 \$21.11	\$26.76 \$22.40 \$21.21	\$25.67 \$22.30 \$21.16	\$25.77 \$23.05 \$22.01	\$25.94 \$23.79 \$22.80	\$25.72 \$23.79 \$22.80	\$24.63 \$23.29 \$22.25	\$24.63 \$23.84 \$22.80	\$24.78 \$23.44 \$22.30	\$24.43 \$22.80 \$21.51	\$23.54 \$21.66 \$19.73	\$23.29 \$21.41 \$19.92	\$23.34 \$22.60 \$21.46	\$22.90 \$22.03 \$21.11	\$22.95 \$22.00 \$20.96
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$24.95 \$26.49 \$22.92 \$21.61	\$24.70 \$26.23 \$22.81 \$21.46	\$25.71 \$25.50 \$24.11 \$22.50	\$24.50 \$24.30 \$23.54 \$21.56	\$26.86 \$26.65 \$24.90 \$23.44	\$26.97 \$26.75 \$25.10 \$23.44	\$27.17 \$26.95 \$25.21 \$23.54	\$24.55 \$24.35 \$23.59 \$23.13	\$24.50 \$24.30 \$23.33 \$22.40	\$25.60 \$25.40 \$23.96 \$23.13	\$25.64 \$25.43 \$24.06 \$23.18	\$25.27 \$25.07 \$23.33 \$22.81	\$26.28 \$26.07 \$24.48 \$23.33	\$26.71 \$26.50 \$25.10 \$24.01	\$25.91 \$25.70 \$24.32 \$23.13	\$24.14 \$23.95 \$23.13 \$22.03	\$23.89 \$25.46 \$22.92 \$21.82	\$24.04 \$25.50 \$22.81 \$21.30	\$23.54 \$24.96 \$22.34 \$20.73	\$23.39 \$24.78 \$22.19 \$20.63
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$18.35	\$18.25	\$18.25	\$18.20	\$18.30	\$18.25	\$18.40	\$18.30	\$18.35	\$18.30	\$18.30	\$18.10	\$18.10	\$17.70	\$18.35	\$18.00	\$18.40	\$18.90	\$19.00	\$18.25
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$16.70 \$17.80	\$ 16.85 \$ 18.10	\$ 17.50 \$ 18.75	\$ 17.35 \$ 18.50	\$ 18.00 \$ 19.90	\$ 18.00 \$ 20.00	\$18.00 \$21.00	\$18.00 \$20.05	\$18.15 \$20.00	\$18.25 \$19.95	\$18.25 \$20.05	\$17.95 \$19.35	\$ 18.20 \$ 20.00	\$ 18.60 \$ 20.20	\$18.10 \$19.75	\$17.50 \$19.00	\$17.15 \$18.45	\$17.00 \$18.05	\$16.75 \$17.20	\$16.70 \$16.95
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$3.40 \$4.45	\$3.30 \$4.40	\$3.20 \$4.25	\$3.15 \$4.20	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.05	\$3.20 \$4.50	\$3.30 \$4.60	\$3.62 \$4.80	\$3.35 \$4.45	\$3.15 \$4.20	\$3.27 \$4.34	\$3.38 \$4.38	\$3.45 \$4.45	\$3.47 \$4.40	\$3.50 \$4.45	\$3.40 \$4.40	\$3.20 \$4.20
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$14.20	\$14.00	\$13.50	\$13.20	\$13.60	\$14.00	\$14.40	\$15.05	\$15.65	\$15.60	\$15.25	\$15.20	\$ 15.10	\$ 14.80	\$14.65	\$14.40	\$14.10	\$13.50	\$12.75	\$12.80
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$34.20	\$34.50	\$33.65	\$32.15	\$32.00	\$33.25	\$33.50 \$31.54	\$32.40 \$30.51	\$30.95 \$28.69	\$30.00 \$27.71	\$29.20 \$26.61	\$29.00 \$26.08	\$30.15 \$27.99	\$28.90 \$26.13	\$28.40 \$25.63	\$28.00 \$24.63	\$24.60 \$23.34	\$24.40 \$22.75	\$26.00 \$24.13	\$27.25 \$25.21
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	ı	\$10.28	\$11.79	\$15.88	\$17.24	\$19.35	\$20.41	\$21.47	\$21.02	\$19.81	\$15.27	\$7.41	\$3.93	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$2.75	\$5.58	\$5.73

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 17 of 68

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> Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 18 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT BASE CASE

	Year:	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$ \$ \$	35.74 35.12 34.18	\$34.76 \$34.22 \$33.40	\$34.75 \$34.33 \$33.68	\$35.09 \$34.68 \$34.07	\$35.54 \$35.15 \$34.56	\$36.06 \$35.67 \$35.08	\$36.54 \$36.17 \$35.61	\$37.02 \$36.67 \$36.14	\$37.53 \$37.21 \$36.73	\$39.24 \$38.89 \$38.38	\$39.84 \$39.49 \$38.97	\$40.46 \$40.11 \$39.58	\$41.09 \$40.74 \$40.20	\$41.75 \$41.39 \$40.85	\$42.41 \$42.04 \$41.49	\$43.07 \$42.70 \$42.14	\$43.72 \$43.34 \$42.77	\$44.38 \$43.99 \$43.41	\$45.08 \$44.69 \$44.10
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$ \$ \$	54.93 58.64 44.52 41.26	\$55.89 \$59.66 \$42.80 \$41.31	\$56.32 \$60.12 \$42.61 \$41.48	\$57.10 \$60.95 \$42.98 \$42.20	\$58.07 \$61.98 \$43.60 \$42.99	\$59.24 \$63.24 \$44.39 \$43.79	\$60.63 \$64.71 \$45.26 \$44.66	\$62.10 \$66.28 \$46.09 \$45.54	\$63.62 \$67.91 \$47.07 \$46.53	\$65.95 \$70.40 \$48.58 \$48.04	\$68.34 \$72.96 \$50.16 \$49.63	\$70.14 \$74.89 \$51.25 \$50.72	\$71.93 \$76.81 \$52.35 \$51.83	\$73.84 \$78.85 \$53.50 \$52.98	\$75.83 \$80.99 \$54.65 \$54.14	\$77.84 \$83.14 \$55.82 \$55.31	\$79.91 \$85.36 \$57.00 \$56.50	\$81.97 \$87.57 \$58.19 \$57.69	\$84.09 \$89.84 \$59.46 \$58.96
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU	\$	31.04	\$30.34	\$30.61	\$30.98	\$31.44	\$31.93	\$32.42	\$32.92	\$33.47	\$35.00	\$35.55	\$36.13	\$36.71	\$37.32	\$37.92	\$38.53	\$39.13	\$39.74	\$40.38
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$ \$	33.52 35.37	\$33.62 \$35.52	\$33.70 \$35.66	\$33.91 \$35.92	\$34.20 \$36.27	\$34.53 \$36.65	\$34.84 \$37.02	\$35.19 \$37.42	\$35.48 \$37.78	\$35.87 \$38.23	\$36.25 \$38.66	\$36.63 \$39.10	\$36.96 \$39.50	\$37.33 \$39.92	\$37.77 \$40.44	\$38.23 \$40.96	\$38.67 \$41.47	\$39.11 \$41.97	\$39.58 \$42.51
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU	\$ \$	10.01	\$9.86 \$12.03	\$9.75 \$12.03	\$9.80 \$12.17	\$9.89 \$12.37	\$10.12 \$12.63	\$10.35 \$12.91	\$10.56 \$13.21	\$10.81 \$13.59	\$11.16 \$14.04	\$11.52 \$14.49	\$11.72 \$14.78	\$11.90 \$15.06	\$12.10 \$15.36	\$12.26 \$15.63	\$12.45 \$15.92	\$12.63 \$16.22	\$12.80 \$16.50	\$13.01 \$16.84
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU	\$	24.00	\$24.26	\$24.59	\$24.93	\$25.31	\$25.68	\$26.05	\$26.43	\$26.85	\$27.26	\$27.67	\$28.10	\$28.53	\$28.98	\$29.43	\$29.88	\$30.33	\$30.78	\$31.26
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU	\$	49.89 \$46.84	\$49.93 \$47.02	\$50.47 \$47.62	\$51.00 \$48.25	\$51.55 \$48.91	\$52.23 \$49.57	\$52.93 \$50.27	\$53.60 \$50.96	\$54.27 \$51.69	\$55.01 \$52.44	\$55.80 \$53.20	\$56.62 \$54.00	\$57.49 \$54.84	\$58.40 \$55.73	\$59.38 \$56.67	\$60.40 \$57.64	\$61.44 \$58.63	\$62.52 \$59.66	\$63.57 \$60.67
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$	37.26	\$37.14	\$37.52	\$37.92	\$38.35	\$38.78	\$39.25	\$39.72	\$40.21	\$40.73	\$41.28	\$41.86	\$42.48	\$43.14	\$43.85	\$44.60	\$45.37	\$46.19	\$46.97

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#### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT BASE CASE

	Year:	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$32.59 \$32.02 \$31.17	\$31.11 \$30.62 \$29.89	\$30.51 \$30.13 \$29.57	\$30.22 \$29.86 \$29.34	\$30.02 \$29.68 \$29.19	\$29.88 \$29.56 \$29.07	\$29.71 \$29.40 \$28.95	\$29.53 \$29.25 \$28.83	\$29.39 \$29.14 \$28.76	\$30.16 \$29.90 \$29.50	\$30.07 \$29.81 \$29.42	\$29.99 \$29.73 \$29.34	\$29.90 \$29.64 \$29.25	\$29.82 \$29.56 \$29.18	\$29.73 \$29.47 \$29.09	\$29.64 \$29.38 \$28.99	\$29.54 \$29.28 \$28.90	\$29.44 \$29.19 \$28.80	\$29.37 \$29.11 \$28.73
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$50.09 \$53.48 \$40.60 \$37.63	\$50.01 \$53.39 \$38.30 \$36.97	\$49.45 \$52.78 \$37.41 \$36.42	\$49.16 \$52.48 \$37.01 \$36.34	\$49.04 \$52.35 \$36.83 \$36.31	\$49.09 \$52.41 \$36.79 \$36.29	\$49.29 \$52.61 \$36.79 \$36.30	\$49.54 \$52.89 \$36.78 \$36.34	\$49.82 \$53.18 \$36.86 \$36.44	\$50.69 \$54.12 \$37.34 \$36.93	\$51.58 \$55.07 \$37.86 \$37.46	\$51.98 \$55.51 \$37.98 \$37.59	\$52.34 \$55.89 \$38.09 \$37.71	\$52.74 \$56.32 \$38.21 \$37.84	\$53.16 \$56.77 \$38.31 \$37.95	\$53.56 \$57.21 \$38.41 \$38.06	\$53.99 \$57.67 \$38.51 \$38.17	\$54.38 \$58.10 \$38.60 \$38.27	\$54.78 \$58.53 \$38.74 \$38.41
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$28.30	\$27.15	\$26.87	\$26.67	\$26.55	\$26.46	\$26.36	\$26.27	\$26.21	\$26.90	\$26.84	\$26.78	\$26.71	\$26.65	\$26.58	\$26.51	\$26.44	\$26.36	\$26.31
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$30.57 \$32.26	\$30.08 \$31.79	\$29.58 \$31.30	\$29.20 \$30.93	•\$28.89 \$30.63	\$28.61 \$30.37	\$28.33 \$30.10	\$28.07 \$29.86	\$27.78 \$29.58	\$27.58 \$29.38	\$27.36 \$29.18	\$27.15 \$28.98	\$26.89 \$28.74	\$26.66 \$28.52	\$26.48 \$28.35	\$26.30 \$28.18	\$26.13 \$28.02	\$25.95 \$27.85	\$25.79 \$27.70
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$9.13 \$10.96	\$8.82 \$10.76	\$8.56 \$10.56	\$8.44 \$10.48	\$8.36 \$10.45	\$8.39 \$10.47	\$8.41 \$10.49	\$8.43 \$10.54	\$8.47 \$10.64	\$8.58 \$10.79	\$8.69 \$10.93	\$8.68 \$10.95	\$8.66 \$10.96	\$8.64 \$10.97	\$8.60 \$10.96	\$8.57 \$10.96	\$8.54 \$10.96	\$8.49 \$10.95	\$8.48 \$10.97
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$21.89	\$21.71	\$21.59	\$21.47	\$21.38	\$21.28	\$21.17	\$21.09	\$21.03	\$20.96	\$20.89	\$20.82	\$20.76	\$20.70	\$20.63	\$20.56	\$20.49	\$20.42	\$20.36
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$45.49 \$42.71	\$44.69 \$42.08	\$44.31 \$41.80	\$43.92 \$41.55	\$43.54 \$41.31	\$43.28 \$41.08	\$43.03 \$40.87	\$42.77 \$40.66	\$42.50 \$40.48	\$42.29 \$40.31	\$42.12 \$40.16	\$41.96 \$40.02	\$41.83 \$39.91	\$41.72 \$39.81	\$41.63 \$39.73	\$41.56 \$39.66	\$41.51 \$39.61	\$41.48 \$39.58	\$41.41 \$39.52
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$33.98	\$33.24	\$32.93	\$32.65	\$32.39	\$32.14	\$31.91	\$31.69	\$31.49	\$31.31	\$31.16	\$31.02	\$30.91	\$30.81	\$30.74	\$30.69	\$30.66	\$30.64	\$30.60
IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR (GDP) % Change		131.09 1.99%	133.58 1.90%	136.17 1.93%	138.84 1.96%	141.54 1.95%	144.25 1.91%	147.05 1.94%	149.83 1.89%	152.66 1.89%	155.51 1.87%	158.37 1.84%	161.30 1.85%	164.29 1.85%	167.36 1.87%	170.52 1.89%	173.73 1.88%	176.94 1.85%	180.18 1.83%	183.49 1.84%

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

#### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICE: BASE CASE

	Year:		nove constants where	2001				2002				2003			Contraction and the second	2004			and an and the first state	2005	Company of the second		A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL
	Quarter:	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3 .	Q4	Q1	92	Q3	Q4	Q1	02	03	Q4	01	02	03	04	01	02	03	04
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$24.38 \$23.59 \$22.55	\$26.12 \$24.65 \$23.59	\$32.86 \$31.91 \$29.39	\$42.38 \$41.26 \$37.07	\$43.91 \$42.81 \$39.40	\$42.92 \$41.85 \$38.11	\$35.34 \$34.32 \$31.57	\$29.34 \$28.36 \$26.61	\$29.09 \$28.09 \$26.66	\$27.70 \$26.73 \$25.18	\$28.20 \$27.01 \$25.82	\$30.88 \$29.66 \$28.50	\$31.57 \$30.41 \$29.34	\$33.50 \$32.23 \$31.03	\$41.24 \$40.04 \$39.12	\$45.53 \$44.46 \$43.84	\$52.70 \$51.30 \$50.32	\$61.62 \$59.78 \$58.33	\$56.60 \$55.15 \$52.98	\$54.24 \$52.33 \$49.48	\$53.91 \$51.52 \$47.94	\$52.95 \$49.91 \$45.35
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$24.65 \$26.17 \$22.92 \$21.04	\$28.02 \$29.77 \$26.35 \$24.48	\$46.72 \$49.66 \$43.07 \$34.69	\$51.11 \$54.33 \$48.65 \$43.65	\$49.19 \$52.31 \$45.89 \$41.15	\$41.33 \$43.93 \$38.75 \$34.53	\$30.14 \$32.07 \$28.18 \$24.22	\$27.67 \$29.43 \$25.94 \$22.86	\$29.23 \$31.12 \$27.24 \$24.53	\$29.74 \$31.65 \$27.66 \$25.16	\$32.36 \$34.44 \$29.43 \$26.93	\$34.02 \$36.21 \$31.77 \$28.85	\$33.87 \$36.07 \$31.93 \$28.96	\$36.84 \$39.24 \$35.05 \$32.03	\$49.62 \$52.84 \$47.99 \$44.34	\$56.75 \$60.43 \$54.08 \$49.69	\$62.95 \$67.05 \$58.30 \$53.05	\$65.15 \$69.37 \$59.75 \$52.61	\$62.35 \$66.41 \$57.71 \$53.50	\$63.07 \$67.18 \$59.20 \$54.86	\$60.38 \$64.33 \$56.23 \$52.78	\$62.08 \$66.12 \$56.81 \$51.59
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$18.75	\$19.55	\$23.95	\$26.85	\$27.85	\$27.10	\$22.34	\$20.15	\$20.45	\$19.95	\$21.40	\$22.95	\$23.35	\$24.35	\$28.09	\$28.78	\$35.38	\$40.77	\$36.73	\$35.18	\$35.75	\$35.85
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$16.80 \$17.45	\$17.05 \$18.45	\$22.05 \$24.30	\$25.35 \$31.45	\$25.65 \$32.10	\$25.45 \$31.85	\$21.90 \$27.80	\$19.80 \$22.60	\$18.50 \$21.50	\$18.65 \$21.45	\$18.80 \$21.45	\$19.55 \$21.95	\$19.60 \$22.10	\$20.50 \$22.85	\$22.55 \$24.95	\$25.07 \$28.05	\$26.80 \$30.50	\$30.05 \$33.20	\$27.32 \$30.03	\$27.22 \$29.25	\$27.75 \$29.83	\$27.88 \$30.15
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$3.40 \$4.35	\$3.70 \$4.55	\$6.25 \$7.90	\$10.65 \$12.75	\$7.05 \$8.70	\$6.35 \$8.00	\$4.65 \$5.85	\$4.70 \$5.75	\$4.65 \$5.75	\$4.95 \$6.05	\$5.00 \$6.00	\$4.80 \$5.90	\$5.25 \$6.30	\$5.45 \$6.65	\$5.55 \$6.58	\$5.43 \$6.43	\$5.00 \$6.02	\$4.93 \$6.02	\$5.18 \$6.33	\$6.35 \$7.98	\$7.72 \$10.03	\$12.57 \$16.00
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$13.30	\$14.55	\$19.05	\$19.85	\$20.55	\$20.80	\$18.40	\$16.30	\$16.45	\$16.65	\$16.15	\$16.90	\$17.15	\$18.30	\$22.42	\$25.95	\$29.42	\$29.50	\$28.98	\$31.12	\$34.82	\$37.50
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$27.85 \$25.63	\$30.45 \$28.20	\$35.10 \$32.60	\$36.90 \$34.32	\$36.85 \$34.31	\$32.62 \$30.52	\$29.81 \$27.99	\$27.54 \$25.95	\$25.06 \$23.57	\$28.38 \$26.63	\$28.55 \$26.83	\$28.04 \$26.40	\$35.00 \$32.86	\$42.12 \$39.55	\$46.23 \$43.28	\$54.39 \$50.97	\$68.50 \$64.08	\$67.62 \$63.25	\$57.64 \$53.92	\$49.06 \$45.94	\$51.92 \$48.57	\$41.84 \$39.17
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	7	\$8.83	\$19.78	\$18.11	\$14.62	\$9.95	\$8.24	\$7.44	\$5.79	\$7.97	\$13.08	\$20.35	\$14.53	\$8.52	\$8.71	\$6.60	\$6.46	\$14.71	\$20.46	\$22.76	\$13.25	\$12.02	\$21.98

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

#### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICE: BASE CASE

DAGE ONGE	Year: Quarter:	2006 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2007 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2008 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009 Q1	QZ	Q3	Q4	2010 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$49.63 \$46.48 \$41.76	\$46.60 \$43.85 \$39.72	\$44.14 \$41.92 \$38.58	\$42.90 \$41.40 \$39.14	\$44.00 \$43.09 \$41.73	\$44.75 \$44.02 \$42.93	\$46.60 \$45.83 \$44.67	\$51.10 \$50.46 \$49.50	\$73.95 \$72.73 \$70.90	\$88.05 \$86.53 \$84.25	\$82.50 \$80.85 \$78.37	\$71.42 \$69.60 \$66.88	\$58.77 \$57.15 \$54.73	\$49.90 \$48.43 \$46.22	\$48.48 \$47.20 \$45.27	\$44.78 \$43.74 \$42.17	\$42.93 \$42.01 \$40.63	\$41.18 \$40.22 \$38.77	\$41.03 \$40.24 \$39.05	\$39.42 \$38.68 \$37.57
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$61.21 \$65.20 \$55.10 \$48.97	\$59.39 \$63.26 \$51.81 \$46.25	\$54.23 \$57.79 \$49.69 \$44.09	\$48.82 \$52.01 \$46.23 \$42.62	\$41.92 \$44.66 \$39.55 \$35.52	\$44.73 \$47.65 \$42.53 \$39.22	\$45.65 \$48.65 \$43.65 \$40.17	\$53.55 \$57.06 \$51.60 \$47.98	\$74.38 \$79.26 \$71.43 \$63.05	\$89.33 \$95.18 \$85.48 \$67.21	\$85.03 \$90.63 \$81.50 \$59.57	\$72.27 \$77.01 \$69.35 \$47.20	\$61.70 \$65.76 \$58.85 \$41.20	\$57.33 \$61.10 \$54.25 \$38.95	\$57.10 \$60.87 \$53.77 \$39.65	\$55.35 \$59.00 \$51.75 \$39.35	\$54.95 \$58.58 \$51.05 \$39.67	\$54.08 \$57.65 \$49.88 \$39.35	\$54.77 \$58.40 \$50.27 \$40.38	\$53.73 \$57.28 \$48.93 \$40.25
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$34.63	\$32.63	\$30.67	\$32.24	\$35.45	\$37.43	\$38.63	\$45.23	\$65.86	\$78.04	\$71.70	\$60.44	\$49.28	\$41.73	\$40.95	\$38.21	\$36.86	\$35.13	\$35.42	\$34.05
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.27 \$29.37	\$26.53 \$28.57	\$26.63 \$28.72	\$27.60 \$29.58	\$26.85 \$28.77	\$26.53 \$28.52	\$26.93 \$28.77	\$27.73 \$29.60	\$32.13 \$34.05	\$39.42 \$41.40	\$38.23 \$40.07	\$33.85 \$35.72	\$32.07 \$33.88	\$32.27 \$34.13	\$32.83 \$34.60	\$32.70 \$34.48	\$32.98 \$34.80	\$32.98 \$34.85	\$33.93 \$35.70	\$33.58 \$35.37
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.20 \$17.68	\$10.63 \$13.62	\$8.20 \$10.18	\$7.63 \$9.47	\$7.18 \$8.80	\$7.48 \$8.93	\$8.92 \$10.47	\$9.85 \$11.20	\$11.97 \$14.42	\$13.85 \$17.25	\$13.15 \$15.97	\$12.68 \$14.62	\$12.22 \$13.65	\$11.50 \$12.92	\$10.48 \$11.82	\$9.33 \$10.80	\$9.83 \$11.27	\$9.70 \$11.12	\$10.50 \$11.83	\$10.28 \$11.75
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$38.45	\$37.62	\$35.83	\$35.13	\$33.75	\$32.50	\$27.02	\$26.43	\$34.83	\$42.40	\$39.70	\$35.68	\$32.52	\$29.07	\$27.90	\$26.47	\$25.80	\$25.40	\$25.63	\$25.32
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$48.83 \$45.68	\$52.74 \$49.24	\$50.93 \$47.65	\$49.61 \$46.32	\$51.13 \$47.70	\$52.48 \$48.95	\$59.37 \$55.37	\$85.13 \$79.38	\$111.06 \$103.60	\$123.68 \$115.38	\$105.18 \$98.07	\$81.68 \$76.17	\$70.69 \$65.93	\$66.43 \$61.96	\$63.52 \$59.27	\$61.45 \$57.35	\$59.55 \$55.62	\$55.20 \$51.57	\$56.82 \$53.12	\$53.44 \$49.98
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$24.99	\$36.75	\$39.32	\$37.98	\$44.03	\$47.68	\$44.98	\$42.90	\$55.19	\$70.38	\$60.30	\$52.48	\$49.98	\$47.62	\$47.55	\$47.20	\$46.93	\$46.63	\$47.30	\$45.78

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 22 of 68

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

March 2008

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 ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS F
 A14

 ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS
 A67

 QUARTERLY CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TO
 A121

# ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

DADLOADL	A PARTY OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF													
	Year:	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Northern Appalachia														
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$72.15	\$49.33	\$40.12	\$37.51	\$36.31	\$35.86	\$36.05	\$36.46	\$36.96	\$37.47	\$37.97	\$38.68	\$39.64
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$70.51	\$48.28	\$39.38	\$36.83	\$35.73	\$35.36	\$35.62	\$36.05	\$36.56	\$37.08	\$37.60	\$38.34	\$39.30
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$68.06	\$46.70	\$38.27	\$35.82	\$34.85	\$34.61	\$34.98	\$35.43	\$35.95	\$36.50	\$37.05	\$37.81	\$38.78
										• * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• C19230-902 - 4			10000
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$73.85	\$57.43	\$55.24	\$56.71	\$57.15	\$57.92	\$58.58	\$59.51	\$60.65	\$61.98	\$63.46	\$65.14	\$67.14
7%, 13000 BTU		\$78.72	\$61.23	\$58.93	\$60.57	\$61.01	\$61.83	\$62.53	\$63.53	\$64.74	\$66.17	\$67.74	\$69.54	\$71.67
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$69.14	\$52.38	\$49.31	\$46.50	\$44.94	\$44.05	\$44.19	\$44.73	\$45.47	\$46.31	\$47.21	\$48.24	\$49.53
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$55.50	\$40.86	\$41.23	\$47.89	\$42.56	\$42.76	\$43.23	\$44.01	\$44 84	\$45.70	\$46.62	\$47.68	\$48.08
		+	+	+	+	+	4.11.10	<b></b>	4 i nor	φ i no i	<b>415170</b>	\$10.0L	φ47.00	\$40.50
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$61.80	\$42.50	\$34.64	\$32.52	\$31.66	\$31.45	\$31.80	\$32.23	\$32.72	\$33.23	\$33.75	\$34.46	\$35.36
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$34.94	\$33.31	\$34.42	\$34.50	\$34.59	\$34.70	\$34.87	\$35.13	\$35,45	\$35.79	\$36.12	\$36.46	\$36.81
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$36.83	\$35.13	\$36.30	\$36.41	\$36.53	\$36.70	\$36.92	\$37.25	\$37.62	\$38.01	\$38.40	\$38.81	\$39.22
					·				1	1	1	+	+	+
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.69	\$10.74	\$10.42	\$10.39	\$10.21	\$10.11	\$10.08	\$10.18	\$10.35	\$10.58	\$10.81	\$11.07	\$11 38
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.65	\$12.46	\$12.13	\$12.42	\$12.38	\$12.41	\$12.49	\$12.68	\$12.92	\$13.21	\$13.52	\$13.88	\$14.30
And Providence of Proposition Providence Providence									1	+	+	+	+10.00	<i><b>4</b></i> <b>1 1 0 0</b>
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$33.60	\$27.60	\$25.81	\$25.21	\$24.91	\$25.22	\$25.57	\$25.94	\$26.32	\$26.70	\$27.10	\$27.51	\$27.94
			•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							,	1	+	+
Foreign Coal														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$81.21	\$60.35	\$55.43	\$52.54	\$51.50	\$51.80	\$52.36	\$52.93	\$53.57	\$54.27	\$54.98	\$55.68	\$56.42
8%, 11600 BTU		\$75.81	\$56.44	\$51.87	\$49.29	\$48.44	\$48.85	\$49.49	\$50.15	\$50.84	\$51.54	\$52.26	\$53.00	\$53.76
						• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•				+ <b>v</b>	+	+
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$53.71	\$47.54	\$44.16	\$39.76	\$38.38	\$38.52	\$38.92	\$39.36	\$39.80	\$40.27	\$40.75	\$41.25	\$41.78
			5.Å.						,		+	+	+	+

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

March 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON

BASE CASE														
	Year:	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Northern Appalachia													,	
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$70.98	\$47.71	\$38.07	\$34.88	\$33.11	\$32.09	\$31.65	\$31.40	\$31.21	\$31.05	\$30.87	\$30.87	\$31.04
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$69.37	\$46.69	\$37.37	\$34.26	\$32.58	\$31.64	\$31.27	\$31.04	\$30.87	\$30.73	\$30.57	\$30.59	\$30.77
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$66.95	\$45.17	\$36.31	\$33.31	\$31.78	\$30.98	\$30.71	\$30.51	\$30.37	\$30.24	\$30.12	\$30.17	\$30.37
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$72.65	\$55.55	\$52.41	\$52.75	\$52.11	\$51.83	\$51.43	\$51.24	\$51.22	\$51 37	\$51 50	\$51.09	657 57
7%, 13000 BTU		\$77.44	\$59.23	\$55.91	\$56.33	\$55.63	\$55.33	\$54.89	\$54.70	\$54 68	\$54.83	\$55.07	\$55.49	\$52.57
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$68.02	\$50.66	\$46.78	\$43.25	\$40.98	\$39.42	\$38.79	\$38.51	\$38.40	\$38.38	\$38.38	\$39.40	\$30.12
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$54.60	\$39.52	\$39.11	\$39.89	\$38.81	\$38.27	\$37.96	\$37.90	\$37.87	\$37.87	\$37.90	\$38.04	\$38.75
		a de sectores			1		+	407.000	<i>quinte</i>	407107	<i>457.07</i>	\$37.30	\$30.04	\$30.33
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$60.80	\$41.11	\$32.87	\$30.24	\$28.87	\$28.15	\$27.92	\$27.75	\$27.63	\$27.53	\$27.43	\$27.49	\$27.69
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$34.37	\$32.21	\$32.66	\$32.09	\$31.54	\$31.06	\$30.61	\$30.25	\$20.04	\$20.66	¢20.26	¢20.00	¢20.02
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$36.24	\$33.98	\$34.44	\$33.86	\$33.31	\$32.84	\$32.41	\$32.07	\$23.34	\$29.00	\$29.30	\$29.09	\$28.83
					,	1	+	+	<i><b>40</b></i> <b>10</b> <i>7</i>	451177	401.00	<b>451</b> .22	\$30.90	\$30.71
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.48	\$10.39	\$9.88	\$9.66	\$9.31	\$9.04	\$8.85	\$8.76	\$8.74	\$8.77	\$8.79	\$8.83	\$8.91
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.41	\$12.06	\$11.51	\$11.55	\$11.29	\$11.11	\$10.97	\$10.92	\$10.91	\$10.94	\$10.99	\$11.07	\$11.20
											• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	1
Uinta Basin				Lorone and										
5%, 11500 BTU		\$33.05	\$26.70	\$24.48	\$23.44	\$22.72	\$22.57	\$22.45	\$22.34	\$22.23	\$22.13	\$22.03	\$21.95	\$21.88
Foreign Coal: Colombia														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$79.89	\$58 38	¢57 50	¢19 97	£46.06	£46.36	tar oc	64F F0	445.94	+	+		
8%, 11600 BTU		\$74.58	\$54.59	\$49 22	\$45.87	\$40.90	\$40.30	\$45.90	\$45.58	\$45.24	\$44.98	\$44.70	\$44.43	\$44.18
,		<i><b></b></i>	<i>quality</i>	\$45.22	<b>\$</b> <del>1</del> <b>5.04</b>	\$44.17	\$43.71	\$43.44	\$43.10	\$42.94	\$42.71	\$42.48	\$42.28	\$42.09
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$52.84	\$45.98	\$41.89	\$36.98	\$35.00	\$34.47	\$34.17	\$33.89	\$33.62	\$33.37	\$33.13	\$32.01	¢37 77
				••••••				+=	+	700.01	400.07	400.10	<b>\$</b> 52.51	\$32.12

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 23 of 68 QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE March 2008

### QUARTERLY CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

BASE CASE													
	Year:	2008				2009				2010			
	Quarter:	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia													
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$72.06	\$78.83	\$72.78	\$64.93	\$56.49	\$48.00	\$47.43	\$45.39	\$41.81	\$40.00	\$39.81	\$38.87
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$70.47	\$77.05	\$71.10	\$63.42	\$55.21	\$46.96	\$46.44	\$44.49	\$41.01	\$39.25	\$39.09	\$38.18
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$68.09	\$74.39	\$68.59	\$61.15	\$53.29	\$45.39	\$44.97	\$43.14	\$39.80	\$38.13	\$38.01	\$37.15
Central Appalachia													
7%, 12500 BTU		\$75.06	\$79.18	\$75.47	\$65.68	\$58.53	\$57.43	\$57.25	\$56.50	\$55.80	\$55.29	\$54.85	\$55.00
7%, 13000 BTU		\$80.00	\$84.40	\$80.45	\$70.01	\$62.40	\$61.23	\$61.04	\$60.25	\$59.52	\$58.99	\$58.53	\$58.69
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$70.81	\$74.35	\$70.50	\$60.90	\$53.88	\$52.52	\$52.05	\$51.07	\$50.18	\$49.46	\$48.85	\$48.75
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$60.95	\$61.57	\$53.60	\$45.87	\$40.65	\$40.73	\$41.00	\$41.06	\$41.07	\$41.16	\$41.28	\$41.40
Ohio													
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$62.05	\$67.63	\$62.17	\$55.36	\$48.26	\$41.22	\$40.94	\$39.57	\$36.78	\$35.50	\$35.66	\$35.12
Illinois Basin													
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$34.05	\$36.49	\$35.95	\$33.26	\$33.16	\$33.27	\$33.36	\$33.43	\$33.45	\$33.50	\$33.55	\$33.53
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$35.90	\$38.45	\$37.90	\$35.09	\$34.98	\$35.10	\$35.18	\$35.26	\$35.28	\$35.34	\$35.38	\$35.38
Powder River Basin													
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.11	\$13.58	\$12.68	\$12.39	\$11.73	\$10.74	\$10.42	\$10.07	\$10.10	\$10.11	\$10.12	\$10.07
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.06	\$15.73	\$14.58	\$14.22	\$13.49	\$12.43	\$12.13	\$11.80	\$11.87	\$11.93	\$11.99	\$12.02
Uinta Basin													
5%, 11500 BTU		\$33.12	\$35.19	\$34.05	\$32.03	\$29.60	\$28.09	\$26.67	\$26.06	\$25.53	\$25.37	\$25.24	\$25.15
Foreign Coal													
7%, 12000 BTU		\$88.57	\$86.35	\$79.15	\$70.75	\$63.16	\$60.25	\$59.91	\$58.08	\$56 35	\$55.45	\$54.93	\$53 38
8%, 11600 BTU		\$82.66	\$80.60	\$73.90	\$66.09	\$59.02	\$56.33	\$56.04	\$54.36	\$52.78	\$51.97	\$51.51	\$50.09
Petroleum Coke													
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$56.16	\$56.54	\$52.59	\$49.55	\$48.06	\$47.76	\$47.21	\$47.11	\$46.13	\$45.24	\$45.14	\$43.03

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 25 of 68

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTF

DASE CASE											
	Year:	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia											
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$40.83	\$41.46	\$42.12	\$42.78	\$43.46	\$44.14	\$44.81	\$45.49	\$46.19	\$46.89
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$40.48	\$41.10	\$41.75	\$42.41	\$43.08	\$43.75	\$44.42	\$45.10	\$45.78	\$46.48
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$39.94	\$40.56	\$41.20	\$41.85	\$42.51	\$43.18	\$43.84	\$44.50	\$45.18	\$45.87
							+	+	÷•••••	<i>\\</i> IDI10	<i>φ</i> +0.07
Central Appalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU		\$69.47	\$71.62	\$73.40	675 41	\$77 43	\$70.40	401 E0	¢02 72		+00.00
- 7% 13000 BTU		\$74.16	\$76.47	\$79.49	\$90 E2	\$77.42	\$79.49	\$01.59	\$83.73	\$85.89	\$88.08
-1.0% 12500 BTU		\$51.04	\$53.41	\$70.40	\$60.55	\$02.09	\$84.91	\$87.10	\$89.45	\$91.76	\$94.12
-1 5% 12500 BTU		\$51.04	\$52.41	\$53.55	\$54.71	\$55.90	\$57.10	\$58.31	\$59.54	\$60.80	\$62.11
-1.5%, 12300 BTU		\$50.49	\$51.87	\$53.01	\$54.18	\$55.37	\$56.57	\$57.79	\$59.02	\$60.29	\$61.59
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$36.43	\$37.02	\$37.62	\$38.23	\$38.85	\$39.48	\$40.10	\$40.73	\$41.37	\$42.01
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$37.21	\$37.59	\$37.96	\$38 33	\$38 75	\$30.22	\$30.69	¢40.14	£40.60	¢ 41 00
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$39.67	\$40.12	\$40.55	\$40.99	\$41 47	\$42.00	\$33.00	\$40.14	\$40.00	\$41.08
		<i>qubitor</i>	\$40.1L	<b>40.55</b>	\$ <del>+</del> 0.55	<b>\$41.47</b>	\$42.00	<b>\$42.54</b>	\$43.07	\$43.60	\$44.14
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU		\$11.71	\$12.00	\$12.20	\$12.39	\$12.58	\$12.76	\$12.94	\$13.13	\$13 33	\$13.54
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.74	\$15.12	\$15.42	\$15.71	\$16.01	\$16.30	\$16.60	\$16.91	\$17.23	\$17.59
		5 • 2015000 - 201		1	+	+=010=	410.00	<b>\$10.00</b>	<i><b>410.91</b></i>	ş17.25	\$17.59
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU		\$28.36	\$28.79	\$29.24	\$29.69	\$30.16	\$30.62	\$31.09	\$31.55	\$32.03	\$32.50
Foreign Coal											
- 7% 12000 BTU		\$57.21	¢59.05	¢ E 9 0 7	CO OF	+C0 07	AC1 07	+62.02	+		
- 8% 11600 BTU		\$57.21	\$56.05 ¢EE 2E	\$56.92	\$39.05	\$00.83	\$01.87	\$62.93	\$64.02	\$65.11	\$66.18
		404. <b>0</b> 4	455.55	\$50.21	\$57.11	\$38.05	359.04	\$60.06	\$61.09	\$62.14	\$63.15
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$42.33	\$42.92	\$43.54	\$44.21	\$44.93	\$45.68	\$46 48	\$47.20	¢49.10	¢ 40 00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,	<b>+</b>	+	4.0.00	<b>440.40</b>	977.29	340.IU	<b>740.00</b>

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE CONT

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BASE CASE					1				*		
	Year:	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026.	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia							·				
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$31.39	\$31.30	\$31.21	÷ \$31.13	\$31.04	\$30.94	\$30.84	\$30.74	\$30.64	\$30.55
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$31.11	\$31.03	\$30.94	\$30.86	\$30.77	\$30.67	\$30.57	\$30.47	\$30.37	\$30.28
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$30.70	\$30.62	\$30.54	\$30.45	\$30.37	\$30.27	\$30.17	\$30.07	\$29.98	\$29.88
Oraclashin											
Central Appalachia		+== 40	+= 4 0 0	454 47	+= 4 07	+== 20	+== ==		+=< ==	+== 00	+== ==
7%, 12500 BTU		\$53.40	\$54.06	\$54.47	\$54.87	\$55.30	\$55.73	\$56.15	\$56.57	\$56.98	\$57.38
/%, 13000 BIU		\$57.01	\$57.72	\$58.16	\$58.60	\$59.06	\$59.52	\$59.97	\$60.43	\$60.88	\$61.31
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$39.23	\$39.56	\$39.69	\$39.81	\$39.93	\$40.03	\$40.12·	\$40.23	\$40.34	\$40.46
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$38.81	\$39.15	\$39.29	\$39.42	\$39.55	\$39.66	\$39.76	\$39.88	\$40.00	\$40.12
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$28.01	\$27.94	\$27.88	\$27.82	\$27.75	\$27.67	\$27.59	\$27.52	\$27.44	\$27.37
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$28.60	\$28.37	\$28.13	\$27.89	\$27.68	\$27.49	\$27.30	\$27.12	\$26.94	\$26.76
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$30.50	\$30.28	\$30.05	\$29.83	\$29.62	\$29.45	\$29.27	\$29.10	\$28.92	\$28.76
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU		\$9.00	\$9.05	\$9.04	\$9.01	\$8.98	\$8.94	\$8.91	\$8.87	\$8.84	\$8.82
35%, 8800 BTU		\$11.33	\$11.41	\$11.43	\$11.43	\$11.44	\$11.43	\$11.42	\$11.42	\$11.43	\$11.46
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU		\$21.80	\$21.73	\$21.67	\$21.61	\$21.54	\$21.47	\$21.39	\$21.32	\$21.25	\$21.18
Foreign Coal: Colombia											
7%, 12000 BTU		\$43.98	\$43.82	\$43.67	\$43.55	\$43.45	\$43.37	\$43.30	\$43.25	\$43.20	\$43.11
8%, 11600 BTU		\$41.93	\$41.78	\$41.66	\$41.55	\$41.47	\$41.39	\$41.32	\$41.28	\$41.22	\$41.14
Petroleum Coke	,										
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$32.54	\$32.40	\$32.27	\$32.17	\$32.09	\$32.03	\$31.98	\$31.95	\$31.91	\$31.85

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 26 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

March 2008

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 ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER T
 A14

 ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER T
 A67

 QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON
 A121

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

MON OACE														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$100.66 \$98.64 \$95.60	\$105.96 \$103.11 \$98.85	\$77.01 \$75.40 \$73.00	\$62.96 \$61.75 \$59.95	\$62.98 \$61.88 \$60.24	\$63.45 \$62.46 \$60.96	\$63.67 \$62.89 \$61.71	\$64.41 \$63.66 \$62.53	\$65.15 \$64.43 \$63.35	\$65.97 \$65.25 \$64.18	\$66.70 \$66.02 \$65.00	\$67.38 \$66.75 \$65.79
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46	\$78.41	\$104.96	\$88.47	\$79.60	\$70.39	\$71 54	\$72.66	\$73 56	¢75.07	¢76.00	A70 74	±00.60
7%, 13000 BTU		\$49.50	\$83.56	\$111.87	\$94.34	\$85.03	\$75.15	\$76.37	\$77.57	\$78.50	\$80.14	\$70.90	\$70.74	\$80.0Z
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$44.33	\$75.18	\$99.12	\$81.39	\$67.22	\$57.05	\$54.78	\$54.97	\$55.37	\$56.37	\$57.62	\$58.78	\$50.05
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$40.72	\$57.90	\$72.16	\$64.93	\$60.92	\$52.88	\$52.88	\$53.52	\$54.37	\$55.58	\$56.84	\$58.00	\$59.12
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$87.71	\$89.29	\$66.19	\$51.87	\$50.95	\$50.22	\$51.04	\$51.96	\$53.06	\$54.18	\$55.28	\$56.31
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$27.01	\$43.75	\$47.01	\$41.11	\$39.22	\$39.76	\$40.32	\$40.86	\$41 56	\$42 37	¢43 73	\$44.09	¢44.09
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$28.91	\$46.06	\$49.63	\$43.34	\$41.37	\$41.96	\$42.60	\$43.23	\$44.03	\$44.93	\$45.89	\$46.84	\$47.84
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$8.36	\$15.29	\$16.34	\$13.55	\$11.45	\$11.46	\$11.52	\$11.62	\$11.90	\$12.27	\$12.81	\$13.37	\$13.97
35%, 8800 BTU		\$9.85	\$16.87	\$17.72	\$15.13	\$13.55	\$13.76	\$14.06	\$14.33	\$14.78	\$15.33	\$15.99	\$16.68	\$17.42
Uinta Basin		÷												
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$48.95	\$50.65	\$47.38	\$44.44	\$43.05	\$43.10	\$42.89	\$43.02	\$43.15	\$42.49	\$41.70	\$40.18
Foreign Coal														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$62.03	\$136.25	\$145.03	\$108.60	\$93.31	\$81.37	\$74.60	\$70.07	\$68.76	\$70.07	\$71 47	\$72.81	\$73.04
8%, 11600 BTU		\$57.85	\$127.07	\$135.30	\$101.49	\$87.36	\$76.41	\$70.24	\$66.11	\$65.05	\$66.48	\$67.83	\$69.14	\$70.30
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$78.30	\$106.44	\$89.90	\$71.58	\$60.79	\$55.49	\$52.08	\$51.12	\$52.13	\$53.07	\$53.99	\$54.78

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

March 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON

HIGH CASE														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$99.03 \$97.04 \$94.05	\$102.49 \$99.74 \$95.61	\$73.07 \$71.54 \$69.26	\$58.55 \$57.44 \$55.76	\$57.43 \$56.43 \$54.93	\$56.78 \$55.89 \$54.56	\$55.90 \$55.21 \$54.17	\$55.46 \$54.81 \$53.84	\$55.03 \$54.42 \$53.50	\$54.67 \$54.07 \$53.18	\$54.23 \$53.67 \$52.84	\$53.76 \$53.25 \$52.49
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$77.14 \$82.21 \$73.96 \$56.96	\$101.52 \$108.21 \$95.88 \$69.80	\$83.93 \$89.51 \$77.22 \$61.60	\$74.03 \$79.08 \$62.52 \$56.66	\$64.19 \$68.53 \$52.03 \$48.22	\$64.02 \$68.34 \$49.02 \$47.32	\$63.79 \$68.10 \$48.26 \$46.98	\$63.33 \$67.60 \$47.68 \$46.81	\$63.40 \$67.68 \$47.61 \$46.94	\$63.73 \$68.02 \$47.75 \$47.10	\$64.01 \$68.33 \$47.79 \$47.15	\$64.32 \$68.66 \$47.74 \$47.17
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$86.29	\$86.37	\$62.80	\$48.24	\$46.46	\$44.94	\$44.81	\$44.74	\$44.81	\$44.90	\$44.94	\$44.93
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.01 \$28.91	\$43.04 \$45.31	\$45.47 \$48.01	\$39.01 \$41.12	\$36.48 \$38.48	\$36.26 \$38.26	\$36.08 \$38.12	\$35.87 \$37.95	\$35.79 \$37.91	\$35.78 \$37.95	\$35.82 \$38.03	\$35.84 \$38.08	\$35.88 \$38.17
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.36 \$9.85	\$15.04 \$16.59	\$15.80 \$17.14	\$12.86 \$14.35	\$10.65 \$12.60	\$10.45 \$12.54	\$10.31 \$12.58	\$10.20 \$12.58	\$10.25 \$12.73	\$10.36 \$12.95	\$10.62 \$13.25	\$10.87 \$13.56	\$11.11 \$13.90
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$48.15	\$48.99	\$44.95	\$41.33	\$39.26	\$38.57	\$37.65	\$37.04	\$36.44	\$35.21	\$33.90	\$32.06
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$62.03 \$57.85	\$134.05 \$125.02	\$140.28 \$130.87	\$103.03 \$96.29	\$86.78 \$81.26	\$74.20 \$69.68	\$66.76 \$62.86	\$61.52 \$58.03	\$59.20 \$56.01	\$59.18 \$56.15	\$59.22 \$56.21	\$59.19 \$56.21	\$58.99 \$56.09
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$77.03	\$102.96	\$85.30	\$66.57	\$55.43	\$49.66	\$45.72	\$44.02	\$44.03	\$43.98	\$43.89	\$43.71

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 28 of 68 QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803

JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

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March 2008

#### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

HIGH CASE	NEX XXXXXXXXX												
	Year:	2008				2009				2010			
Northern Appalachia	Quarter:	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
-1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$79.50 \$78.19 \$76.22	\$101.35 \$99.60 \$96.98	\$109.65 \$107.45 \$104.16	\$112.15 \$109.30 \$105.03	\$115.60 \$112.43 \$107.67	\$109.75 \$106.51 \$101.65	\$103.70 \$100.95 \$96.82	\$94.80 \$92.58 \$89.26	\$86.50 \$84.65 \$81.87	\$78.55 \$76.71 \$73.94	\$72.90 \$71.49 \$69.38	\$70.10 \$68.78 \$66.81
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$85.30 \$90.90 \$81.92 \$72.31	\$107.60 \$114.64 \$102.96 \$80.95	\$109.55 \$116.77 \$105.00 \$76.75	\$11.20 \$11.94 \$10.75 \$7.32	\$109.82 \$117.05 \$104.75 \$73.33	\$106.54 \$113.54 \$100.81 \$72.38	\$102.59 \$109.37 \$96.60 \$71.24	\$100.87 \$107.51 \$94.31 \$71.71	\$96.25 \$102.61 \$89.42 \$69.48	\$92.58 \$98.68 \$85.39 \$67.36	\$85.60 \$91.27 \$78.57 \$63.12	\$79.44 \$84.69 \$72.34 \$59.51
<b>Ohio</b> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$70.80	\$89.83	\$95.29	\$94.92	\$96.93	\$91.77	\$87.58	\$80.89	\$74.26	\$67.01	\$62.93	\$60.55
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$35.40 \$37.49	\$44.00 \$46.21	\$47.40 \$49.67	\$48.20 \$50.86	\$49.00 \$51.78	\$48.70 \$51.52	\$46.00 \$48.48	\$44.35 \$46.77	\$43.00 \$45.46	\$41.35 \$43.72	\$40.50 \$42.60	\$39.60 \$41.59
<b>Powder River Basin</b> 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$13.20 \$14.85	\$15.50 \$17.07	\$16.10 \$17.58	\$16.35 \$17.97	\$16.50 \$17.82	\$16.50 \$17.92	\$16.35 \$17.68	\$16.00 \$17.47	\$15.00 \$16.50	\$14.00 \$15.55	\$13.20 \$14.80	\$12.00 \$13.65
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$44.10	\$48.54	\$51,15	\$52.00	\$52.00	¢51 35	¢50.15	¢40.10	¢ 48 E0	±40.00	+ 47 00	
Foreign Coal		+ 20	+	<i><b>401110</b></i>	<i>452.00</i>	<i>432.00</i>	<b>431.33</b>	\$30.15	\$49.IU	<b>\$40.</b> 50	<b>\$48.00</b>	\$47.00	\$46.00
7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$119.59 \$111.56	\$131.88 \$123.02	\$142.88 \$133.22	\$150.66 \$140.49	\$153.17 \$142.85	\$150.04 \$139.96	\$141.48 \$132.02	\$135.41 \$126.39	\$127.86 \$119.41	\$112.61 \$105.21	\$100.94 \$94.36	\$93.01 \$86.98
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$59.43	\$75.05	\$81.92	\$96.80	\$108.30	\$107.55	\$105.91	\$104.02	\$100.77	\$95.13	\$84.03	\$79.68

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 29 of 68

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 30 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PF

HIGH CASE												
	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia			1 1000 mil 100	Sec. 1							and a start	
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$68.03	\$68.88	\$69.69	\$70.53	\$71.37	\$72.25	\$73.14	\$74.04	\$74.92	\$75.81	\$76.71
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$67.45	\$68.28	\$69.09	\$69.91	\$70.75	\$71.62	\$72.50	\$73.39	\$74.27	\$75.15	\$76.04
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$66.57	\$67.38	\$68.18	\$68.99	\$69.82	\$70.67	\$71.55	\$72.43	\$73.29	\$74.16	\$75.04
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$82.55	\$84.44	\$86.39	\$88.40	\$90.45	\$92.57	\$94.32	\$96.09	\$97.87	\$99.66	\$101.49
7%, 13000 BTU		\$88.12	\$90.14	\$92.24	\$94.38	\$96.59	\$98.86	\$100.74	\$102.64	\$104.55	\$106.47	\$108.44
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$61.08	\$62.20	\$63.41	\$64.59	\$65.83	\$67.07	\$67.98	\$68.91	\$69.81	\$70.75	\$71.77
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$60.38	\$61.51	\$62.74	\$63.92	\$65.17	\$66.43	\$67.34	\$68.28	\$69.20	\$70.14	\$71.17
		10.000										
Ohio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$57.53	\$60.27	\$61.38	\$62.57	\$63.85	\$65.14	\$66.32	\$67.50	\$68.66	\$69.86	\$71.08
Illinois Basin												
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$45.82	\$46.80	\$47.77	\$48.75	\$49.68	\$50.66	\$51.76	\$52.89	\$54.02	\$55.14	\$56.32
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$48.79	\$49.87	\$50.95	\$52.04	\$53.09	\$54.19	\$55.41	\$56.67	\$57.92	\$59.17	\$60.49
Powder River Basin						2 10 0 0 0 0 0	a second screen	a writer contrain	THE WORK STREET	2010-001-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00		
33%, 8400 BTU		\$14.56	\$15.34	\$16.22	\$16.93	\$17.61	\$18.36	\$19.04	\$19.80	\$20.62	\$21.38	\$22.34
35%, 8800 BTU		\$18.30	\$19.30	\$20.41	\$21.35	\$22.28	\$23.32	\$24.28	\$25.34	\$26.47	\$27.56	\$28.91
llinta Basin												
- 5% 11500 BTU		\$30 42	¢41 10	¢42.95	¢44 70	\$46.63	\$49.67	¢E0.90	¢ 52 02	<b>FEE 21</b>	+E7 71	460 DE
.5 %, 11500 510		\$33.42	\$41.10	ş42.05	\$44.70	\$40.05	\$40.07	\$50.80	\$55.02	\$55.51	\$57.71	\$00.25
Foreign Coal												
7%, 12000 BTU		\$74.94	\$76.02	\$77.14	\$78.28	\$79.46	\$80.67	\$81.94	\$83.24	\$84.53	\$85.85	\$87.19
8%, 11600 BTU		\$71.38	\$72.46	\$73.55	\$74.66	\$75.80	\$76.98	\$78.20	\$79.43	\$80.67	\$81.92	\$83.20
		+	T	<i><b>+</b>-</i> <b>---</b> <i>-</i> <b>-</b> <i>-</i> <b>-</b> <i>-</i> <b>-</b> <i>-------------</i>	<i><b>4</b></i> ,	<i><b></b></i>	<i><b></b></i>	<i>t</i> , oile	<i>φ,</i> 511.5	400107	<b>QUIDE</b>	405.20
Petroleum Coke												
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$55.53	\$56.29	\$57.06	\$57.87	\$58.71	\$59.59	\$60.51	\$61.46	\$62.43	\$63.42	\$64.42
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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PF

HIGH OAGE	States and the second second											
N	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
-1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$53.27 \$52.81 \$52.13	\$52.95 \$52.48 \$51.79	\$52.61 \$52.15 \$51.46	\$52.27 \$51.81 \$51.13	\$51.94 \$51.48 \$50.81	\$51.60 \$51.15 \$50.48	\$51.27 \$50.83 \$50.16	\$50.94 \$50.50 \$49.84	\$50.62 \$50.18 \$49.52	\$50.29 \$49.86 \$49.20	\$49.97 \$49.54 \$48.89
												1
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$64.64	\$64.91	\$65.21	\$65 51	\$65.92	666 17		ACC 12	ACC 12	+66.43	+
7%, 13000 BTU		\$69.00	\$60.20	\$60.67	\$60.0E	\$70.32	\$00.12	\$00.12	\$00.12	\$00.12	\$66.12	\$66.12
-1.0% 12500 BTU		\$47.82	\$47.91	\$47.96	\$09.93	\$70.20	\$70.01	\$70.62	\$70.63	\$70.63	\$70.64	\$70.65
-1.5% 12500 BTU		\$47.02	\$47.01	\$47.36	\$47.07	\$47.90	\$47.91	\$47.05	\$47.42	\$47.17	\$46.94	\$46.76
1.5 %, 12500 010		\$47.20	347.29	\$47.30	\$47.38	\$47.42	\$47.45	\$47.21	\$46.99	\$46.75	\$46.54	\$46.36
Ohio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$45.05	\$46.33	\$46.33	\$46.38	\$46.46	\$46.53	\$46.49	\$46.44	\$46.39	\$46.35	\$46.31
Illinois Basin									9			
-3%, 11000 BTU (II)		\$35.88	\$35.07	\$36.06	\$76 17	#26 1E	476 10	+2C 20	+26.20	+24.40		
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$38.20	\$38.37	\$38.46	\$39.57	\$30.15	\$30.18	\$30.29	\$36.39	\$36.49	\$36.58	\$36.69
		450.20	<b>\$30.33</b>	\$30.40	\$30.37	\$30.05	\$38.70	\$38.84	\$38.99	\$39.13	\$39.26	\$39.41
Powder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU		\$11.40	\$11.79	\$12.25	\$12.54	\$12.81	\$13 12	\$13.35	617 67	¢12.02	¢14.10	644 FF
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.33	\$14.84	\$15.40	\$15.82	\$16.22	\$16.65	\$17.02	\$13.03	\$13.93	\$14.18	\$14.55
			1	+	410.0L	410.LL	<b>\$10.05</b>	\$17.02	\$17.45	\$17.09	\$18.29	\$18.83
Uinta Basin												
5%, 11500 BTU		\$30.87	\$31.59	\$32.34	\$33.13	\$33.93	\$34.76	\$35.61	\$36.48	\$37.37	\$38.28	\$39.25
Foreign Coal: Colombia												
7%, 12000 BTU		\$58.68	\$58.43	\$58.73	\$58.02	457 97	¢ 57 63	657 AF	AF7 20		+== ==	
8%, 11600 BTU		\$55.89	\$55.70	\$55 51	\$55.02	\$57.82 ¢EE 16	\$57.02	\$57.45	\$57.28	\$57.11	\$56.95	\$56.80
		<b>F</b> DDIOD	400.70	<i>4</i> 55.51	\$33.35	\$55.10	\$54.99	\$54.8Z	\$54.66	\$54.50	\$54.35	\$54.20
Petroleum Coke												
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$43.48	\$43.27	\$43.07	\$42.89	\$42.72	\$42.56	\$42.42	\$42.29	\$42.18	\$42.08	\$41.96
											+	+ .1.50

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March 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER T ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER T QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A121

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

LOW CASE	ALC ALC PROPERTY.		,											
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$59.64 \$58.49 \$56.76	\$38.26 \$37.23 \$35.69	\$28.06 \$27.47 \$26.60	\$27.35 \$26.82 \$26.04	\$27.21 \$26.73 \$26.02	\$26.90 \$26.47 \$25.84	\$26.50 \$26.17 \$25.68	\$26.29 \$25.98 \$25.52	\$26.12 \$25.83 \$25.39	\$25.97 \$25.69 \$25.26	\$27.08 \$26.80 \$26.39	\$26.85 \$26.60 \$26.21
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46	\$61.48	\$45.93	\$42.86	\$39.58	\$39.23	\$39.75	\$40.31	\$40.77	\$41.30	\$41.88	\$42.50	\$43.13
7%, 13000 BTU		\$49.50	\$65.52	\$48.95	\$45.71	\$42.28	\$41.88	\$42.43	\$43.02	\$43.52	\$44.09	\$44.70	\$45.37	\$46.03
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$44.33	\$58.94	\$43.37	\$39.43	\$33.43	\$31.79	\$30.44	\$30.49	\$30.69	\$31.02	\$31.38	\$31.73	\$32.01
-1.5%, 12500 BT0		\$40.72	\$45.40	\$31.57	\$31.40	\$30.29	\$29.47	\$29.38	\$29.69	\$30.13	\$30.58	\$30.96	\$31.31	\$31.03
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$52.22	\$32.24	\$24.12	\$22.56	\$21.35	\$20.65	\$20.60	\$20.57	\$20.63	\$20.69	\$21.77	\$21.77
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$27.01	\$28.94	\$26.46	\$26.50	\$26.88	\$26.72	\$26.57	\$26.40	\$26.34	\$26.33	\$26.34	\$26.35	\$26.36
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$28.91	\$30.48	\$27.94	\$27.94	\$28.36	\$28.20	\$28.07	\$27.93	\$27.90	\$27.92	\$27.96	\$27.99	\$28.04
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$8.36	\$10.21	\$8.83	\$8.71	\$9.02	\$8.65	\$8.36	\$8.11	\$8.01	\$7.96	\$8.00	\$8.05	\$8.10
35%, 8800 BTU		\$9.85	\$11.79	\$10.21	\$10.29	\$10.68	\$10.39	\$10.19	\$10.01	\$9.95	\$9.94	\$9.98	\$10.04	\$10.13
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$29.25	\$23.59	\$21.23	\$20.72	\$20.86	\$20.61	\$20.41	\$20.23	\$20.07	\$19.91	\$19.74	\$19.60
Foreign Coal														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$62.03	\$82.97	\$39.13	\$33.57	\$32.58	\$32.87	\$33.13	\$33.43	\$33.70	\$33.97	\$34.31	\$34.65	\$34.95
8%, 11600 BTU		\$57.85	\$77.39	\$36.50	\$31.38	\$30.51	\$30.87	\$31.19	\$31.53	\$31.88	\$32.23	\$32.56	\$32.90	\$33.23
Petroleum Coke				2										
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$46.38	\$28.66	\$27.88	\$25.00	\$24.56	\$24.64	\$24.84	\$25.06	\$25.27	\$25.48	\$25.69	\$25.90

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON

LOW CASE														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia														A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY.
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61	\$58.67	\$37.01	\$26.63	\$25.43	\$24.81	\$24.07	\$23.26	\$22.63	\$22.06	\$21.52	\$22.01	\$21.42
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$45.85	\$57.54	\$36.01	\$26.07	\$24.95	\$24.38	\$23.69	\$22.98	\$22.37	\$21.81	\$21.29	\$21.79	\$21.22
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$44.71	\$55.84	\$34.52	\$25.24	\$24.22	\$23.73	\$23.13	\$22.55	\$21.97	\$21.45	\$20.94	\$21.45	\$20.92
											6			,
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46	\$60.49	\$44.47	\$40.67	\$36.81	\$35 77	¢25 57	47E 70	#2E 10	A74 00	424 74	+24 55	
7%, 13000 BTU		\$49.50	\$64.46	\$47.35	\$43.37	\$30.01	\$79.10	\$33.37	\$33.30	\$35.10	\$34.88	\$34.71	\$34.55	\$34.41
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$44.33	\$57.99	\$41.95	\$37.41	\$31.00	\$28.00	\$37.37	\$37.77	\$37.47	\$37.24	\$37.05	\$36.88	\$36.73
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$40.72	\$44.66	\$30.54	\$20.85	\$28.17	\$26.99	\$27.24	\$20.77	\$20.42	\$20.20	\$26.01	\$25.79	\$25.54
		÷=	<b><i>q</i></b> into	450.54	<i>\$25.05</i>	\$20.17	\$20.87	\$20.29	\$20.00	\$25.95	\$25.83	\$25.65	\$25.45	\$25.23
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$51.38	\$31.18	\$22.88	\$20.98	\$19.47	\$18.48	\$18.09	\$17.71	\$17.42	\$17.14	\$17.69	\$17.37
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$27.01	\$28.47	\$25.60	\$25.14	\$25.00	\$24.27	¢77 77	433 10	¢22.69	433.34	+24.02	101 10	
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$28.91	\$29.98	\$27.02	\$26.50	\$26.38	\$24.37	\$25.77	\$23.10	\$22.08	\$22.24	\$21.83	\$21.42	\$21.03
, (,		+=012=	425150	<i><b>4</b>27.02</i>	<i>\$20.50</i>	\$20.50	\$25.71	\$25.12	\$24.52	\$24.02	\$23.58	\$23.17	\$22.76	\$22.37
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$8.36	\$10.05	\$8.54	\$8.27	\$8.39	\$7.89	\$7 48	\$7 12	\$6.00	¢6 77	£6.67	66 F4	+C 4C
35%, 8800 BTU		\$9.85	\$11.60	\$9.87	\$9.76	\$9.93	\$9.47	\$9.12	\$8.78	\$8.57	\$8.40	\$0.03	\$0.54	\$0.40
		2.52				1	+	<b>+----</b>	çenre .	40.57	40.40 t	\$0.27	\$0.10	\$0.00
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$28.78	\$22.82	\$20.14	\$19.27	\$19.02	\$18.44	\$17.92	\$17.41	\$16.95	\$16.50	\$16.05	\$15.64
Foreign Coal: Colombia														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$62.03	\$81.63	\$27.94	\$21 OF	\$20.21	+20 00	+20 CT	+ = = = =				12 (1001) - 400112	
8%, 11600 BTU		\$57.85	\$76.13	\$37.04	\$31.05	\$30.31	\$29.98	\$29.65	\$29.35	\$29.02	\$28.69	\$28.43	\$28.17	\$27.89
10,10, 11000 510		457.05	\$70.15	\$55.51	\$25.77	\$20.30	\$28.15	\$27.92	\$27.68	\$27.45	\$27.22	\$26.98	\$26.75	\$26.51
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$45.63	\$27.72	\$26.45	\$23.25	\$77.30	\$22.05	631 01	621 57	424.24	404.44	+	
				+	+=3110	410.20	422.00	φ <b>22.0</b> 5	\$21.0I	\$21.37	<b>₹1.34</b>	\$21.11	\$ <b>∠0.8</b> 9	\$20.66

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE March 2008

#### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

LOW CASE	States?												
	Year: Quarter:	2008	02	03	04	2009	02	03	04	2010	02	03	04
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU	Quarter.	\$71.34 \$70.17 \$68.40	\$65.16 \$64.04 \$62.35	\$54.32 \$53.23 \$51.60	\$47.73 \$46.52 \$44.70	\$42.73 \$41.56 \$39.80	\$40.60 \$39.40 \$37.60	\$36.63 \$35.66 \$34.20	\$33.08 \$32.31 \$31.15	\$30.64 \$29.98 \$29.00	\$29.11 \$28.42 \$27.40	\$26.85 \$26.33 \$25.55	\$25.65 \$25.17 \$24.45
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$71.15 \$75.82 \$68.33 \$60.31	\$63.22 \$67.36 \$60.50 \$47.56	\$57.46 \$61.24 \$55.07 \$40.26	\$54.10 \$57.65 \$51.92 \$35.33	\$48.35 \$51.53 \$46.12 \$32.29	\$46.20 \$49.23 \$43.72 \$31.39	\$45.00 \$47.97 \$42.37 \$31.25	\$44.15 \$47.06 \$41.28 \$31.39	\$43.50 \$46.37 \$40.41 \$31.40	\$43.00 \$45.83 \$39.66 \$31.29	\$42.75 \$45.58 \$39.24 \$31.52	\$42.20 \$44.99 \$38.43 \$31.61
<b>Ohio</b> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$63.54	\$57.76	\$47.21	\$40.40	\$35.83	\$33.95	\$30.94	\$28.23	\$26.31	\$24.83	\$23.18	\$22.16
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$31.10 \$32.93	\$29.65 \$31.14	\$28.15 \$29.50	\$26.85 \$28.33	\$26.50 \$28.00	\$26.40 \$27.93	\$26.60 \$28.03	\$26.35 \$27.79	\$26.50 \$28.02	\$26.40 \$27.91	\$26.60 \$27.98	\$26.50 \$27.83
<b>Powder River Basin</b> 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$11.35 \$13.00	\$10.90 \$12.47	\$9.40 \$10.88	\$9.20 \$10.82	\$9.20 \$10.52	\$9.10 \$10.52	\$8.60 \$9.93	\$8.40 \$9.87	\$8.50 \$10.00	\$8.40 \$9.95	\$9.00 \$10.60	\$8.95 \$10.60
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$33.25	\$31.10	\$27.40	\$25.25	\$24.70	\$24.00	\$23.20	\$22.45	\$21.70	\$21.15	\$21.20	\$20.85
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$108.53 \$101.24	\$92.65 \$86.43	\$73.93 \$68.94	\$56.78 \$52.94	\$46.73 \$43.58	\$39.35 \$36.70	\$36.28 \$33.85	\$34.14 \$31.87	\$33.73 \$31.51	\$33.50 \$31.30	\$33.65 \$31.45	\$33.41 \$31.25
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$53.93	\$52.72	\$42.39	\$36.48	\$33.04	\$28.21	\$27.16	\$26.23	\$26.59	\$28.30	\$28.01	\$28.62

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 34 of 68

# QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803

JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PI

	The state of the s											
	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$26.62 \$26.39 \$26.05	\$26.44 \$26.21 \$25.87	\$26.25 \$26.02 \$25.68	\$26.06 \$25.83 \$25.49	\$25.87 \$25.65 \$25.31	\$25.69 \$25.47 \$25.14	\$25.52 \$25.30 \$24.96	\$25.34 \$25.12 \$24.79	\$25.16 \$24.94 \$24.61	\$24.98 \$24.76 \$24.43	\$24.80 \$24.58 \$24.26
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$43.75 \$46.70 \$32.37 \$32.00	\$44.35 \$47.34 \$32.67 \$32.31	\$44.96 \$48.00 \$33.00 \$32.65	\$45.58 \$48.67 \$33.30 \$32.96	\$46.22 \$49.35 \$33.64 \$33.30	\$46.87 \$50.05 \$33.96 \$33.63	\$47.75 \$51.00 \$34.42 \$34.09	\$48.65 \$51.96 \$34.89 \$34.57	\$49.55 \$52.93 \$35.34 \$35.03	\$50.46 \$53.91 \$35.82 \$35.51	\$51.38 \$54.90 \$36.33 \$36.03
<b>Ohio</b> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$21.83	\$22.44	\$22.42	\$22.43	\$22.45	\$22.47	\$22.45	\$22.41	\$22.37	\$22.33	\$22.29
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$26.34 \$28.05	\$26.39 \$28.12	\$26.42 \$28.17	\$26.44 \$28.23	\$26.43 \$28.24	\$26.43 \$28.27	\$26.49 \$28.36	\$26.55 \$28.45	\$26.60 \$28.52	\$26.63 \$28.58	\$26.68 \$28.65
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.16 \$10.26	\$8.30 \$10.44	\$8.43 \$10.60	\$8.43 \$10.64	\$8.43 \$10.67	\$8.44 \$10.72	\$8.44 \$10.76	\$8.45 \$10.81	\$8.45 \$10.85	\$8.45 \$10.90	\$8.47 \$10.96
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU	÷	\$19.49	\$19.37	\$19.25	\$19.14	\$19.04	\$18.95	\$18.87	\$18.78	\$18.69	\$18.61	\$18.54
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$35.23 \$33.56	\$35.54 \$33.88	\$35.86 \$34.19	\$36.17 \$34.50	\$36.49 \$34.81	\$36.81 \$35.13	\$37.15 \$35.45	\$37.48 \$35.77	\$37.81 \$36.08	\$38.12 \$36.38	\$38.44 \$36.68
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$26.11	\$26.32	\$26.52	\$26.74	\$26.96	\$27.19	\$27.43	\$27.68	\$27.92	\$28.17	\$28.40

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 35 of 68

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT P

LUW CASE	12.5											
	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia												
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$20.84	\$20.33	\$19.81	\$19.31	\$18.83	\$18.35	\$17.89	\$17.44	\$17.00	\$16.57	\$16.15
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$20.66	\$20.15	\$19.64	\$19.15	\$18.66	\$18.19	\$17.73	\$17.29	\$16.85	\$16.43	\$16.01
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$20.39	\$19.88	\$19.38	\$18.89	\$18.42	\$17.95	\$17.50	\$17.06	\$16.63	\$16.21	\$15.80
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$34.26	\$34.09	\$33.93	\$33.78	\$33.63	\$33.48	\$33.48	\$33,48	\$33,48	\$33.48	\$33.48
7%, 13000 BTU		\$36.57	\$36.39	\$36.23	\$36.07	\$35.91	\$35.75	\$35.75	\$35.76	\$35.76	\$35.76	\$35.77
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$25.34	\$25.11	\$24.91	\$24.68	\$24.47	\$24.26	\$24.13	\$24.01	\$23.88	\$23.76	\$23.67
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$25.06	\$24.84	\$24.64	\$24.43	\$24.23	\$24.02	\$23.90	\$23.79	\$23.67	\$23.56	\$23.47
Ohio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$17.10	\$17.25	\$16.93	\$16.62	\$16.34	\$16.05	\$15.74	\$15.42	\$15.11	\$14.81	\$14.52
Illinois Basin												
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$20.63	\$20.28	\$19.94	\$19.60	\$19.23	\$18.88	\$18.57	\$18.27	\$17.97	\$17.67	\$17.38
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$21.96	\$21.61	\$21.27	\$20.92	\$20.55	\$20.20	\$19.88	\$19.57	\$19.27	\$18.96	\$18.67
Powder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU		\$6.39	\$6.38	\$6.36	\$6.25	\$6.14	\$6.03	\$5.92	\$5.81	\$5.71	\$5.61	\$5.52
35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.03	\$8.03	\$8.00	\$7.88	\$7.76	\$7.66	\$7.54	\$7.44	\$7.33	\$7.23	\$7.14
Uinta Basin												
5%, 11500 BTU		\$15.26	\$14.89	\$14.53	\$14.19	\$13.85	\$13.54	\$13.23	\$12.92	\$12.63	\$12.35	\$12.08
Foreign Coal: Colombia												
7%, 12000 BTU		\$27.59	\$27.32	\$27.07	\$26.81	\$26.55	\$26.29	\$26.04	\$25.79	\$25.54	\$25.29	\$25.04
8%, 11600 BTU		\$26.28	\$26.04	\$25.80	\$25.57	\$25.33	\$25.09	\$24.85	\$24.61	\$24.38	\$24.14	\$23.90
Petroleum Coke												
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$20.44	\$20.23	\$20.02	\$19.82	\$19.62	\$19.42	\$19.23	\$19.05	\$18.86	\$18.69	\$18.50

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 36 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803

CUAL FURCE JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE March 2008

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à	15555		iano	anno	8.a.s	ini.	and				100			25	<b>.</b>	<u> 1848</u>	<u>4</u> = /		(X.).	IU/		UI.	Ч.У.	Ъ.	dia.	36		A6.		

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE													
	Year: 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia													-0.10
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$46.61	\$78.93	\$50.48	\$41.14	\$37.42	\$37.73	\$37.85	\$37.96	\$38.34	\$38.78	\$39.25	\$39.67	\$40.00
-1.8%, 13000 BTU	\$45.85	\$77.37	\$49.13	\$40.29	\$36.70	\$37.11	\$37.30	\$37.54	\$37.93	\$38.39	\$38.86	\$39.30	\$39.74
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$44.71	\$75.05	\$47.10	\$39.00	\$35.63	\$36.17	\$36.49	\$36.89	\$37.32	\$37.80	\$38.27	\$38.74	\$39.21
Central Appalachia													
7%, 12500 BTU	\$46.46	\$80.24	\$57.87	\$54.38	\$53.33	\$54.89	\$56.50	\$57.62	\$58.45	\$59.48	\$60.69	\$62.06	663 E0
7%, 13000 BTU	\$49.50	\$85.51	\$61.68	\$57.99	\$56.97	\$58.60	\$60.32	\$61.50	\$62.39	\$63.50	\$64.78	\$66 75	\$67.79
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$44.33	\$76.93	\$54.65	\$50.03	\$46.04	\$44.76	\$44.18	\$44.05	\$43.98	\$44.65	\$45.46	\$46.32	\$07.78
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$40.72	\$59.21	\$39.79	\$39.91	\$40.82	\$41.23	\$41.77	\$42.44	\$43.20	\$44.04	\$44.86	\$45.71	\$46.57
Ohio													
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$39.19	\$69.01	\$42.54	\$35.36	\$32.34	\$32.85	\$33.14	\$33.53	\$33.93	\$34.39	\$34.83	\$35.27	\$35.72
Illinois Basin										•			
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$27.01	\$35.91	\$32.47	\$33.37	\$35.44	\$35.53	\$35.73	\$36.05	\$36.30	¢36 77	477 17	607 E1	£37.00
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$28.91	\$37.81	\$34.28	\$35.18	\$37.15	\$37.22	\$37.43	\$37.77	\$38.13	\$38.52	\$38.89	\$39.28	\$39.68
Powder River Basin													
33%, 8400 BTU	\$8.36	\$12.91	\$10.88	\$10.08	\$9.98	\$10.07	\$10.06	\$10.06	¢10.11	¢10.20	¢10.40	¢10 F0	+40 70
35%, 8800 BTU	\$9.85	\$15.56	\$12.30	\$11.49	\$11.85	\$12.08	\$12.22	\$12.33	\$12.48	\$12.67	\$12.91	\$13.15	\$13.41
Uinta Basin													
5%, 11500 BTU	\$29.93	\$38.15	\$28.99	\$25.54	\$24.86	\$24.00	\$24.26	\$24.59	\$24.93	\$25.31	\$25.68	\$26.05	\$26.43
Foreign Coal													
7%, 12000 BTU	\$62.03	\$105.40	\$65.52	\$56.25	¢57 13	¢40 80	640.07	¢50.47	<b>*</b> E1 00	AF4 FF	+== ==		
8%, 11600 BTU	\$57.85	\$98.30	\$61.13	\$52.57	\$48.81	\$46.84	\$47.02	\$47.62	\$48.25	\$51.55 \$48.91	\$52.23 \$49.57	\$52.93 \$50.27	\$53.60 \$50.96
Petroleum Coke													
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$44.90	\$59.59	\$48.09	\$46.66	\$39.99	\$37.26	\$37.14	\$37.52	\$37.92	\$38.35	\$38.78	\$39.25	\$39.72

# QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2007 DOLLARS PER TON BUSINESS AS-USUAL CASE

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	Year: 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia	10101010200003-000101102004000005	51270940 5124444 - 07462 072044 CBN 120										10000000100000000000000000000000000000	
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$46.61	\$77.65	\$48.83	\$39.03	\$34.80	\$34.41	\$33.87	\$33.33	\$33.01	\$32.75	\$32.52	\$32.25	\$31.99
-1.8%, 13000 BTU	\$45.85	\$76.12	\$47.52	\$38.22	\$34.14	\$33.84	\$33.38	\$32.95	\$32.66	\$32.42	\$32.20	\$31.95	\$31.71
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$44.71	\$73.83	\$45.55	\$37.01	\$33.14	\$32.99	\$32.65	\$32.39	\$32.13	\$31.92	\$31.71	\$31.49	\$31.29
Central Appalachia													
7%, 12500 BTU	\$46.46	\$78.94	\$55.98	\$51.60	\$49.60	\$50.05	\$50.57	\$50.58	\$50.33	\$50.24	\$50.29	\$50.45	\$50.66
7%, 13000 BTU	\$49.50	\$84.12	\$59.66	\$55.02	\$52.99	\$53.44	\$53.98	\$53.99	\$53.72	\$53.63	\$53.69	\$53.86	\$54.08
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$44.33	\$75.68	\$52.86	\$47.47	\$42.82	\$40.82	\$39.54	\$38.67	\$37.87	\$37.71	\$37.67	\$37.65	\$37.60
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$40.72	\$58.25	\$38.48	\$37.87	\$37.97	\$37.60	\$37.38	\$37.25	\$37.20	\$37.19	\$37.17	\$37.16	\$37.16
Ohio													
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$39.19	\$67.89	\$41.15	\$33.55	\$30.07	\$29.95	\$29.66	\$29.44	\$29.22	\$29.04	\$28.86	\$28.68	\$28.50
Illinois Basin													
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$27.01	\$35.33	\$31.40	\$31.66	\$32.96	\$32.40	\$31.97	\$31.65	\$31.34	\$31.05	\$30.77	\$30.49	\$30.24
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$28.91	\$37.20	\$33.15	\$33.38	\$34.55	\$33.94	\$33.50	\$33.16	\$32.83	\$32.53	\$32.23	\$31.93	\$31.66
Powder River Basin				•									
33%, 8400 BTU	\$8.36	\$12.70	\$10.53	\$9.56	\$9.28	\$9.18	\$9.00	\$8.83	\$8.70	\$8.61	\$8.62	\$8.61	\$8.59
35%, 8800 BTU	\$9.85	\$15.31	\$11.89	\$10.90	\$11.02	\$11.01	\$10.94	\$10.83	\$10.74	\$10.70	\$10.70	\$10.69	\$10.70
Uinta Basin													
5%, 11500 BTU	\$29.93	\$37.54	\$28.04	\$24.23	\$23.12	\$21.89	\$21.71	\$21.59	\$21.47	\$21.38	\$21.28	\$21.17	\$21.09
Foreign Coal: Colombia													
7%, 12000 BTU	\$62.03	\$103.69	\$63.38	\$53.37	\$48.48	\$45.49	\$44.69	\$44.31	\$43.92	\$43.54	\$43.28	\$43.03	\$42.77
8%, 11600 BTU	\$57.85	\$96.71	\$59.13	\$49.88	\$45.39	\$42.71	\$42.08	\$41.80	\$41.55	\$41.31	\$41.08	\$40.87	\$40.66
Petroleum Coke													
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$44.90	\$58.62	\$46.51	\$44.27	\$37.19	\$33.98	\$33.24	\$32.93	\$32.65	\$32.39	\$32.14	\$31.91	\$31.69

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Rebuttal Testir of Large/Va Att TJL/JJ Page 38 g,

# QCF (QUARTERLY

COAL FORECT JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE March 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT P. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE

Ver		0004							NYTTER CONTRACTOR OF CONT		N2000/2007AH-3an (Massesson areas and
tea	r: 2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia											
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$40.55	\$41.14	\$41.66	\$42.20	\$42.75	\$43.32	\$43.89	\$44.46	\$45.02	\$45.58	\$46.17
-1.8%, 13000 BTU	\$40.23	\$40.78	\$41.30	\$41.84	\$42.38	\$42.94	\$43.51	\$44.07	\$44.63	\$45.18	\$45.77
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$39.74	\$40.24	\$40.75	\$41.29	\$41.82	\$42.38	\$42.93	\$43.49	\$44.04	\$44.58	\$45.17
<b>0</b>											
Central Appalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU	\$64.96	\$66.46	\$67.96	\$69.60	\$71.22	\$72.95	\$74.75	\$76.56	\$78.41	\$80.25	\$82.15
7%, 13000 BTU	\$69.34	\$70.95	\$72.56	\$74.32	\$76.05	\$77.90	\$79.83	\$81.77	\$83.76	\$85.74	\$87.77
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$48.05	\$48.95	\$49.89	\$50.86	\$51.84	\$52.86	\$53.88	\$54.91	\$55.94	\$56.98	\$58.10
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$47.51	\$48.41	\$49.36	\$50.33	\$51.32	\$52.34	\$53.36	\$54.40	\$55.44	\$56.48	\$57.60
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$36.22	\$36.70	\$37.18	\$37.68	\$38.19	\$38.72	\$39.24	\$39.77	\$40.29	\$40.81	\$41.37
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$38.32	\$38.74	\$39.16	\$39.59	\$40.02	\$40.47	\$40.92	\$41 37	\$41.81	\$47 74	647 71
-3%, 11000 BTU (KÝ)	\$40.12	\$40.55	\$40.98	\$41.42	\$41.87	\$42.33	\$42.79	\$43.25	\$43.70	\$44.14	\$44.62
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU	\$10.97	\$11.11	\$11.25	\$11.39	\$11.51	\$11.65	¢11 75	¢11 97	¢11.00	A12.00	*** ***
35%, 8800 BTU	\$13.74	\$13.99	\$14.22	\$14.45	\$14.67	\$14.91	\$15.12	\$15.35	\$15.58	\$12.09	\$12.24 \$16.06
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU	\$26.85	\$27.26	\$27.67	\$28.10	\$28.53	\$28.98	\$29.43	\$29.88	\$30.33	\$30.78	\$31.26
Foreign Coal		•									
7%, 12000 BTU	\$54.27	\$55.01	\$55.80	\$56.62	\$57.49	\$58.40	\$50.38	¢60.40	#61 AA	+63 F3	+62 57
8%, 11600 BTU	\$51.69	\$52.44	\$53.20	\$54.00	\$54.84	\$55 73	\$56.67	\$00.40		302.32	\$03.57
		+	+	40.000	404.04	ودومو	\$50.07	\$37.04	\$28.03	\$23.00	\$60.67
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$40.21	\$40.73	\$41.28	\$41.86	\$42.48	\$43.14	\$43.85	\$44.60	\$45.37	\$46.19	\$46.97

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 39 of 68

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECST)- 200803 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE March 2008

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT P

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE											
	Year: 2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia											
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$31.75	\$31.62	\$31.44	\$31.28	\$31.11	\$30.94	\$30.77	\$30.59	\$30.41	\$30.24	\$30.08
-1.8%, 13000 BTU	\$31.50	\$31.35	\$31.17	\$31.01	\$30.84	\$30.67	\$30.50	\$30.33	\$30.15	\$29.97	\$29.82
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$31.12	\$30.94	\$30.76	\$30.60	\$30.43	\$30.27	\$30.10	\$29.93	\$29.75	\$29.58	\$29.43
Central Appalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU	\$50.87	\$51.09	\$51.30	\$51.59	\$51.82	\$52.10	\$52.40	\$52.68	\$52.98	\$53.24	\$53.52
7%, 13000 BTU	\$54.30	\$54.54	\$54.77	\$55.08	\$55.34	\$55.64	\$55.96	\$56.27	\$56.59	\$56.88	\$57.18
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$37.62	\$37.63	\$37.66	\$37.69	\$37.72	\$37.76	\$37.77	\$37.78	\$37.80	\$37.80	\$37.85
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$37.20	\$37.22	\$37.26	\$37.30	\$37.34	\$37.39	\$37.41	\$37.43	\$37.46	\$37.47	\$37.52
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$28.36	\$28.21	\$28.06	\$27.93	\$27.79	\$27.65	\$27.51	\$27.37	\$27.22	\$27.07	\$26.95
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$30.01	\$29.78	\$29.56	\$29.34	\$29.12	\$28.91	\$28.69	\$28.47	\$28.25	\$28.02	\$27.82
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$31.42	\$31.17	\$30.93	\$30.70	\$30.46	\$30.23	\$30.00	\$29.76	\$29.52	\$29.28	\$29.07
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU	\$8.59	\$8.54	\$8.49	\$8.44	\$8.38	\$8.32	\$8.24	\$8.17	\$8.10	\$8.02	\$7.97
35%, 8800 BTU	\$10.76	\$10.75	\$10.74	\$10.71	\$10.67	\$10.65	\$10.60	\$10.56	\$10.53	\$10.48	\$10.46
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU	\$21.03	\$20.96	\$20.89	\$20.82	\$20.76	\$20.70	\$20.63	\$20.56	\$20.49	\$20.42	\$20.36
Foreign Coal: Colombia											
7%, 12000 BTU	\$42.50	\$42.29	\$42.12	\$41.96	\$41.83	\$41.72	\$41.63	\$41.56	\$41.51	\$41.48	\$41.41
8%, 11600 BTU	\$40.48	\$40.31	\$40.16	\$40.02	\$39.91	\$39.81	\$39.73	\$39.66	\$39.61	\$39.58	\$39.52
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$31.49	\$31.31	\$31.16	\$31.02	\$30.91	\$30.81	\$30.74	\$30.69	\$30.66	\$30.64	\$30.60

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 40 of 68

# COAL MONTHLY SPREADSHEET JD Energy, Inc. July 2nd, 2008

### DIRECTORY

Cell	ltem	
B13	Price Tables for Coal and Petroleum Coke	
T13	Coal Production	
T39	Coal Demand	

All prices are	uispiayed in	nominai \$/sho	rt ton		disaber California					State State State	NR 25	San States of	and the second		A CARLES COM
Region:	Central	Central	Central	Central	Northern	Northern	Illinois	Illinois	Powder River	Powder River	Uinta	Petcoke	Petcoke	Petcoke	Colombia
Mauluate	Appalachia	Appalachia	Appalachia	Appalachia	Appalachia	Appalachia	Basin (IL)	Basin (WKY)	Basin	Basin	Basin (CO)	(Gulf)	(Gulf)	(West Coast)	Basin (CO)
Market:	Physical	Physical	Physical	NYMEX	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical
Sulfur:	0.75%	1.0	2.3	1.6	2.5	3.0-4.0	5.45	5.45	0.8	0.8	0.9	8.6	5.7	5.7	1.4
BTIL/Ib	12 500	1.00%	1.40%	1.00%	1.60%	2.30%	3.00%	3.00%	0.33%	0.35%	0.50%	6.00%	4.00%	4.00%	0.80%
Mode:	FOR Mine (CSX	FOB Mine (CSX)	FOR Mine (CSX	Barge-Big Sandy	EOR Mine	EOR Mine	FOR Mine	11,000 EOR Mine	8,400	8,800	11,500	14,000	14,000	14,000	11,300
Jan 2006	\$61.79	\$55.52	\$49.23	\$55.80	\$51.05	\$43.32	¢27.60	¢20.75	¢16.00	FOB Mine	FOB Mine	FOB1	FOBI	FOBI	FOB Mine
Feb	\$61.09	\$55.52	\$48.65	\$55.95	\$49.96	\$47.23	\$27.00	\$29.75	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$38,45	\$19.87	\$27.67	\$31.30	\$41.41
Mar	\$60.74	\$54.27	\$49.03	\$53.88	\$47.88	\$39.75	\$26.85	\$29.45	\$17.10	\$10.13	\$30.33	\$24.03	\$28.12	\$32.00	\$44.83
Apr	\$60.38	\$52.86	\$47.32	\$52.89	\$47.63	\$40.14	\$26.75	\$28.75	\$11.15	\$14.25	\$38.25	\$34.25	\$30.33	\$32.00	\$49.04
May	\$58.97	\$51.82	\$46.46	\$51.19	\$46.59	\$39.70	\$26.40	\$28.45	\$10.75	\$13.75	\$37.90	\$36.30	\$37.83	\$34.23	\$30.09
Jun	\$58.82	\$50.73	\$44.98	\$49.75	\$45.60	\$39.30	\$26.45	\$28.50	\$10.00	\$12.85	\$36.70	\$39.70	\$43.77	\$36.74	\$47.72
Jul	\$56.55	\$49.79	\$44.21	\$46.63	\$44.36	\$38.06	\$26.10	\$28.20	\$8.95	\$11.45	\$36.00	\$41.30	\$44.45	\$40.82	\$47.67
Aug	\$53.83	\$49.95	\$44.11	\$47.51	\$43.81	\$38.31	\$26.70	\$28.80	\$8.25	\$10.45	\$35.45	\$38.10	\$43.09	\$43.09	\$49.73
Sep	\$52.32	\$49.32	\$43.96	\$45.35	\$44.26	\$39.35	\$27.10	\$29.15	\$7.40	\$8.65	\$36.05	\$38.55	\$43.32	\$44.45	\$44.68
Oct	\$50.86	\$47.81	\$43.75	\$43.12	\$43.81	\$39.75	\$27.45	\$29.45	\$7.80	\$9.45	\$36.00	\$39.35	\$43.91	\$41.64	\$45.13
Nov	\$49.45	\$46.77	\$43.19	\$40.82	\$42.92	\$39.50	\$27.70	\$29.70	\$7.80	\$9.80	\$34.95	\$36.05	\$38.78	\$38.78	\$45.93
Dec	\$46.17	\$44.11	\$40.93	\$41.89	\$41.98	\$38.16	\$27.65	\$29.60	\$7.30	\$9.15	\$34.45	\$38.55	\$43.09	\$40.37	\$46.44
Jan 2007	\$42.90	\$40.55	\$36.90	\$39.55	\$44.05	\$41.10	\$26.60	\$28.50	\$7.15	\$8.85	\$34.20	\$43.18	\$51.35	\$46.09	\$46.16
Mar	\$40.90	\$38.20	\$34.00	\$40.72	\$44.25	\$42.15	\$26.90	\$28.80	\$7.35	\$8.95	\$33.55	\$44.00	\$52.45	\$47.63	\$47.57
Apr	\$41.95	\$39.90	\$35.05	\$41.07	\$43.70	\$41.95	\$27.05	\$29.00	\$7.05	\$8.60	\$33.50	\$44.91	\$52.63	\$48.76	\$48.22
May	\$45.90	\$41.70	\$38.00	\$41.88	\$45.05	\$43.40	\$26.85	\$28.85	\$7.00	\$8.45	\$33.55	\$46.38	\$52.80	\$49.10	\$46.89
lun	\$45.30	\$42.90	\$39.90	\$45.97	\$44.35	\$42.35	\$26.55	\$28.55	\$7.45	\$8.85	\$33.50	\$48.13	\$53.13	\$49.94	\$46.22
Jul	\$45.55	\$43.50	\$40.20	\$40.95	\$44.05	\$43.03	\$20.20	\$20.15	\$8.00	\$9.50	\$30.45	\$48.53	\$53.18	\$50.58	\$51.96
Aug	\$45.60	\$43.55	\$40.05	\$43.08	\$46.55	\$44.33	\$20.05	\$28.50	\$8.50	\$10.05	\$27.95	\$48.53	\$53.18	\$51.14	\$53.19
Sep	\$45.80	\$43.90	\$40.25	\$44.13	\$46.80	\$44.95	\$27.10	\$28.90	\$9.05	\$10.05	\$20.45	\$44.79	\$48.28	\$51.44	\$54.78
Oct	\$50.55	\$48.55	\$44.70	\$46.87	\$48.75	\$46.95	\$27.65	\$20.50	\$9.20	\$10.70	\$20.05	\$41.02	\$46.55	\$51.65	\$56.53
Nov	\$53.95	\$52.15	\$48.10	\$51.82	\$49.50	\$48.00	\$27.05	\$29.55	\$9.43	\$10.90	\$20.90	\$42.07	\$46.38	\$51.26	\$66.68
Dec	\$56.15	\$54.10	\$51.15	\$53.65	\$55.05	\$53.55	\$27.60	\$29.45	\$10.30	\$11.65	\$26.10	\$42.07	\$40.33	\$50.02	\$82.33
Jan 2008	\$60.70	\$58.65	\$55.75	\$62.96	\$62.60	\$60.30	\$28.05	\$29.95	\$10.65	\$12.40	\$28.85	\$46.95	\$51.48	\$62.78	\$00.75
Feb	\$77.75	\$74.45	\$65.95	\$82.50	\$74.30	\$71.20	\$31.95	\$33.85	\$11.95	\$14.30	\$35.50	\$55.11	\$59.99	\$65.09	\$105.60
Mar	\$82.75	\$79.30	\$73.45	\$76.85	\$82.45	\$79.60	\$35.15	\$37.10	\$12.10	\$14.50	\$38.75	\$56.98	\$66.40	\$71.56	\$102.17
Apr	\$87.40	\$84.25	\$78.55	\$89.95	\$102.10	\$96.20	\$43.10	\$45.10	\$11.85	\$14.40	\$43.35	\$59.10	\$70.99	\$74.84	\$100.33
May	\$102.40	\$99.40	\$91.30	\$104.95	\$105.25	\$101.60	\$49.25	\$51.25	· \$11.60	\$14.10	\$51.90	\$64.86	\$79.29	\$100.92	\$112.38
Jun	\$118.40	\$115.00	\$106.25	\$119.54	\$113.15	\$108.40	\$53.00	\$54.95	\$11.15	\$13.25	\$56.65	\$74.16	\$84.82	\$113.67	\$130.07
Aug	\$167.09	\$150.43	\$148.95	\$167.36	\$158.78	\$152.83	\$59.00	\$60.85	\$10.60	\$12.40	\$61.40	\$96.79	\$113.04	\$135.64	\$173.45
Sen	\$171 34	\$168.34	\$155.15	\$172.60	\$164.73	\$158.68	\$59.65	\$61.45	\$11.05	\$12.75	\$62.10	\$103.69	\$120.04	\$142.59	\$179.08
Oct	\$173.52	\$170.52	\$159.24	\$170.07	\$109.09	\$165.09	\$60.05	\$61.90	\$11.60	\$13.20	\$62.55	\$108.36	\$124.86	\$147.46	\$183.34
Nov	\$171.97	\$169.02	\$157.57	\$177.25	\$169.67	\$103.42	\$60.20	\$02.10	\$11.80	\$13.55	\$63.40	\$110.57	\$127.32	\$149.72	\$185.52
Dec	\$169.78	\$167.03	\$155.43	\$172.96	\$167.53	\$161.88	\$60.30	\$62.55	\$11.90	\$13.80	\$62.90	\$111.33	\$128.18	\$150.53	\$184.02
Jan 2009	\$167.79	\$164.99	\$153.19	\$168.58	\$165.19	\$159.79	\$60.75	\$62.55	\$12.05	\$13.00	\$01.25	\$111.58	\$128.08	\$150.88	\$182.03
Feb	\$165.43	\$162.58	\$150.43	\$164.57	\$162.58	\$157.33	\$60.25	\$62.05	\$12.33	\$13.90	\$01.00	\$111.95	\$127.85	\$151.30	\$179.99
Mar	\$162.40	\$159.50	\$147.05	\$160.55	\$159.40	\$154.20	\$59.80	\$61.65	\$12.00	\$13.35	\$55.05	\$112.70	\$120.70	\$152.16	\$177.58
Apr	\$155.78	\$152.83	\$140.08	\$152.44	\$152.53	\$147.48	\$58.85	\$60.70	\$11.80	\$13.20	\$52.70	\$94.99	\$111.00	\$143.23	\$1/4.50
May	\$140.01	\$136.91	\$123.91	\$134.47	\$136.51	\$131.51	\$56.60	\$58.50	\$11.50	\$12.95	\$49.75	\$79.60	\$96.00	\$119 50	\$151.01
Jun	\$117.84	\$114.64	\$101.44	\$111.67	\$114.19	\$109.24	\$53.70	\$55.55	\$11.20	\$12.60	\$46.95	\$65.73	\$81.53	\$105.73	\$129.64
Jul	\$107.73	\$104.48	\$91.38	\$102.71	\$103.88	\$99.03	\$50.45	\$52.25	\$10.85	\$12.20	\$47.30	\$59.62	\$75.02	\$99.77	\$119.48
Aug	\$102.66	\$99.31	\$86.26	\$97.84	\$98.56	\$93.81	\$48.20	\$49.95	\$10.55	\$11.85	\$45.65	\$59.41	\$74.31	\$99.76	\$114.31
Sep	\$99.71	\$96.31	\$83.46	\$94.17	\$95.41	\$90.76	\$44.65	\$46.40	\$10.05	\$11.40	\$42.80	\$60.15	\$74.55	\$100.35	\$111.31
Nov	\$90.27	\$92.77	\$80.27	\$91.45	\$91.72	\$87.12	\$42.10	\$43.90	\$9.30	\$10.80	\$39.90	\$60.47	\$74.27	\$100.57	\$107.77
Dec	\$92.20	\$00.00	\$70.40	\$89.24	\$87.25	\$82.90	\$39.95	\$41.75	\$9.15	\$10.65	\$36.35	\$60.28	\$73.38	\$100.28	\$103.60
Jan 2010	\$82.15	\$78.35	\$71.49	\$04.05	\$81.64	\$77.54	\$37.30	\$39.05	\$9.55	\$10.95	\$33.45	\$59.22	\$71.82	\$96.62	\$98.29
Feb	\$78.39	\$74.49	\$62.94	\$74.83	\$70.40	\$72.33	\$35.50	\$37.30	\$9.75	\$11.30	\$31.80	\$58.18	\$70.28	\$92.28	\$93.35
Mar	\$73.73	\$69.73	\$58.63	\$69.33	\$66.93	\$63.73	\$33.20	\$37.00	\$9.90	\$11.30	\$31.50	\$57.63	\$69.33	\$88.79	\$89.49
Apr	\$68.61	\$64.51	\$53.86	\$63.46	\$61.31	\$58.36	\$33.40	\$30.30	\$9.00	\$11.20	\$29.50	\$56.32	\$67.32	\$84.87	\$84.73
May	\$63.59	\$59.39	\$49.34	\$57.85	\$55.74	\$53.04	\$32.85	\$34.75	\$9.70	\$11.10	\$27.85	\$54.50	\$64.90	\$80.05	\$79.51
Jun	\$59.74	\$55.44	\$45.54	\$55.52	\$51.19	\$48.79	\$33.20	\$35.05	\$9.85	\$11.00	\$25.00	\$51.52	\$02.32	\$/5.07	\$/4.39
Jul	\$59.50	\$55.10	\$44.80	\$55.64	\$50.40	\$48.20	\$33.60	\$35.40	\$10.20	\$11.55	\$25.60	\$49.37	\$39.00 \$57.17	\$/0./5	\$/0.44
Aug	\$60.40	\$55.90	\$45.90	\$56.65	\$50.60	\$48.70	\$34.20	\$35.95	\$10.80	\$12.10	\$25.80	\$48.05	\$54.90	\$63.92	\$00.04
Sep	\$58.35	\$53.75	\$44.40	\$53.70	\$48.20	\$46.35	\$34.00	\$35.75	\$10.50	\$11.85	\$25.50	\$46.09	\$53.09	\$61.04	\$58.42
Oct	\$56.20	\$51.50	\$42.25	\$50.44	\$45.75	\$43.85	\$33.75	\$35.55	\$10.20	\$11.70	\$25.30	\$44.07	\$51.32	\$58.67	\$54.43
NOV	\$54.10	\$49.30	\$40.85	\$49.24	\$43.25	\$41.40	\$33.60	\$35.40	\$10.25	\$11.75	\$25.30	\$42.18	\$49.48	\$54.98	\$50.80
Dec	\$53.55	\$48.65	\$40.30	\$49.01	\$42.30	\$40.50	\$33.40	\$35.15	\$10.40	\$11.80	\$25.35	\$40.14	\$47.39	\$51.34	\$47.17

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COAL MONTHLY SPREADSHEET JD Energy, Inc. July 2nd, 2008

000629

PRODUCTION						
	тот	AL PRODUCT	ION (Million	s of Tons)		
	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	Q4	<u>Total</u>	% Change
2006	289.1	292.4	289.8	291.4	1,162.7	2.76%
2007	285.9	285.6	285.8	288.3	1,145.6	-1.48%
2008	289.1	288.5	295.1	290.9	1,163.6	1.58%
2009	291.5	285.6	289.9	291.0	1,158.7	-0.42%
1		APPALACHI	AN PRODUCT	TION		1
	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>Total</u>	% Change
2006	103.5	100.3	94.3	93.8	391.9	-1.38%
2007	99.5	95.5	91.4	91.4	377.8	-3.59%
2008	97.8	99.2	98.6	95.8	391.4	3.60%
2009	95.6	93.5	94.3	95.2	379.4	-3.09%
		INTERIOR	PRODUCTIO	DN .		
	01	02	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	Total	% Change
2006	37.6	36.8	38.8	38.2	151.4	1.50%
2007	38.0	36.3	36.9	35.5	146.7	-3.10%
2008	35.5	39.4	39.2	38.9	153.0	4.29%
2009	38.6	37.9	38.6	38.7	153.8	0.48%
		WESTERN	PRODUCTIO	DN .		
	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>Total</u>	% Change
2006	148.0	155.3	156.8	159.4	619.4	5.89%
2007	148.4	153.8	157.4	161.4	621.0	0.25%
2008	155.8	149.8	157.3	156.2	619.2	-0.30%
2009	157.3	154.1	157.0	157.1	625.6	1.04%

DEMAND						
Millions of Tons						
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Elec Power	1013.5	1030.8	1021.2	1039.2	1045.4	1044.2
Industrial	53.0	52.7	51.5	50.3	52.5	52.5
Coke Plants	23.7	23.4	23.0	22.7	22.7	23.4
Resident/Com.	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.1
Total Domestic	1,094.3	1,110.6	1,099.4	1,116.1	1,124.7	1,124.2
+Exports	48.0	49.9	49.6	59.2	85.1	70.1
-Imports	27.3	30.5	36.2	36.3	31.7	32.8
Stock Change	-11.5	-9.7	42.6	2.5	-14.4	-2.8
Production	1,112.1	1,131.5	1,162.7	1,145.6	1,163.6	1,158.7
Discrepancy	-8.5	-11.1	-7.3	-4.1	0.0	0.0

NOTE: Both Production and Demand numbers exclude waste coal; Electric Power consumption data includes electricty generation from all sectors including the electric, industrial and commerical sectors. Nonelectricity output from both the electricity and industrial sectors are included under the Industrial category.
#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A14 ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON A67 QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A121

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON BASE CASE

	Year:	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$25.59 \$25.06 \$22.40	\$26.41 \$25.55 \$21.72	\$24.85 \$23.49 \$21.48	\$24.45 \$22.21 \$20.71	\$26.34 \$22.51 \$21.26	\$26.04 \$22.89 \$21.79	\$24.94 \$23.59 \$22.54	\$23.65 \$22.12 \$20.65	\$24.09 \$23.07 \$22.05	\$40.52 \$39.46 \$35.99	\$30.37 \$29.38 \$27.51	\$31.04 \$29.83 \$28.67	\$50.27 \$48.89 \$47.91	\$54.42 \$52.23 \$48.94	\$45.82 \$43.41 \$39.80	\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$109.29 \$107.07 \$103.75	\$100.38 \$98.45 \$95.54	\$56.06 \$55.05 \$53.54	\$41.01 \$40.30 \$39.25
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$24.31 \$26.08 \$21.94 \$21.54	\$26.02 \$27.58 \$24.01 \$22.92	\$26.75 \$28.31 \$24.22 \$22.70	\$24.86 \$26.60 \$22.84 \$21.72	\$26.01 \$25.80 \$24.41 \$22.73	\$25.45 \$25.25 \$24.02 \$23.05	\$25.97 \$25.77 \$24.24 \$23.33	\$24.50 \$25.15 \$23.29 \$22.07	\$24.90 \$26.42 \$23.45 \$21.72	\$47.09 \$50.06 \$44.09 \$38.50	\$29.20 \$31.07 \$27.25 \$24.19	\$34.27 \$36.49 \$32.04 \$29.19	\$58.62 \$62.42 \$55.03 \$49.92	\$61.97 \$66.01 \$57.49 \$53.18	\$55.91 \$59.56 \$50.71 \$45.49	\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$108.30 \$115.41 \$105.29 \$93.27	\$105.04 \$111.96 \$101.83 \$88.15	\$64.73 \$69.02 \$60.38 \$50.33	\$56.86 \$60.74 \$48.01 \$43.51
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$19.79	\$21.50	\$20.83	\$18.38	\$18.25	\$18.34	\$18.05	\$18.41	\$18.89	\$26.44	\$20.72	\$23.01	\$33.25	\$35.88	\$32.55	\$39.19	\$81.14	\$78.23	\$48.35	\$35.60
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$18.93 \$20.03	\$21.68 \$22.78	\$19.85 \$20.95	\$16.96 \$18.10	\$17.71 \$19.29	\$18.10 \$20.25	\$18.25 \$19.90	\$17.44 \$18.81	\$16.83 \$17.51	\$24.63 \$29.93	\$19.71 \$23.34	\$19.61 \$22.09	\$26.12 \$29.18	\$27.54 \$29.82	\$27.01 \$29.06	\$27.01 \$28.91	\$50.75 \$52.65	\$54.48 \$56.29	\$38.12 \$39.93	\$34.89 \$36.70
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$3.58 \$4.58	\$3.26 \$4.64	\$4.34 \$5.08	\$3.60 \$4.68	\$3.09 \$4.11	\$3.13 \$4.29	\$3.35 \$4.45	\$3.45 \$4.42	\$3.43 \$4.38	\$7.58 \$9.34	\$4.74 \$5.85	\$5.13 \$6.21	\$5.23 \$6.26	\$7.96 \$10.09	\$10.17 \$12.74	\$8.36 \$9.85	\$11.77 \$13.78	\$11.99 \$13.40	\$11.08 \$12.50	\$11.13 \$12.97
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$19.79	\$19.35	\$13.64	\$14.05	\$13.58	\$15.18	\$15.09	\$14.16	\$13.35	\$20.06	\$16.95	\$17.13	\$26.82	\$33.11	\$36.76	\$29.93	\$59.78	\$54.61	\$27.08	\$25.68
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$28.74	\$26.45	\$28.05	\$34.31	\$32.76	\$31.71 \$29.61	\$29.31 \$26.70	\$26.35 \$24.09	\$27.89 \$25.79	\$35.37 \$32.94	\$27.70 \$26.04	\$33.43 \$31.41	\$59.18 \$55.40	\$50.12 \$46.90	\$50.53 \$47.22	\$62.03 \$57.85	\$125.45 \$117.00	\$115.01 \$107.30	\$76.58 \$71.56	\$54.42 \$50.95
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU				\$15.42	\$12.55	\$18.22	\$19.39	\$3.52	\$1.71	\$9.98	\$12.73	\$8.57	\$13.03	\$11.27	\$17.50	\$34.76	\$44.90	\$66.62	\$58.65	\$50.02	\$40.71

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON

No. of the second s	Year:	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$36.16 \$35.42 \$31.66	\$36.49 \$35.29 \$30.00	\$33.62 \$31.77 \$29.05	\$32.42 \$29.45 \$27.46	\$34.28 \$29.29 \$27.67	\$33.32 \$29.29 \$27.89	\$31.57 \$29.86 \$28.53	\$29.51 \$27.60 \$25.77	\$29.41 \$28.17 \$26.93	\$48.32 \$47.05 \$42.92	\$35.59 \$34.43 \$32.24	\$35.62 \$34.23 \$32.90	\$56.08 \$54.54 \$53.44	\$58.81 \$56.44 \$52.88	\$48.00 \$45.48 \$41.69	\$47.57 \$46.79 \$45.62	\$109.29 \$107.07 \$103.75	\$98.34 \$96.44 \$93.59	\$53.89 \$52.92 \$51.47	\$38.64 \$37.98 \$36.98
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$34.35 \$36.85 \$31.01 \$30.44	\$35.95 \$38.09 \$33.17 \$31.67	\$36.19 \$38.30 \$32.76 \$30.70	\$32.96 \$35.26 \$30.28 \$28.79	\$33.84 \$33.57 \$31.77 \$29.58	\$32.58 \$32.32 \$30.75 \$29.50	\$32.88 \$32.61 \$30.69 \$29.54	\$30.57 \$31.38 \$29.07 \$27.54	\$30.40 \$32.26 \$28.64 \$26.52	\$56.15 \$59.69 \$52.58 \$45.91	\$34.22 \$36.41 \$31.94 \$28.35	\$39.33 \$41.88 \$36.77 \$33.50	\$65.39 \$69.63 \$61.39 \$55.69	\$66.97 \$71.33 \$62.12 \$57.47	\$58.57 \$62.40 \$53.12 \$47.65	\$47.41 \$50.52 \$45.24 \$41.55	\$108.30 \$115.41 \$105.29 \$93.27	\$102.90 \$109.68 \$99.75 \$86.35	\$62.23 \$66.36 \$58.05 \$48.39	\$53.57 \$57.23 \$45.24 \$41.00
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$27.97	\$29.70	\$28.17	\$24.36	\$23.75	\$23.47	\$22.85	\$22.97	\$23.06	\$31.53	\$24.29	\$26.41	\$37.10	\$38.77	\$34.09	\$39.99	\$81.14	\$76.63	\$46.49	\$33.55
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$26.75 \$28.30	\$29.94 \$31.46	\$26.85 \$28.34	\$22.49 \$24.00	\$23.05 \$25.10	\$23.17 \$25.92	\$23.10 \$25.19	\$21.76 \$23.47	\$20.55 \$21.38	\$29.37 \$35.69	\$23.10 \$27.35	\$22.51 \$25.35	\$29.14 \$32.55	\$29.76 \$32.22	\$28.29 \$30.44	\$27.56 \$29.50	\$50.75 \$52.65	\$53.37 \$55.14	\$36.65 \$38.38	\$32.87 \$34.58
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$5.06 \$6.47	\$4.51 \$6.41	\$5.87 \$6.87	\$4.77 \$6.20	\$4.02 \$5.35	\$4.00 \$5.49	\$4.24 \$5.63	\$4.30 \$5.52	\$4.18 \$5.34	\$9.03 \$11.13	\$5.55 \$6.86	\$5.88 \$7.13	\$5.83 \$6.99	\$8.60 \$10.90	\$10.65 \$13.34	\$8.53 \$10.05	\$11.77 \$13.78	\$11.75 \$13.12	\$10.66 \$12.01	\$10.48 \$12.22
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$27.97	\$26.73	\$18.45	\$18.63	\$17.66	\$19.42	\$19.10	\$17.67	\$16.30	\$23.92	\$19.87	\$19.65	\$29.92	\$35.77	\$38.51	\$30.54	\$59.78	\$53.50	\$26.03	\$24.20
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$40.61	\$36.54	\$37.95	\$45.49	\$42.63	\$40.59 \$37.90	\$37.10 \$33.80	\$32.88 \$30.06	\$34.05 \$31.49	\$42.18 \$39.28	\$32.46 \$30.51	\$38.36 \$36.05	\$66.02 \$61.80	\$54.16 \$50.68	\$52.93 \$49.47	\$63.30 \$59.03	\$125.45 \$117.00	\$112.67 \$105.11	\$73.63 \$68.80	\$51.27 \$48.01
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU				\$20.86	\$16.64	\$23.71	\$24.82	\$4.45	\$2.13	\$12.19	\$15.18	\$10.04	\$14.95	\$12.58	\$18.91	\$36.41	\$45.82	\$66.62	\$57.46	\$48.09	\$38.35
IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR (GDP) % Change		86.40 2.77%	88.39 2.30%	90.27 2.12%	92.10 2.04%	93.85 1.89%	95.41 1.67%	96.47 1.11%	97.86 1.44%	100.00 2.18%	102.40 2.40%	104.19 1.75%	106.40 2.13%	109.46 2.87%	113.00 3.23%	116.57 3.16%	119.66 2.66%	122.11 2.04%	124.65 2.08%	127.01 1.89%	129.59 2.03%

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

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	Year:	1995		1996		1996	1996	1997		1997		1998		1998		1999				2000	
	Quarter:	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	01	02												
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$24.73 \$22.15 \$20.96	\$24.68 \$22.10 \$20.87	\$26.27 \$23.29 \$21.81	\$24.93 \$22.10 \$20.91	\$26.76 \$22.35 \$21.21	\$27.41 \$22.30 \$21.11	\$26.76 \$22.40 \$21.21	\$25.67 \$22.30 \$21.16	\$25.77 \$23.05 \$22.01	\$25.94 \$23.79 \$22.80	\$25.72 \$23.79 \$22.80	\$24.63 \$23.29 \$22.25	\$24.63 \$23.84 \$22.80	\$24.78 \$23.44 \$22.30	\$24.43 \$22.80 \$21.51	\$23.54 \$21.66 \$19.73	\$23.29 \$21.41 \$19.92	\$23.34 \$22.60 \$21.46	\$22.90 \$22.03 \$21.11	\$22.95 \$22.00 \$20.96
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$24.95 \$26.49 \$22.92 \$21.61	\$24.70 \$26.23 \$22.81 \$21.46	\$25.71 \$25.50 \$24.11 \$22.50	\$24.50 \$24.30 \$23.54 \$21.56	\$26.86 \$26.65 \$24.90 \$23.44	\$26.97 \$26.75 \$25.10 \$23.44	\$27.17 \$26.95 \$25.21 \$23.54	\$24.55 \$24.35 \$23.59 \$23.13	\$24.50 \$24.30 \$23.33 \$22.40	\$25.60 \$25.40 \$23.96 \$23.13	\$25.64 \$25.43 \$24.06 \$23.18	\$25.27 \$25.07 \$23.33 \$22.81	\$26.28 \$26.07 \$24.48 \$23.33	\$26.71 \$26.50 \$25.10 \$24.01	\$25.91 \$25.70 \$24.32 \$23.13	\$24.14 \$23.95 \$23.13 \$22.03	\$23.89 \$25.46 \$22.92 \$21.82	\$24.04 \$25.50 \$22.81 \$21.30	\$23.54 \$24.96 \$22.34 \$20.73	\$23.39 \$24.78 \$22.19 \$20.63
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$18.35	\$18.25	\$18.25	\$18.20	\$18.30	\$18.25	\$18.40	\$18.30	\$18.35	\$18.30	\$18.30	\$18.10	\$18.10	\$17.70	\$18.35	\$18.00	\$18.40	\$18.90	\$19.00	\$18.25
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$16.70 \$17.80	\$ 16.85 \$ 18.10	\$ 17.50 \$ 18.75	\$ 17.35 \$ 18.50	\$ 18.00 \$ 19.90	\$ 18.00 \$ 20.00	\$18.00 \$21.00	\$18.00 \$20.05	\$18.15 \$20.00	\$18.25 \$19.95	\$18.25 \$20.05	\$17.95 \$19.35	\$ 18.20 \$ 20.00	\$ 18.60 \$ 20.20	\$18.10 \$19.75	\$17.50 \$19.00	\$17.15 \$18.45	\$17.00 \$18.05	\$16.75 \$17.20	\$16.70 \$16.95
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$3.40 \$4.45	\$3.30 \$4.40	\$3.20 \$4.25	\$3.15 \$4.20	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.00	\$3.00 \$4.05	\$3.20 \$4.50	\$3.30 \$4.60	\$3.62 \$4.80	\$3.35 \$4.45	\$3.15 \$4.20	\$3.27 \$4.34	\$3.38 \$4.38	\$3.45 \$4.45	\$3.47 \$4.40	\$3.50 \$4.45	\$3.40 \$4.40	\$3.20 \$4.20
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$14.20	\$14.00	\$13.50	\$13.20	\$13.60	\$14.00	\$14.40	\$15.05	\$15.65	\$15.60	\$15.25	\$15.20	\$ 15.10	\$ 14.80	\$14.65	\$14.40	\$14.10	\$13.50	\$12.75	\$12.80
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$34.20	\$34.50	\$33.65	\$32.15	\$32.00	\$33.25	\$33.50 \$31.54	\$32.40 \$30.51	\$30.95 \$28.69	\$30.00 \$27.71	\$29.20 \$26.61	\$29.00 \$26.08	\$30.15 \$27.99	\$28.90 \$26.13	\$28.40 \$25.63	\$28.00 \$24.63	\$24.60 \$23.34	\$24.40 \$22.75	\$26.00 \$24.13	\$27.25 \$25.21
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	J	\$10.28	\$11.79	\$15.88	\$17.24	\$19.35	\$20.41	\$21.47	\$21.02	\$19.81	\$15.27	\$7.41	\$3.93	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$1.36	\$2.75	\$5.58	\$5.73

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 45 of 68

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT BASE CASE

	Year:	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$40.45 \$39.84 \$38.91	\$40.62 \$40.08 \$39.27	\$40.76 \$40.34 \$39.70	\$41.25 \$40.84 \$40.24	\$41.81 \$41.42 \$40.84	\$42.47 \$42.09 \$41.51	\$43.15 \$42.78 \$42.22	\$43.90 \$43.56 \$43.04	\$44.70 \$44.38 \$43.90	\$45.69 \$45.29 \$44.69	\$46.51 \$46.10 \$45.50	\$47.37 \$46.96 \$46.34	\$48.20 \$47.78 \$47.15	\$49.01 \$48.58 \$47.94	\$49.86 \$49.42 \$48.77	\$50.76 \$50.32 \$49.66	\$51.64 \$51.19 \$50.52	\$52.51 \$52.05 \$51.37	\$53.40 \$52.94 \$52.24
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$59.48 \$63.50 \$48.21 \$44.68	\$60.96 \$65.08 \$47.70 \$45.39	\$62.60 \$66.83 \$47.36 \$46.11	\$64.03 \$68.34 \$48.20 \$47.33	\$63.36 \$67.63 \$47.58 \$46.91	\$63.77 \$68.08 \$47.80 \$47.15	\$64.55 \$68.90 \$48.18 \$47.54	\$66.30 \$70.77 \$49.22 \$48.63	\$68.03 \$72.62 \$50.34 \$49.76	\$69.88 \$74.60 \$51.48 \$50.91	\$71.77 \$76.62 \$52.68 \$52.12	\$73.91 \$78.91 \$54.00 \$53.45	\$76.11 \$81.28 \$55.39 \$54.84	\$79.24 \$84.63 \$57.41 \$56.86	\$82.59 \$88.20 \$59.52 \$58.96	\$85.18 \$90.98 \$61.09 \$60.53	\$87.81 \$93.81 \$62.64 \$62.08	\$90.43 \$96.61 \$64.19 \$63.64	\$93.05 \$99.42 \$65.80 \$65.24
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$35.32	\$35.66	\$36.07	\$36.57	\$37.13	\$37.76	\$38.43	\$39.19	\$39.99	\$40.74	\$41.49	\$42.28	\$43.04	\$43.78	\$44.56	\$45.39	\$46.20	\$47.00	\$47.82
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$35.09 \$36.91	\$35.32 \$37.20	\$35.67 \$37.61	\$36.02 \$38.02	\$36.40 \$38.45	\$36.79 \$38.89	\$37.22 \$39.38	\$37.74 \$39.96	\$38.31 \$40.58	\$38.80 \$41.14	\$39.29 \$41.68	\$39.79 \$42.25	\$40.26 \$42.77	\$40.70 \$43.28	\$41.16 \$43.81	\$41.67 \$44.38	\$42.14 \$44.92	\$42.60 \$45.44	\$43.07 \$45.97
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$10.78 \$12.77	\$10.61 \$12.75	\$10.52 \$12.78	\$10.60 \$12.95	\$10.69 \$13.14	\$10.93 \$13.41	\$11.14 \$13.67	\$11.38 \$14.01	\$11.63 \$14.38	\$12.02 \$14.88	\$12.39 \$15.33	\$12.62 \$15.66	\$12.82 \$15.96	\$13.02 \$16.26	\$13.22 \$16.57	\$13.45 \$16.89	\$13.66 \$17.22	\$13.87 \$17.54	\$14.08 \$17.87
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$24.64	\$25.00	\$25.40	\$25.79	\$26.20	\$26.61	\$27.05	\$27.57	\$28.11	\$28.62	\$29.12	\$29.65	\$30.16	\$30.66	\$31.18	\$31.73	\$32.27	\$32.80	\$33.34
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$50.48 \$47.40	\$49.17 \$46.30	\$49.72 \$46.91	\$50.23 \$47.52	\$50.75 \$48.15	\$51.41 \$48.79	\$52.10 \$49.48	\$52.82 \$50.22	\$53.55 \$51.00	\$54.31 \$51.77	\$55.12 \$52.55	\$55.96 \$53.37	\$56.82 \$54.21	\$57.70 \$55.06	\$58.63 \$55.95	\$59.63 \$56.91	\$60.67 \$57.90	\$61.73 \$58.91	\$62.77 \$59.90
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$36.37	\$34.69	\$35.07	\$35.47	\$35.89	\$36.33	\$36.82	\$37.35	\$37.92	\$38.49	\$39.03	\$39.64	\$40.29	\$40.96	\$41.68	\$42.46	\$43.28	\$44.13	\$44.95

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#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

ANNUAL	AVERAGE SPOT
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	Year:	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$37.33 \$36.76 \$35.91	\$36.74 \$36.26 \$35.52	\$36.17 \$35.79 \$35.23	\$35.90 \$35.55 \$35.02	\$35.71 \$35.38 \$34.88	\$35.60 \$35.28 \$34.79	\$35.48 \$35.17 \$34.72	\$35.39 \$35.11 \$34.69	\$35.31 \$35.06 \$34.68	\$35.41 \$35.11 \$34.64	\$35.38 \$35.07 \$34.61	\$35.37 \$35.06 \$34.60	\$35.33 \$35.02 \$34.56	\$35.28 \$34.97 \$34.51	\$35.24 \$34.93 \$34.48	\$35.22 \$34.91 \$34.45	\$35.18 \$34.87 \$34.41	\$35.12 \$34.82 \$34.36	\$35.08 \$34.77 \$34.31
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$54.88 \$58.59 \$44.48 \$41.23	\$55.15 \$58.87 \$43.15 \$41.06	\$55.54 \$59.29 \$42.02 \$40.91	\$55.73 \$59.49 \$41.95 \$41.19	\$54.11 \$57.76 \$40.64 \$40.07	\$53.46 \$57.06 \$40.06 \$39.52	\$53.08 \$56.65 \$39.62 \$39.09	\$53.45 \$57.05 \$39.68 \$39.21	\$53.75 \$57.38 \$39.77 \$39.32	\$54.17 \$57.82 \$39.90 \$39.46	\$54.60 \$58.29 \$40.07 \$39.65	\$55.18 \$58.92 \$40.32 \$39.90	\$55.79 \$59.57 \$40.60 \$40.19	\$57.04 \$60.91 \$41.32 \$40.92	\$58.37 \$62.35 \$42.07 \$41.67	\$59.10 \$63.13 \$42.38 \$42.00	\$59.81 \$63.89 \$42.66 \$42.29	\$60.48 \$64.62 \$42.93 \$42.57	\$61.12 \$65.30 \$43.22 \$42.86
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$32.59	\$32.26	\$32.00	\$31.83	\$31.72	\$31.65	\$31.60	\$31.59	\$31.60	\$31.58	\$31.56	\$31.56	\$31.54	\$31.51	\$31.50	\$31.49	\$31.47	\$31.44	\$31.41
Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$32.37 \$34.06	\$31.95 \$33.66	\$31.65 \$33.37	\$31.36 \$33.09	\$31.09 \$32.84	\$30.84 \$32.60	\$30.61 \$32.38	\$30.43 \$32.21	\$30.27 \$32.06	\$30.07 \$31.88	\$29.89 \$31.71	\$29.71 \$31.54	\$29.50 \$31.35	\$29.29 \$31.15	\$29.10 \$30.96	\$28.91 \$30.79	\$28.70 \$30.59	\$28.49 \$30.39	\$28.29 \$30.20
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$9.95 \$11.78	\$9.59 \$11.53	\$9.34 \$11.34	\$9.23 \$11.27	\$9.13 \$11.22	\$9.16 \$11.24	\$9.16 \$11.24	\$9.18 \$11.29	\$9.19 \$11.36	\$9.32 \$11.53	\$9.42 \$11.66	\$9.42 \$11.69	\$9.40 \$11.70	\$9.37 \$11.70	\$9.35 \$11.71	\$9.33 \$11.72	\$9.30 \$11.73	\$9.27 \$11.73	\$9.25 \$11.74
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$22.74	\$22.62	\$22.54	\$22.45	\$22.38	\$22.30	\$22.24	\$22.22	\$22.21	\$22.18	\$22.15	\$22.14	\$22.10	\$22.07	\$22.04	\$22.01	\$21.98	\$21.94	\$21.90
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$46.58 \$43.74	\$44.49 \$41.89	\$44.11 \$41.62	\$43.72 \$41.36	\$43.34 \$41.12	\$43.09 \$40.90	\$42.84 \$40.68	\$42.58 \$40.48	\$42.31 \$40.30	\$42.10 \$40.13	\$41.93 \$39.98	\$41.78 \$39.85	\$41.64 \$39.73	\$41.53 \$39.63	\$41.44 \$39.55	\$41.38 \$39.48	\$41.33 \$39.44	\$41.29 \$39.40	\$41.23 \$39.35
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$33.56	\$31.39	\$31.12	\$30.87	\$30.65	\$30.45	\$30.27	\$30.11	\$29.96	\$29.83	\$29.69	\$29.59	\$29.53	\$29.48	\$29.46	\$29.46	\$29.48	\$29.52	\$29.52
IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR (GDP) % Change		132.33 2.11%	134.98 2.00%	137.63 1.97%	140.29 1.93%	142.97 1.91%	145.68 1.90%	148.51 1.94%	151.47 1.99%	154.55 2.03%	157.54 1.93%	160.52 1.89%	163.56 1.89%	166.61 1.87%	169.65 1.83%	172.76 1.83%	176.00 1.87%	179.27 1.86%	182.56 1.83%	185.90 1.83%

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 47 of 68 .

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

## QUARTERLY SPOT PRICE

	Year: Quarter: Q3	Q4	2001 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2002 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2003 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2004 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$24.38 \$23.59 \$22.55	\$26.12 \$24.65 \$23.59	\$32.86 \$31.91 \$29.39	\$42.38 \$41.26 \$37.07	\$43.91 \$42.81 \$39.40	\$42.92 \$41.85 \$38.11	\$35.34 \$34.32 \$31.57	\$29.34 \$28.36 \$26.61	\$29.09 \$28.09 \$26.66	\$27.70 \$26.73 \$25.18	\$28.20 \$27.01 \$25.82	\$30.88 \$29.66 \$28.50	\$31.57 \$30.41 \$29.34	\$33.50 \$32.23 \$31.03	\$41.24 \$40.04 \$39.12	\$45.53 \$44.46 \$43.84	\$52.70 \$51.30 \$50.32	\$61.62 \$59.78 \$58.33	\$56.60 \$55.15 \$52.98	\$54.24 \$52.33 \$49.48	\$53.91 \$51.52 \$47.94	\$52.95 \$49.91 \$45.35
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$24.65 \$26.17 \$22.92 \$21.04	\$28.02 \$29.77 \$26.35 \$24.48	\$46.72 \$49.66 \$43.07 \$34.69	\$51.11 \$54.33 \$48.65 \$43.65	\$49.19 \$52.31 \$45.89 \$41.15	\$41.33 \$43.93 \$38.75 \$34.53	\$30.14 \$32.07 \$28.18 \$24.22	\$27.67 \$29.43 \$25.94 \$22.86	\$29.23 \$31.12 \$27.24 \$24.53	\$29.74 \$31.65 \$27.66 \$25.16	\$32.36 \$34.44 \$29.43 \$26.93	\$34.02 \$36.21 \$31.77 \$28.85	\$33.87 \$36.07 \$31.93 \$28.96	\$36.84 \$39.24 \$35.05 \$32.03	\$49.62 \$52.84 \$47.99 \$44.34	\$56.75 \$60.43 \$54.08 \$49.69	\$62.95 \$67.05 \$58.30 \$53.05	\$65.15 \$69.37 \$59.75 \$52.61	\$62.35 \$66.41 \$57.71 \$53.50	\$63.07 \$67.18 \$59.20 \$54.86	\$60.38 \$64.33 \$56.23 \$52.78	\$62.08 \$66.12 \$56.81 \$51.59
<i>Ohio</i> -4%, 12500 BTU	\$18.75	\$19.55	\$23.95	\$26.85	\$27.85	\$27.10	\$22.34	\$20.15	\$20.45	\$19.95	\$21.40	\$22.95	\$23.35	\$24.35	\$28.09	\$28.78	\$35.38	\$40.77	\$36.73	\$35.18	\$35.75	\$35.85
Illinois Basin <ul> <li>-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)</li> <li>-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)</li> </ul>	\$16.80 \$17.45	\$17.05 \$18.45	\$22.05 \$24.30	\$25.35 \$31.45	\$25.65 \$32.10	\$25.45 \$31.85	\$21.90 \$27.80	\$19.80 \$22.60	\$18.50 \$21.50	\$18.65 \$21.45	\$18.80 \$21.45	\$19.55 \$21.95	\$19.60 \$22.10	\$20.50 \$22.85	\$22.55 \$24.95	\$25.07 \$28.05	\$26.80 \$30.50	\$30.05 \$33.20	\$27.32 \$30.03	\$27.22 \$29.25	\$27.75 \$29.83	\$27.88 \$30.15
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU	\$3.40 \$4.35	\$3.70 \$4.55	\$6.25 \$7.90	\$10.65 \$12.75	\$7.05 \$8.70	\$6.35 \$8.00	\$4.65 \$5.85	\$4.70 \$5.75	\$4.65 \$5.75	\$4.95 \$6.05	\$5.00 \$6.00	\$4.80 \$5.90	\$5.25 \$6.30	\$5.45 \$6.65	\$5.55 \$6.58	\$5.43 \$6.43	\$5.00 \$6.02	\$4.93 \$6.02	\$5.18 \$6.33	\$6.35 \$7.98	\$7.72 \$10.03	\$12.57 \$16.00
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU	\$13.30	\$14.55	\$19.05	\$19.85	\$20.55	\$20.80	\$18.40	\$16.30	\$16.45	\$16.65	\$16.15	\$16.90	\$17.15	\$18.30	\$22.42	\$25.95	\$29.42	\$29.50	\$28.98	\$31.12	\$34.82	\$37,50
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU	\$27.85 \$25.63	\$30.45 \$28.20	\$35.10 \$32.60	\$36.90 \$34.32	\$36.85 \$34.31	\$32.62 \$30.52	\$29.81 \$27.99	\$27.54 \$25.95	\$25.06 \$23.57	\$28.38 \$26.63	\$28.55 \$26.83	\$28.04 \$26.40	\$35.00 \$32.86	\$42.12 \$39.55	\$46.23 \$43.28	\$54.39 \$50.97	\$68.50 \$64.08	\$67.62 \$63.25	\$57.64 \$53.92	\$49.06 \$45.94	\$51.92 \$48.57	\$41.84 \$39.17
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$8.83	\$19.78	\$18.11	\$14.62	\$9.95	\$8.24	\$7.44	\$5.79	\$7.97	\$13.08	\$20.35	\$14.53	\$8.52	\$8.71	\$6.60	\$6.46	\$14.71	\$20.46	\$22.76	\$13.25	\$12.02	\$21.98

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#### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICE BASE CASE

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	Year: Quarter:	2006 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2007 Q1	Q2	03	04	2008	02	03	04	2009	02	03	04	2010			~
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$49.63 \$46.48 \$41.76	\$46.60 \$43.85 \$39.72	\$44.14 \$41.92 \$38.58	\$42.90 \$41.40 \$39.14	\$44.00 \$43.09 \$41.73	\$44.75 \$44.02 \$42.93	\$46.60 \$45.83 \$44.67	\$51.10 \$50.46 \$49.50	\$73.12 \$72.02 \$70.37	\$106.83 \$104.93 \$102.07	\$135.23 \$131.75 \$126.52	\$121.97 \$119.59 \$116.03	\$117.50 \$115.39 \$112.22	\$108.58 \$106.58 \$103.58	\$92.97 \$91.07 \$88.22	\$82.49 \$80.75 \$78.14	\$71.84 \$70.42 \$68.29	\$56.08 \$55.01 \$53.40	\$49.73 \$48.94 \$47.75	\$46.57 \$45.83 \$44.72
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$61.21 \$65.20 \$55.10 \$48.97	\$59.39 \$63.26 \$51.81 \$46.25	\$54.23 \$57.79 \$49.69 \$44.09	\$48.82 \$52.01 \$46.23 \$42.62	\$41.92 \$44.66 \$39.55 \$35.52	\$44.73 \$47.65 \$42.53 \$39.22	\$45.65 \$48.65 \$43.65 \$40.17	\$53.55 \$57.06 \$51.60 \$47.98	\$73.73 \$78.58 \$70.80 \$65.05	\$102.73 \$109.46 \$99.55 \$92.03	\$132.65 \$141.39 \$129.65 \$111.25	\$124.07 \$132.21 \$121.17 \$104.73	\$120.32 \$128.24 \$117.47 \$102.12	\$112.05 \$119.40 \$108.96 \$94.76	\$97.05 \$103.46 \$93.72 \$80.72	\$90.76 \$96.74 \$87.16 \$75.00	\$78.09 \$83.25 \$74.19 \$62.77	\$63.98 \$68.20 \$59.78 \$49.58	\$59.42 \$63.35 \$54.92 \$45.03	\$57.42 \$61.21 \$52.62 \$43.93
Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU		\$34.63	\$32.63	\$30.67	\$32.24	\$35.45	\$37.43	\$38.63	\$45.23	\$65.68	\$80.68	\$90.76	\$87.44	\$86.32	\$80.97	\$73.76	\$71.86	\$61.37	\$48.21	\$43.31	\$40.52
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.27 \$29.37	\$26.53 \$28.57	\$26.63 \$28.72	\$27.60 \$29.58	\$26.85 \$28.77	\$26.53 \$28.52	\$26.93 \$28.77	\$27.73 \$29.60	\$31.72 \$33.63	\$48.45 \$50.43	\$60.67 \$62.50	\$62.15 \$64.02	\$62.03 \$63.85	\$57.87 \$59.73	\$52.52 \$54.28	\$45.52 \$47.30	\$41.00 \$42.82	\$37.82 \$39.68	\$37.17 \$38.93	\$36.48 \$38.27
Powder River Basin 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.20 \$17.68	\$10.63 \$13.62	\$8.20 \$10.18	\$7.63 \$9.47	\$7.18 \$8.80	\$7.48 \$8.93	\$8.92 \$10.47	\$9.85 \$11.20	\$11.57 \$13.73	\$11.53 \$13.92	\$11.62 \$13.52	\$12.37 \$13.97	\$13.12 \$14.52	\$12.50 \$13.92	\$11.48 \$12.82	\$10.87 \$12.33	\$10.85 \$12.28	\$10.70 \$12.12	\$11.50 \$12.83	\$11.28 \$12.75
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$38.45	\$37.62	\$35.83	\$35.13	\$33.75	\$32.50	\$27.02	\$26.43	\$34.37	\$50.63	\$75.12	\$78.98	\$73.72	\$60.23	\$47.93	\$36.57	\$30.93	\$26.42	\$25.63	\$25.32
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU	,i	\$48.83 \$45.68	\$52.74 \$49.24	\$50.93 \$47.65	\$49.61 \$46.32	\$51.13 \$47.70	\$52.48 \$48.95	\$59.37 \$55.37	\$85.13 \$79.38	\$107.74 \$100.50	\$124.32 \$115.97	\$144.00 \$134.27	\$125.74 \$117.25	\$123.07 \$114.77	\$117.18 \$109.31	\$112.62 \$105.08	\$107.20 \$100.05	\$98.65 \$92.13	\$82.68 \$77.25	\$68.88 \$64.40	\$56.12
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTL	J	\$24.99	\$36.75	\$39.32	\$37.98	\$44.03	\$47.68	\$44.98	\$42.90	\$53.01	\$66.04	\$76.59	\$70.85	\$68.94	\$56.49	\$52.85	\$56.33	\$57.37	\$52.74	\$47.83	\$42.13

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

August 2008

 ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PE
 A14

 ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS P
 A67

 QUARTERLY CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON
 A121

## ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

DAJE CAJE														
	Year:	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$102.89 \$100.86 \$97.81	\$89.58 \$87.94 \$85.48	\$50.24 \$49.43 \$48.21	\$41.98 \$41.31 \$40.31	\$41.78 \$41.20 \$40.34	\$41.99 \$41.50 \$40.76	\$42.33 \$41.91 \$41.27	\$42.89 \$42.48 \$41.87	\$43.52 \$43.12 \$42.53	\$44.22 \$43.84 \$43.26	\$44.97 \$44.60 \$44.06	\$45.80 \$45.44 \$44.91	\$46.69 \$46.32 \$45.76
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$105.62	\$96.98	\$61.76	\$60.17	\$62.31	\$63.88	\$65.10	\$65.67	\$65.61	\$66.39	\$67.69	\$69.50	\$71.35
7%, 13000 BTU		\$112.58	\$103.39	\$65.89	\$64.25	\$66.52	\$68.19	\$69.49	\$70.10	\$70.03	\$70.87	\$72.25	\$74.19	\$76.17
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$101.17	\$90.77	\$55.18	\$49.47	\$49.33	\$49.10	\$49.11	\$49.37	\$49.19	\$49.61	\$50.35	\$51.47	\$52.64
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$87.03	\$79.85	\$47.59	\$45.54	\$46.51	\$47.33	\$48.05	\$48.57	\$48.51	\$48.95	\$49.72	\$50.87	\$52.06
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$79.10	\$69.43	\$43.19	\$36.58	\$36.62	\$37.02	\$37.51	\$38.07	\$38.69	\$39.37	\$40.11	\$40.91	\$41.71
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$51.42	\$51.57	\$37.63	\$36.08	\$36.32	\$36.62	\$36.99	\$37.37	\$37.77	\$38.21	\$38.70	\$39.25	\$39,79
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$53.56	\$53.93	\$39.50	\$37.96	\$38.24	\$38.60	\$39.02	\$39.45	\$39.91	\$40.41	\$40.97	\$41.57	\$42.18
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.48	\$11.88	\$11.38	\$11.25	\$11.00	\$10.90	\$10.90	\$11.01	\$11.17	\$11.41	\$11.64	\$11.92	\$12.24
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.22	\$13.61	\$13.08	\$13.25	\$13.15	\$13.18	\$13.28	\$13.48	\$13.72	\$14.00	\$14.32	\$14.71	\$15.15
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$54.94	\$48.85	\$26.99	\$25.98	\$25.64	\$26.02	\$26.43	\$26.85	\$27.27	\$27.72	\$28.22	\$28.76	\$29.30
Foreign Coal														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$106.24	\$79.42	\$66.79	\$53.80	\$51.41	\$51.02	\$51.56	\$52.12	\$52.73	\$53.43	\$54.16	\$54.91	\$55.69
8%, 11600 BTU		\$109.29	\$97.37	\$62.49	\$50.46	\$48.36	\$48.11	\$48.74	\$49.38	\$50.04	\$50.74	\$51.48	\$52.26	\$53.06
Petroleum Coke		8												
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$64.74	\$56.44	\$45.98	\$39.40	\$36.66	\$36.00	\$36.40	\$36.83	\$37.28	\$37.76	\$38.30	\$38.86	\$39.44

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRACT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON

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BASE CASE

	Year:	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$102.89 \$100.86	\$87.76 \$86.15	\$48.30 \$47.52	\$39.56 \$38.93	\$38.55 \$38.02	\$37.99 \$37.54	\$37.56 \$37.18	\$37.33 \$36.97	\$37.17 \$36.83	\$37.07 \$36.75	\$36.97	\$36.92	\$36.89
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	¢	\$97.81	\$83.74	\$46.35	\$37.99	\$37.22	\$36.88	\$36.62	\$36.44	\$36.32	\$36.26	\$36.22	\$36.20	\$36.16
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$105.62	\$95.00	\$59.38	\$56.69	\$57.49	\$57.79	\$57.76	\$57.16	\$56.03	\$55.65	\$55.65	\$56.03	\$56.37
7%, 13000 BTU		\$112.58	\$101.28	\$63.35	\$60.54	\$61.38	\$61.69	\$61.65	\$61.02	\$59.81	\$59.40	\$59.41	\$59.81	\$60.18
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$101.17	\$88.92	\$53.05	\$46.61	\$45.52	\$44.42	\$43.57	\$42.97	\$42.01	\$41.58	\$41.40	\$41.49	\$41.59
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$87.03	\$78.23	\$45.76	\$42.91	\$42.92	\$42.82	\$42.63	\$42.28	\$41.43	\$41.03	\$40.88	\$41.01	\$41.13
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$79.10	\$68.01	\$41.52	\$34.47	\$33.79	\$33.49	\$33.28	\$33.13	\$33.04	\$33.00	\$32.98	\$32.98	\$32.95
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$51.42	\$50.52	\$36.18	\$33.99	\$33.51	\$33.13	\$32.82	\$32.52	\$32.26	\$32.02	\$31.82	\$31.64	\$31 44
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$53.56	\$52.83	\$37.97	\$35.77	\$35.29	\$34.92	\$34.62	\$34.34	\$34.09	\$33.87	\$33.68	\$33.51	\$33.32
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.48	\$11.64	\$10.94	\$10.60	\$10.15	\$9.86	\$9.67	\$9.58	\$9.54	\$9.56	\$9.57	\$9.61	\$9.67
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.22	\$13.33	\$12.58	\$12.49	\$12.13	\$11.92	\$11.78	\$11.73	\$11.72	\$11.74	\$11.77	\$11.85	\$11.97
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$54.94	\$47.85	\$25.95	\$24.48	\$23.65	\$23.54	\$23.45	\$23.37	\$23.29	\$23.24	\$23.20	\$23.19	\$23.15
Foreign Coal: Colombia														1
7%, 12000 BTU		\$106.24	\$77.80	\$64.21	\$50.69	\$47.44	\$46.16	\$45.75	\$45.36	\$45.04	\$44 70	¢44 52	¢44.26	± 1 1 00
8%, 11600 BTU		\$109.29	\$95.39	\$60.07	\$47.55	\$44.62	\$43.52	\$43.24	\$42.98	\$42.74	\$42.53	\$42.33	\$42.13	\$41.92
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$64.74	\$55.29	\$44.20	\$37.13	\$33.83	\$32.57	\$32.30	\$32.05	\$31.84	\$31.65	\$31.49	\$31.33	\$31.16

Docket No. DE 11-250 Data Request TC01-02-SP02 Dated 1/11/13 Q-TC-002-SP02, Page 52 of 68

### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

August 2008

### QUARTERLY CONTRACT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

BASE CASE

DASE CASE													
	Year:	2008				2009				2010			
	Quarter:	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia													
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$72.06	\$108.68	\$117.78	\$113.06	\$108.62	\$94.96	\$83.07	\$71.68	\$62.31	\$50.44	\$46.95	\$41.25
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$70.47	\$106.55	\$115.46	\$110.95	\$106.61	\$93.20	\$81.54	\$70.41	\$61.26	\$49.62	\$46.22	\$40.61
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$68.09	\$103.36	\$111.99	\$107.79	\$103.60	\$90.57	\$79.25	\$68.51	\$59.68	\$48.39	\$45.11	\$39.65
										1	1	•	1
Central Appalachia													
7%, 12500 BTU		\$75.06	\$101.89	\$127.37	\$118.15	\$113.67	\$102.43	\$89.46	\$82.34	\$70.32	\$59.22	\$58.69	\$58.81
7%, 13000 BTU		\$80.00	\$108.61	\$135.77	\$125.94	\$121.18	\$109.20	\$95.39	\$87.81	\$75.01	\$63.18	\$62.62	\$62.76
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$70.81	\$97.62	\$121.38	\$114.88	\$105.44	\$96.57	\$85.90	\$75.19	\$63.36	\$55.92	\$51.56	\$49.89
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$60.95	\$84.22	\$103.99	\$98.94	\$94.23	\$83.99	\$75.10	\$66.10	\$53.80	\$47.77	\$44.38	\$44.41
		+	+	+	400101	<b>40 1120</b>	400100	470120	400.20	<i>quuido</i>	<i><i><b>ψ</b></i> 17177</i>	<b><i>q</i></b> i i i b b	<b><i><i>q</i></i>1111</b>
Ohio													
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$62.05	\$81.22	\$89.24	\$83.89	\$78.73	\$72 37	\$64 44	\$62.17	\$54.05	\$43.88	\$40.03	\$36.68
1.00 12000 010		<b>ÇOLIO</b> D	<i><b>QUILL</b></i>	<b>QUDIL</b>	405105	470175	472137	<b>\$01111</b>	<b>JULIIII</b>	4 <b>5</b> 4.05	<b>\$45.00</b>	\$40.55	\$30.00
Illinois Basin													
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$34.05	\$51.36	\$59.36	\$60.92	\$58.58	\$54.64	\$50.12	\$42.93	\$38.48	\$36.27	\$35 38	\$35.21
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$35.90	\$53.32	\$61.65	\$63.38	\$61.08	\$57.10	\$52.49	\$45.04	\$40.42	\$38 17	\$37.20	\$37.05
3,6, 11000 510 ((())		<i>quuine</i>	40010L	<i>q</i> 01100	400.00	<b>J</b> ULIOU	457110	<b>\$52.45</b>	<b>43.04</b>	<b>440.42</b>	430.1Z	\$37.20	\$37.03
Powder River Basin													
33%, 8400 BTU		\$12.11	\$12.65	\$12.61	\$12.56	\$12.84	\$12.25	\$11.41	\$11.01	\$11.00	\$10.98	\$10.97	\$10.90
35%, 8800 BTU		\$14.06	\$14.36	\$14.26	\$14.22	\$14.59	\$14.01	\$13.11	\$12.72	\$12.75	\$12.78	\$12.82	\$17.87
,		1	1	+	· · · · · · ·	4	+	+	÷	<b>4</b> -1// 0	φ12070	φ12i02	<b>VILIOL</b>
Uinta Basin					1.0								
5%, 11500 BTU		\$33.12	\$49.54	\$68.80	\$68.29	\$64.28	\$52.41	\$44.81	\$33.89	\$27.56	\$26.00	\$25.34	\$25.09
·		·				,		1	4	1	+=====	<i>+</i>	420100
Foreign Coal													
7%, 12000 BTU		\$88.57	\$117.98	\$115.91	\$102.50	\$89.16	\$81.26	\$76.83	\$70.43	\$64.61	\$60.19	\$57.18	\$54.44
8%, 11600 BTU		\$82.66	\$114.70	\$128.11	\$111.67	\$104.12	\$100.11	\$96.22	\$89.05	\$78.09	\$66.65	\$54.59	\$50.14
,				,	1		+	+- <b>Jimm</b>	725100	+. 5105	400100	40-1109	450114
Petroleum Coke													
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$56.16	\$64.14	\$72.60	\$66.06	\$59.46	\$55.04	\$55.49	\$55.77	\$55.53	\$49.11	\$43.48	\$40.44
· .					1	1-2114	1-510	7-2110	+-2177	725100	<i>4.3111</i>	4.0140	4-01 <del>4</del> 4

QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRA

BASE CASE											
	Year:	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$47.63 \$47.21 \$46.59	\$48.49 \$48.07 \$47.44	\$49.36 \$48.93 \$48.28	\$50.21 \$49.77 \$49.12	\$51.07 \$50.63 \$49.96	\$51.97 \$51.52 \$50.84	\$52.89 \$52.43 \$51.74	\$53.79 \$53.32 \$52.62	\$54.71 \$54.23 \$53.52	\$55.63 \$55.15 \$54.42
Central Annalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$73.32 \$78.27 \$53.87 \$53.29	\$75.40 \$80.51 \$55.18 \$54.61	\$77.80 \$83.07 \$56.68 \$56.11	\$80.58 \$86.06 \$58.46 \$57.88	\$83.79 \$89.49 \$60.49 \$59.91	\$86.85 \$92.77 \$62.38 \$61.80	\$89.54 \$95.65 \$63.98 \$63.41	\$92.24 \$98.55 \$65.59 \$65.02	\$94.97 \$101.47 \$67.24 \$66.66	\$97.76 \$104.46 \$68.94 \$68.35
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$42.48	\$43.27	\$44.06	\$44.85	\$45.64	\$46.46	\$47.31	\$48.14	\$48.98	\$49.82
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$40.30 \$42.75	\$40.81 \$43.31	\$41.30 \$43.87	\$41.77 \$44.41	\$42.25 \$44.95	\$42.74 \$45.51	\$43.24 \$46.07	\$43.72 \$46.62	\$44.20 \$47.17	\$44.69 \$47.72
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$12.61 \$15.61	\$12.91 \$16.01	\$13.14 \$16.33	\$13.34 \$16.64	\$13.55 \$16.96	\$13.77 \$17.29	\$13.99 \$17.62	\$14.21 \$17.96	\$14.43 \$18.30	\$14.65 \$18.67
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.83	\$30.36	\$30.89	\$31.41	\$31.94	\$32.49	\$33.05	\$33.60	\$34.16	\$34.73
Foreign Coal											
7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$56.50 \$53.87	\$57.35 \$54.69	\$58.23 \$55.55	\$59.14 \$56.43	\$60.08 \$57.34	\$61.09 \$58.29	\$62.14 \$59.30	\$63.22 \$60.33	\$64.30 \$61.36	\$65.36 \$62.38
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$40.02	\$40.62	\$41.28	\$41.96	\$42.69	\$43.47	\$44.30	\$45.15	\$46.01	\$46.85

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# QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BASE CASE

August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE CONTRA

BASE CASE											
	Year:	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia											
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$36.92	\$36.89	\$36.85	\$36.80	\$36.76	\$36.73	\$36.70	\$36.64	\$36.59	\$36.54
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$36.60	\$36.57	\$36.53	\$36.48	\$36,44	\$36.42	\$36.38	\$36.32	\$36.27	\$36.22
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$36.11	\$36.09	\$36.05	\$36.00	\$35.96	\$35.94	\$35.90	\$35.84	\$35.79	\$35.75
Central Appalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU		\$56.83	\$57.36	\$58.08	\$59.06	\$60.31	\$61.39	\$62.12	\$62.83	\$63.52	\$64.21
7%, 13000 BTU		\$60.67	\$61.24	\$62.02	\$63.07	\$64.41	\$65.57	\$66.36	\$67.12	\$67.87	\$68.61
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$41.75	\$41.98	\$42.32	\$42.84	\$43.54	\$44.09	\$44.39	\$44.68	\$44.97	\$45.28
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$41.31	\$41.54	\$41.89	\$42.42	\$43.12	\$43.68	\$44.00	\$44.29	\$44.59	\$44.90
Ohio					·				•		
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$32.93	\$32.92	\$32.90	\$32.87	\$32.85	\$32.84	\$32.82	\$32.79	\$32.76	\$32.73
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$31.24	\$31.04	\$30.83	\$30.62	\$30.41	\$30.21	\$30.00	\$29.78	\$29.57	\$29.35
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$33.13	\$32.95	\$32.75	\$32.55	\$32.35	\$32.17	\$31.97	\$31.76	\$31.55	\$31.35
Powder River Basin											
33%. 8400 BTU		\$9.77	\$9.82	\$9.81	\$9.78	\$9.75	\$9.73	\$9.71	\$9.68	\$9.65	\$9.62
35%, 8800 BTU		\$12.10	\$12.18	\$12.20	\$12.20	\$12.21	\$12.22	\$12.23	\$12.23	\$12.24	\$12.26
Uinta Basin	· .										
5%, 11500 BTU		\$23.12	\$23.09	\$23.06	\$23.02	\$22.99	\$22.96	\$22.93	\$22.89	\$22.85	\$22.81
Foreign Coal: Colombia											
7%, 12000 BTU		\$43.80	\$43.63	\$43.48	\$43.34	\$43.25	\$43.18	\$43.11	\$43.06	\$43.01	\$42.03
8%, 11600 BTU		\$41.75	\$41.61	\$41.47	\$41.36	\$41.27	\$41.20	\$41.14	\$41.09	\$41.04	\$40.97
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$31.02	\$30.90	\$30.82	\$30.76	\$30.73	\$30.73	\$30.74	\$30.76	\$30.78	\$30.77

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE August 2008

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ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TC ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER T QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A121

## ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

THOMOL														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$130.75 \$128.06 \$124.03	\$186.80 \$183.10 \$177.69	\$166.74 \$163.80 \$159.31	\$137.86 \$135.49 \$131.94	\$108.77 \$107.12 \$104.63	\$96.29 \$95.01 \$93.10	\$87.55 \$86.64 \$85.28	\$82.29 \$81.48 \$80.27	\$82.01 \$81.25 \$80.11	\$82.72 \$81.97 \$80.84	\$83.69 \$82.97 \$81.90	\$84.86 \$84.19 \$83.19
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$128.57 \$137.01 \$125.00 \$110.72	\$185.30 \$197.50 \$179.62 \$155.49	\$163.85 \$174.73 \$152.84 \$127.41	\$131.26 \$140.22 \$110.84 \$100.45	\$102.12 \$109.03 \$82.77 \$76.72	\$92.96 \$99.24 \$72.73 \$69.21	\$94.89 \$101.29 \$71.79 \$69.89	\$96.99 \$103.53 \$73.02 \$71.70	\$99.23 \$105.92 \$74.52 \$73.47	\$101.63 \$108.48 \$76.16 \$75.13	\$104.07 \$111.08 \$77.67 \$76.64	\$106.65 \$113.84 \$79.18 \$78.23
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$96.15	\$146.94	\$143.94	\$119.69	\$94.96	\$84.53	\$77.47	\$72.96	\$72.84	\$73.54	\$74.54	\$75.75
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.01 \$28.91	\$57.55 \$59.65	\$83.28 \$86.08	\$84.89 \$88.92	\$71.53 \$75.29	\$70.82 \$74.55	\$70.19 \$73.96	\$69.75 \$73.58	\$69.30 \$73.17	\$68.88 \$72.79	\$68.45 \$72.40	\$68.06 \$72.06	\$67.80 \$71.84
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.36 \$9.85	\$12.43 \$14.44	\$15.78 \$17.18	\$14.43 \$15.84	\$13.89 \$16.19	\$14.26 \$16.88	\$14.55 \$17.49	\$14.99 \$18.20	\$15.46 \$18.88	\$15.95 \$19.59	\$16.66 \$20.45	\$17.34 \$21.28	\$18.08 \$22.25
Uinta Basin														•
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$65.15	\$101.65	\$92.01	\$81.10	\$74.45	\$69.14	\$64.37	\$59.71	\$55.52	\$56.49	\$57.50	\$58.55
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$62.03 \$57.85	\$148.93 \$138.90	\$202.88 \$189.28	\$193.86 \$181.16	\$125.62 \$117.62	\$86.67 \$81.38	\$74.99 \$70.61	\$75.37 \$71.10	\$76.09 \$71.99	\$79.48 \$75.41	\$81.92 \$77.75	\$84.00 \$79.77	\$84.96 \$80.78
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$78.25	\$103.85	\$126.98	\$93.97	\$62.44	\$52.90	\$53.16	\$53.74	\$56.21	\$57.90	\$59.36	\$60.08

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE August 2008

## ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON

HIGH CASE	and the second second													
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTÜ -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$47.57 \$46.79 \$45.62	\$130.75 \$128.06 \$124.03	\$182.99 \$179.37 \$174.07	\$160.30 \$157.48 \$153.16	\$129.90 \$127.67 \$124.32	\$100.37 \$98.84 \$96.55	\$87.11 \$85.96 \$84.22	\$77.68 \$76.87 \$75.66	\$71.63 \$70.92 \$69.87	\$70.05 \$69.40 \$68.42	\$69.33 \$68.70 \$67.76	\$68.81 \$68.22 \$67.34	\$68.41 \$67.87 \$67.06
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$47.41 \$50.52 \$45.24 \$41.55	\$128.57 \$137.01 \$125.00 \$110.72	\$181.52 \$193.47 \$175.96 \$152.32	\$157.52 \$167.98 \$146.94 \$122.49	\$123.68 \$132.12 \$104.44 \$94.65	\$94.23 \$100.60 \$76.38 \$70.79	\$84.10 \$89.78 \$65.80 \$62.61	\$84.19 \$89.87 \$63.69 \$62.01	\$84.42 \$90.11 \$63.56 \$62.40	\$84.75 \$90.46 \$63.65 \$62.75	\$85.18 \$90.93 \$63.84 \$62.97	\$85.56 \$91.34 \$63.87 \$63.01	\$85.98 \$91.77 \$63.83 \$63.07
<b>Ohio</b> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.99	\$96.15	\$143.94	\$138.38	\$112.78	\$87.63	\$76.47	\$68.73	\$63.50	\$62.21	\$61.64	\$61.29	\$61.06
<i>Illinois Basin</i> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.56 \$29.50	\$57.55 \$59.65	\$81.58 \$84.32	\$81.61 \$85.49	\$67.40 \$70.94	\$65.35 \$68.79	\$63.49 \$66.91	\$61.89 \$65.28	\$60.32 \$63.69	\$58.83 \$62.17	\$57.37 \$60.68	\$55.96 \$59.24	\$54.66 \$57.91
<b>Powder River Basin</b> 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.53 \$10.05	\$12.43 \$14.44	\$15.45 \$16.83	\$13.87 \$15.23	\$13.08 \$15.26	\$13.16 \$15.58	\$13.16 \$15.82	\$13.30 \$16.15	\$13.46 \$16.43	\$13.62 \$16.73	\$13.97 \$17.14	\$14.26 \$17.50	\$14.58 \$17.94
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$30.54	\$65.15	\$99.58	\$88.46	\$76.42	\$68.70	\$62.55	\$57.11	\$51.97	\$47.42	\$47.35	\$47.28	\$47.20
Foreign Coal: Colombia 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$63.30 \$59.03	\$148.93 \$138.90	\$198.75 \$185.42	\$186.38 \$174.17	\$118.37 \$110.83	\$79.97 \$75.09	\$67.84 \$63.88	\$66.87 \$63.08	\$66.23 \$62.66	\$67.88 \$64.41	\$68.66 \$65.17	\$69.07 \$65.59	\$68.49 \$65.12
Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$45.82	\$78.25	\$101.73	\$122.08	\$88.54	\$57.61	\$47.86	\$47.16	\$46.77	\$48.01	\$48.53	\$48.81	\$48.43

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

. 1

August 2008

### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

HIGH CASE													
	Year: Quarter:	2008 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2010 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia -1,6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$73.12 \$72.02 \$70.37	\$106.83 \$104.93 \$102.07	\$168.45 \$164.11 \$157.59	\$174.60 \$171.20 \$166.11	\$183.25 \$179.95 \$175.01	\$186.15 \$182.72 \$177.58	\$190.45 \$186.56 \$180.72	\$187.35 \$183.40 \$177.47	\$182.45 \$178.84 \$173.43	\$175.00 \$171.65 \$166.63	\$161.15 \$158.58 \$154.72	\$148.35 \$145.99 \$142.46
Control Annalashia											-		
7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$73.73 \$78.58 \$70.80 \$65.05	\$102.73 \$109.46 \$99.55 \$92.03	\$164.85 \$175.71 \$161.12 \$138.26	\$172.95 \$184.31 \$168.91 \$146.00	\$181.44 \$193.39 \$177.14 \$153.99	\$185.00 \$197.15 \$179.91 \$156.46	\$189.40 \$201.91 \$182.89 \$157.52	\$185.35 \$197.56 \$178.00 \$153.15	\$179.20 \$191.04 \$170.25 \$144.05	\$171.10 \$182.37 \$159.87 \$132.59	\$159.15 \$169.70 \$147.10 \$120.62	\$145.95 \$155.59 \$133.75 \$111.68
Ohio									11				•
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$65.68	\$80.68	\$113.06	\$125.17	\$134.62	\$138.82	\$151.10	\$163.22	\$155.85	\$150.44	\$140.35	\$129.10
Illinois Basin													:
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$31.72 \$33.63	\$48.45 \$50.43	\$72.55 \$74.72	\$77.50 \$79.83	\$80.20 \$82.55	\$82.50 \$85.16	\$85.75 \$88.63	\$84.65 \$87.97	\$85.00 \$88.77	\$84.40 \$88.57	\$86.00 \$90.09	\$84.15 \$88.26
Powder River Basin													
33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU	· ·	\$11.57 \$13.73	\$11.53 \$13.92	\$13.10 \$15.00	\$13.50 \$15.10	\$14.85 \$16.25	\$15.90 \$17.32	\$16.35 \$17.68	\$16.00 \$17.47	\$15.50 \$16.93	\$14.40 \$15.82	\$14.00 \$15.33	\$13.80 \$15.27
Uinta Basin												ž	
5%, 11500 BTU		\$34.37	\$50.63	\$84.25	\$91.35	\$98.65	\$100.45	\$104.55	\$102.95	\$98.30	\$94.45	\$89.70	\$85.60
Foreian Coal								•					
7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$107.74 \$100.50	\$124.32 \$115.97	\$178.95 \$166.86	\$175.28 \$163.45	\$185.59 \$173.07	\$193.47 \$180.48	\$219.78 \$205.08	\$218.91 \$204.32	\$226.37 \$211.43	\$221.10 \$206.58	\$184.51 \$172.49	\$142.64 \$133.40
Petroleum Coke										1.2			4
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$53.01	\$66.04	\$95.18	\$98.76	\$103.96	\$93.27	\$103.15	\$115.03	\$131.66	\$141.03	\$128.13	\$107.09

ebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 57 of 68

### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT F

HIGH CASE												
	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$86.22 \$85.60 \$84.68	\$88.06 \$87.30 \$86.15	\$89.57 \$88.79 \$87.62	\$91.14 \$90.35 \$89.16	\$92.74 \$91.93 \$90.72	\$94.36 \$93.54 \$92.31	\$96.04 \$95.20 \$93.95	\$97.82 \$96.97 \$95.69	\$99.65 \$98.78 \$97.48	\$101.52 \$100.63 \$99.31	\$103.45 \$102.55 \$101.20
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$109.36 \$116.74 \$80.91 \$79.99	\$112.00 \$119.56 \$82.50 \$81.59	\$114.66 \$122.42 \$84.16 \$83.27	\$117.39 \$125.34 \$85.77 \$84.89	\$120.15 \$128.30 \$87.44 \$86.57	\$122.93 \$131.29 \$89.07 \$88.20	\$125.78 \$134.34 \$90.65 \$89.79	\$128.75 \$137.53 \$92.33 \$91.49	\$131.78 \$140.77 \$94.00 \$93.17	\$134.84 \$144.05 \$95.71 \$94.89	\$137.96 \$147.41 \$97.57 \$96.74
Ohio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$77.15	\$78.52	\$79.90	\$81.34	\$82.81	\$84.29	\$85.83	\$87.47	\$89.15	\$90.86	\$92.63
Illinois Basin												
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$67.57 \$71.64	\$67.22 \$71.33	\$66.84 \$70.97	\$66.44 \$70.61	\$65.96 \$70.16	\$65.43 \$69.65	\$64.90 \$69.14	\$64.40 \$68.66	\$63.83 \$68.10	\$63.20 \$67.50	\$62.57 \$66.88
Powder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$18.87 \$23.33	\$19.71 \$24.40	\$20.52 \$25.40	\$21.48 \$26.65	\$22.40 \$27.87	\$23.34 \$29.15	\$24.33 \$30.47	\$25.37 \$31.88	\$26.46 \$33.35	\$27.59 \$34.90	\$28.78 \$36.53
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$59.65	\$60.71	\$61.76	\$62.84	\$63.91	\$64.98	\$66.06	\$67.20	\$68.34	\$69.49	\$70.65
Foreign Coal 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$86.07 \$81.98	\$87.04 \$82.97	\$88.07 \$83.96	\$88.88 \$84.77	\$89.70 \$85.57	\$89.51 \$85.42	\$89.30 \$85.22	\$90.14 \$86.02	\$91.05 \$86.89	\$92.05 \$87 85	\$93.07 \$88.81
Petroleum Coke		1	1	+	<b>1</b>	+	+	+•••==	+0010 <b>2</b>	<i>t</i> colo <i>b</i>	<i>Q</i> O7100	çoolor
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$60.96	\$61.68	\$62.35	\$62.96	\$63.59	\$63.54	\$63.48	\$64.18	\$64.94	\$65.80	\$66.64

### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. HIGH CASE

August 2008

IIGH CASE	Veer	2020	0004	0000	0000							
lorthern Appalachia	rear:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$68.12	\$68.26	\$68 14	\$68.05	\$67.07	\$67.07	¢67 00	¢67.97	¢ (7,00	± ( 7 00	+ = = =
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$67.64	\$67.66	\$67.55	\$67.45	\$67.39	\$67.32	\$07.00	\$07.07	\$07.88	\$67.90	\$67.9
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$66.91	\$66.77	\$66.66	\$66.57	\$66.49	\$66.44	\$66.41	\$66.39	\$66.40	\$66.43	\$67.3
											1	+
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$86.41	\$86.81	\$87.23	\$87.64	\$88.06	\$88 48	\$88 01	¢80 33	¢90 76	¢00 10	±00.67
7%, 13000 BTU		\$92.23	\$92.67	\$93.13	\$93.58	\$94.04	\$94.50	\$94.96	\$05.33	\$05.70	\$90.19	\$90.04
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$63.93	\$63.95	\$64.02	\$64.04	\$64.09	\$64.11	\$64.07	\$53.42	\$95.00	\$90.35	\$90.82
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$63.20	\$63.24	\$63.35	\$63.38	\$63.45	\$63.49	\$63.47	\$63.48	\$67.02	\$04.02	\$04.05
		1	+	+00.00	<b><i>QUELEC</i></b>	<b>400140</b>	<b>\$03.45</b>	\$03. <del>4</del> 7	<b>\$03.40</b>	\$03.40	<b>\$03.47</b>	\$03.54
Dhio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$60.95	\$60.86	\$60.79	\$60.73	\$60.69	\$60.67	\$60.67	\$60.69	\$60.72	\$60.77	\$60.85
llinois Basin											7.5	
-3%, 11000 BTU (II)		\$53.30	\$52.11	\$50.84	\$40.60	¢49.34	¢47.00	#4E 07	+ 1 1 50	+ 45 45		
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$56.60	\$55.29	\$53.09	\$49.00	\$40.34	\$47.09	\$45.87	\$44.68	\$43.47	\$42.27	\$41.10
		450.00	<i>433.23</i>	\$33.99	\$52.72 ·	\$51.42	\$50.15	\$48.87	\$47.64	\$46.39	\$45.15	\$43.93
owder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU		\$14.91	\$15.28	\$15.61	\$16.04	\$16.41	\$16.80	\$17 10	\$17.60	¢19.00	¢10.4E	¢10.00
35%, 8800 BTU		\$18,43	\$18.91	\$19.32	\$19.90	\$20.43	\$20.98	\$21 54	\$77.00	\$10.02	\$10.45	\$18.90
			1	+	+-0.00	<i><b>QLOIID</b></i>	420.50	φ <b>21.</b> 34	722.12	\$22.7Z	\$23.34	\$24.00
linta Basin		1										
5%, 11500 BTU		\$47.13	\$47.06	\$46.99	\$46.91	\$46.84	\$46.77	\$46.70	\$46.62	\$46.55	\$46.48	\$46.41
oreign Coal: Colombia												1
- 7% 12000 BTU		\$68.01	¢67 47	¢66.00	+66.76	+CE 74	+	+				
- 8% 11600 BTU		\$64.77	\$6/ 71	\$00.99 ¢62.97	\$00.30	\$05.74	\$64.43	\$63.12	\$62.54	\$62.02	\$61.57	\$61.13
.0 %, 11000 B10		ş04.77	\$04.51	\$03.87	\$63.29	\$62.72	\$61.48	\$60.24	\$59.68	\$59.18	\$58.76	\$58.34
etroleum Coke												
			1									

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 59 of 68

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Att TJL/JJ

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

August 2008

Cell A14 ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TOI ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TC A67 QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON A121

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

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LOW CASE														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$46.61 \$45.85 \$44.71	\$95.68 \$93.75 \$90.87	\$49.48 \$48.52 \$47.09	\$30.24 \$29.70 \$28.89	\$29.04 \$28.54 \$27.80	\$28.91 \$28.47 \$27.81	\$28.59 \$28.21 \$27.64	\$28.21 \$27.92 \$27.48	\$27.99 \$27.71 \$27.30	\$27.80 \$27.54 \$27.15	\$27.64 \$27.39 \$27.01	\$28.83 \$28.58 \$28.21	\$28.62 \$28.40 \$28.06
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$46.46 \$49.50 \$44.33 \$40.72	\$93.12 \$99.23 \$90.53 \$80.19	\$50.49 \$53.81 \$48.94 \$42.37	\$40.76 \$43.47 \$38.02 \$31.70	\$39.64 \$42.34 \$33.47 \$30.34	\$39.97 \$42.67 \$32.40 \$30.03	\$40.54 \$43.28 \$31.72 \$30.18	\$41.12 \$43.89 \$31.11 \$30.28	\$41.58 \$44.38 \$31.30 \$30.74	\$42.11 \$44.95 \$31.63 \$31.18	\$42.69 \$45.57 \$31.99 \$31.56	\$43.33 \$46.25 \$32.34 \$31.91	\$44.01 \$46.97 \$32.67 \$32.28
		1	1	4	1	1	1	1	+	+	+	+	+	+
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.19	\$71.60	\$38.49	\$26.10	\$25.21	\$25.24	\$25.10	\$24.96	\$24.81	\$24.69	\$24.57	\$25.68	\$25.55
Illinois Basin									¥.					
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$27.01 \$28.91	\$46.30 \$48.07	\$38.53 \$39.81	\$29.13 \$30.51	\$25.54 \$26.88	\$25.47 \$26.81	\$25.42 \$26.79	\$25.45 \$26.85	\$25.48 \$26.90	\$25.52 \$26.97	\$25.57 \$27.04	\$25.63 \$27.14	\$25.75 \$27.28
Powder River Basin														1
33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.36 \$9.85	\$10.60 \$12.51	\$8.68 \$10.06	\$8.71 \$10.29	\$9.05 \$10.55	\$8.82 \$10.44	\$8.59 \$10.32	\$8.42 \$10.23	\$8.32 \$10.16	\$8.24 \$10.13	\$8.27 \$10.15	\$8.30 \$10.19	\$8.35 \$10.28
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$29.93	\$54.25	\$40.67	\$21.69	\$19.51	\$18.97	\$18.46	\$17.96	\$17.49	\$17.03	\$16.60	\$16.18	\$15.78
Foreign Coal														
7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$62.03 \$57.85	\$107.87 \$100.60	\$55.28 \$51.57	\$48.23 \$45.07	\$37.94 \$35.52	\$33.92 \$31.85	\$32.70 \$30.79	\$32.66 \$30.81	\$32.62 \$30.86	\$33.73 \$32.00	\$34.41 \$32.66	\$34.97 \$33.21	\$35.06 \$33.33
<b>Petroleum Coke</b> -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$44.90	\$57.93	\$28.18	\$31.56	\$28.38	\$24.44	\$23.07	\$23.04	\$23.04	\$23.85	\$24.32	\$24.72	\$24.79
,,,		+	407.00	420120	401.00	420100		420107	\$20.04	923.04	423.0J	724.JZ	724.72	⊅∠

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QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE August 2008

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ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON

LOW CASE														
	Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Northern Appalachia														
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$47.57	\$95.68	\$48.47	\$29.07	\$27.37	\$26.68	\$25.87	\$25.03	\$24.36	\$23.74	\$23.17	\$23.70	\$23.07
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$46.79	\$93.75	\$47.54	\$28.56	\$26.90	\$26.27	\$25.52	\$24.77	\$24.12	\$23.52	\$22.96	\$23.50	\$22.89
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$45.62	\$90.87	\$46.13	\$27.77	\$26.19	\$25.66	\$25.01	\$24.38	\$23.76	\$23.10	\$77.64	\$23.10	\$22.09
In the second statement of the second s			1	+	+	<i>+</i> <b>-</b> 01 <b>-</b> 0	420100	420101	<b>\$24.50</b>	\$25.70	\$23.19	\$22.04	\$23.19	\$22.02
Central Appalachia														
7%, 12500 BTU		\$47.41	\$93.12	\$49.46	\$39.19	\$37.35	\$36.88	\$36.67	\$36.48	\$36.19	\$35.97	\$35.78	\$35.63	\$35.48
7%, 13000 BTU		\$50.52	\$99.23	\$52.72	\$41.79	\$39.90	\$39.37	\$39.15	\$38.94	\$38.63	\$38.39	\$38.20	\$38.03	\$37.87
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$45.24	\$90.53	\$47.94	\$36.56	\$31.54	\$29.89	\$28.69	\$27.60	\$27.25	\$27.01	\$26.82	\$26.59	\$26.34
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$41.55	\$80.19	\$41.50	\$30.47	\$28.58	\$27.71	\$27.30	\$26.87	\$26.75	\$26.63	\$26.02	\$26.35	\$26.07
					•		1	+	420.07	420170	<b>\$20100</b>	<b>\$20.45</b>	\$20.24	\$20.02
Ohio														
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$39.99	\$71.60	\$37.71	\$25.09	\$23.76	\$23.29	\$77.71	\$22.15	\$21.60	\$21.00	¢20.60	AD1 11	#20 F0
,		400.00	<i>+,</i>	<i>40717</i>	420100	425170	423.23	922./I	\$22.15	\$21.00	\$21.09	\$20.60	\$21.11	\$20.59
Illinois Basin														
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$27.56	\$46 30	\$37 74	\$78.00	\$24.07	¢77 E0	#22.00	+22 F0	422.40	+ - 4	+		
-3% 11000 BTU (KY)		\$20.50	\$48.07	\$30.00	\$20.00	\$24.07	\$23.50	\$23.00	\$22.58	\$22.18	\$21.80	\$21.43	\$21.08	\$20.76
5 /0/ 11000 BTO (KT)		\$29.50	\$40.07	\$39.00	\$29.55	\$25.55	\$24.73	\$24.24	\$23.82	\$23.42	\$23.04	\$22.67	\$22.31	\$21.99
Powder River Basin														
33%, 8400 BTU		\$8.53	\$10.60	\$8.50	\$8.38	\$8 57	¢8 14	¢7 77	e7 47	¢7 34	47.04	+C 07	+6.00	+
35%, 8800 BTU		\$10.05	\$12.51	\$9.85	\$9.89	\$9.94	\$0.14	\$0.74	\$7.47	\$7.24 ¢0.05	\$7.04	\$6.93	\$6.83	\$6.73
		+-0.00	<b>4</b> -101	45105	45.05	\$5.54	\$9.05	\$5.34	\$9.00	30.00	\$8.05	\$8.51	\$8.38	\$8.28
Uinta Basin														
5%, 11500 BTU		\$30 54	\$54.25	\$30.84	¢20.95	¢10 70	#17 E1	#16 70	A15.04		****			
10,00,110000 010		450.54	404.25	\$33.04	\$20.05	\$10.30	\$17.51	\$10.70	\$15.94	\$15.22	\$14.55	\$13.91	\$13.30	\$12.72
Foreign Coal: Colombia														
7%, 12000 BTU		\$63.30	\$107.87	¢5/ 15	\$46 27	¢75 75	#31 30	+20 F0	+20.07	+				
- 8% 11600 BTU		\$59.03	\$100.60	\$50 F2	\$40.37	\$33.75	\$31.30	\$29.58	\$28.97	\$28.39	\$28.81	\$28.84	\$28.76	\$28.26
10 %, 11000 810		\$39.03	\$100.00	\$50.52	\$43.33	\$33.47	\$29.39	\$27.86	\$27.33	\$26.86	\$27.33	\$27.38	\$27.31	\$26.87
Petroleum Coke														
-6%/30 HGI 14000 BTU		¢45 97	¢57.02	477 61	¢20.25	426 74	+	+00.07						
0,0,00 HGI, 14000 DT0		94J.02	937.93	\$27.01	\$30.35	\$20.74	\$22.55	\$20.87	\$20.44	\$20.05	\$20.37	\$20.39	\$20.32	\$19.99

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 61 of 68

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### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

August 2008

### QUARTERLY SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

LOW CASE													
	Year: Quarter:	2008 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2009 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2010 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU -1.8%, 13000 BTU -2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$73.12 \$72.02 \$70.37	\$106.83 \$104.93 \$102.07	\$116.20 \$113.20 \$108.71	\$86.55 * \$84.87 \$82.34	\$62.40 \$61.28 \$59.59	\$51.70 \$50.75 \$49.32	\$44.15 \$43.25 \$41.89	\$39.65 \$38.81 \$37.56	\$34.20 \$33.52 \$32.51	\$31.05 \$30.46 \$29.56	\$28.70 \$28.24 \$27.56	\$27.00 \$26.57 \$25.93
Central Appalachia 7%, 12500 BTU 7%, 13000 BTU -1.0%, 12500 BTU -1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$73.73 \$78.58 \$70.80 \$65.05	\$102.73 \$109.46 \$99.55 \$92.03	\$113.55 \$121.03 \$110.98 \$95.23	\$82.45 \$87.86 \$80.52 \$69.60	\$59.95 \$63.90 \$58.53 \$50.88	\$53.65 \$57.17 \$52.17 \$45.37	\$46.15 \$49.20 \$44.56 \$38.38	\$42.20 \$44.98 \$40.53 \$34.87	\$41.00 \$43.71 \$38.95 \$32.96	\$40.40 \$43.06 \$37.75 \$31.31	\$41.00 \$43.72 \$37.89 \$31.07	\$40.65 \$43.34 \$37.25 \$31.10
<b>Ohio</b> -4%, 12500 BTU		\$65.68	\$80.68	\$77.99	\$62.05	\$45.84	\$38.55	\$35.03	\$34.54	\$29.21	\$26.69	\$25.00	\$23.50
<b>lllinois Basin</b> -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) -3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$31.72 \$33.63	\$48.45 \$50.43	\$55.70 \$57.37	\$49.35 \$50.83	\$42.80 \$44.05	\$38.80 \$40.05	\$37.50 \$38.76	\$35.00 \$36.37	\$32.00 \$33.42	\$30.00 \$31.48	\$28.00 \$29.33	\$26.50 \$27.80
<b>Powder River Basin</b> 33%, 8400 BTU 35%, 8800 BTU		\$11.57 \$13.73	\$11.53 \$13.92	\$10.10 \$11.58	\$9.20 \$10.82	\$8.90 \$10.22	\$8.80 \$10.22	\$8.60 \$9.93	\$8.40 \$9.87	\$8.50 \$10.00	\$8.40 \$9.95	\$9.00 \$10.60	\$8.95 \$10.60
<i>Uinta Basin</i> 5%, 11500 BTU		\$34.37	\$50.63	\$69.40	\$62.60	\$55.35	\$46.55	\$35.70	\$28.45	\$24.95	\$22.45	\$21.85	\$21.00
<b>Foreign Coal</b> 7%, 12000 BTU 8%, 11600 BTU		\$107.74 \$100.50	\$124.32 \$115.97	\$123.27 \$114.93	\$83.56 \$77.92	\$61.32 \$57.19	\$56.11 \$52.34	\$53.55 \$49.97	\$49.84 \$46.52	\$51.79 \$48.37	\$52.21 \$48.78	\$47.53 \$44.44	\$39.73 \$37.15
<b>Petroleum Coke</b> -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$53.01	\$66.04	\$65.56	\$47.08	\$34.35	\$27.05	\$25.13	\$26.19	\$30.12	\$33.30	\$33.01	\$29.83

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Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vanchc Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 62 of 68

### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRI

LOW CASE												
	Year:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia												
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$28.42	\$28.36	\$28.16	\$27.97	\$27.78	\$27.57	\$27.37	\$27.18	\$26.99	\$26.79	\$26.59
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$28.22	\$28.11	\$27.92	\$27.73	\$27.54	\$27.33	\$27.13	\$26.94	\$26.75	\$26.56	\$26.36
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$27.91	\$27.74	\$27.55	\$27.36	\$27.17	\$26.97	\$26.77	\$26.59	\$26.40	\$26.21	\$26.01
		1										
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$44.70	\$45.35	\$45.99	\$46.65	\$47.31	\$47.95	\$48.83	\$49.75	\$50.67	\$51.60	\$57 55
7%, 13000 BTU		\$47.72	\$48.41	\$49.10	\$49.81	\$50.52	\$51.21	\$52.15	\$53.13	\$54 13	\$55.13	\$56.14
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$33.07	\$33.40	\$33.76	\$34.09	\$34.43	\$34.74	\$35.19	\$35.67	\$36.14	\$36.63	\$30.14
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$32.70	\$33.04	\$33.40	\$33.74	\$34.08	\$34.40	\$34.86	\$35.35	\$35.82	\$36.31	\$36.84
Ohio												1.
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$25.43	\$25.28	\$25.12	\$24.97	\$24.80	\$24.63	\$24.46	\$24.30	\$24.14	\$23.98	\$23.81
Illinois Basin											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-3% 11000 BTU (IL)		¢75 99	#3E 09	#26.06	#26 1F	426.24	+26.26					
-3% 11000 BTU (KX)		\$23.00	\$25.98	\$20.00	\$26.15	\$26.21	\$26.26	\$26.31	\$26.38	\$26.42	\$26.46	\$26.49
-5 %, 11000 BTO (KT)		<b>3</b> 27.44	\$27.50	\$27.68	\$27.79	\$27.88	\$27.95	\$28.03	\$28.12	\$28.20	\$28.25	\$28.31
Powder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU		\$8.42	\$8.49	\$8.53	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8 55	¢8 55	¢9 56
35%, 8800 BTU		\$10.41	\$10.50	\$10.56	\$10.60	\$10.63	\$10.66	\$10.69	\$10.73	\$10.77	\$10.82	\$10.87
llinta Basin												
- 5% 11500 BTU		¢15 30	¢15.02	¢14 67	£14 33	÷14.00	*** ***	+				
13 /0, 11300 510		\$13.39	\$15.02	\$14.07	\$14.55	\$14.00	\$13.69	\$13.39	\$13.10	\$12.82	\$12.55	\$12.30
Foreign Coal			•									
7%, 12000 BTU		\$35.18	\$35.24	\$35.32	\$35 37	\$35 33	\$24.01	¢24 67	¢24.02	435.04	+	
8%, 11600 BTU		\$33.51	\$33.59	\$33.68	\$33.60	\$33.32	\$34.91	\$34.07	\$34.83	\$35.01	\$35.23	\$35.45
		400101	455155	\$55.00	\$33.09	\$33.09	\$33.3Z	\$33.08	\$33.24	\$33.41	\$33.62	\$33.83
Petroleum Coke												
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$24.92	\$24.97	\$25.01	\$25.02	\$25.04	\$24.79	\$24.64	\$24.80	\$24.97	\$25.18	\$25.38

Rebuttal Testimony of Large/Vancho Att TJL/JJV 12 Page 64 of 68

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# QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. LOW CASE

August 2008

### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRI

LOW CASE												
	Year:	2020	2021 ·	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia												
-1.6%, 13000 BTU		\$22.45	\$21.98	\$21.42	\$20.88	\$20.36	\$19.85	\$19.35	\$18.86	\$18.38	\$17.92	\$17.47
-1.8%, 13000 BTU		\$22.29	\$21.79	\$21.24	\$20.70	\$20.18	\$19.67	\$19.18	\$18.69	\$18.22	\$17.76	\$17.32
-2.3%, 13000 BTU		\$22.05	\$21.50	\$20.96	\$20.43	\$19.92	\$19.41	\$18.92	\$18.45	\$17.98	\$17.53	\$17.09
Central Appalachia												
7%, 12500 BTU		\$35.32	\$35.15	\$34.99	\$34.83	\$34.67	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51	\$34.51
7%, 13000 BTU		\$37.70	\$37.52	\$37.35	\$37.19	\$37.02	\$36.86	\$36.86	\$36.87	\$36.87	\$36.87	\$36.88
-1.0%, 12500 BTU		\$26.13	\$25.89	\$25.68	\$25.45	\$25.23	\$25.01	\$24.87	\$24.75	\$24.62	\$24.50	\$24.41
-1.5%, 12500 BTU		\$25.83	\$25.61	\$25.41	\$25.19	\$24.98	\$24.76	\$24.64	\$24.53	\$24.40	\$24.29	\$24.20
Ohio												
-4%, 12500 BTU		\$20.09	\$19.60	\$19.11	\$18.64	\$18.18	\$17.73	\$17.29	\$16.86	\$16.44	\$16.04	\$15.64
Illinois Basin												
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)		\$20.45	\$20.14	\$19.83	\$19.52	\$19.21	\$18.90	\$18.60	\$18.30	\$18.00	\$17.70	\$17.40
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)		\$21.68	\$21.37	\$21.05	\$20.75	\$20.43	\$20.12	\$19.81	\$19.51	\$19.21	\$18.90	\$18.60
Powder River Basin												
33%, 8400 BTU		\$6.65	\$6.58	\$6.49	\$6.38	\$6.26	\$6.15	\$6.03	\$5.93	\$5.82	\$5.72	\$5.62
35%, 8800 BTU		\$8.22	\$8.14	\$8.04	\$7.91	\$7.79	\$7.68	\$7.56	\$7.45	\$7.34	\$7.23	\$7.14
Uinta Basin												
5%, 11500 BTU		\$12.16	\$11.64	\$11.16	\$10.70	\$10.26	\$9.85	\$9.46	\$9.09	\$8.73	\$8.40	\$8.08
Foreign Coal: Colombia												
7%, 12000 BTU		\$27.80	\$27.32	\$26.87	\$26.37	\$25.88	\$25.13	\$24.50	\$24.16	\$23.85	\$23.56	\$73.28
8%, 11600 BTU		\$26.48	\$26.04	\$25.62	\$25.15	\$24.69	\$23.98	\$23.38	\$23.06	\$22.76	\$22.49	\$22.22
Petroleum Coke									1			
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU		\$19.69	\$19.36	\$19.03	\$18.68	\$18.35	\$17.84	\$17.42	\$17.20	\$17.01	\$16.84	\$16.67

#### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE August 2008

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ADDULAL AVCOU	OF CROT ROTOTO	NOMENAL BOLLAS	
ANNUAL AVEKA	IGE SPUT PRICES -	NOMINAL DOLLAR	IS PER TO A14
ANNUAL AVERA	AGE SPOT PRICES -	REAL 2008 DOLLA	RS PER TC A67
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### ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - NOMINAL DOLLARS PER TON

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE Year: 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Northern Appalachia -1.6%, 13000 BTU \$46.61 \$109.29 \$100.38 \$56.06 \$41.01 \$42.71 \$44.22 \$44.53 \$45.07 \$45.62 \$46.23 \$46.84 \$47,55 -1.8%, 13000 BTU \$45.85 \$107.07 \$98.45 \$55.05 \$40.30 \$42.10 \$43.69 \$44.11 \$44.67 \$45.24 \$45.85 \$46.48 \$47.21 -2.3%, 13000 BTU \$44.71 \$103.75 \$95.54 \$53.54 \$39.25 \$41.18 \$42.90 \$43.49 \$44.07 \$44.67 \$45.28 \$45.94 \$46.70 Central Appalachia -.7%, 12500 BTU \$46.46 \$108.30 \$105.04 \$64.73 \$55.26 \$59.43 \$61.64 \$64.04 \$65.55 \$64.91 \$65.34 \$66.08 \$67.80 -.7%, 13000 BTU \$49.50 \$115.41 \$111.96 \$69.02 \$59.03 \$63.45 \$61.64 \$68.36 \$69.97 \$69.28 \$69.75 \$70.53 \$72.38 -1.0%, 12500 BTU \$44.33 \$105.29 \$101.83 \$60.38 \$47.70 \$48.47 \$50.82 \$48.96 \$49.32 \$48.72 \$48.94 \$49.31 \$50.32 -1.5%, 12500 BTU \$40.72 \$93.27 \$88.15 \$50.33 \$42.29 \$44.65 \$45.89 \$47.17 \$48.45 \$48.05 \$48.30 \$48.67 \$49.73 Ohio -4%, 12500 BTU \$39.19 \$81.14 \$78.23 \$48.35 \$35.60 \$37.37 \$38.95 \$39.51 \$40.06 \$40.62 \$41.19 \$41.81 \$42.52 Illinois Basin -3%, 11000 BTU (IL) \$27.01 \$50.75 \$54.48 \$38.12 \$34.09 \$34.16 \$34.32 \$34.61 \$34.92 \$35.26 \$35.59 \$35.93 \$36.28 -3%, 11000 BTU (KY) \$28.91 \$52.65 \$56.29 \$39.93 \$35.87 \$35.94 \$36.15 \$36.49 \$36.85 \$37.25 \$37.62 \$38.01 \$38.41 Powder River Basin -.33%, 8400 BTU \$8.36 \$11.77 \$11.99 \$11.08 \$10.99 \$11.00 \$10.96 \$11.00 \$11.09 \$11.17 \$11.37 \$11.54 \$11.74 -.35%, 8800 BTU \$9.85 \$13.78 \$13.40 \$12.50 \$12.84 \$12.98 \$13.11 \$13.26 \$13.43 \$13.61 \$13.85 \$14.07 \$14.36 Uinta Basin -.5%, 11500 BTU \$29.93 \$59.78 \$54.61 \$27.08 \$25.68 \$24.64 \$25.00 \$25.40 \$25.79 \$26.20 \$26.61 \$27.05 \$27.57 Foreign Coal -.7%, 12000 BTU \$62.03 \$125.45 \$115.01 \$76.58 \$54.06 \$50.75 \$52.40 \$51.40 \$51.40 \$51.96 \$52.64 \$53.33 \$53.99 -.8%, 11600 BTU \$57.85 \$117.00 \$107.30 \$71.56 \$50.62 \$47,66 \$49.34 \$48.49 \$48.63 \$49.30 \$49.97 \$50.64 \$51.33 Petroleum Coke -6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU \$44.90 \$66.62 \$58.65 \$50.02 \$40.44 \$36.56 \$36.96 \$36.26 \$36.30 \$36.75 \$37.21 \$37.68 \$38.18

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### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE August 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT PRICES - REAL 2008 DOLLARS PER TON

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE

Year:	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	\$47.57	\$109.29	\$98.34	\$53.89	\$38.64	\$39.41	\$40.01	\$39.51	\$39.22	\$38.97	\$38.75	\$38.52	\$38.33
	\$46.79	\$107.07	\$96.44	\$52.92	\$37.98	\$38.84	\$39.53	\$39.14	\$38.88	\$38.64	\$38.43	\$38.22	\$38.06
	\$45.62	\$103.75	\$93.59	\$51.47	\$36.98	\$38.00	\$38.81	\$38.58	\$38.36	\$38.15	\$37.95	\$37.77	\$37.64
	\$47.41	\$108.30	\$102.90	\$62.23	\$52.07	\$54.84	\$55.76	\$56.82	\$57.05	\$55.44	\$54.77	\$54.33	\$54.66
	\$50.52	\$115.41	\$109.68	\$66.36	\$55.62	\$58.55	\$55.76	\$60.65	\$60.90	\$59.17	\$58.46	\$57.99	\$58.35
	\$45.24	\$105.29	\$99.75	\$58.05	\$44.94	\$44.73	\$45.98	\$43.44	\$42.93	\$41.61	\$41.03	\$40.54	\$40.56
	\$41.55	\$93.27	\$86.35	\$48.39	\$39.85	\$41.20	\$41.51	\$41.85	\$42.17	\$41.04	\$40.48	\$40.02	\$40.09
	\$39.99	\$81.14	\$76.63	\$46.49	\$33.55	\$34.49	\$35.24	\$35.05	\$34.86	\$34.69	\$34.53	\$34.38	\$34.28
	\$27.56	\$50.75	\$53.37	\$36.65	\$32.13	\$31.52	\$31.05	\$30.71	\$30.40	\$30.12	\$29.83	\$29.54	\$29.25
	\$29.50	\$52.65	\$55.14	\$38.38	\$33.80	\$33.17	\$32.70	\$32.38	\$32.07	\$31.81	\$31.53	\$31.25	\$30.96
	\$8.53	\$11.77	\$11.75	\$10.66	\$10.36	\$10.15	\$9.92	\$9.76	\$9.65	\$9.54	\$9.53	\$9.49	\$9.46
	\$10.05	\$13.78	\$13.12	\$12.01	\$12.10	\$11.98	\$11.86	\$11.76	\$11.69	\$11.63	\$11.61	\$11.57	\$11.58
	\$30.54	\$59.78	\$53.50	\$26.03	\$24.20	\$22.74	\$22.62	\$22.54	\$22.45	\$22.38	\$22.30	\$22.24	\$22.22
	\$63.30	\$125.45	\$112.67	\$73.63	\$50.94	\$46.83	\$47.40	\$45.61	\$44.74	\$44.38	\$44.13	\$43.85	\$43.52
	\$59.03	\$117.00	\$105.11	\$68.80	\$47.69	\$43.97	\$44.63	\$43.02	\$42.32	\$42.11	\$41.88	\$41.64	\$41.38
	\$45.82	\$66.62	\$57.46	\$48.09	\$38.10	\$33.74	\$33.44	\$32.17	\$31.59	\$31.39	\$31.19	\$30.98	\$30.78
	Year:	Year: 2007 \$47.57 \$46.79 \$45.62 \$47.41 \$50.52 \$45.24 \$41.55 \$39.99 \$27.56 \$29.50 \$8.53 \$10.05 \$30.54 \$63.30 \$59.03 \$45.82	Year:         2007         2008           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$46.79         \$107.07           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$109.29         \$46.79         \$107.07           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$109.29         \$46.79         \$107.07           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$109.29         \$107.07         \$45.62         \$103.75           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$50.52         \$115.41         \$45.24         \$105.29         \$93.27           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$93.27         \$93.27         \$93.27           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$27.56         \$50.75         \$52.65           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$52.65         \$52.65         \$52.65           \$8.53         \$11.77         \$13.78         \$30.54         \$59.78           \$30.54         \$59.78         \$13.78         \$117.00           \$45.82         \$66.62         \$117.00	Year:         2007         2008         2009           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14           \$8.53         \$11.77         \$11.75           \$10.05         \$13.78         \$13.12           \$30.54         \$59.78         \$53.50           \$63.30         \$125.45         \$112.67           \$59.03         \$117.00         \$105.11           \$45.82         \$66.62         \$57.46	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38           \$8.53         \$11.77         \$11.75         \$10.66           \$10.05         \$13.78         \$13.12         \$12.01           \$30.54         \$59.78         \$53.50         \$26.03           \$63.30         \$125.45         \$112.67         \$73.63           \$59.03         \$117.00         \$105.11         \$68.80           \$45.82         \$66.62         \$57.46         \$48.09	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$55.47         \$36.98           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$39.85           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80           \$8.53         \$11.77         \$11.75         \$10.66         \$10.36           \$10.05         \$13.78         \$13.12         \$12.01         \$12.10           \$30.54         \$59.78         \$53.50 </td <td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.00           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$44.649         \$33.55         \$34.49           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17           \$45.33         \$11.77         \$11.75         \$10.66         \$10.36         \$10.15           \$10.05         \$13.78         <td< td=""><td>Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013         \$47,57       \$109,29       \$98,34       \$53,89       \$38,64       \$39,41       \$40,01         \$46,79       \$107,07       \$96,44       \$52,92       \$37,98       \$38,84       \$39,53         \$45,62       \$103,75       \$93,59       \$51,47       \$36,98       \$38,00       \$38,81         \$47,41       \$108,30       \$102,90       \$62,23       \$52,07       \$54,84       \$55,76         \$45,52       \$115,41       \$109,68       \$66,36       \$55,62       \$58,55       \$55,76         \$45,24       \$105,29       \$99,75       \$58,05       \$44,94       \$44,73       \$45,98         \$41,55       \$93,27       \$86,35       \$48,39       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$35,24         \$39,99       \$81,14       \$76,63       \$46,49       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$32,70         \$27,56       \$50,75       \$53,37       \$36,65       \$32,13       \$31,52       \$31,05         \$29,50       \$52,65       \$55,14       \$38,38       \$33,80       \$33,17       \$32,70         \$8,853       \$11,77       \$11,75       \$10,66       \$10,36<td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$56.82           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55         \$55.76         \$60.65           \$44.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$39.85         \$41.20         \$41.51         \$41.85           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$32.24         \$35.05           \$27.56         \$55.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13</td><td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.65         \$60.90           \$447.41         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$44.44         \$42.93           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.86           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52         \$31.05         \$30.71         \$30.40           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17</td></td></td<><td>Year:         2007         2008         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2016         2016           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88         \$38.64         \$39.51         \$38.97           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36         \$38.15           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44         \$42.93         \$41.61           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.</td><td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.82         \$57.05         \$55.44         \$54.77           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17         \$58.46           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$44.39         \$44.73         \$44.59         \$44.13         \$44.64         \$42.17         \$41.04         \$40.48           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$31.49         \$35.24         \$30.71         \$30.40         \$30.12         \$29.83           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65</td><td>Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013       2014       2015       2016       2017       2018         \$47.57       \$109.29       \$98.34       \$53.89       \$38.64       \$39.41       \$40.01       \$39.51       \$39.22       \$38.97       \$38.75       \$38.52         \$46.79       \$100.70       \$96.44       \$52.92       \$37.98       \$38.84       \$39.851       \$33.85       \$38.85       &lt;</td></td>	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.00           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$44.649         \$33.55         \$34.49           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17           \$45.33         \$11.77         \$11.75         \$10.66         \$10.36         \$10.15           \$10.05         \$13.78 <td< td=""><td>Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013         \$47,57       \$109,29       \$98,34       \$53,89       \$38,64       \$39,41       \$40,01         \$46,79       \$107,07       \$96,44       \$52,92       \$37,98       \$38,84       \$39,53         \$45,62       \$103,75       \$93,59       \$51,47       \$36,98       \$38,00       \$38,81         \$47,41       \$108,30       \$102,90       \$62,23       \$52,07       \$54,84       \$55,76         \$45,52       \$115,41       \$109,68       \$66,36       \$55,62       \$58,55       \$55,76         \$45,24       \$105,29       \$99,75       \$58,05       \$44,94       \$44,73       \$45,98         \$41,55       \$93,27       \$86,35       \$48,39       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$35,24         \$39,99       \$81,14       \$76,63       \$46,49       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$32,70         \$27,56       \$50,75       \$53,37       \$36,65       \$32,13       \$31,52       \$31,05         \$29,50       \$52,65       \$55,14       \$38,38       \$33,80       \$33,17       \$32,70         \$8,853       \$11,77       \$11,75       \$10,66       \$10,36<td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$56.82           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55         \$55.76         \$60.65           \$44.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$39.85         \$41.20         \$41.51         \$41.85           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$32.24         \$35.05           \$27.56         \$55.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13</td><td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.65         \$60.90           \$447.41         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$44.44         \$42.93           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.86           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52         \$31.05         \$30.71         \$30.40           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17</td></td></td<> <td>Year:         2007         2008         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2016         2016           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88         \$38.64         \$39.51         \$38.97           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36         \$38.15           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44         \$42.93         \$41.61           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.</td> <td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.82         \$57.05         \$55.44         \$54.77           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17         \$58.46           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$44.39         \$44.73         \$44.59         \$44.13         \$44.64         \$42.17         \$41.04         \$40.48           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$31.49         \$35.24         \$30.71         \$30.40         \$30.12         \$29.83           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65</td> <td>Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013       2014       2015       2016       2017       2018         \$47.57       \$109.29       \$98.34       \$53.89       \$38.64       \$39.41       \$40.01       \$39.51       \$39.22       \$38.97       \$38.75       \$38.52         \$46.79       \$100.70       \$96.44       \$52.92       \$37.98       \$38.84       \$39.851       \$33.85       \$38.85       &lt;</td>	Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013         \$47,57       \$109,29       \$98,34       \$53,89       \$38,64       \$39,41       \$40,01         \$46,79       \$107,07       \$96,44       \$52,92       \$37,98       \$38,84       \$39,53         \$45,62       \$103,75       \$93,59       \$51,47       \$36,98       \$38,00       \$38,81         \$47,41       \$108,30       \$102,90       \$62,23       \$52,07       \$54,84       \$55,76         \$45,52       \$115,41       \$109,68       \$66,36       \$55,62       \$58,55       \$55,76         \$45,24       \$105,29       \$99,75       \$58,05       \$44,94       \$44,73       \$45,98         \$41,55       \$93,27       \$86,35       \$48,39       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$35,24         \$39,99       \$81,14       \$76,63       \$46,49       \$33,55       \$34,49       \$32,70         \$27,56       \$50,75       \$53,37       \$36,65       \$32,13       \$31,52       \$31,05         \$29,50       \$52,65       \$55,14       \$38,38       \$33,80       \$33,17       \$32,70         \$8,853       \$11,77       \$11,75       \$10,66       \$10,36 <td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$56.82           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55         \$55.76         \$60.65           \$44.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$39.85         \$41.20         \$41.51         \$41.85           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$32.24         \$35.05           \$27.56         \$55.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13</td> <td>Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.65         \$60.90           \$447.41         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$44.44         \$42.93           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.86           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52         \$31.05         \$30.71         \$30.40           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17</td>	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$56.82           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$58.55         \$55.76         \$60.65           \$44.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$39.85         \$41.20         \$41.51         \$41.85           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$32.24         \$35.05           \$27.56         \$55.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.65         \$60.90           \$447.41         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$44.44         \$42.93           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.86           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65         \$32.13         \$31.52         \$31.05         \$30.71         \$30.40           \$29.50         \$52.65         \$55.14         \$38.38         \$33.80         \$33.17	Year:         2007         2008         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2016         2016           \$447.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.53         \$39.14         \$38.88         \$38.64         \$39.51         \$38.97           \$45.62         \$103.75         \$93.59         \$51.47         \$36.98         \$38.00         \$38.81         \$38.58         \$38.36         \$38.15           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17           \$45.24         \$105.29         \$99.75         \$58.05         \$44.94         \$44.73         \$45.98         \$43.44         \$42.93         \$41.61           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$48.39         \$33.55         \$34.49         \$35.24         \$35.05         \$34.	Year:         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017           \$47.57         \$109.29         \$98.34         \$53.89         \$38.64         \$39.41         \$40.01         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$46.79         \$107.07         \$96.44         \$52.92         \$37.98         \$38.84         \$39.51         \$39.22         \$38.97         \$38.75           \$47.41         \$108.30         \$102.90         \$62.23         \$52.07         \$54.84         \$55.76         \$66.82         \$57.05         \$55.44         \$54.77           \$50.52         \$115.41         \$109.68         \$66.36         \$55.62         \$55.76         \$60.65         \$60.90         \$59.17         \$58.46           \$41.55         \$93.27         \$86.35         \$44.39         \$44.73         \$44.59         \$44.13         \$44.64         \$42.17         \$41.04         \$40.48           \$39.99         \$81.14         \$76.63         \$46.49         \$33.55         \$31.49         \$35.24         \$30.71         \$30.40         \$30.12         \$29.83           \$27.56         \$50.75         \$53.37         \$36.65	Year:       2007       2008       2009       2010       2011       2012       2013       2014       2015       2016       2017       2018         \$47.57       \$109.29       \$98.34       \$53.89       \$38.64       \$39.41       \$40.01       \$39.51       \$39.22       \$38.97       \$38.75       \$38.52         \$46.79       \$100.70       \$96.44       \$52.92       \$37.98       \$38.84       \$39.851       \$33.85       \$38.85       <

# QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE August 2008

# ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT F BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE

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	Year: 2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia	+								10111111000000000000000000000000000000		
-1.6%, 13000 BIU	\$48.29	\$47.90	\$48.63	\$49.41	\$50.14	\$50.85	\$51.60	\$52.40	\$53.17	\$53.93	\$54.70
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$47.98	\$47.49	\$48.21	\$48.98	\$49.70	\$50.41	\$51.15	\$51.94	\$52.71	\$53.46	\$54.23
-2.3%, 13000 B10	\$47.51	\$40.80	\$47.58	\$48.33	\$49.05	\$49.74	\$50.47	\$51.26	\$52.01	\$52.75	\$53.51
Central Appalachia			•								
7%, 12500 BTU	\$69.46	\$70.43	\$71 38	\$73 35	¢75 37	¢79.70	¢ 91 40	+03 70	ADC 47	+00 54	+
7%, 13000 BTU	\$74.15	\$75.18	\$76.21	\$78.31	\$80.48	\$70.25	\$95.40	\$03.70	\$00.17	\$88.54	\$90.90
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$51.38	\$51.87	\$52.39	\$53.60	\$54.86	\$56.73	\$59.69	\$05.45 ¢60.00	\$92.05 ¢61.47	\$94.59 #63.86	\$97.13
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$50.81	\$51.31	\$51.84	\$53.04	\$54.30	\$56.18	\$58.12	\$50.09	\$60.07	\$02.80 ¢62.21	\$64.29
		•	,		<i>+-</i>	400.10	400.1L	455.55	\$00. <i>52</i>	<b>\$02.31</b>	\$03.74
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$43.28	\$42.71	\$43.38	\$44.09	\$44.77	\$45.42	\$46.11	\$46.85	\$47.57	\$48.27	\$48.98
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$36.68	\$37.04	\$37 42	\$37.81	¢ 28 10	479 ED	¢20.00	¢20.40	+20.70	+	
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$38.85	\$39.27	\$39.70	\$40.14	\$40.58	\$30.00	\$39.00 ¢41 E0	\$39.40	\$39.78	\$40.17	\$40.58
	1	+	400.00	<i><i><i>φ</i></i><sup>10124</sup></i>	<b>440.50</b>	<b>\$1.04</b>	<b>\$41.50</b>	\$41.90	\$42.40	\$42.84	\$43.32
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU	\$11.94	\$12.11	\$12.24	\$12.41	\$12.54	\$12.67	\$12.81	\$12.96	\$13.10	¢12 22	¢17 70
35%, 8800 BTU	\$14.69	\$14.97	\$15.19	\$15.45	\$15.68	\$15.91	\$16.15	\$16.41	\$16.66	\$16.01	913.30 ¢17.17
					•		+ ,	+	<i><b></b></i>	<b>410.31</b>	\$17.17
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU	\$28.11	\$28.62	\$29.12	\$29.65	\$30.16	\$30.66	\$31.18	\$31.73	\$32.27	\$32.80	\$33.34
Foreign Coal											
7%, 12000 BTU	\$54.66	\$54.73	\$54.82	\$55.54	\$56.27	\$57.02	¢57 91	+E0 CC		+60.46	+
8%, 11600 BTU	\$52.06	\$52.17	\$52.27	\$52.97	\$53.68	\$54 41	\$55.17	\$50.00 ¢EE 09	\$39.33 ¢56.03	\$60.46	\$61.33
				T	400100	φ <b>υ</b> τιτ <b>Ι</b>	400.x/	#55.90	\$30.03	\$37.70	\$58.52
Petroleum Coke				•							
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$38.71	\$38.78	\$38.81	\$39.34	\$39.90	\$40.48	\$41.09	\$41.77	\$42.48	\$43.22	\$43.91

### QCF (QUARTERLY COAL FORECAST) - 200804 JD Energy, Inc. BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE August 2008

ANNUAL AVERAGE SPOT F

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL CASE

	Year: 2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Northern Appalachia											
-1.6%, 13000 BTU	\$38.15	\$37.13	\$37.00	\$36.89	\$36.75	\$36.60	\$36.47	\$36.35	\$36.22	\$36.07	\$35.93
-1.8%, 13000 BTU	\$37.91	\$36.81	\$36.68	\$36.57	\$36.43	\$36.28	\$36.15	\$36.04	\$35.90	\$35.76	\$35.62
-2.3%, 13000 BTU	\$37.53	\$36.32	\$36.19	\$36.08	\$35.95	\$35.80	\$35.68	\$35.56	\$35.43	\$35.29	\$35.15
Central Appalachia											
7%, 12500 BTU	\$54.88	\$54.59	\$54.30	\$54.76	\$55.24	\$56.35	\$57.54	\$58.13	\$58.69	\$59.22	\$59.71
7%, 13000 BTU	\$58.58	\$58.28	\$57.97	\$58.47	\$58.98	\$60.18	\$61.45	\$62.09	\$62.70	\$63.27	\$63.80
-1.0%, 12500 BTU	\$40.59	\$40.21	\$39.86	\$40.01	\$40.20	\$40.83	\$41.47	\$41.69	\$41.87	\$42.05	\$42.23
-1.5%, 12500 BTU	\$40.14	\$39.77	\$39.43	\$39.60	\$39.80	\$40.43	\$41.08	\$41.31	\$41.50	\$41.68	\$41.87
Ohio											
-4%, 12500 BTU	\$34.19	\$33.11	\$33.00	\$32.92	\$32.81	\$32.70	\$32.59	\$32.51	\$32.40	\$32.28	\$32.18
Illinois Basin											
-3%, 11000 BTU (IL)	\$28.98	\$28.71	\$28.46	\$28.23	\$27.99	\$27.78	\$27.57	\$27.34	\$27.10	\$26.87	\$26.65
-3%, 11000 BTU (KY)	\$30.70	\$30.44	\$30.20	\$29.97	\$29.74	\$29.54	\$29.33	\$29.11	\$28.88	\$28.66	\$28.45
Powder River Basin											
33%, 8400 BTU	\$9.43	\$9.39	\$9.31	\$9.26	\$9.19	\$9.12	\$9.05	\$8.99	\$8.92	\$8.85	\$8.79
35%, 8800 BTU	\$11.61	\$11.60	\$11.55	\$11.53	\$11.49	\$11.45	\$11.41	\$11.38	\$11.35	\$11.31	\$11.28
Uinta Basin											
5%, 11500 BTU	\$22.21	\$22.18	\$22.15	\$22.14	\$22.10	\$22.07	\$22.04	\$22.01	\$21.98	\$21.94	\$21.90
Foreign Coal: Colombia											
7%, 12000 BTU	\$43.18	\$42.42	\$41.71	\$41.46	\$41.24	\$41.04	\$40.86	\$40.70	\$40.56	\$40.44	\$40.28
8%, 11600 BTU	\$41.13	\$40.44	\$39.76	\$39.55	\$39.35	\$39.16	\$38.99	\$38.84	\$38.71	\$38.59	\$38.44
Petroleum Coke											
-6%/30 HGI, 14000 BTU	\$30.58	\$30.06	\$29.53	\$29.37	\$29.24	\$29.13	\$29.04	\$28.98	\$28.93	\$28.91	\$28.84

### THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE before the PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project Request for Information

N.H.P.U.C. Case No. DE 11-250 Exhibit No. 23-13 Witness Paral 3	<ul> <li>Marganing Management and an and a state of the state of t</li></ul>		9-27 B B		
Exhibit No. 23-13 Witness Panal 3	A.H.P.U.C.	Gass No.	DE	11-20	50
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Docket No. DE 08-103

### **Report**

### October 15, 2010

By Secretarial Letter dated September 29, 2010, the Commission directed Public Service Company of New Hampshire ("PSNH" or the "Company") to file updated information concerning the status of the "Clean Air Project" - - the legislatively mandated installation of wet flue gas desulphurization ("FGD") technology ("scrubber" technology) by PSNH at Merrimack Station. In particular, the Commission directed PSNH to address:

- I. A comprehensive status report on its installation progress;
- II. A detailed cost estimate for the Project (including costs incurred and committed);
- III. An analysis of the anticipated effect of the Project on the energy service rates;
- IV. An analysis of the effect on energy service rates if Merrimack Station were not in the mix of fossil and hydro facilities operated by PSNH; and
- V. The current state of the electric power markets, PSNH's forecast of power market prices, and how the scrubber Project conforms to PSNH's Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan.

This Report is intended to comply with the Commission's directive.

### I. SCRUBBER INSTALLATION PROGRESS

This report provides an update to the Company's September 2, 2008, report on the Clean Air Project. It focuses on certain key actions which will provide appropriate guide posts for the progress of the Project.

Since responding to the Commission's original 2008 information request, PSNH has made extraordinary progress in the construction of the Project in accordance with the legislative mandate to put the scrubber into operation "as soon as possible" (RSA 125-0:11,I), with the

support and assistance of the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services ("NHDES"). NHDES issued Temporary Permit TP-0008 for the Project on March 9, 2009. That permit was the primary prerequisite for construction activities on the site. All major contracts had been executed prior to that time, enabling PSNH to begin construction immediately upon issuance of the permit. Since that time, with safety always the top priority, PSNH staff and URS, PSNH's program manager, have succeeded in orchestrating the work of many contracts and hundreds of workers. Through September 2010, over 700,000 Project contractor man-hours have been dedicated to this work, *with no lost time accidents on the site.* At this time, Project construction is approximately 75% complete, well ahead of the statutory schedule that the legislature determined to be in the public interest.

Overall the Project has progressed extremely well with timely execution beginning with design, engineering, and procurement, and transitioning to field engineering and construction activities over the two-year period from October 2008 to date. Field engineering and construction work is now in full swing with approximately 480 people working on the Project, of which over 350 are building trades craftsmen.

In this report, we will continue with the chronology of major actions from where the 2008 Report ended (September 2008).

### A. Activities Performed in the Fourth Quarter, 2008

**Quarter 4:** Contracts for the four major islands--the scrubber, chimney, waste water treatment facility, and material handling system--were finalized, executed, and released for engineering during this period. A number of smaller contracts were also executed, such as those for the installation of an FGD construction substation and site preparation work. Other critical contracts for the Project were either out for bid or in negotiations. A substantial amount of engineering work was completed by URS. Also, many permits were applied for and obtained from the Town of Bow, NHDES and other regulatory bodies. These permits authorized a number of planned activities, including the demolition of small buildings and preparation for future foundations, contractor parking, temporary office trailers, and material lay down areas. Site preparatory work was planned in order to proceed expeditiously with actual construction upon receipt of the Temporary Air Permit from NHDES and other necessary permits. As with any complex construction project, the permitting effort would be an ongoing one, requiring frequent communications with various agencies.

A variety of other approvals were sought and obtained from the Town of Bow relating to site work. Area towns were notified and adjacent towns were fully briefed on the Project. Public outreach and information sessions were held with a number of organizations such as the Southern New Hampshire Planning Commission and towns including the Town of Pembroke and the Town of Hooksett, among others.

### B. Activities Performed During 2009

**Quarter 1:** Significant engineering activity continued in early 2009 with URS providing a high volume of design and technical support for the Project. This information was critically

needed in order to provide the Town of Bow and other local and State agencies with sufficient technical information required by various approval processes for authorization to proceed with work. The most significant permit was received on March 9 when the Temporary Air Permit (TP-0008) was received from the NHDES Air Resources Division. This permit provided the authorization for actual construction of the Project to proceed.

Additional contracts were executed for activities such as smaller foundations, third party quality control, and inspection and testing. Site traffic patterns and construction strategies were finalized which identified the best locations for things such as Project office trailers, work force gates, work force parking, and material lay down areas. This work was essential to accommodate the large number of contractors who would be employed in Project construction, and to ensure a safe environment, amid the anticipated multi-pronged construction effort that would be fully underway later in the year.

Numerous contractors mobilized and established site office trailers and began the hiring of local supervisors and building trades craftsmen.

**Quarter 2:** Engineering procurement and contract work continued with the issuance of additional purchase orders for items such as booster fans and motors, electrical switch gear and substation equipment.

Numerous meetings were held with the Town of Bow Planning Board in order to receive approvals to construct various buildings and ensure that the plans complied with town ordinance and building code requirements. Major equipment suppliers prepared for initiation of heavier construction later in the year with foundation work and site preparation continuing as the major areas of emphasis. This site work included the installation of numerous underground electrical and piping systems in order to ensure clear access paths by late spring to the work zone for vehicles and heavy equipment. Permits were received from the NHDES Water Division for additional Alteration of Terrain activity as well as from the Air Resources Division for fabrication on-site of large fiberglass reinforced plastic piping for the chimney liner.

Construction work force on-site rose to approximately 150 people during this period.

Large spread-mat foundations were completed for the Scrubber Island. These 8-foot thick foundations were built in a timely fashion to support the critical path schedule.

On June 30, PSNH provided an update on the Project to the Legislative Oversight Committee on Electric Utility Restructuring as well as the chairpersons of the House Science, Technology, and Energy Committee and the Senate Energy and Economic Development Committee. This update included a review of the status of the Clean Air Project engineering, contracts, permits and approvals, site work, schedule, and costs, as well as the U.S. Department of Energy Carbon-Injection Test Program.

**Quarter 3:** Procurement efforts continued in the summer with a focus on items such as motor control centers, continuous emission monitors, structural steel procurement, duct work

fabrication, uninterruptible power source, expansion joints, cable bus, and many other relatively small contracts.

The engineering staff with URS began to decrease as the peak engineering periods were completed. Construction activities continued to grow with the work force exceeding 175.

Periodic discussions were held with the building trades representatives, URS, and PSNH in order to ensure that there was an open line of communication to discuss work and safety practices, work scope, and staffing plans. This open exchange provided a good forum for questions and answers and open discussions on any issues of interest to the parties present. Building trades generally were represented by one or more personnel from their unions. Contractors were also present in order to provide prompt answers to any questions raised. These meetings consolidated positive relations and provided clarity of work assignments with resulting good productivity from the building trades craftsmen.

The Scrubber contractor had prepared work zones for fabrication of the large absorber vessel. This vessel, which is approximately 50 feet wide and 110 feet tall, is the project component in which boiler exit gasses react with the prescribed water/limestone mixture to remove mercury and sulfur. This large vessel was to be built in place in segments and took approximately one year to complete.

**Quarter 4:** Numerous contracts were issued during the latter part of 2009 including duct work and steel erection, project distributed control system, and gas duct isolation dampers, among other things.

Engineering activities continued to be brisk although ramping down as construction work and field staffing ramped up. Subsurface and foundation work continued in support of various aspects of the Project, while construction began on the Scrubber building steel framing with work continuing on the absorber vessel rings for eventual installation on the Scrubber absorber.

The internal chimney liner installation was completed as required for future connection to the flue gas absorber vessel.

All major contractors were active on-site with preparation and construction work occurring in the Scrubber area, chimney area, fabrication, and limestone conveyor towers. Numerous other contractors were on-site to support the balance of the Project work.

### C. Activities Performed During 2010

Quarter 1: Contract bidding activity continued with issuance of additional contracts.

Various additional building permits were received from the Town of Bow for items such as structural and architectural design of various buildings and conveyor systems, foundations, and building electrical work.

The limestone conveyor system and support towers were structurally and mechanically completed.

Contract work force on-site grew to more than 200 with approximately 200,000 man-hours expended on the Project through this period.

Approximately 50 purchase orders and contracts were active with values totaling more than \$275 million.

The overall Project schedule continued to be on track or slightly ahead of schedule which confirmed our confidence in achieving Project completion one year early. Cost management of the Project remained positive, with no projected overruns envisioned.

On March 31, per the Commission's directive, PSNH provided an information update to the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission staff, Office of Consumer Advocate representatives, and other interested parties. This presentation reviewed PSNH's legal obligation to construct and operate the Scrubber system, and the Legislature's public interest determination, under RSA 125-O:11-18, the Project construction and contract status, overall budget by year, schedule, jobs provided by the Project, and substantial economic value to New Hampshire during an economic recession, as well as the significant environmental benefits of early completion.

**Quarter 2:** A variety of smaller contracts were awarded in mid-2010 for items such as painting and coatings and balance of plant electrical work. Various equipment tests in factories and at fabrication facilities were successfully carried out as a critical part of URS's overall quality control management program, allowing equipment delivery to the job site to proceed smoothly.

Various local permits were obtained as necessary for activities such as mechanical erection, electrical, structural and architectural design of remaining buildings.

Site work continued for various underground utility installations needed for ongoing work by the Phase II site preparation contractor. The 115 KV yard expansion work began to tie into the permanent new substation to power the Project with testing projected in quarter 3.

Continued erection of the absorber rings proceeded while other rings were being fabricated in adjacent areas to expedite the overall construction schedule. URS's engineering activities and associated work force were reduced to approximately 20% of peak staffing in 2009. Remaining personnel worked on small new assignments as well as design modifications, typical scope requirements, ensuring proper documentation and filing of all information and construction as-built drawing recordings.

The new Unit 1 and Unit 2 combined chimney was completed, and is awaiting testing. Completion of the chimney was critical in that adjacent site work could now proceed without the necessary safety precautions that were in place during chimney construction. On June 29, PSNH provided its annual update on the Project to the Legislative Oversight Committee on Electric Utility Restructuring, the chairpersons of the House Science, Technology and Energy Committee, and the Senate Energy and Economic Development Committee. This update included a review of the status of the Clean Air Project engineering, contracts, permits and approvals, site work, schedule, and costs.

**Quarter 3:** The Project's three booster fans were installed on foundations so that duct work could proceed. These fans are in a congested construction zone adjacent to the absorber vessel scrubber structural building and chimney.

The Project celebrated a 500,000 man-hour achievement with no lost time accidents. A safety luncheon was held for the work force to congratulate them on this remarkable achievement. As with all PSNH Generation activities, worker safety has been, and will continue to be, a top priority.

Contracts were awarded for site clean-up and for finalization, start-up electrical testing.

Large construction activities continued with erection of the absorber vessel and its tie-in to the chimney, structural completion of the Scrubber island, and material handling enclosure to make the overall Project weather-tight for indoor piping, electrical, and other work during the winter period. Similar objectives were achieved for the Wastewater Treatment Building, the Gypsum Stackout Building, and other work zones where significant interior work will proceed during the upcoming winter weather period.

The 115KV substation and the station high-yard expansion were completed and were made available for testing.

The two limestone storage silos were structurally completed allowing for internal equipment installation.

The Scrubber absorber vessel shell was completed in preparation for final connection to the chimney and inlet flue gas duct work.

The work force on-site as of the date of this report totals approximately 480 people, over 350 of whom are building trades craft people. At this point of the Project, all necessary construction permits from State, Federal, and local agencies have been received.

## II. COST ESTIMATE

PSNH recently announced that the Clean Air Project cost estimate has been reduced from \$457 million to \$430 million based on current and projected costs. This cost reduction is based primarily on better than planned work force productivity and work quality which was further enhanced due to excellent weather for most of 2010. Also, certain global market based commodities, such as steel alloy materials, have dropped in price. This new cost projection is based on a detailed analysis of work completed and work remaining; contract

commercial, technical and field status; and current knowledge of all remaining activities. With some engineering and procurement risks eliminated at this stage of the work, coupled with good project management which has avoided added expenditures, PSNH is highly confident of this new estimate.

To date, purchase orders and contracts have been issued with values totaling \$317.2 million. Approximately 46 additional, comparatively small purchase orders and contracts are currently envisioned to be released over the next few months with total values of about \$6-8 million.

The remaining effort for 2010, 2011, and 2012 will focus on critical schedule supporting tasks. The expenditure level for 2010 is currently projected to be approximately \$151.5 million and \$77.8 million is currently estimated for 2011.

### III. ENERGY SERVICE RATE CHANGE

PSNH anticipates that the Clean Air Project will be operational in mid-2012. That initial year of operation, 2012, will see the ES rate increase effective July 1, 2012, reflecting the Project being used and useful in providing utility service to PSNH's retail customers. (See RSA 378:30-a).

Based upon our best estimates of project cost, timing, accounting and regulatory matters, and the assumptions set forth below, we forecast the overall average impact on ES rates from the Project for the first full 12 months of service to be \$0.011/kWh. The first year of operation will see the highest cost impact as the book value of the project will be at its highest level, and will decline over the depreciated life of the project. The overall comparative average increase to ES rates for the three years following the initial year of service are as noted below:

Year 1	July 2012 – June 2013	
Year 2	July 2013 – June 2014	
Year 3	July 2014 – June 2015	
Year 4	July 2015 – June 2016	

\$0.011 per kWh (initial year of service) 0.011 0.010 0.009 The primary assumptions used as inputs to the revenue requirements analysis include:

Capital costs: \$430 million

Capital structure: approximately 48%/52% debt to equity ratio.

Assumed Return on Equity: 9.81% (PSNH's currently allowed ROE on generation)

In-service date: July 1, 2012

Deferred taxes: PSNH has assumed that 100% of the project costs would be eligible for liberalized (accelerated) tax depreciation, creating deferred taxes. These deferred taxes were applied against the rate base value of the project, as an overall reduction to rate base, and therefore have reduced the overall return in these calculations.

Forecasted data: PSNH's most recent 5 year forecast (2011 - 2015) was used as a starting point for our analysis. This forecast deck was updated to reflect the most recent costs associated with all of the products embedded in providing full requirements service as well as use of the latest sales data. The following assumptions were also used:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Peak Energy* (\$/MWh)				
NYMEX	54.46	56.70	58.93	61.70
EVA	64.73	67.31	70.28	73.83
Off-Peak Energy* (\$/MWh)		•		
NYMEX	42.06	43.58	46.57	48.57
EVA	50.08	51.88	55.70	58.28
New England Delivered Natural Gas* (\$/MMbtu)				
NYMEX	5.50	5.69	5.85	6.03
EVA	6.56	6.77	6.99	7.22
Capacity** (\$/kW-month)	3.00	2.73	2.78	2.84
MA Class I REC Prices (\$/MWh)	20.00	20.51	21.02	21.56
SO <sub>2</sub> (\$/ton)	215.00	110.00	110.00	110.00
No <sub>x</sub> (\$/ton year round)	50.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
RGGI (\$/MWh)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Notes:				

\* ES model uses a blend NYMEX and EVA
 \*\* Includes a peak energy rent of \$0,22/kw-month

These estimates reflect recent changes in the energy and environmental marketplace and are higher than those forecasted by PSNH two years ago. There are two primary drivers for this increase. First, ES sales levels have dropped significantly over the past two years, from an

annual level of over 8 million MWh to  $5\frac{1}{2}$  million MWh, due to the weakened economy, conservation efforts, and customer migration to competitive suppliers. This drop in sales accounts for at least \$0.003 per kWh of the increase. Secondly, the avoided costs associated with SO<sub>2</sub> emissions reductions have decreased significantly over the past 2 years, consistent with the decrease in the price of  $SO_2$  allowances. The avoided costs value of reduced  $SO_2$ emissions was approximately \$30 million per year two years ago and is now approximately \$3 million per year. This change in SO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction value also accounts for at least \$0.003 per kWh of the increase.

### **IV. ENERGY SERVICE RATE CHANGE WITHOUT MERRIMACK STATION**

Two ES financial scenarios were run comparing Base Case (with Merrimack Station) to Change Case (without Merrimack Station). The comparison values are through the year 2015.

BASE CASE
Summary of Forecasted Energy Service Cost

Summary of Forecasted Energy Service Cost	2011 (Note 1)		2012		2013		2014		2015
Fossil energy costs F/H O&M, depreciation & taxes Return on rate base ISO-NE ancillary Capacity NH RPS RGGI costs Vermont Yankee IPP costs Purchases and sales (Note 2)	\$	145,689 152,339 43,187 6,624 13,806 10,808 3,707 7,602 28,836 56,830	\$ 168,553 163,884 69,468 25 12,803 12,248 7,744 1,837 31,354 37,172	\$	150,070 170,294 92,983 (1,065) 11,886 13,764 6,680 33,254 72,105	\$	161,564 178,565 92,317 (1,067) 11,686 15,828 7,207 	\$	170,333 170,072 90,908 (1,123) 10,807 17,349 7,560 
2009 ES Over/Under Recovery		(1,482)	(70)		(1)		07,124		08,300
Total Forecasted Energy Service Cost	\$	467,946	\$ 505,018	\$	549,970	\$	568,223	\$	568,664
Forecasted Retail MWH Sales		5,389,252	 5,449,842		5,481,127		5,544,882		5,616,530
Forecasted Energy Service Rate - cents Per KWH		8.68	 9.27		10.03		10.25		10.12

Note 1 - As filed 9/21/10 Docket DE No. 10-257

Note 2 - Purchases and Sales reflect credit adjustments for Rental Revenue, HQ Revenue, and Domestic Manufacturing Deduction Credits.

### CHANGE CASE

Summary of Forecasted Energy Service Cost	2011 (Note 1)		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Fossil energy costs	\$	145,689	\$	98,218	\$	35,532	\$	35,375	\$	37,374
F/H O&M, depreciation & taxes		152,339		159,749		139,569		145,883		142,105
Return on rate base		43,187		69,158		91,290		88,838		85,912
ISO-NE ancillary		6,624		(2,874)		(6,574)		(7,455)		(8,123)
Capacity		13,806		20,455		24,946		25,462		25,680
NH RPS		10,808		12,248		13,764		15,828		17,349
RGGI costs		3,707		4,483		1,178		1,166		1,243
Vermont Yankee		7,602		1,837		-		-		-
IPP costs		28,836		31,354		33,254		34,999		34,392
Purchases and sales (Note 2)		56,830		119,031		225,078		242,098		259,049
2009 ES Over/Under Recovery		(1,482)		(70)		(1)		-		-
Total Forecasted Energy Service Cost	\$	467,946	\$	513,589	\$	558,036	\$	582,194	\$	594,981
Forecasted Retail MWH Sales		5,389,252		5,449,842		5,481,127		5,544,882		5,616,530
Forecasted Energy Service Rate -		8 68		9.42		10.18		10.50	•	10 59
	*****	0.00		0.12						10.00
BASE CASE cents per KWH		8.68		9.27		10.03		10.25		10.12
Change from Base Case cents per KWH		-		0.15		0.15		0.25		0.47

Note 1 - As filed 9/21/10 Docket DE No. 10-257

Note 2 - Purchases and Sales reflect credit adjustments for Rental Revenue, HQ Revenue, and Domestic Manufacturing Deduction Credits.

The primary assumptions used as inputs to this analysis include:

Forecasted data: consistent with the assumptions noted in Section III, above.

Capital costs: all embedded capital costs and the related depreciation and property taxes are contained in both the Base Case and Change Case. These costs would be recoverable from customers regardless of the hypothetical assumptions applied to the without Merrimack Station Change Case.

This analysis indicates that if Merrimack Station was not in the mix of fossil and hydro facilities operated by PSNH, energy service rates would be higher.

### V. <u>THE CURRENT STATE OF THE ELECTRIC POWER MARKETS, PSNH'S</u> <u>FORECAST OF POWER MARKET PRICES, AND HOW THE SCRUBBER</u> <u>PROJECT CONFORMS TO PSNH'S LEAST COST INTEGRATED RESOURCE</u> <u>PLAN.</u>

### A. The Current State of the Electric Power Markets

To comply with requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, ISO-New England prepares periodic reports regarding key statistics for the region's wholesale electric power markets. Its quarterly reports for 2010 are publically available from the ISO-NE website at:
## http://www.iso-ne.com/markets/mkt\_anlys\_rpts/qtrly\_mktops\_rpts/

Each year, ISO-NE also reviews the performance, competitiveness and efficiency of the region's wholesale electricity markets. ISO-NE's May, 2010, report is available at:

## http://www.iso-ne.com/markets/mkt\_anlys\_rpts/annl\_mkt\_rpts/index.html

## B. <u>PSNH's Forecast of Power Market Prices</u>

PSNH does not forecast market prices for power. However, the assumptions PSNH used in its analyses of Energy Service rates in Sections III and IV, were detailed in Section III.

## C. <u>How the Scrubber Project Conforms to PSNH's Least Cost Integrated Resource</u> <u>Plan</u>

PSNH must comply with applicable laws, regulations, and administrative orders. RSA 374:41 allows the Commission to direct the Attorney General to immediately begin an action in the name of the state praying for appropriate relief whenever a public utility is failing or omitting, or about to fail or omit, to do anything required of it by law. The mandate to install scrubber technology imposed by law in RSA Chapter 125-O is express and unequivocal, and PSNH has a duty to comply. Hence, as a matter of law, the Company's Clean Air Project must be deemed consistent with the energy policy set forth in RSA 378:37, which forms the basis for each utility's biennial least cost plan.

The Clean Air Project's installation of scrubber technology was in fact included in PSNH's most recently approved Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan, which was reviewed and accepted by the Commission in Docket No. DE 07-108. Indeed, the scrubber was the first matter highlighted in that Plan, appearing as the first bulleted paragraph on the first page of that Plan's Executive Summary. The scrubber was discussed at length in that Plan's Section XII, "Assessment of the Plan's Long- and Short-Term Environmental, Economic, Energy Price, and Energy Supply Impact on the State."

On September 30, 2010, PSNH submitted an updated Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan. Discussion of the scrubber installation mandate was similarly discussed therein. In addition to its inclusion in the Plan's Executive Summary, the Clean Air Project was included in the Plan's "Assessment of Supply Resources," "Fuel Procurement Strategies," "Assessment of Plan Integration and Impact on State Compliance with the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990," and "Assessment of the Plan's Long- and Short-Term Environmental, Economic, Energy Price, and Energy Supply Impact on the State."

Concord	Steam	Corporation	
Concord	Steam	Corporation	

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Witness	
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Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho

DG 08-107

Response to Record Request

Date of Request:February 25, 2009Exhibit No.:Exhibit 6

Date of Response: March 4, 2009 Witness: Peter Bloomfield

REQUEST: What would the cost of natural gas need to be in February 2011 such that gas would be more economic than steam as a fuel source under the rates for the first year of the Steam Purchase Agreement?

**RESPONSE:** 

Cost of wood fired steam vs gas fired steam

Projected cost of steam from Concord Power

\$/MMBtu \$9.96

Boiler efficiency 80%

Cost of natural gas delivered to the plant to be able to match wood fired steam price

\$/mcf \$7.97

Existing natural gas pricing					
\$/mcf					
		\$			
Delivery		1.60			
		\$			
LDAC		0.10			
		\$			
Basis		2.50			
		\$			
Gas price		5.95			
	Total	\$10.15	mcf		

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Rebuttal Testimony Large/Vancho Attachment TJL/JJV 15 Page 1 of 1 Q-TC-006, Page 2 of 2

				National Statements (Statements)	NUP	FROM FILE				
						avg impli	ed Ht rt >>	7.62		
	APB	APB		NYMEX	NE Gas Basis	NE Gas (NYMEX	NE Gas	Implied Ht	Power	1
	Peak	Offpk	24 hr	Hub Gas		plus basis)	(EVA)	Rate	Price	
Cal 08	129.74	101.15	114.38	12.91	1.71	14.62	8.37	7.82	114.38	apb
Cal 09	117.75	92.25	104.24	11.72	2.18	13.90	8.81	7.50	104.24	apb
Cal 10	107.00	83.63	94.61	10.60	1.92	12.51	8.82	7.56	94.61	apb
Cal 11	103.63	81.25	91.77	10.28	1.80	12.08	9.04	7.60	91.77	apb
Cal 12				10.34	1.70	12.04	9.53		91.76	nymex
Cal 13				10.55	1.73	12.28	8.97		68.38	eva
Cal 14				10.77	1.77	12.54	9.24		70.37	eva
Cal 15				10.99	1.81	12.80	9.50		72.43	eva
Cal 16				11.22	1.84	13.07	9.78		74.52	eva
Cal 17				11.46	1.88	13.34	10.06		76.67	eva
Cal 18				11.70	1.92	13.63	10.35		78.87	eva
Cal 19				11.96	1.97	13.93	10.65		81.14	eva eso
Cal 20				12.22	2.01	14.22	10.95		83.47	eva eso
	•									

N.H.P.U.C. Gase

DO NOT

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Exhibit No

Witness.

1AL

2

Nominal dollars

Used TZ6 Basis swap from NYMEX Jun 11th for 2008- 2012 basis Used EVA (Feb 2008 forecast) for 2013 - 2018 delivered gas Used EVA growth rate to derive 2019 - 2020 delivered gas (Boston citygate)